



Figure S1. The cloning and site-directed mutagenesis of the *g6pd::6pgl* gene from *G. lamblia*. (A) Analysis of the restriction enzyme digestion of the plasmid containing the *g6pd::6pgl* gene with different mutations generated by site-directed mutagenesis. Lane 1, GeneRuler 1 kb DNA ladder (Thermo Scientific, USA); lane 2, the *NdeI* and *BamHI* double digested *g6pd::6pgl* gene in the pJET2.1 plasmid; lane 3, the *g6pd::6pgl* gene with the mutated *BamHI* restriction site and digested with *BamHI*; lanes 4 and 5, the *g6pd::6pgl* gene containing the first and second mutated *NdeI* restriction sites and digested with *NdeI*; lane 6, confirmation of the mutations made to the *g6pd::6pgl* gene by digestion of the pJET-*g6pd::6pgl* vector with *NdeI* and *BamHI*. A single fragment was released. (B) Electropherograms of the mutated sequences indicating the bases that were changed to eliminate the internal *BamHI* and *NdeI* restriction sites in the *g6pd::6pgl* gene.

Table S1. Comparative analysis of G6PD region protein sequence of *G. lamblia* and the G6PD proteins from other species with the program BLASTp.

| Identification | Species | Score | Ident | Gap | e-value |
|----------------|--|-------|-------|-----|---------|
| XP_001704441.1 | <i>Giardia lamblia</i> | 1546 | 100% | 0% | 0.0 |
| ESU38278.1 | <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> | 1543 | 99% | 0% | 0.0 |
| EFO63133.1 | <i>Giardia lamblia</i> P15 | 1488 | 96% | 0% | 0.0 |
| KWX15280.1 | <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> assemblage B | 1415 | 90% | 0% | 0.0 |
| ESU45561.1 | <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> | 1414 | 90% | 0% | 0.0 |
| EES98494.1 | <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> ATCC 5081 | 1414 | 90% | 0% | 0.0 |
| XP_001321978.1 | <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> (G3) | 341 | 32% | 10% | 4e-103 |
| OHT05904.1 | <i>Tritrichomonas foetus</i> | 338 | 32% | 9% | 6e-102 |
| OHT00007.1 | <i>Tritrichomonas foetus</i> | 333 | 32% | 10% | 3e-100 |
| XP_001583274.1 | <i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> (G3) | 327 | 32% | 8% | 1e-97 |
| WP_010872081.1 | <i>Synechocystis</i> sp. PCC 6803 | 698 | 35% | 9% | 5e-82 |
| NP_274406.1 | <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> MC58 | 695 | 34% | 9% | 8e-82 |
| WP_004162784.1 | <i>Microcystis aeruginosa</i> | 681 | 34% | 10% | 2e-79 |
| NP_295319.1 | <i>Deinococcus radiodurans</i> R1 | 645 | 33% | 9% | 2e-73 |
| NP_228961.1 | <i>Thermotoga maritima</i> MSB8 | 638 | 33% | 11% | 2e-73 |
| NP_416366.1 | <i>Escherichia coli</i> str. K-12 | 635 | 33% | 11% | 5e-73 |
| NP_001241264.1 | <i>Glycine max</i> | 626 | 33% | 7% | 2e-71 |
| XP_644436.1 | <i>Dictyostelium discoideum</i> AX4 | 624 | 32% | 9% | 2e-71 |
| NP_626202.1 | <i>Streptomyces coelicolor</i> A3(2) | 618 | 33% | 9% | 2e-70 |
| NP_718076.1 | <i>Shewanella oneidensis</i> MR-1 | 613 | 33% | 9% | 62-70 |
| NP_189366.1 | <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> | 605 | 33% | 8% | 2e-68 |
| NP_593344.2 | <i>Schizosaccharomyces pombe</i> 972h | 602 | 32% | 8% | 4e-68 |
| NP_032088.1 | <i>Mus musculus</i> | 578 | 32% | 10% | 1e-64 |
| NP_251873.1 | <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> PAO1 | 573 | 32% | 10% | 3e-64 |
| XP_003864173.1 | <i>Leishmania donovani</i> | 577 | 32% | 9% | 5e-64 |
| NP_502129.1 | <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> | 563 | 30% | 10% | 2e-62 |
| NP_014158.1 | <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> S288c | 558 | 31% | 11% | 6e-62 |
| NP_001035810.1 | <i>Homo sapiens</i> isoform b | 553 | 32% | 15% | 4e-61 |
| NP_000393.4 | <i>Homo sapiens</i> isoform a | 552 | 32% | 15% | 9e-61 |
| NP_215963.1 | <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> H37Rv | 546 | 30% | 11% | 4e-60 |
| NP_358715.1 | <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> R6 | 471 | 30% | 12% | 8e-50 |
| XP_001348685.1 | <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> 3D7 | 514 | 30% | 11% | 8e-43 |

Multiple alignment of amino acid sequences alignment. The alignment of the deduced amino acid sequences of *Giardia lamblia* ATCC 50803 (XP_001704441.1), *Giardia intestinalis* (ESU38278.1), *Giardia lamblia* P15 (EFO63133.1), *Giardia intestinalis* assemblage B (KWX15280.1), *Giardia intestinalis* (ESU45561.1), *Giardia intestinalis* ATCC 50581 (EES98494.1), *Trichomonas vaginalis* G3 (XP_001321978.1), *Tritrichomonas foetus* (OHT05904.1), *Tritrichomonas foetus* (OHT00007.1), *Trichomonas vaginalis* G3 (XP_001583274.1), *Synechocystis* sp. PCC 6803 (WP_010872081.1), *Neisseria meningitidis* MC58 (NP_274406.1), *Microcystis aeruginosa* (WP_004162784.1), *Deinococcus radiodurans* R1 (NP_295319.1), *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8 (NP_228961.1), *Escherichia coli* str. K-12 (NP_416366.1) *Glycine max* (NP_001241264.1), *Dictyostelium discoideum* AX4 (XP_644436.1), *Streptomyces coelicolor* A3(2) (NP_626202.1), *Shewanella oneidensis* MR-1 (NP_718076.1), *Arabidopsis thaliana* (NP_189366.1), *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* 972h (NP_593344.2), *Mus musculus* (NP_032088.1), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1 (NP_251873.1), *Leishmania donovani* (XP_003864173.1), *Caenorhabditis elegans* (NP_502129.1), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* S288c (NP_014158.1), *Homo sapiens* isoform b (NP_001035810.1), *Homo*

sapiens isoform a (NP_000393.4), *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv (NP_215963.1), *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv (YP_177789.1), *Streptococcus pneumoniae* R6 (NP_358715.1), *Plasmodium falciparum* 3D7 (XP_001348685.1). Multiple sequence alignment was executed using the online program ClustalW Content in the MEGA7 (v. 7.0.21) software and highly conserved amino acids with the WebLogo program. Fully three conserved regions are shown as colors boxes.

Table S2. Comparative analysis of 6PGL region sequence of *G. lamblia* with the 6PGL proteins from other species in the program BLASTp.

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(WP_004162784.1), *Deinococcus radiodurans* R1 (NP_295319.1), *Thermotoga maritima* MSB8 (NP_228961.1), *Escherichia coli* str. K-12 (NP_416366.1) *Glycine max* (NP_001241264.1), *Dictyostelium discoideum* AX4 (XP_644436.1), *Streptomyces coelicolor* A3(2) (NP_626202.1), *Shewanella oneidensis* MR-1 (NP_718076.1), *Arabidopsis thaliana* (NP_189366.1), *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* 972h (NP_593344.2), *Mus musculus* (NP_032088.1), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1(NP_251873.1), *Leishmania donovani* (XP_003864173.1), *Caenorhabditis elegans* (NP_502129.1), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* S288c(NP_014158.1), *Homo sapiens* isoform b (NP_001035810.1), *Homo sapiens* isoform a (NP_000393.4), *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv (NP_215963.1), *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv (YP_177789.1), *Streptococcus pneumoniae* R6 (NP_358715.1), *Plasmodium falciparum* 3D7 (XP_001348685.1). Multiple sequence alignment was executed using the online program ClustalW Content in the MEGA7 (v. 7.0.21) software and highly conserved amino acids with the WebLogo program. Fully three conserved regions are shown as colors boxes.