

Supplementary Materials for:

Mechanisms of tebuconazole adsorption in profiles of mineral soils

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A. Soils

Table S1. Physico-chemical properties of soils.

Soil	A611Ap	A611BC	A611C	L590Ap	L590Bt1	L590Bt2	L564Ap	L564Bt1	L564Bt2	C587Ap	C587A2	C587AC	A805Ap	A805BC	A805C	L824Ap	L824Bt1	L824Bt2
(Latitude; Longitude) (51°23'56''N; 22°14'14''E) (51°26'17''N; 22°10'14''E) (50°50'36''N; 23°21'57''E) (50°27'36''N; 23°47'35''E) (50°51'18''N; 20°45'38''E) (50°52'51''N; 20°45'48''E)																		
Olempin			Dęba			Skierbieszów			Ulhówek			Górno			Leszczyny			
<i>Sand (%)^a</i>	88.5	96.5	98.0	78.0	57.0	48.0	18.0	16.0	14.0	16.5	15.5	14.5	85.0	95.0	89.5	51.5	62.5	66.5
<i>Silt (%)</i>	9.7	2.4	1.0	17.7	20.0	22.0	72.2	71.5	61.1	70.6	64.6	67.7	12.3	4.1	7.2	39.8	22.1	22.5
<i>Clay (%)</i>	1.8	1.1	1.0	4.3	23.0	30.0	9.8	12.5	24.9	12.9	19.9	17.8	2.7	0.9	3.3	8.7	15.4	11.0
pH ^b	4.96	4.62	4.54	4.45	4.75	4.58	6.97	6.78	6.85	7.08	7.32	7.48	4.20	5.06	5.57	5.46	4.52	4.57
<i>AI(T) (g/kg)^c</i>	0.51	0.39	0.31	0.58	0.84	0.81	0.68	0.77	1.22	0.88	1.25	0.92	0.40	0.17	0.23	0.85	0.71	0.62
<i>Fe(T) (g/kg)</i>	1.43	0.49	0.40	2.44	5.78	4.81	3.53	3.57	4.35	2.58	3.83	3.71	2.15	0.38	0.94	4.56	3.86	5.53
<i>Mn(T) (g/kg)</i>	0.08	0.01	0.02	0.21	0.24	0.16	0.23	0.24	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.16	0.09	0.01	0.01	1.02	0.06	0.34
<i>Cu(T) (mg/kg)</i>	0.68	0.33	0.10	1.60	1.96	3.41	3.70	3.23	3.19	5.40	4.24	3.36	1.16	0.20	0.43	3.56	1.80	2.11
<i>OC (%)^d</i>	1.130	0.090	0.034	0.882	0.159	0.088	1.355	0.478	0.313	1.921	1.314	0.666	0.681	0.042	0.041	1.075	0.190	0.109
<i>BC (%)^e</i>	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.016	0.001	0.000	0.091	0.047	0.024	0.434	0.343	0.213	0.020	0.005	0.009	0.133	0.017	0.000
<i>HA(SP) (%)^f</i>	0.176	0.018	0.001	0.171	0.032	0.029	0.151	0.111	0.027	0.397	0.566	0.209	0.111	0.015	0.016	0.140	0.044	0.021
<i>FA(SP) (%)</i>	0.164	0.033	0.026	0.180	0.055	0.030	0.155	0.070	0.060	0.149	0.119	0.108	0.138	0.024	0.025	0.177	0.069	0.049
<i>HN(SP) (%)</i>	0.790	0.039	0.007	0.531	0.072	0.029	1.049	0.297	0.226	1.375	0.629	0.349	0.432	0.003	0.001	0.758	0.077	0.039
<i>HA(SH) (%)^g</i>	0.279	0.010	0.000	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.074	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.159	0.002	0.001
<i>FA(SH) (%)</i>	0.191	0.026	0.018	0.201	0.042	0.021	0.161	0.064	0.045	0.054	0.071	0.013	0.156	0.020	0.016	0.213	0.060	0.044
<i>HN(SH) (%)</i>	0.660	0.054	0.016	0.498	0.117	0.067	1.120	0.409	0.268	1.867	1.233	0.653	0.383	0.023	0.025	0.703	0.128	0.065
<i>ECEC (cmol(+)/kg)^h</i>	1.528	0.760	0.784	2.155	8.469	10.825	9.587	8.215	12.212	12.429	12.196	11.735	1.346	0.746	1.531	5.394	5.919	4.677
<i>EA (cmol(+)/kg)ⁱ</i>	0.124	0.216	0.256	0.356	0.182	0.225	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.469	0.070	0.004	0.054	0.477	0.287

<i>Al(EA)</i> (cmol(+)/kg) ^j	0.036	0.161	0.191	0.107	0.044	0.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.139	
<i>PCEC</i> (cmol(+)/kg) ^k	4.763	1.252	1.144	5.628	11.359	12.660	12.249	10.269	15.597	16.128	15.799	14.370	3.715	0.699	1.794	9.784	9.266	7.218
<i>PA</i> (cmol(+)/kg) ^l	5.891	2.388	1.921	6.048	7.765	9.048	3.295	3.387	5.011	2.696	2.887	1.419	5.795	1.417	1.730	9.229	7.865	6.419
<i>Al(PA)</i> (cmol(+)/kg) ^j	0.698	0.406	0.295	0.558	0.158	0.135	0.168	0.048	0.019	0.035	0.058	0.025	0.619	0.192	0.161	0.396	0.357	0.338
<i>SSA(aN2)</i> (m ² /g) ^m	0.40	1.28	1.34	2.32	20.04	27.86	6.89	11.25	29.61	14.05	17.05	17.87	1.02	0.77	2.64	7.34	14.48	12.54
<i>SSA(aH2O)</i> (m ² /g)	7.84	2.43	1.85	11.03	38.90	54.61	28.16	25.38	51.78	46.15	47.88	41.12	6.03	1.19	5.07	21.63	29.00	22.24
<i>r(dN2)mean</i> (nm)	7.04	4.34	3.78	4.92	3.42	3.34	3.28	3.15	2.86	3.03	2.89	3.36	6.15	4.01	3.61	4.41	3.24	3.45
<i>r(dH2O)mean</i> (nm)	4.43	4.78	4.75	4.73	4.22	4.10	4.32	4.13	3.88	4.09	3.88	4.08	4.90	5.60	4.95	4.83	4.25	4.25

^adetermined using the pipette method [1]; ^bdetermined in 0.01 M CaCl₂; ^cextracted with Tamm's reagent [2] and analyzed using a Varian AA280FS Atomic Absorption Spectrometer; ^ddetermined using a SSM-5000A solid sample module of Shimadzu TCSH analyzer; ^ethe samples were fumigated for 24 h in the vapor of concentrated HCl [3], heated in a muffle furnace with air access at 375°C for 24 h [4], and analyzed using a SSM-5000A solid sample module of Shimadzu TCSH analyzer; ^fdetermined after extraction with 0.1 M sodium pyrophosphate [5]; ^gdetermined after extraction with 0.1 M sodium hydroxide [6]; ^hextracted with 0.0025 M BaCl₂ [7]; ⁱdetermined by the potentiometric titration with 0.005 M NaOH to pH of 7.8 [8]; ^jdetermined with a Varian Carry 60 UV-Vis Spectrophotometer – λ = 550 nm, eriochrome cyanine R, pH 5.5 [9]; ^kdetermined after extraction with a solution of 0.5 M BaCl₂ and 0.17 M triethanolamine (BaCl₂-TEA), pH 8.2 [10, 11]; ^ldetermined by the potentiometric titration with 0.1 M HCl to pH of 5.2 [11]; ^mdetails were described elsewhere [12].

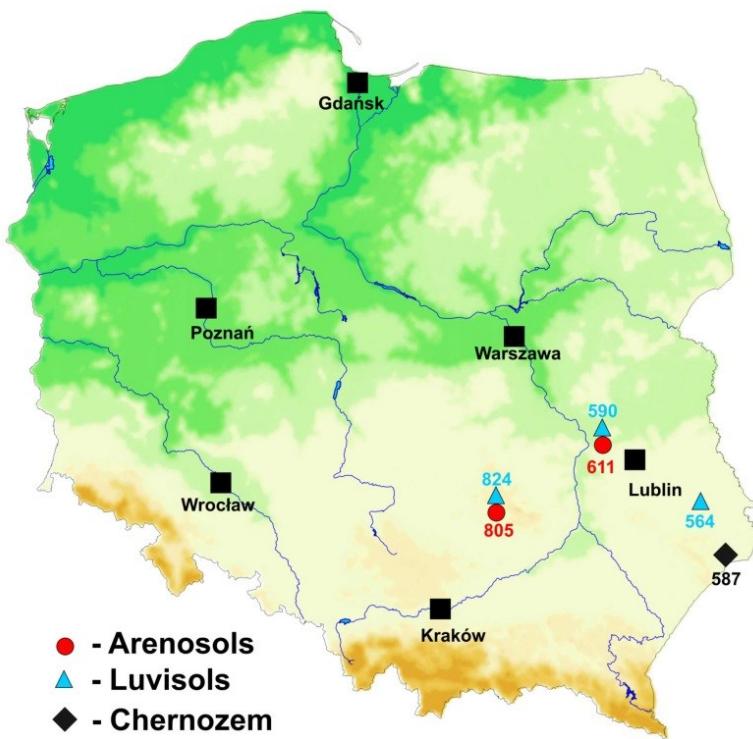


Figure S1. Location of the examined soil profiles on the map of Poland.

Fractionation of organic matter

Two sequential extraction methods were selected. The first method was based on extraction with 0.1 M sodium pyrophosphate (SP) at pH 10, saturated with N₂ [5]. The fumigated for 24 h in the concentrated HCl duplicate 3 g soil samples were shaken in a Biosan Multi RS-60 rotator for 24 h with 25 mL of the 0.1 M Na₄P₂O₇ solution. Each solution was separated after centrifugation (30 min., 3000 g, 20°C) and part of the extract was used for the organic carbon (*OC*) determination with a SSM-5000A solid sample module of a Shimadzu TOC-VCSH analyzer. For each soil the sum of humic and fulvic acids was calculated (*HA(SP)+FA(SP)* (%)). The 9 mL portions of each extract were also acidified with 6 M HCl to pH 1, and after 16 h the precipitated HAs were centrifuged (30 min., 3500 g, 20°C). In the collected supernatants *OC* was determined, next the FA contents (*FA(SP)* (%)) were calculated. The fraction of humins insoluble in the 0.1 M Na₄P₂O₇ (*HN(SP)* (%)) was calculated from the difference: *HN(SP) = OC - HA(SP)+FA(SP)* [13].

Moreover, the simplified method of sequential extraction based on 0.1 M NaOH (SH) was used [6]. Briefly, 20 mL of 0.1 M NaOH saturated with N₂ was added to the duplicate 3 g soil samples fumigated for 24 h in the concentrated HCl. The suspensions were agitated for 4 h on the rotator, left for sedimentation for 12 h, centrifuged (30 min., 3000 g, 20°C), and the extract solutions were collected. Part of each solution was used for

organic carbon determination in order to calculate the sum of HA and FA in the soils ($HA(SH)+FA(SH)$). The 10 mL samples of each extract were acidified to pH 1 with 6 M HCl, left overnight to precipitate HA, centrifuged (30 min., 3500 g, 20°C), and in the collected supernatants organic carbon was determined. The $HA(SH)$, $FA(SH)$, and $HN(SH)$ contents (%) were calculated in the same way as for the method with sodium pyrophosphate.

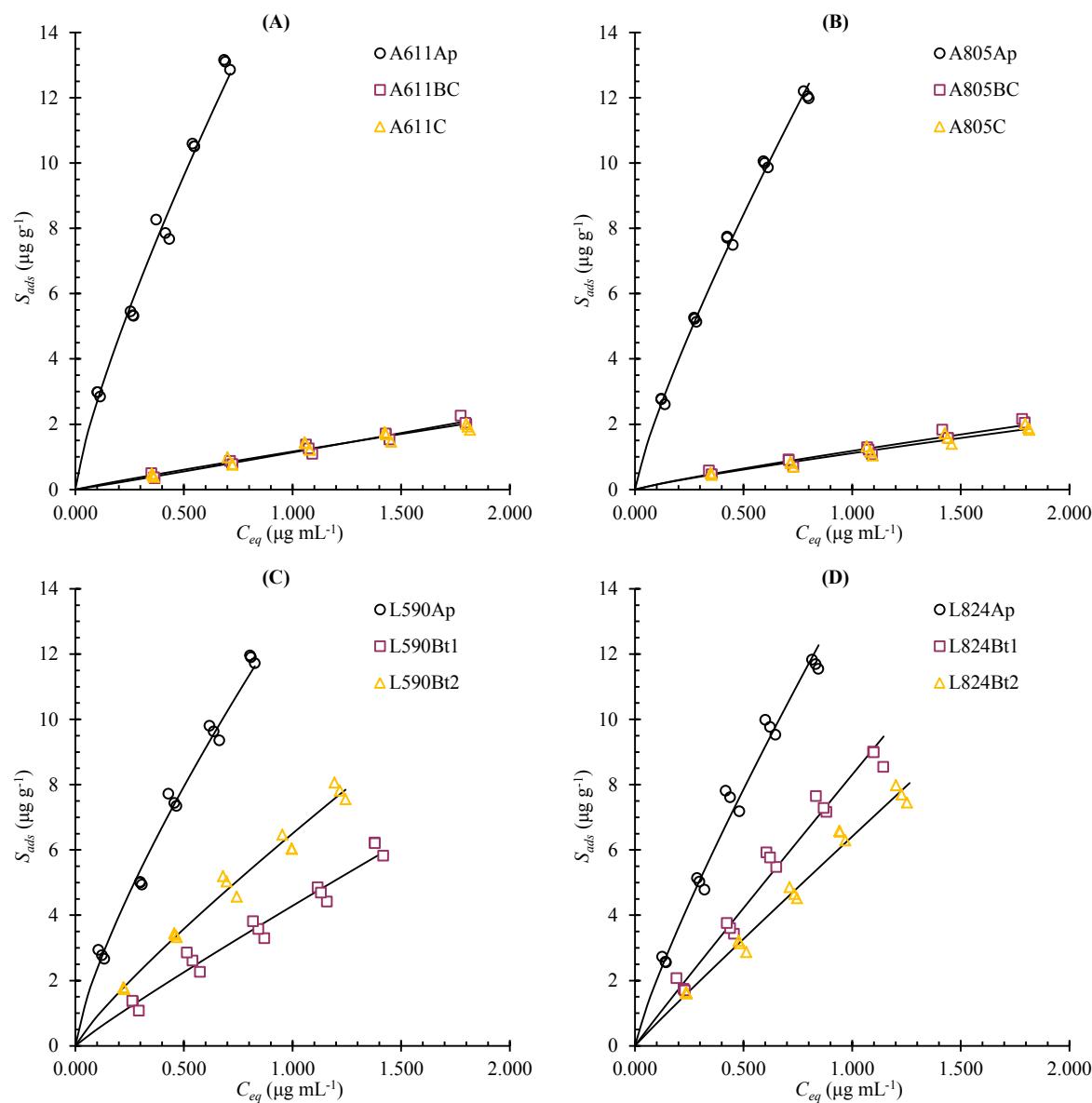
Cation exchange capacity and exchangeable/extractable acidity determination

The effective cation exchange capacity ($ECEC$ (cmol(+)/kg) was determined using a method with 0.0025 M solution of $BaCl_2$ [7]. Briefly, 16.5 mL volumes of 0.0025 M $BaCl_2$ solution were added three times to the duplicate 7.5 g samples of dry weight soil placed in 30 mL polypropylene tubes. Each time the samples were agitated on the rotator for 1 h, centrifuged (10 min., 3500 g, 20°C), and the supernatants were collected into 50 mL volumetric flasks. The fourth time, after adding 16.5 mL of 0.0025 M $BaCl_2$, the tubes were agitated for 12 h, centrifuged, and the supernatant was removed. Next, 26 mL of 0.02 M $MgSO_4$ was added to each tube and the tubes were agitated for 12 h, centrifuged, and supernatants were collected for Mg determination with the Varian AA280FS Atomic Absorption Spectrometer. On this basis the $ECEC$ values were calculated [7]. The supernatants collected in the 50 mL flasks were filtrated, and duplicate 17 mL portions of filtrate were used for the potentiometric titration with 0.005 M NaOH to the endpoint pH of 7.8, and on this basis the exchangeable acidity (EA (cmol(+)/kg) was calculated [8]. The same filtrates were used for the Al determination (Varian Carry 60 UV-Vis Spectrophotometer, $\lambda = 550$ nm, eriochrome cyanine R, pH 5.5 [9]), and next for the exchangeable Al contents (Al/EA) (cmol(+)/kg) calculation [8].

The potential cation exchange capacity ($PCEC$ (cmol(+)/kg) was determined using a method with the solution of 0.5 M $BaCl_2$ and 0.17 M triethanolamine ($BaCl_2$ -TEA) acidified to pH 8.2 with HCl [10, 11]. The 16.5 mL volumes of $BaCl_2$ -TEA were added three times to the duplicate 5.0 g samples of dry weight soil. The tubes were agitated on the rotator for 1, 2, and 12 h, centrifuged (10 min., 3500 g, 20°C), and the supernatants were collected into 50 mL volumetric flasks. The fourth time 26 mL of redistilled water was added, tubes were agitated for 0.5 h, centrifuged, and the supernatant was removed. Next, 26 mL of 0.02 M $MgSO_4$ was added to each tube and the tubes were agitated for 12 h, centrifuged, supernatants were collected for Mg determination with the Atomic Absorption Spectrometer, and the obtained data were used for PCEC calculation [10]. After

filtration of the supernatants collected in the 50 mL flasks, the duplicate 16 mL portions of filtrates (as well as the blank BaCl₂-TEA solutions) were used for the potentiometric titration with 0.1 M HCl to the endpoint pH of 5.2. Based on the difference in titration between the blank and supernatant solutions the potential (called also as extractable or titratable) acidity (*PA* (cmol(+)/kg) was calculated [11]. The contents of the extractable Al in the soils (*Al/PA*) (cmol(+)/kg) were determined based on the spectrophotometric determination of Al in the supernatants, similarly as for *Al(EA)*.

B. Adsorption experiments in native soils.



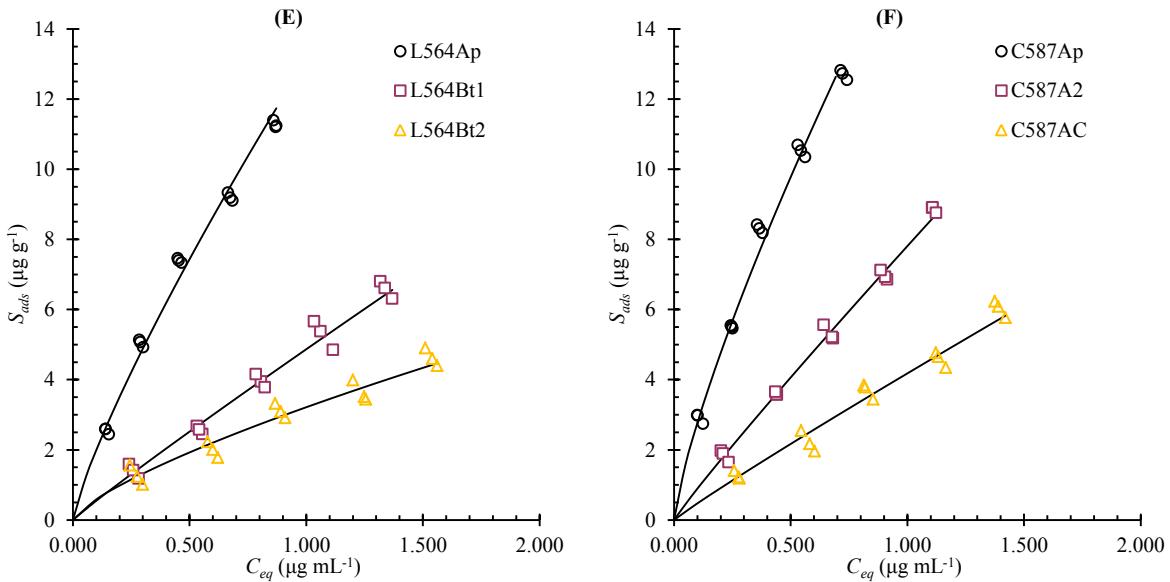


Figure S2. Adsorption isotherms in soils from the six examined profiles. Black lines – Freundlich model (parameters are provided in Table S2).

Table S2. Results of fitting the Linear and Freundlich models to the adsorption data presented in Figure S2.

Soil	Linear model			Freundlich model			
	K_d (mL/g)	R^2/R_a^2	RSS^a	$S_{eq}^{ads} = K_d \cdot C_{eq}$	I/n	R^2/R_a^2	RSS
				K_F ($\mu\text{g}^{1-1/n}$ ($\text{mL})^{1/n} \text{g}^{-1}$)			
A611Ap	19.20	0.973/0.971	5.29	16.65	0.79	0.984/0.981	3.51 L
A611BC	1.15	0.972/0.970	0.15	1.13	1.04	0.969/0.964	0.15 C
A611C	1.13	0.936/0.931	0.29	1.16	0.94	0.962/0.956	0.24 L
A805Ap	16.24	0.962/0.959	6.37	14.93	0.82	0.994/0.993	1.00 L
A805BC	1.15	0.963/0.960	0.18	1.20	0.88	0.957/0.952	0.20 C
A805C	1.07	0.957/0.954	0.18	1.11	0.86	0.959/0.952	0.17 C
L590Ap	15.20	0.956/0.953	6.79	13.44	0.76	0.980/0.977	2.31 L
L590Bt1	4.28	0.963/0.960	1.56	4.29	0.93	0.959/0.952	1.50 C
L590Bt2	6.54	0.962/0.959	2.54	6.50	0.86	0.979/0.976	1.40 L
L824Ap	15.08	0.947/0.942	8.46	14.15	0.85	0.977/0.973	3.64 L
L824Bt1	8.29	0.968/0.965	3.11	8.30	0.98	0.970/0.966	2.90 L
L824Bt2	6.44	0.981/0.980	1.38	6.41	0.97	0.982/0.979	1.35 C
L564Ap	13.93	0.933/0.928	9.41	13.14	0.82	0.986/0.984	2.19 L
L564Bt1	4.91	0.971/0.968	1.53	4.87	0.95	0.964/0.958	1.58 C
L564Bt2	3.12	0.897/0.889	2.25	3.21	0.74	0.936/0.925	1.39 L
C587Ap	19.00	0.923/0.917	14.11	16.85	0.79	0.984/0.981	2.93 L
C587A2	7.91	0.991/0.990	0.86	7.81	0.94	0.991/0.990	0.83 C
C587AC	4.22	0.965/0.962	1.52	4.18	0.95	0.962/0.956	1.65 C

^a residual sum of squares.

Table S3. The Pearson's (bottom-left) and Kendall's (top-right) correlation coefficients and *p*-values for K_d (18 soils, triplicate samples, $n = 54$) and the soil properties from Table S1.

HA(SP)	0.492	0.579	-0.536	0.590	0.167	0.545	0.103	0.151	0.637	0.824	0.885	0.598		0.897	0.585	0.444	0.951	0.558	-0.279	-0.389	0.637	0.158	-0.102	0.183	0.490	-0.168	-0.470
	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.226	<0.001	0.460	0.274	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.042	0.005	<0.001	0.250	0.457	0.184	<0.001	0.221	0.001
HN(SP)	0.820	0.433	-0.469	0.582	-0.049	0.339	0.055	0.344	0.622	0.982	0.694	0.849	0.708		0.771	0.577	0.961	0.457	-0.221	-0.367	0.540	0.226	0.038	0.024	0.352	-0.092	-0.322
	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.725	0.012	0.694	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	0.108	0.008	<0.001	0.100	0.781	0.863	0.010	0.504	0.019	
FA(SH)	0.817	-0.200	0.044	0.049	-0.307	0.025	0.050	0.499	0.087	0.574	-0.006	0.865	0.241	0.596		0.849	0.678	0.084	0.118	-0.053	0.166	0.552	0.437	-0.195	0.073	0.168	0.025
	<0.001	0.147	0.752	0.723	0.024	0.857	0.719	<0.001	0.531	<0.001	0.964	<0.001	0.079	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	0.543	0.389	0.700	0.226	<0.001	0.002	0.156	0.594	0.221	0.857
HA(SH)	0.754	-0.314	0.284	-0.201	-0.425	-0.161	-0.160	0.274	-0.173	0.429	-0.151	0.745	0.133	0.449	0.903		0.460	-0.284	0.241	0.154	-0.185	0.373	0.712	-0.498	-0.260	0.494	0.288
	<0.001	0.021	0.037	0.146	0.001	0.246	0.247	0.045	0.210	0.001	0.275	<0.001	0.339	0.001	<0.001		0.001	0.039	0.079	0.263	0.179	0.007	<0.001	<0.001	0.058	<0.001	0.036
HN(SH)	0.660	0.611	-0.614	0.704	0.107	0.483	0.107	0.256	0.744	0.967	0.884	0.720	0.866	0.941	0.355	0.191		0.612	-0.387	-0.524	0.686	0.185	-0.154	0.195	0.505	-0.253	-0.455
	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.442	<0.001	0.443	0.062	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.009	0.167		<0.001	0.005	<0.001	<0.001	0.179	0.263	0.156	<0.001	0.066	0.001
ECEC	0.072	0.688	-0.945	0.853	0.857	0.893	0.674	0.221	0.903	0.403	0.622	0.147	0.498	0.363	-0.197	-0.387	0.541		-0.523	-0.570	0.988	0.179	-0.767	0.858	0.953	-0.816	-0.888
	0.603	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.108	<0.001	0.003	<0.001	0.289	<0.001	0.007	0.154	0.004	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.194	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
EA	0.138	-0.842	0.557	-0.608	-0.190	-0.351	-0.024	-0.202	-0.453	-0.345	-0.478	-0.051	-0.358	-0.346	0.158	0.201	-0.440	-0.482		0.935	-0.513	0.453	0.727	-0.320	-0.351	0.525	0.430
	0.319	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.168	0.009	0.866	0.143	0.001	0.011	<0.001	0.716	0.008	0.010	0.253	0.146	0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	0.020	0.011	<0.001	0.002
AI(EA)	-0.035	-0.748	0.570	-0.594	-0.279	-0.400	-0.174	-0.302	-0.506	-0.407	-0.440	-0.204	-0.382	-0.402	-0.019	0.035	-0.457	-0.510	0.928		-0.563	0.294	0.651	-0.305	-0.376	0.453	0.354
	0.801	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.041	0.003	0.209	0.027	<0.001	0.002	0.001	0.139	0.004	0.003	0.889	0.799	0.001	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	0.033	<0.001	0.027	0.006	0.001	0.010
PCEC	0.231	0.631	-0.940	0.855	0.831	0.938	0.729	0.332	0.930	0.503	0.639	0.307	0.554	0.460	-0.025	-0.231	0.603	0.979	-0.413	-0.478		0.214	-0.709	0.818	0.951	-0.763	-0.887
	0.093	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.014	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.024	<0.001	0.001	0.855	0.094	<0.001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001		0.120	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
PA	0.375	-0.559	0.020	-0.156	0.394	0.268	0.639	0.517	0.146	-0.053	-0.289	0.216	-0.200	-0.032	0.422	0.349	-0.175	0.076	0.471	0.249	0.199		0.309	0.307	0.352	0.075	-0.134
	0.005	<0.001	0.884	0.260	0.003	0.050	<0.001	<0.001	0.292	0.703	0.034	0.117	0.146	0.819	0.002	0.010	0.207	0.583	<0.001	0.070	0.149		0.025	0.026	0.010	0.583	0.328
AI(PA)	0.484	-0.739	0.702	-0.641	-0.614	-0.505	-0.316	0.022	-0.570	0.004	-0.453	0.368	-0.202	0.028	0.647	0.795	-0.215	-0.743	0.663	0.575	-0.613	0.366		-0.746	-0.674	0.847	0.721
	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.020	0.873	<0.001	0.976	0.001	0.006	0.142	0.842	<0.001	<0.001	0.118	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
SSA(aN ₂)	-0.185	0.346	-0.698	0.514	0.979	0.811	0.761	0.141	0.637	-0.048	0.233	-0.194	0.112	-0.081	-0.379	-0.478	0.077	0.850	-0.216	-0.271	0.817	0.334	-0.645		0.907	-0.779	-0.828
	0.182	0.010	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.310	<0.001	0.729	0.091	0.161	0.422	0.559	0.005	<0.001	0.581	<0.001	0.117	0.048	<0.001	0.014	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
SSA(aH ₂ O)	0.058	0.505	-0.843	0.700	0.946	0.898	0.747	0.214	0.838	0.281	0.509	0.070	0.407	0.237	-0.220	-0.373	0.406	0.964	-0.328	-0.394	0.953	0.265	-0.660	0.937		-0.767	-0.908
	0.679	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.121	<0.001	0.039	<0.001	0.616	0.002	0.085	0.110	0.006	0.002	<0.001	0.016	0.003	<0.001	0.053	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	
r(dN ₂)mean	0.520	-0.509	0.607	-0.531	-0.603	-0.481	-0.422	-0.049	-0.520	0.120	-0.343	0.422	-0.091	0.143	0.628	0.863	-0.094	-0.659	0.387	0.289	-0.554	0.191	0.894	-0.634	-0.616	0.797	
	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.002	0.726	<0.001	0.386	0.011	0.002	0.512	0.303	<0.001	<0.001	0.499	<0.001	0.004	0.034	<0.001	0.166	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	
r(dH ₂ O)mean	-0.121	-0.443	0.781	-0.681	-0.781	-0.849	-0.677	-0.085	-0.710	-0.298	-0.411	-0.126	-0.413	-0.249	0.135	0.235	-0.390	-0.835	0.215	0.198	-0.850	-0.200	0.460	-0.780	-0.844	0.464	
	0.383	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.543	<0.001	0.029	0.002	0.364	0.002	0.069	0.330	0.088	0.004	<0.001	0.119	0.152	<0.001	0.148	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001		

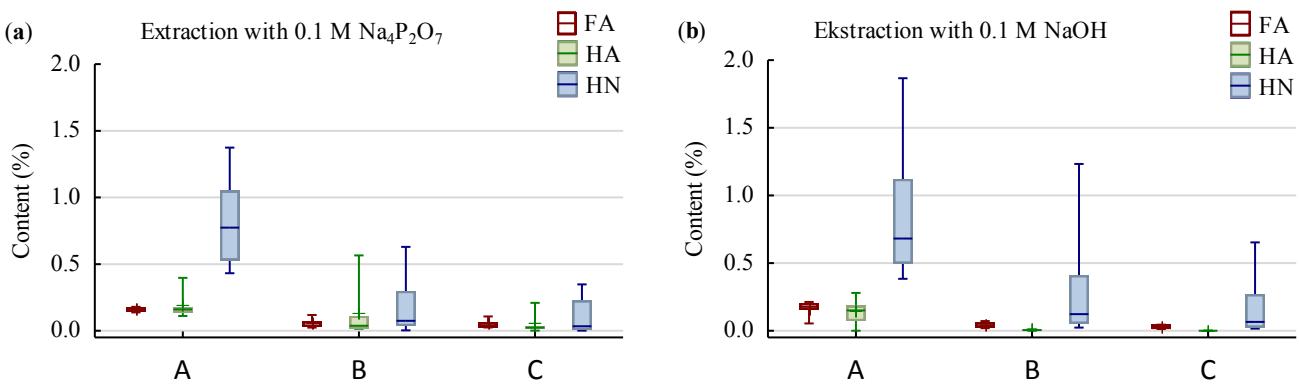


Figure S3. (a) Contents of FA, HA, and HN determined based on the extractions with 0.1 M Na₄P₂O₇ and (b) 0.1 M NaOH. The box plots show the minimum, first quartile, median, third quartile, and maximum. A – topsoils (10–15 cm), B – upper subsoils (45–50 cm), and C – lower subsoils (75–80 cm).

C. Elemental composition, FT-IR spectra, and adsorption in HF-altered soils.

The obtained absorbance spectra were analyzed using the OriginPro 2015 software. The relative intensities of the examined bands were estimated based on the baseline corrected peak areas. The baselines were created using the 1st and 2nd derivative, or the 2nd derivative methods.

The obtained in the above way “raw” intensities (I_r) of the individual bands are always burdened with errors arising during the sample preparation (differences in the particle sizes after grinding, at the actual ratio of the soil sample/KBr, or in density and homogeneity of pellets) and those related to the reproducibility of measurements. However, it was possible to correct these errors to a large extent. The PLSR indicated that OC in the altered soil samples (S4 Table) can be described using the following equation:

$$OC = 0.81 + 3.96 \cdot V-2850_r (0.23, 0.91) + 2.89 \cdot VI-1725_r (0.78, 1.08) \quad R^2 = 0.919; LV = 2; Q^2 = 0.18 \quad (S1)$$

where IV-2920_r and VI-1725_r denote the “raw” relative intensities of bands at 2920 and 1725 cm⁻¹, the values in brackets are their standardized regression coefficients and variable importance in projection (VIP), respectively. LV denotes the number of latent vectors, and Q² is the Wold’s value for the second LV. Therefore, the corrected intensity of band X of soil i ($I(X)_i$) can be described as:

$$I(X)_i = \frac{OC_i}{0.81 + 3.96 \cdot V - 2850_{ri} + 2.89 \cdot VII - 1725_{ri}} \cdot I_r(X)_i \quad (\text{S2})$$

where OC_i is the organic carbon content of soil i , and $V-2850_{ri}$ and $VII-1725_{ri}$ are its “raw” relative intensities at 2850 and 1725 cm^{-1} , respectively. In such a way, the bands at 2850 and 1725 cm^{-1} were used as the internal standard of organic carbon content in each pellet.

Table S4. Elemental composition, corrected band intensities, K_{dac} , K_{dn} , and pH values from the adsorption experiments in the HF-altered soils.

Property\Soil	A611Ap	L590Ap	L590Bt1	L564Ap	L564Bt1	L564Bt2	C587Ap	C587A2	C587AC	A805Ap	L824Ap	L824Bt1	L824Bt2
$OC\text{ (%)}^a$	16.15	11.77	1.45	7.43	4.78	2.07	10.58	9.65	5.00	11.78	7.83	2.18	1.67
$N\text{ (%)}$	1.24	0.96	0.22	0.74	0.51	0.32	1.03	0.78	0.44	0.95	0.72	0.28	0.23
$S\text{ (%)}$	0.13	0.12	0.04	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.12	0.06	0.05	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.07
$H\text{ (%)}$	2.04	1.65	0.71	1.00	0.75	0.56	1.26	1.20	0.81	1.51	1.09	0.35	0.25
I-3700 ($3687\text{-}3715\text{ cm}^{-1}$) ^b	0	0	1.31	0	0.03	0.22	0.03	0.08	0.08	0	0.05	0.03	0.05
II-3625 ($3580\text{-}3682\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	0.09	2.33	9.45	1.28	1.90	3.58	1.31	1.88	1.08	0.50	1.73	4.31	1.44
III-3420 ($3300\text{-}3583\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	27.22	12.22	11.57	18.45	22.92	9.29	12.98	11.14	30.28	22.18	25.65	9.96	5.16
IV-2920 ($2879\text{-}3004\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	3.63	2.69	0.56	1.86	1.10	0.47	2.14	0.94	1.17	2.97	2.68	0.72	0.56
V-2850 ($2828\text{-}2879\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	0.94	0.59	0.15	0.35	0.25	0.11	0.57	0.18	0.28	0.82	0.70	0.20	0.15
VI-1725 ($1705\text{-}1790\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	4.02	3.02	0.04	1.75	1.07	0.36	2.49	2.83	1.04	2.62	1.51	0.28	0.15
VII-1640 ($1571\text{-}1705\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	6.05	4.65	2.66	5.41	4.98	3.02	4.27	3.70	5.77	5.28	5.67	2.84	1.48
VIII-1535 ($1503\text{-}1558\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	0.71	0.68	0.14	0.53	0.13	0.12	0.20	0.06	0.03	0.70	0.41	0.10	0.07
IX-1085 ($1051\text{-}1449\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	60.48	125.93	210.37	133.75	174.09	165.85	129.68	156.81	165.83	107.25	230.53	131.52	83.13
X-1035 ($843\text{-}1050\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	52.60	104.23	145.90	119.50	102.22	96.11	77.44	81.52	86.62	97.88	95.78	94.82	41.33
XI-795 ($710\text{-}843\text{ cm}^{-1}$)	15.76	24.33	14.97	29.87	22.43	19.51	20.04	19.60	18.80	29.49	27.48	15.50	9.56
$K_{dac}\text{ (mL/g)}$	437.4	231.5	16.9	139.1	90.4	26.3	194.5	261.5	67.3	245.6	159.2	25.0	18.8
(SD)	(28.7)	(5.7)	(0.6)	(9.8)	(2.1)	(5.5)	(11.3)	(18.8)	(3.1)	(11.3)	(5.9)	(0.7)	(1.6)
pH	2.8	2.9	3.6	2.9	2.9	3.3	2.7	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.6	3.7
$K_{dn}\text{ (mL/g)}$	135.5	97.6	5.0	51.9	25.8	3.4	66.8	54.0	25.5	78.3	82.3	17.1	8.9
(SD)	(13.5)	(5.2)	(0.4)	(4.3)	(0.4)	(1.3)	(10.2)	(12.6)	(2.5)	(0.9)	(5.2)	(0.9)	(0.4)
pH	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.2	6.6	7.4	6.4	6.1	6.8	7.1	7.0	6.7	6.8

^a determined using a Vario El cube CHNS elemental analyzer, ^b mean integration ranges.

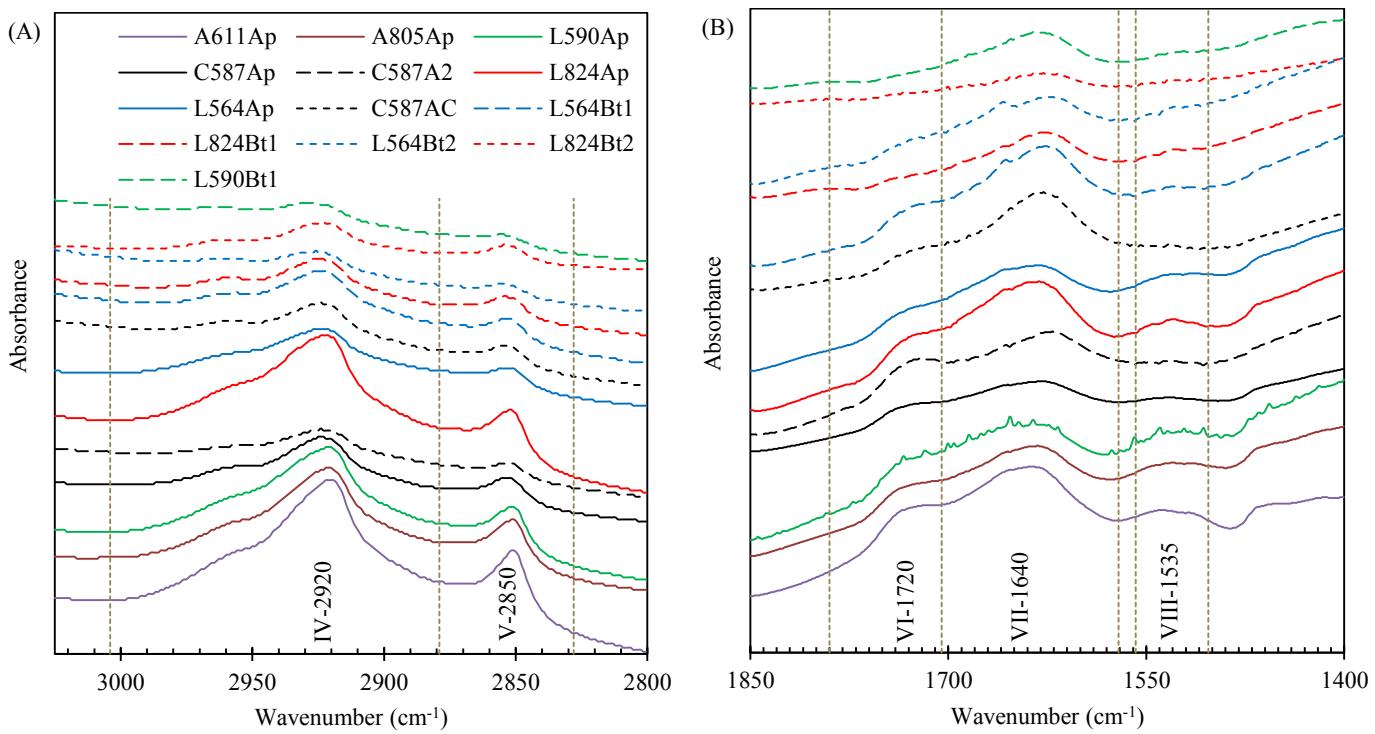


Figure S4. Selected ranges of FT-IR spectra of 13 HF-altered soils, shifted vertically to avoid overlapping and arranged in order from the largest (A611Ap) to the smallest (L590Bt1) OC. The vertical dashed lines indicate the mean integration ranges.

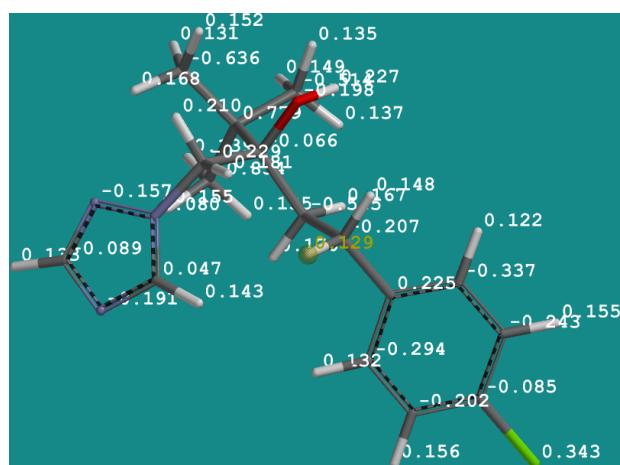
Table S5. Band assignments of the FT-IR spectra of HF altered soils. Notation of vibrational modes: ν -stretching, δ -bending, γ -out of plane bending, s-symmetric, a-asymmetric.

No	Location	Main component (cm^{-1})	Other components	References
I	3700	kaolinite	n/a	[15-17]
II	3625	smectite; illite	n/a	[16, 17]
III	3420	$\nu(\text{O}-\text{H})_{\text{phenolic, alcohol}}$	smectite; illite; $\nu(\text{N}-\text{H})_{\text{amine}}$	[15, 16, 18]
IV	2920	$\nu_{\text{as}}(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{aliphatic}}$	n/a	[15, 18]
V	2850	$\nu_s(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{aliphatic}}$	n/a	[15, 18]
VI	1725	$\nu(\text{C}=\text{O})_{\text{carboxyl}}$	$\nu(\text{C}=\text{O})_{\text{ester, carbonyl}}$	[18-20]
VII	1640	$\nu(\text{C}=\text{C})_{\text{aromatic}}$	smectite; illite; $\nu(\text{C}=\text{O})_{\text{amide}}$; $\delta(\text{N}-\text{H})_{\text{amide, amine}}$	[16-18]
VIII	1535	$\nu(\text{C}=\text{C})_{\text{aromatic}}$	n/a	[18]

IX	1085	quartz	smectite; kaolinite; illite	[15-17]
X	1035	smectite; kaolinite; illite	$\delta(\text{C}-\text{H})_{\text{aromatic}}$	[15-17]
XI	795	$\gamma(\text{C}-\text{H})$ heteroaromatic, polynuclear aromatic,	quartz	[18, 19]

D. Molecular structure of TB.

(a) TB



(b) TBH^+



Figure S5. (a) The Mulliken charge distribution for molecular and (b) protonated at N(4) forms of TB.

Calculations were made at the RHF 6-311+G** basis set.

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