

Supplementary Information

The Unusual Architecture of RNA-Dependent RNA Polymerase (RdRp)'s Catalytic Chamber Provides a Potential Strategy for Combination Therapy against COVID-19

Kamel Metwally^{1,2*}, Nader E. Abo-Dya^{1,3}, Mohamed Issa Alahmdi⁴, Maha Z. Albalawi⁵, Galal Yahya⁶, Aimen Aljoundi⁷, Elliasu Y. Salifu⁷, Ghazi Elamin⁷, Mahmoud Ibrahim^{7,8}, Yasien Sayed⁹, Sylvia Fanucchi⁹ and Mahmoud E.S Soliman^{7*}

¹Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Tabuk, Tabuk 71491, Saudi Arabia

²Department of Pharmaceutical Medicinal Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Zagazig University, Zagazig 44519, Egypt

³Department of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Zagazig University, Zagazig 44519, Egypt

⁴Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Tabuk, Tabuk 71491, Saudi Arabia

⁵Pharm D Program, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Tabuk, Tabuk 71491, Saudi Arabia

⁶Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Zagazig University, Zagazig 44519, Egypt

⁷Molecular Bio-computation and Drug Design Laboratory, School of Health Sciences, University of KwaZulu-Natal, Westville Campus, Durban 4001, South Africa

⁸CompChem Lab, Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Minia University, Minia 61519, Egypt.

⁹Protein Structure-Function Research Unit, School of Molecular and Cell Biology, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, 2050, South Africa

*Corresponding Author: Kamel Metwally, Email: kametwally@ut.edu.sa

& Mahmoud E.S. Soliman, Email: soliman@ukzn.ac.za

Website: <http://soliman.ukzn.ac.za>

Telephone: +27 (0) 31 260 8048, Fax: +27 (0) 31 260 78

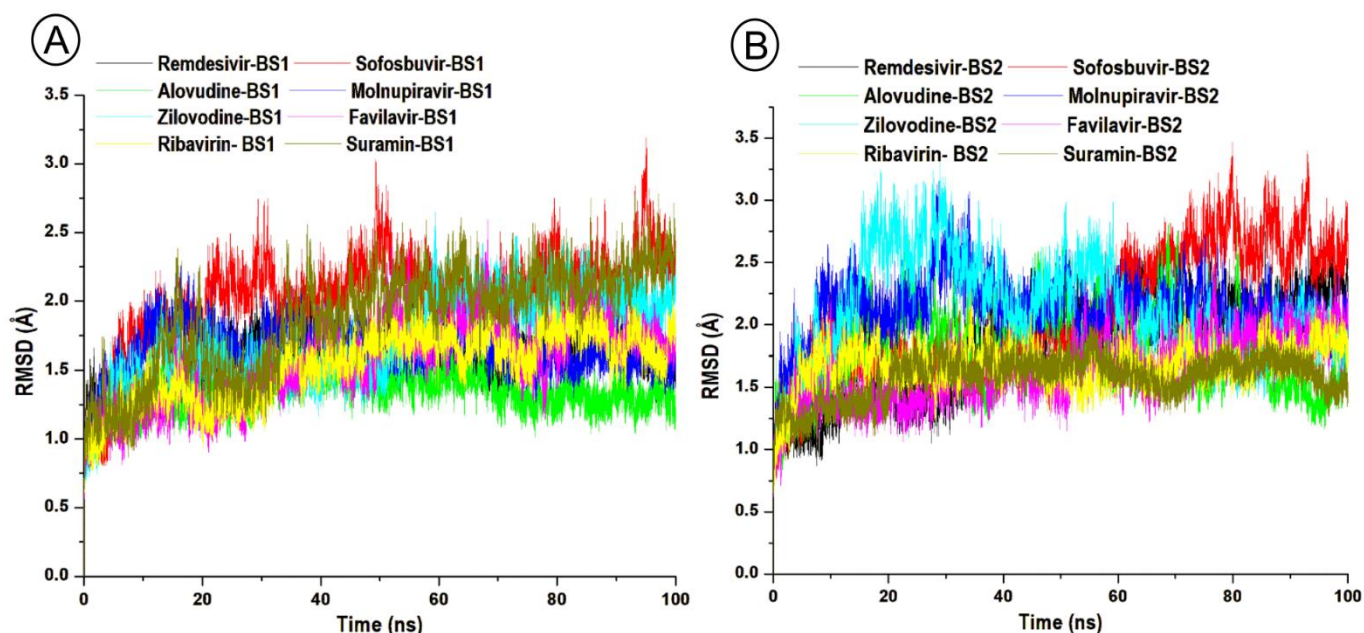


Figure S1: Structural representation of alterations occurring during the binding of the selected eight antiviral to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS1 and BS2. (A) The conformational stability, C- α atoms RMSD of the eight antiviral to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS1 with the different colors showed. (B) Conformational stability, C- α atoms RMSD of the eight antiviral inhibitors to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS2 ran for 100 ns MD simulation.

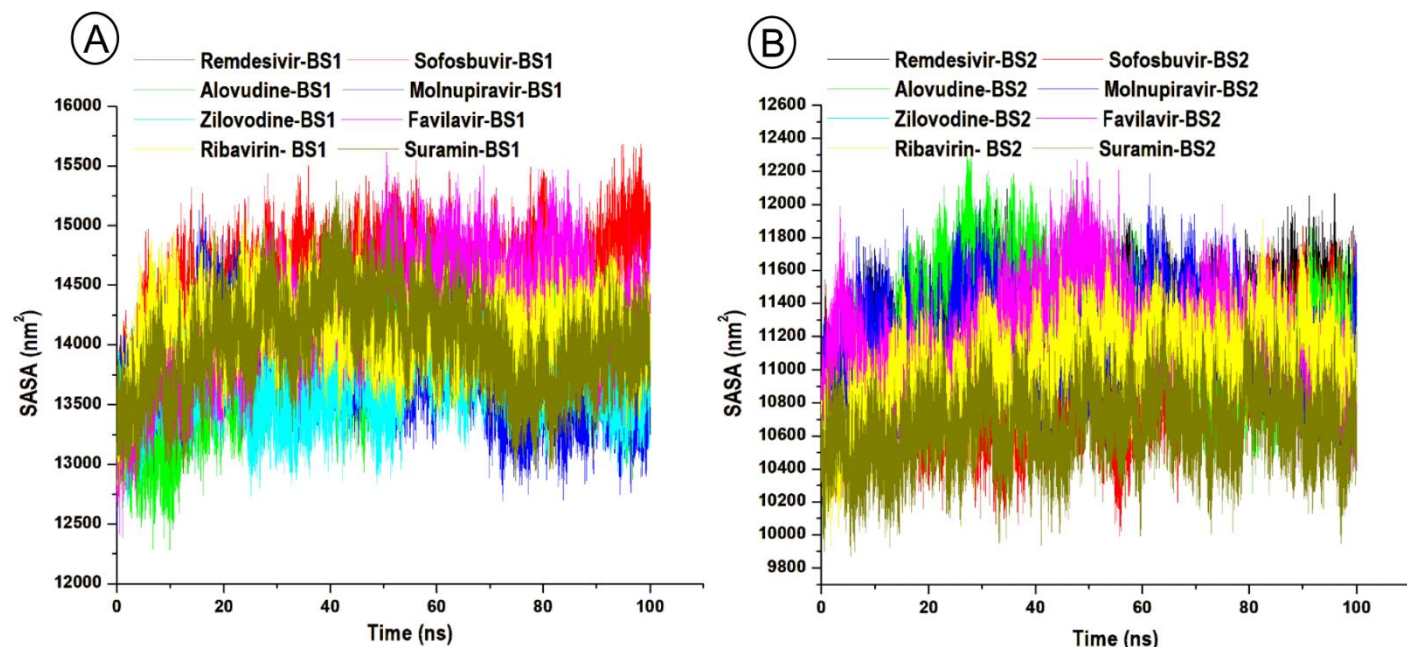


Figure S2: Structural representation of alterations occurring during the binding of the selected eight antiviral to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS1 and BS2. The (A) Solvent accessible surface area (SASA) for the antiviral inhibitors at BS1. (B) Solvent accessible surface area (SASA) for the antiviral inhibitors at BS2 Catalytic Chamber.

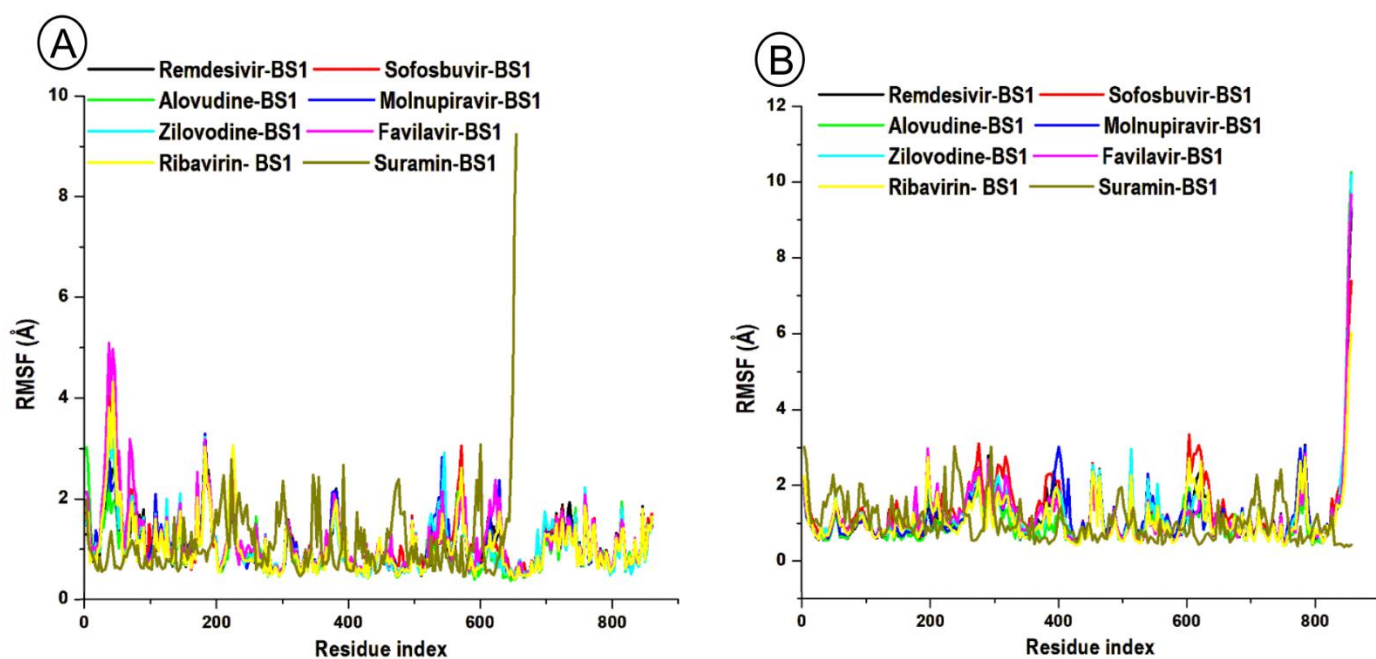


Figure S3: The time evolution RMSF of each residue of the enzyme C- α atom over 100 ns for (A) the selected eight antiviral inhibitors bind to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS1, (B) the selected antiviral inhibitors bind to RdRp Catalytic Chamber BS2 respectively.