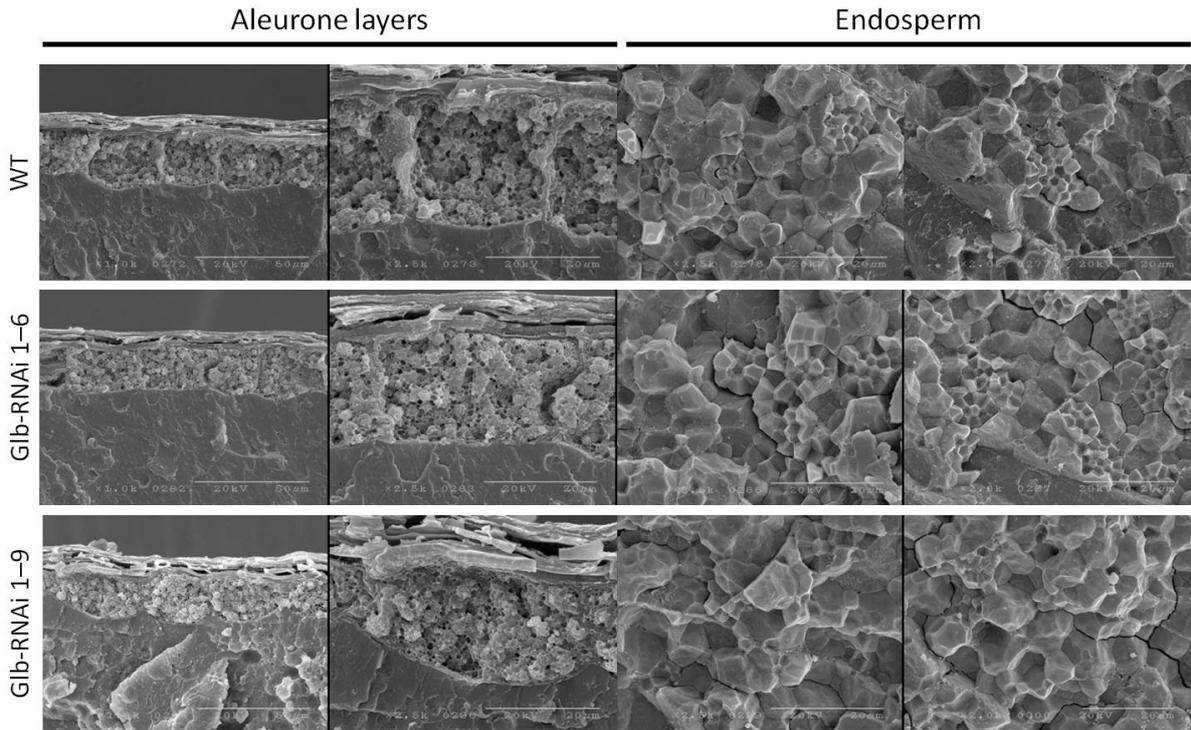


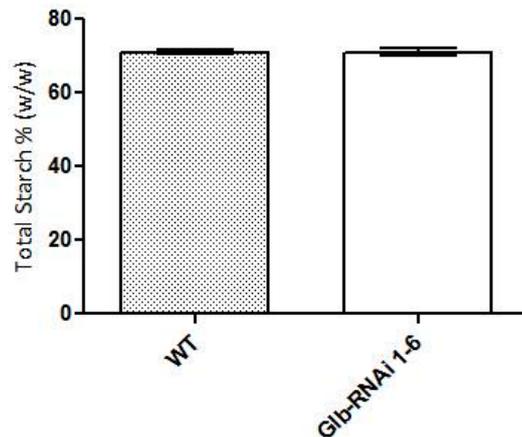
## Supplementary Information

**Table S1.** Primer list used in this study.

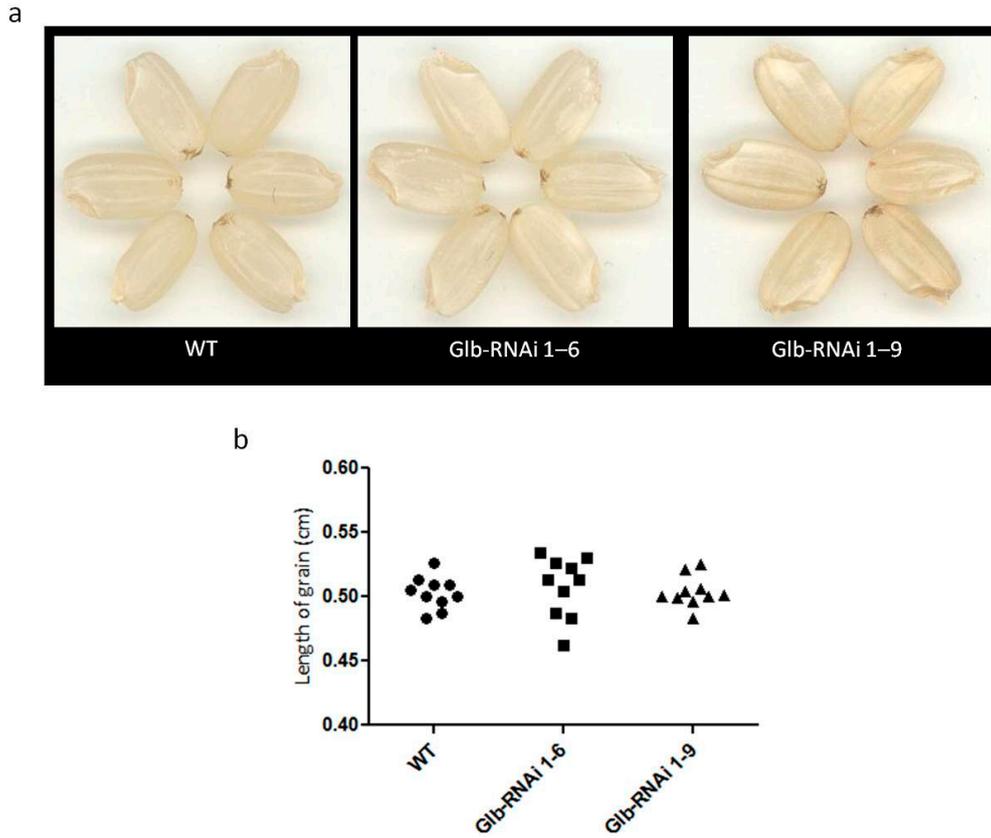
Target Gene	Primer Name	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer	GenBank
Globulin	<i>pANDA-Glb</i>	AAAAAAGCAGGCTGAGAGGTTCCAGCCGA	AGAAAGCTGGGTCTCGCCCTGGTCAGC	GQ848069
	<i>Glb</i>	AGTCGGAGATGAGGTTCCAGG	GAACATCGGCTGGAACCTC	
Prolamin 10 kDa	<i>10</i>	TTATTTGTGCTGGACTCGGG	GAGAGTTGGAAGTTGACAGGG	EF122448
Prolamin 13 kDa-I	<i>13 I</i>	CAACTACAGTCGCATCTCCTAC	GGTTGCCACTATGCTATACTG	EF122447
Prolamin 13 kDa-IIa	<i>13 IIa</i>	GCTCTGTTGGCTTTTAACGTG	ACTCATTACAAGACACCGCC	GU120358
Prolamin 13 kDa-III	<i>13 III</i>	TCACCCGTGTTTCAACTGAG	CACAATAGCCTGAACACTGC	FJ940200
Prolamin 16 kDa	<i>16</i>	CTCAATTTGCCCTCCATGTG	AGAACCGCAATGACCAGTAG	EF122449
Glutelin A	<i>GluA</i>	AATGATGGTGAAGTGCCGGT	TCACGCCTGTATGCTTGAGG	EF122456
Glutelin B	<i>GluB</i>	ATTGAGCAAACTCTGGGCA	TGGCTCTGTAGCCTCTTTGC	EF122460
Glutelin C	<i>GluC</i>	CACAAGGGCCAATAGCCAGA	GGTCACGTACATCACCGTGT	EF122465
Glutelin D	<i>GluD</i>	AAGACAGAGCGACCAAGCTC	ATGTGCAAACTAGCCGGAA	EF122464
Binding protein	<i>BiP</i>	AGGACATCAGCAAGGACAAC	GGACTCAATCTCAACACGGAC	AK065743
Protein disulfide isomerase like 1;1	<i>PDIL1;1</i>	AACGATGTGCCAAGCGAGTTCGAT	TTAGAGCTCATCCTTGAGAGGCTC	AB373950
GTP-binding protein Sar1a	<i>Sar1a</i>	AGTGTTGTCCGCAAGATGGG	CGCTGGGCAGAGTATGCAAG	AK112012
GTP-binding protein Sar1b	<i>Sar1b</i>	GCAAGATGGGCTATGGGGA	TGGTAAGGTGAAACAGGAGTATGAAC	AK099149
GTP-binding protein Sar1c	<i>Sar1c</i>	GCGTCGTCCGCAAGATG	AGGAGAGTTGATAAACAGAACCAGAG	AK119548
Calnexin	<i>CNX</i>	TCGACAACCCCAACTACAAAG	ATCTCAATCCCAATAGCGGC	AK069118
Protein disulfide isomerase like 2;3	<i>PDIL2;3</i>	ATAAGAGGATTTCCAACTATTAAG	TGCTCCTTGATAATCTACTG	AP005559



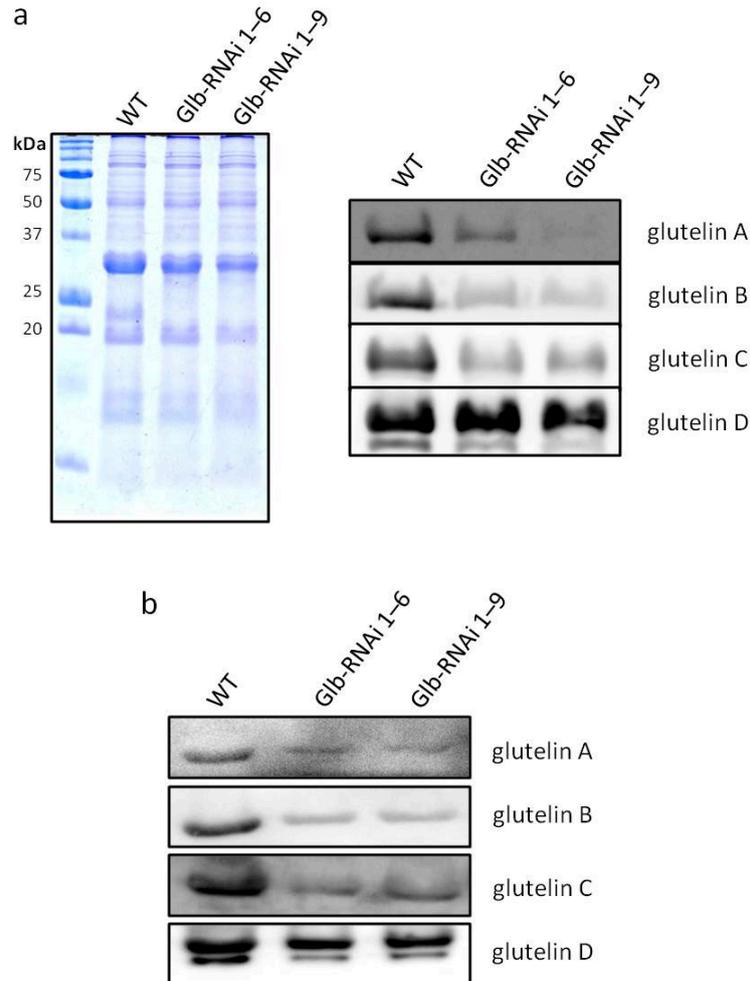
**Figure S1.** Phenotype analysis of seed endosperm by scanning electron microscopy. Seeds were transversely sectioned using a sharp knife and prepared on a specimen slice. Aleurone layers as well as starch granules were observed in wild type (WT) and Glb-RNAi lines. Comparative analysis of endosperm morphology indicates no significant differences between wild type and transformants.



**Figure S2.** Measurement of starch content in wild type (WT) and Glb-RNAi line. An equal amount (100 mg) of seed powder was prepared from WT and Glb-RNAi 1-6. Total starch measurement was performed using TOTAL STARCH Kit, as described by the manufacturer (Megazyme). This analysis indicates that starch content was similar between the wild type ( $71.059 \pm 0.944$ ) and Glb-RNAi 1-6 lines ( $71.004 \pm 1.959$ ).



**Figure S3.** Phenotypic analysis of seed growth. (a) The photos indicate comparative grain sizes for the wild type (WT) and Glb-RNAi transformants; (b) Ten seeds were randomly selected from the WT and Glb-RNAi lines, and grain size was measured using ImageJ.



**Figure S4.** Immunoblotting analyses using anti-glutelin antibodies. **(a)** Total protein was extracted from one seed which was selected at random from both wild type (WT) and Glb-RNAi lines. Proteins were loaded onto SDS-PAGE and further transferred onto PVDF membranes. These membranes were incubated with diverse anti-glutelin antibodies. The signal was detected and recorded by a luminescent image analyzer (LAS-4000, Fujifilm); **(b)** Proteins used in this analysis were isolated from dry seeds of T<sub>1</sub> generation of WT and Glb-RNAi transformants. The experiment process was identical to the method described previously.