

Supplementary Materials

Distinguishing between Decaffeinated and Regular Coffee by HS-SPME-GC \times GC-TOFMS, Chemometrics, and Machine Learning

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Table S1. The top 20 discriminatory features selected using the random forest algorithm.

Feature N°	Name	CAS N°	Similarity/reverse similarity/probability	Library	Aroma/flavor profile	Chemical family
1	1-Dodecanol,3,7,11-trimethyl-	6750-34-1	501/523/12.64	Replib	-	Alcohols
2	2-Acetyl-4-methylthiazole	7533-07-5	684/890/59.23	Wiley9	Nutty	Thiazoles
3	2-methyl-5H-6,7-dihydrocyclopentapyrazine	23747-46-8	861/861/46.07	Wiley9	-	Pyrazines
4	Furfurylmethyldisulfide	57500-00-2	852/852/45.55	Wiley9	Broth-like, aromatic, roasted, fatty	Furans
5	4,4-Ethylenedioxy-1-pentylamine	66442-97-5	568/647/25.18	Mainlib	-	Oxolane ¹
6	1-Propanol	71-23-8	775/775/3.88	Wiley9	Alcohol, candy, pungent	Alcohols
7	Benzofuran,2,3-dihydro-	496-16-2	686/686/8.53	Wiley9	-	Furans
8	Bis(2-furfuryl) disulfide	4437-20-1	730/730/28.59	Replib	Roasted meaty, coffee	Furans
9	Pyrazine,2-methyl-6-(1-propenyl)-, (E)	18217-81-7	778/778/46.43	Mainlib	-	Pyrazines
10	5-Hydroxymethylfurfural	67-47-0	729/729/28.02	Replib	-	Furans
11*	Caffeine	58-08-2	801/801/93.17	Wiley9	Coffee	Methylxanthines
12	Thiazole,4-methyl	693-95-8	822/822/60.31	Wiley 9	Green, nut, roasted meat	Thiazoles
13	Pyrazine,2-ethenyl-5-methyl	13925-08-1	875/875/54.17	Mainlib	Savory	Pyrazines
14	5-methyl-5H-6,7-dihydrocyclo-pentapyrazine	23747-48-0	898/898/27.07	Wiley9	Nuts, peanuts, roast	Pyrazines
15*	Caffeine	58-08-2	898/898/94.68	Wiley9	coffee	Methylxanthines

*In the data processing by the ChromTile software the caffeine peak was cut in two tiles.

¹ It also contains a primary amine group, ² it also contains a ketone group.

16	Pyrazine, trimethyl	14667-55-1	938/938/98.18	Mainlib	Coca, earth, must, potato, roast	Pyrazines
17	Ethanone,1-(2-furanyl)-	1192-62-7	957/957/86.87	Wiley9	Balsamic, cocoa, coffee	Furans ²
18	1H-Benzotriazole,4-methyl-	29878-31-7	859/859/30.42	Wiley9	-	Triazoles
19	2-Methoxy-4-vinylphenol	7786-61-0	887/887/61.69	Mainlib	Clove, curry, spice	Phenols
20	3-Acetyl-1-methylpyrrole	932-62-7	892/892/52.01	Mainlib	Woody	Pyrroles

Table S2. The analytical conditions of HS-SPME-GC \times GC-TOFMS.

HS-SPME condition	
SPME fiber	50/30 m DVB/CAR/PDMS
Pre-condition temperature	250 °C
Pre-condition time	10 min
Sample incubation temperature	50 °C
Incubation time	40 min
Agitator speed	250 rpm
Agitator on time	10 s
Agitator off time	2 s
Fiber sample extraction time	60 min
Sample desorb time	10 min
Post-condition temperature	250 °C
Post-condition time	10 min
GC condition	
Injector temperature	250 °C
Injector mode	Split
Split ratio	5 :1
Oven temperature ramp	50 °C (1 min, 2 °C/min) 230 °C (50 °C/min) 250 °C (5 min)
Flow control mode	Constant flow
Carrier gas flow rate	1 mL/min
Column set	¹ D : StabilWax MS (30 m, 0.25 mm i.d., 0.25 m df) ² D : Rxi-5Sil MS (1.3 m, 0.1 mm i.d., 0.1 m df)
MS condition	
Transferline temperature	250 °C
Ion source temperature	250 °C
Electron energy	70 eV
Emission current	1 mA
Mass range	<i>m/z</i> 30 - 500
Acquisition time	3 min 20 s – 96 min 24 s
Solvent delay	3 min 20 s
Acquisition rate	150 spectra/s
Extraction frequency	32 kHz
Modulator condition	
Modulation period	2 s
Injection duration	0.08 s

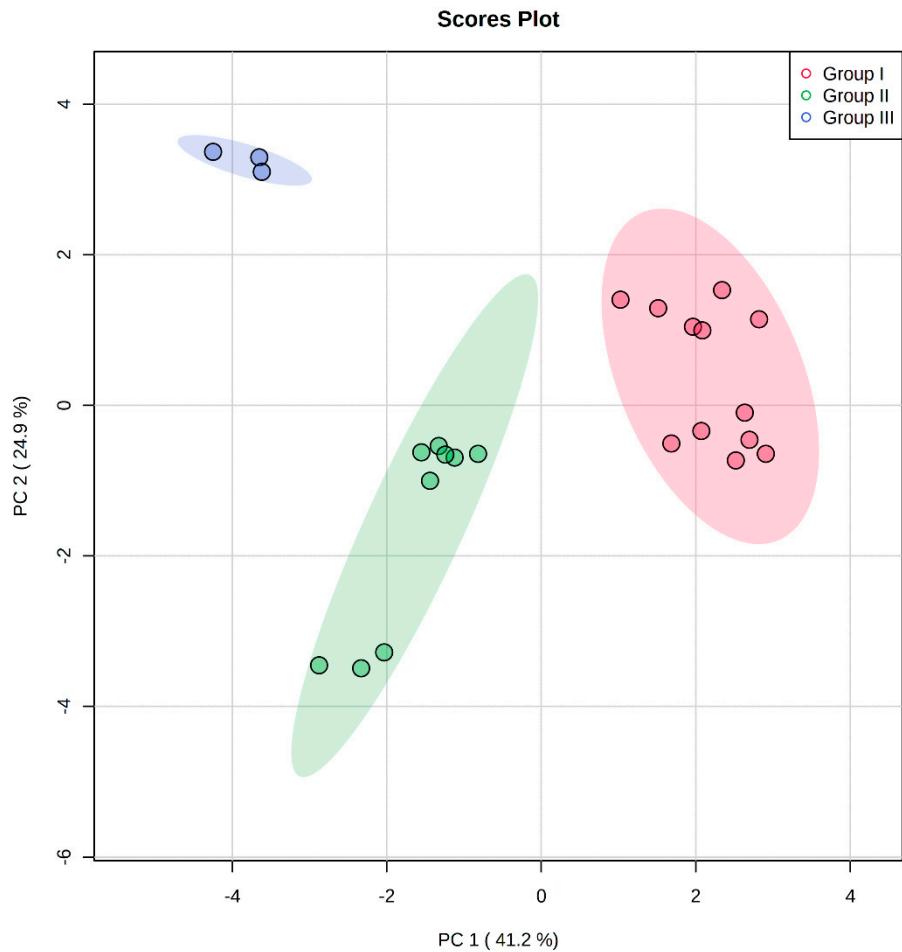


Figure S1. PCA score plots of the decaffeinated coffee samples.

Group I: D-VI, D-R, D-F and D-VO coffee samples.

Group II: D-I, D-DE and D-S coffee samples.

Group III: D-L coffee samples.

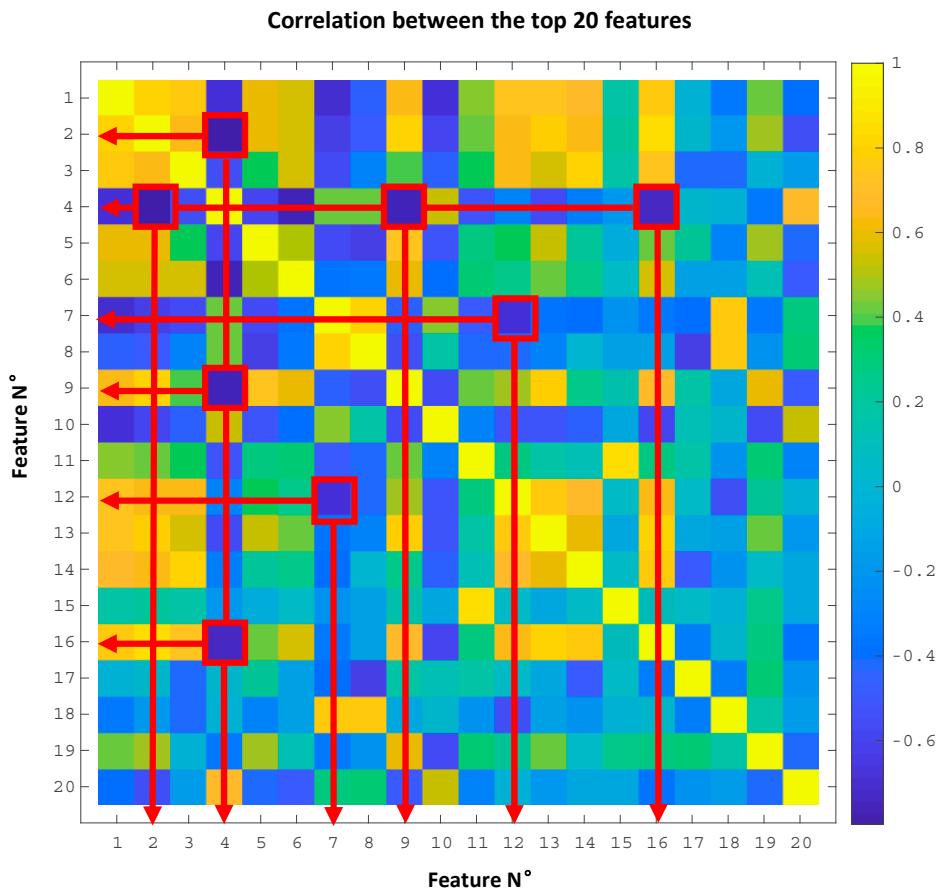


Figure S2. The correlation matrix between the top 20 features.

$r = -0.72$ between feature N°4 and N°16

$r = -0.76$ between feature N°4 and feature N°9

$r = -0.80$ between feature N°4 and feature N°2

$r = -0.67$ between feature N°7 and feature N°12

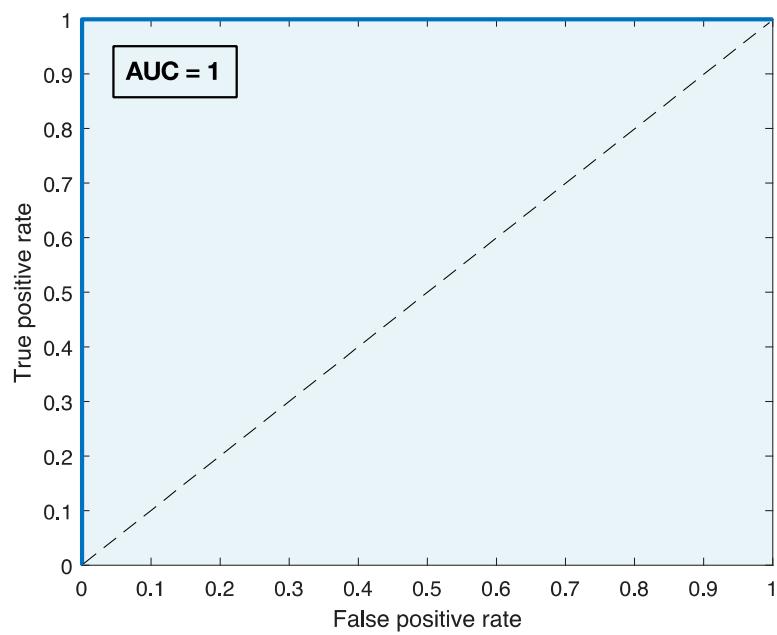


Figure S3. The ROC curve of the validation set ($n=30$) generated by using the Random forest algorithm.

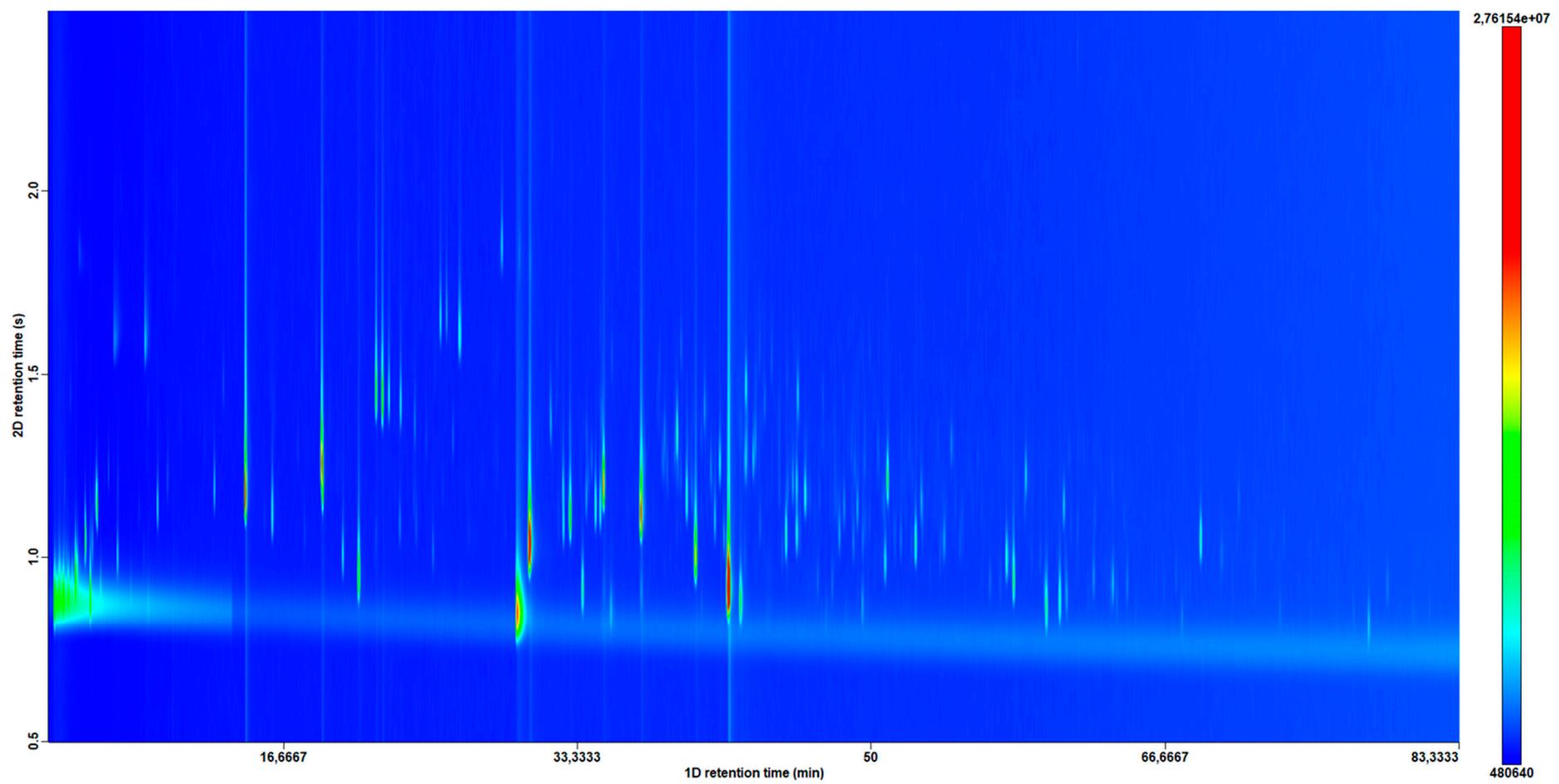


Figure S4. The 2D chromatogram of the coffee sample R-R.