

Inhibition of seeded $A\beta_{40}$ fibril formation

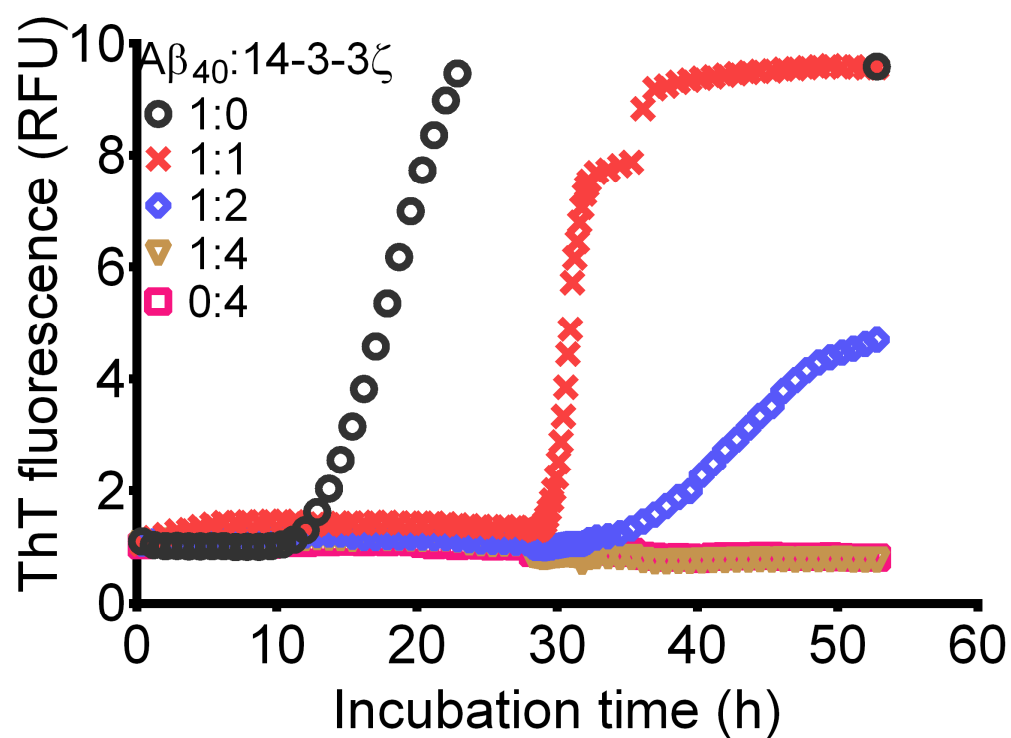


Figure S1. Amyloid fibril formation, as monitored by ThT fluorescence, of seeded $A\beta_{40}$ (15 μ M) in the absence and presence of 14-3-3 ζ at 1.0:1.0-4.0 molar ratios of $A\beta_{40}$:14-3-3 ζ .

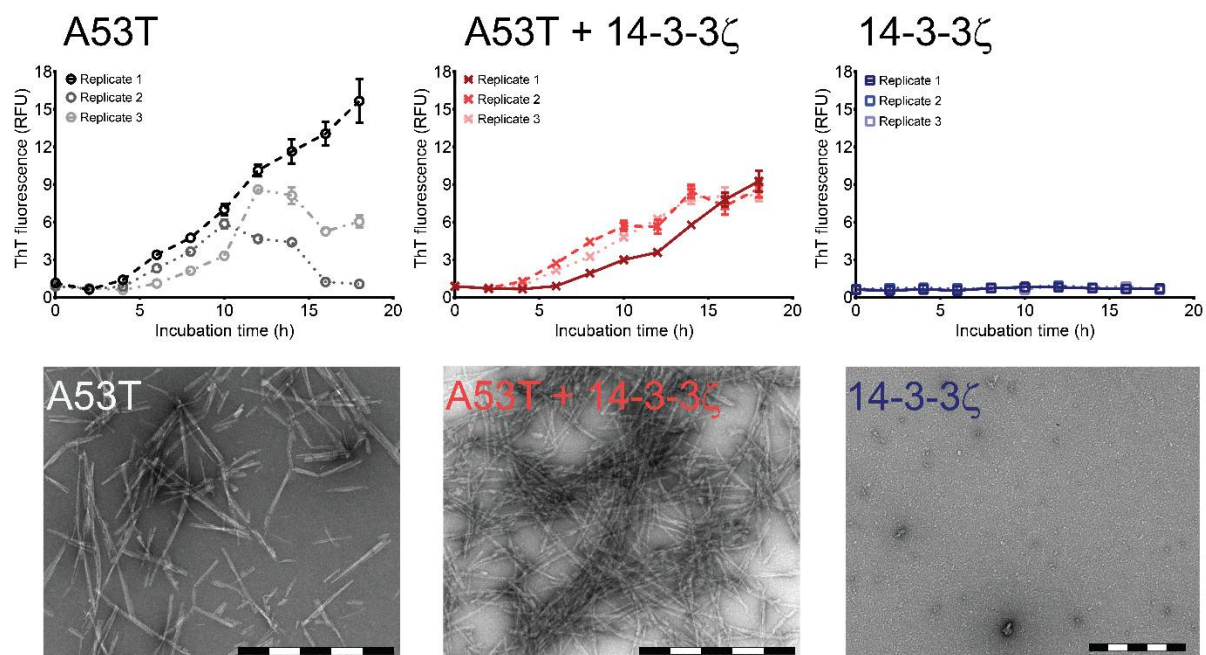


Figure S2. Top: Amyloid fibril formation, as monitored by ThT fluorescence, of A53T α -syn (70 μ M) in the absence of 14-3-3 ζ and at a 1.0:1.0 molar ratio of A53T α -syn: 14-3-3 ζ . The decrease in ThT fluorescence for A53T α -syn on its own after ~ 12 hours of incubation most likely arises from precipitation of the fibrillar protein. The error bars represent the standard deviation of three technical replicates. Below: TEM images of these samples after incubation for 22 hours at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Also shown on the right are the time-dependent ThT data for 14-3-3 ζ on its own and a TEM image of 14-3-3 ζ after incubation for 22 hours at 37 $^{\circ}$ C which provide no evidence of large-scale aggregation and fibril formation of 14-3-3 ζ . Scale bars in all TEM images represent 1 μ m.