

Supplementary materials

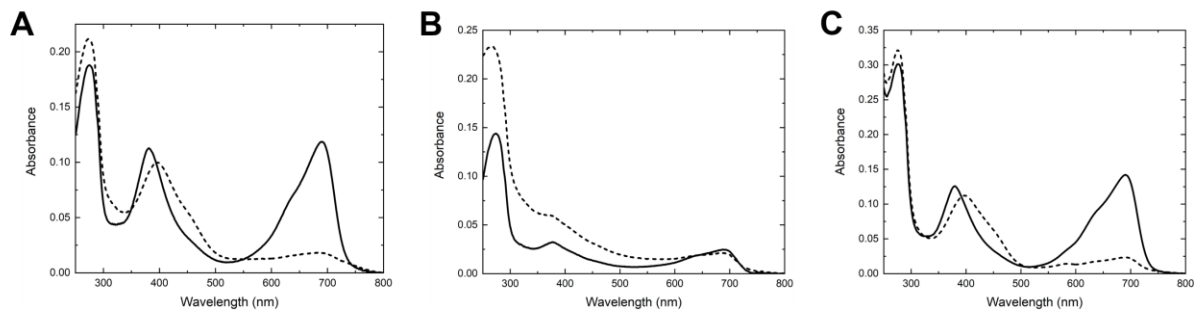


Fig. S1. Absorption spectra of KCAP_V2503Q(A), KCAP_N2504E (B), and KCAP_N2508Q variants. The solid and dashed lines correspond to the dark states and the photoproducts responding to the far-red light, respectively.

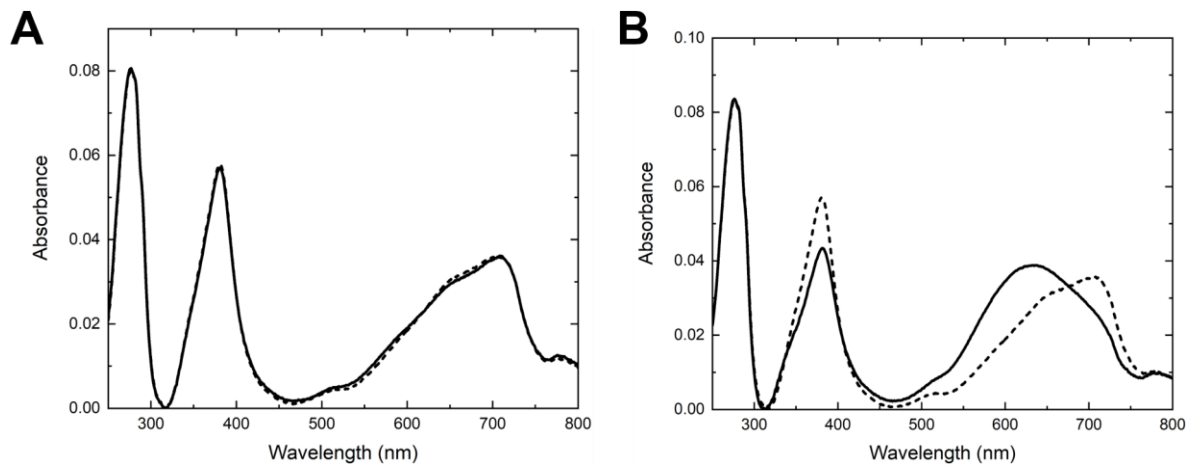


Fig. S2. Absorption spectra of acid-denatured KCAP_QV (A) Pfr form and (B) Pb form. Solid and dashed lines are spectra just after denaturation and after white light illumination, respectively.

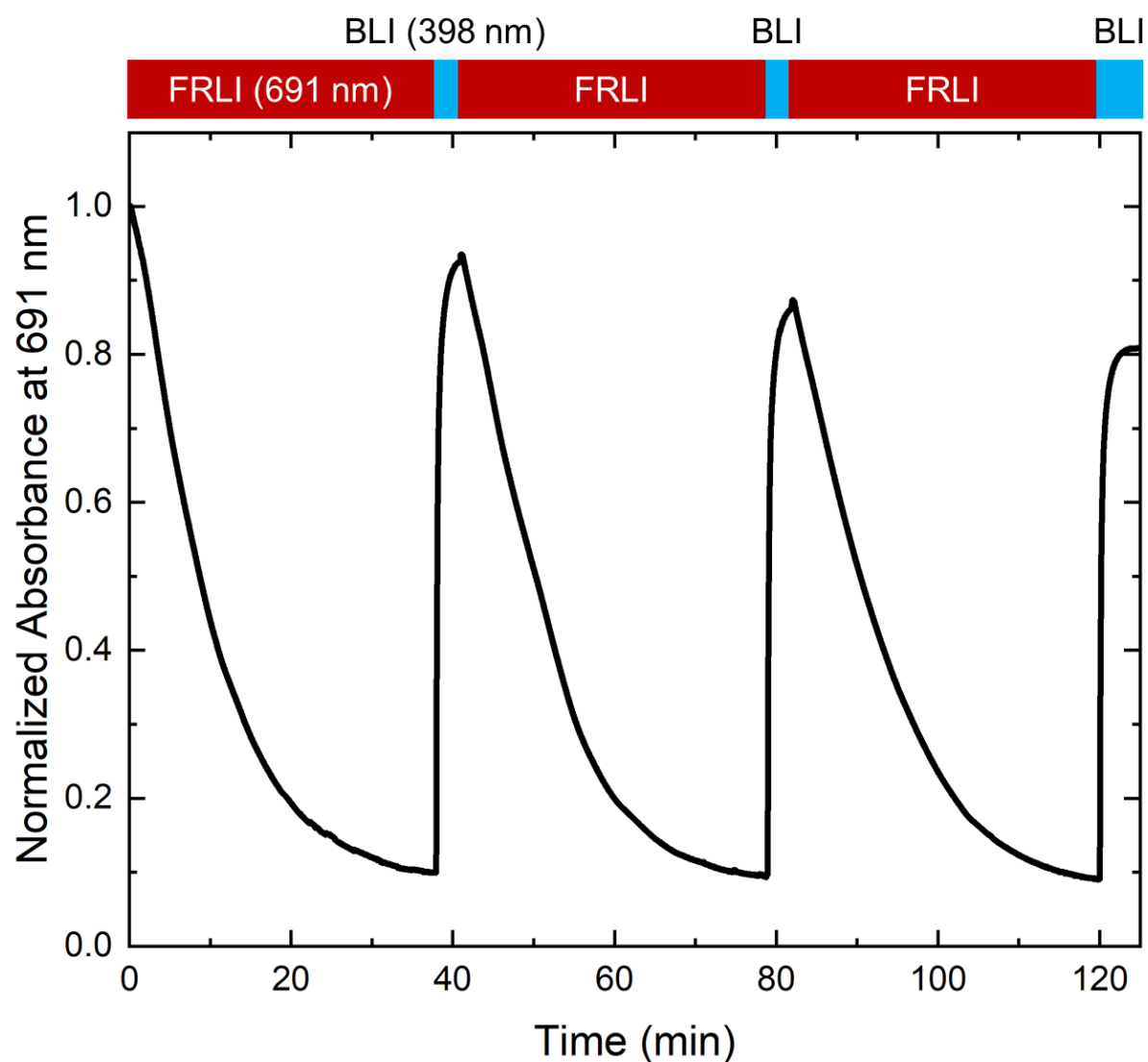


Fig. S3. Normalized absorbance changes at 691 nm during reversible photoconversion of the KCAP_QV protein. For Pfr-to-Pb or Pb-to-Pfr photoconversion, FRLI (Far-red light illumination) and BLI (Blue light illumination) cycle were repeated three times.

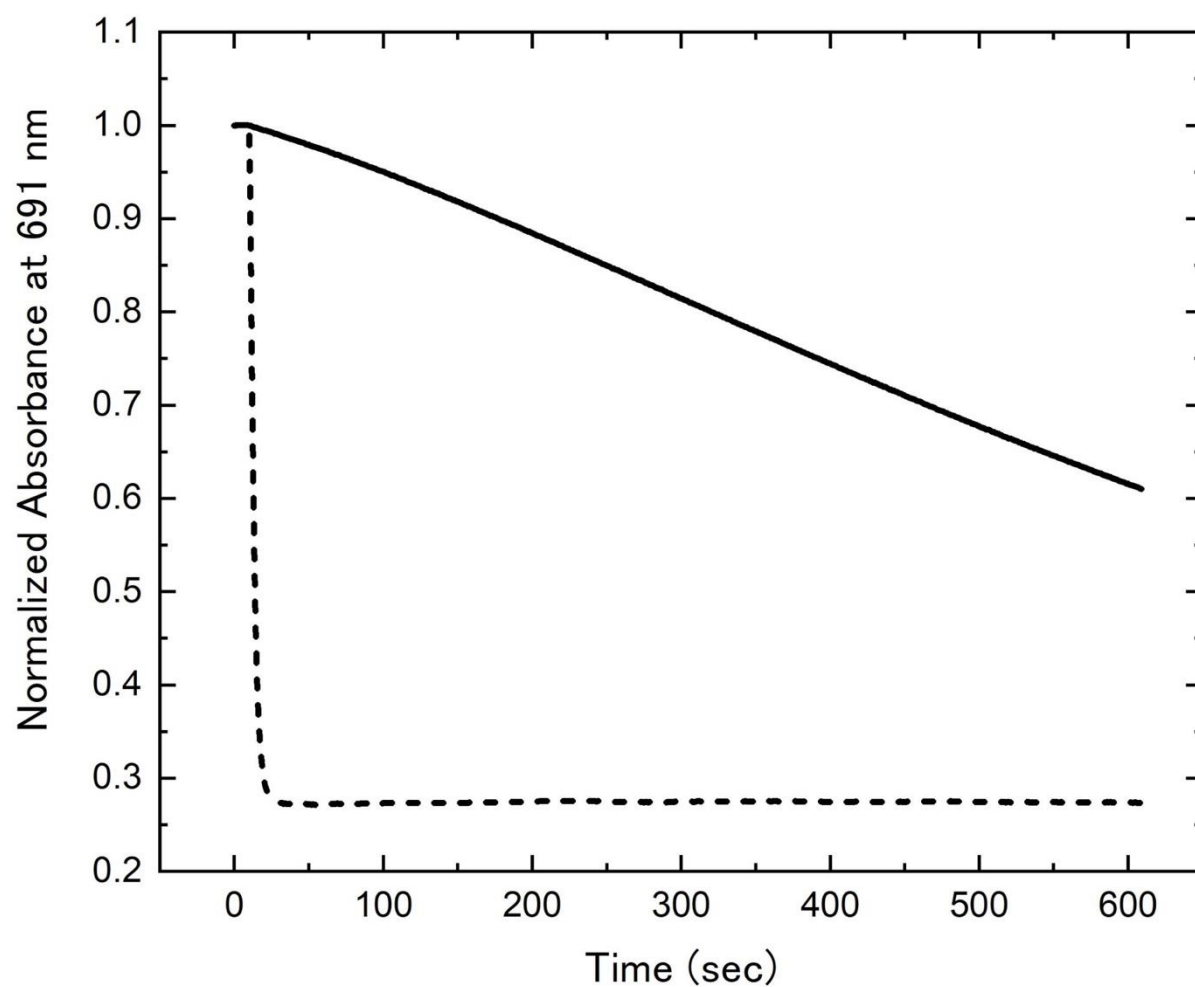


Fig. S4. Photoconversion kinetics of the KCAP_QV protein (solid line) and the AnPixJg2-BV4 protein (dashed line) from the Pfr forms. Absorption changes at 691 nm were monitored for 10 min during far-red light illumination.

Table S1. Primers used in the study

Name		Sequence (5'-3')
RCAP	Fw	TCGCTGCGCCCCCAACACGACTTACCAGG
	Rv	TTGGGGGCGCAGCGATTCCCTTCCTCGTT
CAP	Fw	GGGAATCCCTGCGCCCCCAACACGACT
	Rv	GGCGCAGGGATTCCCTTCCTCGTTGAC
KCAP	Fw	GGGAATAAGTGCGCCCCCAACACGACTTAC
	Rv	GGCGCACTTATTCCCTTCCTCGTTGACCAG
KCAP_V₂₅₀₃Q	Fw	TTTCTGCAGAACGAGGAAGGGAATAAG
	Rv	CTCGTTCTGCAGAAAGGAGTCGTTCCA
KCAP_N₂₅₀₄E	Fw	CTGGTCGAGGAGGAAGGGAATAAGTGC
	Rv	TTCCTCCTCGACCAGAAAGGAGTCGTTCC
KCAP_N₂₅₀₈G	Fw	GAAGGGGGCAAGTGCGCCCCCAAC
	Rv	GAAGGGGGCAAGTGCGCCCCCAAC
KCAP_Q₂₅₁₇V	Fw	ACTTACGTGGTGGATGACATTAGCGAG
	Rv	ATCCACCACGTAAGTCGTGTTGGGGGC