

**Figure S1.** UPLC chromatograms of intravenous sildenafil after administration of electro-acupuncture (EA). (A) blank plasma, (B) blank plasma spiked with sildenafil (1  $\mu$ g/mL), (C) Plasma sample after sildenafil administration (10mg/Kg, i.v.) + low frequency EA (1.5 mA, 2 Hz) administration. IS, Internal Standard (*p*-hydroxybenzoate); S, sildenafil.

**Table S1.** Precision (%R.S.D.) and accuracy (% Bias) data for sildenafil.

Nominal concentration	Observed concentration	RSD (%)	Accuracy (%)
$(\mu g/mL)$	$(\mu g/mL)$		
Inter-day			
0.1	$0.12 \pm 0.02$	15.9	15.4
0.5	$0.50 \pm 0.02$	4.81	0.54
1	$0.97 \pm 0.02$	2.38	3.29
5	$4.93 \pm 0.10$	1.98	1.44
10	$10.02 \pm 0.05$	0.52	0.24
Intra-day			
0.1	$0.12 \pm 0.02$	14.6	19.2
0.5	$0.45 \pm 0.01$	2.98	9.26
1	$0.94 \pm 0.02$	2.27	5.78
5	$5.15 \pm 0.07$	1.40	3.08
10	$9.93 \pm 0.03$	0.34	9.69

Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  S.D., (n = 6). The relative standard deviation (RSD) was calculated from the observed concentration as follows: RSD (%) = [Standard deviation (S.D) / Observed concentration (Cobs)]  $\times$  100. The accuracy was estimated by using mean value of nominal concentration (Cnom) and observed concentration (Cobs) as following: Accuracy (%) = [(Cnom - Cobs)/Cnom]  $\times$  100 %.