

Supplementary Data

Novel Substrates for Kinases Involved in the Biosynthesis of Inositol Pyrophosphates and Their Enhancement of ATPase Activity of a Kinase

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1. PAGE analysis of PPIPn products

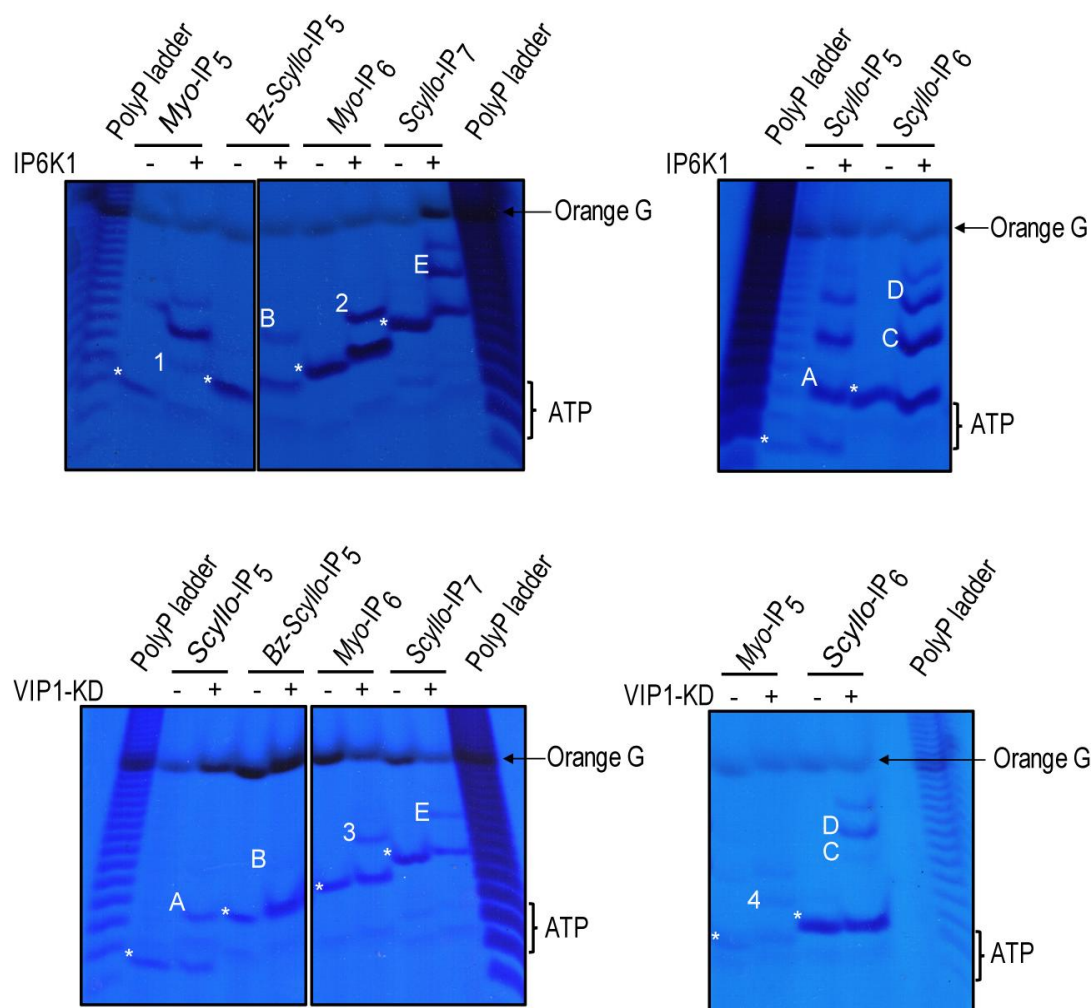


Figure S1. PAGE analysis followed by toluidine blue staining to detect PPIPn products formed by the catalysis of IP6K1 (top) and VIP1-KD (bottom) on various IPn substrates. Reactions were performed as described in Section 3.3. The unreacted IPn substrate (marked by an asterisk*) is loaded to the left of each post-reaction mixture. The migration of Orange G dye and inorganic polyphosphate (polyP) ladder were used as electrophoresis standards. The position of ATP, which has been shown to co-migrate with *myo*-IP₅ [1], is indicated. We observed that *scyllo*-IP₅ migrates faster than ATP. Based on the well characterized ability of IP6K1 and VIP1 to catalyse the addition of a β -phosphate on the 5- and 1-position on *myo*-inositol, the products of *myo*-IP₅ and *myo*-IP₆ marked on the gel are: 1. 5PP-*myo*-IP₄, 2. 5PP-*myo*-IP₅, 3. 1PP-*myo*-IP₅, and 4. 1PP-*myo*-IP₄. Each consecutive band of IPn or PPIPn in the same lane differs by the presence of a single phosphate moiety [1]. This, combined with the demonstrated ability of IP6K1 and VIP1 to catalyse the addition of a β -phosphate onto an α -phosphate on the inositol ring, allows us to propose the structures of the *scyllo*-PPIPn products as follows: A. PP-*scyllo*-IP₄, B. PP-Bz-*scyllo*-IP₄, C. PP-*scyllo*-IP₅, D. [PP]₂-*scyllo*-IP₄ / PPP-*scyllo*-IP₅, E. [PP]₂-*scyllo*-IP₄ / PPP-*scyllo*-IP₅. This annotation corresponds to the labelling of peaks in the chromatograms shown in Figure 2. The scanned gels were subjected to 'brightness and contrast' adjustment to improve visualisation. A narrow gap marks the removal of a lane from a single gel for better visualisation.

2. Calibration of SAX HPLC for resolution of IPs and PPIPs

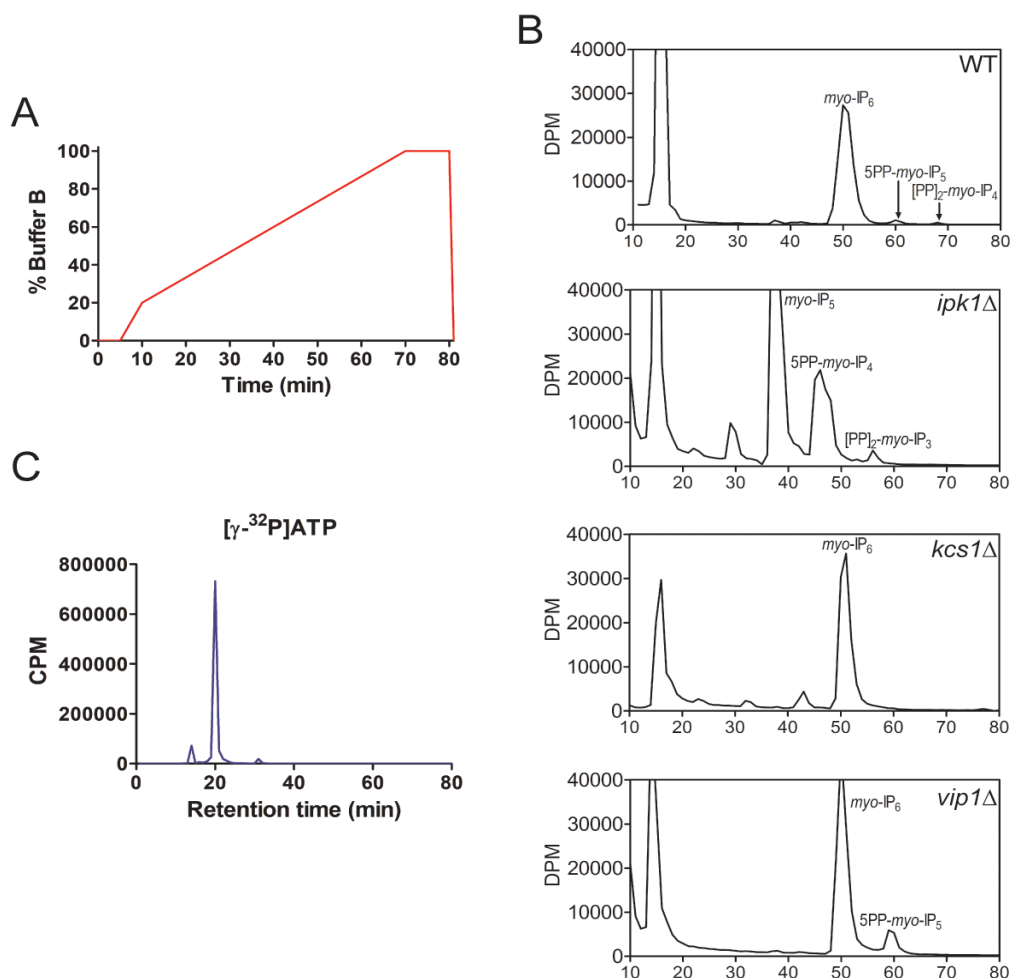


Figure S2. (A) Graphical representation of SAX HPLC elution gradient profile described in Section 3.3. **(B)** SAX-HPLC analysis of extracts from [³H]inositol labeled *S. cerevisiae* BY4741 wild type (WT) strain, and deletion mutants lacking the enzymes (i) IPK1 responsible for the conversion of IP₅ to IP₆ (*ipk1Δ*); (ii) KCS1, the *S. cerevisiae* IP₆ kinase responsible for the conversion of IP₆ to 5PP-IP₅ (*kcs1Δ*); and (iii) VIP1 (*vip1Δ*). The IPs in the elution profiles are annotated as reported earlier [2,3]. Peaks corresponding to *myo*-IP₆, 5PP-*myo*-IP₅ and 1,5[PP]₂-*myo*-IP₄ are marked in the WT strain. In *ipk1Δ* yeast, peaks corresponding to *myo*-IP₆ and its PPIP products disappeared, and *myo*-IP₅ and PP-*myo*-IP₄ peaks became abundant. 5PP-*myo*-IP₅ and 1,5[PP]₂-*myo*-IP₄ are absent in *kcs1Δ* with a corresponding increase in the *myo*-IP₆ peak. In *vip1Δ* yeast, there was an increase in *myo*-IP₆ and 5PP-*myo*-IP₅, with the disappearance of 1,5[PP]₂-*myo*-IP₄. These elution profiles of well characterised yeast strains were used to mark the retention times of the PPIPn products of *myo*-IP₅, *myo*-IP₆ shown in Figure 2. We observe lower retention times for *scyllo*-PPIPs compared with their *myo*-counterparts (see Figure 2). **(C)** Chromatogram showing elution profile of radiolabeled ATP in the negative control reaction containing *myo*-IP₆ and [γ³²P]ATP incubated in the presence of BSA instead of enzyme.

3. Molecular Docking

Molecular docking studies were carried out by treating *myo*-IP6 and *scyllo*-IP6 as ligands using CCDC GOLD package using GOLDScore as the scoring function [4]. The X-Ray crystal structure of IP6 from the PDB files of PPIP2K and *Eh*IP6KA complex (PDB code: 3T9C, 4O4F) was used as the initial input, which was modified to *scyllo*-IP6 using Gaussview 6 [5]. Both *myo* and *scyllo* IP6 structures were then energy minimised using MM94 forcefield in Avogadro [6] and thus further utilised for docking experiments. All except three water molecules were removed from both peptide domain, along with the removal of AMPPNP (PPIP5K2) and ATP and PO4³⁻ (*Eh*IP6KA) and Mg²⁺ ions. In GOLD, the binding site was defined as a sphere of 6 Å radius and water molecules were included in the docking protocol (30,35,462 for PPIP5K2 and 587,620,667 for *Eh*IP6KA) these water molecules were identified near the axial site of IP6 and was toggled on and off, thus necessitating to evaluate their possible role in forming Water Bridges at the axial position. Each ligand was docked 100 times (100 GA runs) using genetic algorithm settings for very flexible ligands. The results of GOLDScore function were observed to be unusually high but such an observation is not new and the probable explanation being the tendency of GOLDScore to reward heavily for hydrogen bonding involving charged phosphates, [7] even though these scoring functions are optimised for accurate pose prediction, they do might have an influence w.r.t. binding affinities of the peptide ligand system. The fitness scores for GOLDScore is given in Figure S2. The binding modes of *myo*-IP6 and *scyllo*-IP6 with the highest docking score against the above-mentioned kinases were obtained and their interactions visualised using Protein Ligand Profiler (PLIP) [8]. Tables S1-S4 give further details on the possible interactions observed at the protein ligand interface.

Table S1. Results of Docking *myo*-IP6 on PPIP5K2- GOLDScore results

Hydrogen Bonds

Index	Residue	AA	Distance H-A	Distance D-A	Donor Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom
1	250A	TYR	2.47	3.38	151.91	3481 [O3]	5421 [O3]
2	250A	TYR	2.73	3.38	125.44	5421 [O3]	3481 [O3]
3	250A	TYR	2.64	3.35	129.62	5400 [O3]	3481 [O3]
4	250A	TYR	3.03	3.66	123.76	5399 [O3]	3481 [O3]
5	262A	ARG	2.95	3.61	123.43	3657 [Ng+]	5412 [O3]
6	262A	ARG	2.46	2.89	104.56	3654 [N3]	5406 [O3]

Index	Residue	AA	Distance H-A	Distance D-A	Donor Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom
7	281A	ARG	2.61	3.14	111.78	3974 [N3]	5399 [O3]
8	281A	ARG	3.00	3.67	124.73	3972 [N3]	5397 [O2]
9	321A	ASP	2.39	2.73	101.60	4642 [O3]	5415 [O3]
10	323A	ASN	3.06	3.43	102.65	4672 [Nam]	5416 [O3]
11	323A	ASN	2.94	3.58	124.81	5420 [O3]	4671 [O2]
12	326A	SER	3.26	3.97	131.26	5425 [O3]	4717 [O3]
13	326A	SER	2.30	3.28	171.47	4717 [O3]	5424 [O2]

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Water Bridges

Index	Residue	AA	Dist. A-W	Dist. D-W	Donor Angle	Water Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom	Water Atom
1	54A	LYS	2.74	4.05	103.98	88.39	199 [N3+]	5425 [O3]	5444
2	54A	LYS	4.04	4.05	112.41	137.19	199 [N3+]	5426 [O3]	5444

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Salt Bridges

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
1	54A	LYS	4.62	Phosphate	5423, 5423, 5422, 5425, 5426, 5424

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
2	194A	HIS	4.65	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
3	213A	ARG	4.20	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
4	213A	ARG	4.48	Phosphate	5408, 5408, 5407, 5409, 5410, 5411
5	214A	LYS	3.36	Phosphate	5403, 5403, 5402, 5404, 5405, 5406
6	248A	LYS	4.58	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
7	248A	LYS	3.66	Phosphate	5418, 5418, 5417, 5419, 5420, 5421
8	248A	LYS	5.15	Phosphate	5398, 5398, 5397, 5401, 5399, 5400
9	262A	ARG	4.91	Phosphate	5408, 5408, 5407, 5409, 5410, 5411
10	262A	ARG	5.31	Phosphate	5398, 5398, 5397, 5401, 5399, 5400
11	329A	LYS	3.37	Phosphate	5423, 5423, 5422, 5425, 5426, 5424
12	329A	LYS	5.22	Phosphate	5418, 5418, 5417, 5419, 5420, 5421
13	329A	LYS	3.58	Phosphate	5398, 5398, 5397, 5401, 5399, 5400

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Table S2. Results of Docking *scylla*-IP6 on PPIP5K2- GOLDScore
results Hydrogen Bonds

Index	Residue	AA	Distance H-A	Distance D-A	Donor Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom
1	213A	ARG	3.28	3.95	125.23	2850 [Ng+]	5421 [O3]
2	214A	LYS	1.74	2.63	142.89	2864 [Nam]	5411 [O3]
3	262A	ARG	3.51	3.93	106.86	3657 [Ng+]	5415 [O3]
4	262A	ARG	2.69	3.60	149.59	3654 [N3]	5428 [O3]
5	262A	ARG	2.44	3.45	170.69	3655 [Ng+]	5409 [O2]
6	262A	ARG	2.87	3.68	153.57	3656 [N3]	5430 [O2]
7	262A	ARG	1.85	2.81	174.20	5431 [O3]	3656 [N3]
8	281A	ARG	3.02	4.02	168.84	3974 [N3]	5397 [O3]
9	281A	ARG	2.79	3.60	137.24	3972 [N3]	5431 [O3]
10	281A	ARG	2.10	2.90	138.91	5400 [O3]	3974 [N3]
11	321A	ASP	2.85	3.29	109.97	4642 [O3]	5415 [O3]
12	323A	ASN	2.94	3.44	111.57	4672 [Nam]	5414 [O2]
13	323A	ASN	2.43	3.31	150.35	5415 [O3]	4671 [O2]
14	326A	SER	1.86	2.83	164.96	4717 [O3]	5419 [O2]

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Salt Bridges

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
1	194A	HIS	4.68	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
2	213A	ARG	4.02	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
3	213A	ARG	4.53	Phosphate	5408, 5408, 5407, 5409, 5410, 5411
4	214A	LYS	4.04	Phosphate	5398, 5398, 5397, 5401, 5399, 5400
5	214A	LYS	4.31	Phosphate	5403, 5403, 5402, 5404, 5405, 5406
6	248A	LYS	4.04	Phosphate	5418, 5418, 5417, 5419, 5420, 5421
7	248A	LYS	4.50	Phosphate	5413, 5413, 5412, 5414, 5415, 5416
8	248A	LYS	5.09	Phosphate	5429, 5429, 5428, 5430, 5431, 5432
9	262A	ARG	5.47	Phosphate	5398, 5398, 5397, 5401, 5399, 5400
10	262A	ARG	4.26	Phosphate	5403, 5403, 5402, 5404, 5405, 5406
11	329A	LYS	4.99	Phosphate	5418, 5418, 5417, 5419, 5420, 5421
12	329A	LYS	3.34	Phosphate	5429, 5429, 5428, 5430, 5431, 5432

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Table S3. Results of Docking *myo*-IP6 on *Eh*IP6KA- GOLDScore

results Hydrogen Bonds

Index	Residue	AA	Distance H-A	Distance D-A	Donor Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom
1	23A	GLY	2.35	3.37	175.70	1 [N3]	4190 [O2]
2	106A	THR	3.11	3.91	140.12	4171 [O3]	1375 [O3]
3	106A	THR	3.56	4.02	110.34	1375 [O3]	4170 [O3]
4	106A	THR	2.42	3.27	145.55	4170 [O3]	1373 [O2]
5	134A	ARG	3.16	3.86	127.17	1814 [Ng+]	4168 [O2]
6	136A	SER	2.23	3.16	154.16	1853 [O3]	4181 [O3]
7	136A	SER	2.27	3.16	151.54	4181 [O3]	1853 [O3]
8	136A	SER	2.87	3.50	123.29	4187 [O3]	1853 [O3]
9	152A	ARG	3.22	3.60	104.06	2109 [Ng+]	4178 [O3]
10	207A	SER	2.36	3.34	169.24	3100 [O3]	4170 [O3]

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Salt Bridges

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
1	101A	LYS	3.50	Phosphate	4179, 4179, 4178, 4180, 4181, 4182

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
2	101A	LYS	3.70	Phosphate	4169, 4169, 4168, 4171, 4172, 4170
3	101A	LYS	4.42	Phosphate	4184, 4184, 4183, 4187, 4185, 4186
4	115A	LYS	4.43	Phosphate	4194, 4194, 4193, 4195, 4196, 4197
5	118A	LYS	3.84	Phosphate	4174, 4174, 4173, 4175, 4176, 4177
6	118A	LYS	4.52	Phosphate	4194, 4194, 4193, 4195, 4196, 4197
7	119A	ARG	4.71	Phosphate	4174, 4174, 4173, 4175, 4176, 4177
8	119A	ARG	3.62	Phosphate	4169, 4169, 4168, 4171, 4172, 4170
9	119A	ARG	4.18	Phosphate	4194, 4194, 4193, 4195, 4196, 4197
10	134A	ARG	4.14	Phosphate	4179, 4179, 4178, 4180, 4181, 4182
11	152A	ARG	3.88	Phosphate	4184, 4184, 4183, 4187, 4185, 4186

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Table S4. Results of Docking *scyII*-IP6 on EhIP6KA- GOLDScore
results Hydrogen Bonds

Index	Residue	AA	Distance H-A	Distance D-A	Donor Angle	Donor Atom	Acceptor Atom
1	106A	THR	3.24	3.65	107.45	4187 [O3]	1375 [O3]
2	134A	ARG	2.71	3.41	125.76	1814 [Ng+]	4187 [O3]
3	136A	SER	2.01	2.98	162.72	1853 [O3]	4202 [O3]
4	136A	SER	2.02	2.98	168.67	4202 [O3]	1853 [O3]
5	152A	ARG	3.57	4.07	114.77	4192 [O3]	2105 [O2]
6	152A	ARG	3.32	3.68	102.71	2109 [Ng+]	4199 [O3]

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

Salt Bridges

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
1	101A	LYS	3.81	Phosphate	4200, 4200, 4199, 4203, 4201, 4202
2	101A	LYS	4.11	Phosphate	4169, 4169, 4168, 4171, 4172, 4170
3	115A	LYS	4.70	Phosphate	4179, 4179, 4178, 4180, 4181, 4182
4	118A	LYS	5.02	Phosphate	4189, 4189, 4188, 4190, 4191, 4192
5	118A	LYS	4.40	Phosphate	4184, 4184, 4183, 4187, 4185, 4186

Index	Residue	AA	Distance	Ligand Group	Ligand Atoms
6	118A	LYS	3.94	Phosphate	4179, 4179, 4178, 4180, 4181, 4182
7	119A	ARG	4.00	Phosphate	4184, 4184, 4183, 4187, 4185, 4186
8	119A	ARG	3.81	Phosphate	4179, 4179, 4178, 4180, 4181, 4182
9	134A	ARG	4.10	Phosphate	4200, 4200, 4199, 4203, 4201, 4202
10	152A	ARG	4.11	Phosphate	4169, 4169, 4168, 4171, 4172, 4170
11	152A	ARG	4.32	Phosphate	4174, 4174, 4173, 4175, 4176, 4177

*Distance in angstrom (Å), angles in degrees

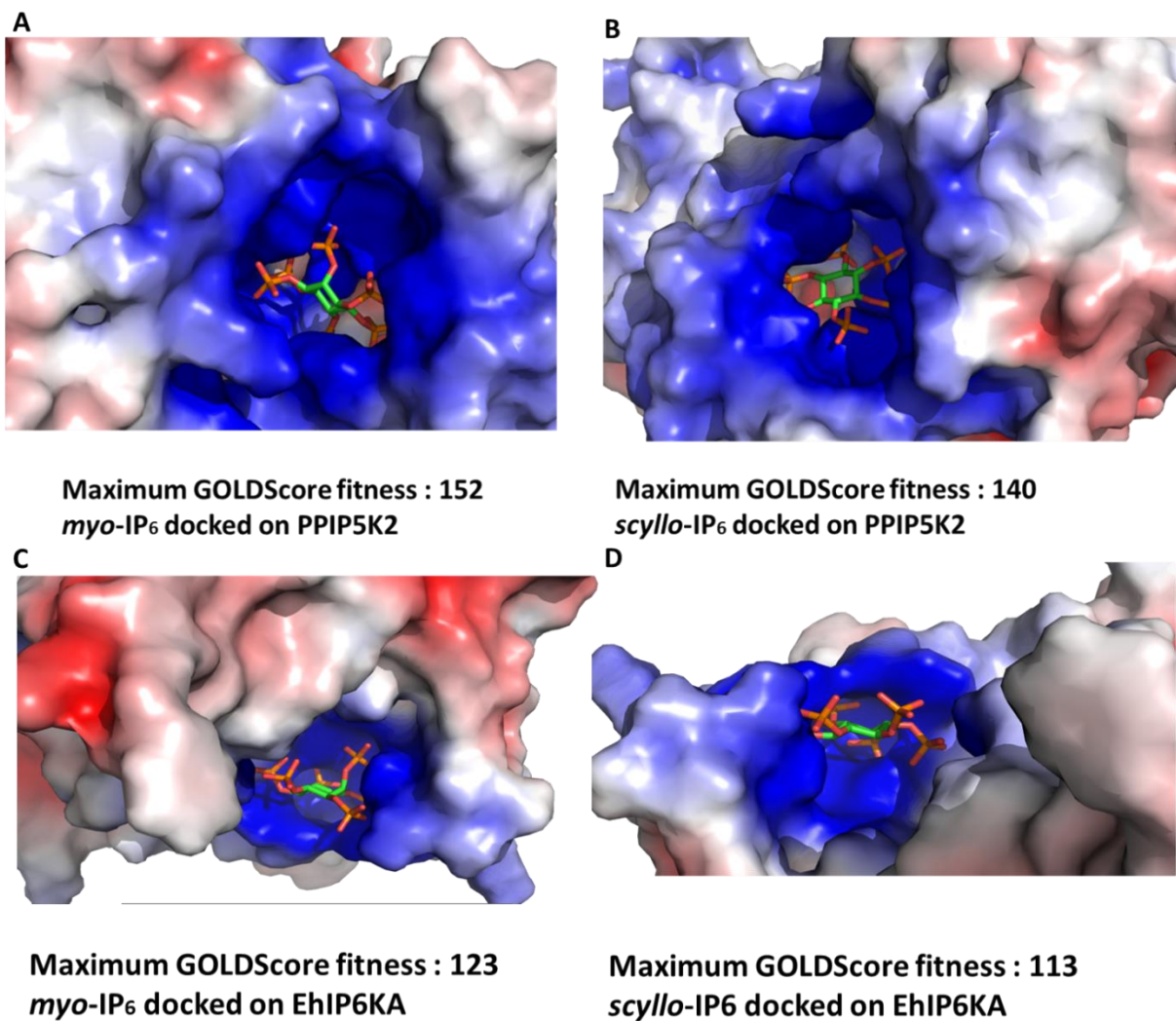


Figure S3. The highest scoring poses of *myo*- and *scyllo*-IP₆ docked at the binding site of PPIP5K2 and EhIP6KA. The protein is shown as a solvent-accessible surface, with the electrostatic potential maps being generated using APBS Tools within PyMOL.

4. Effect of inhibitors on ATPase activity of IP kinases

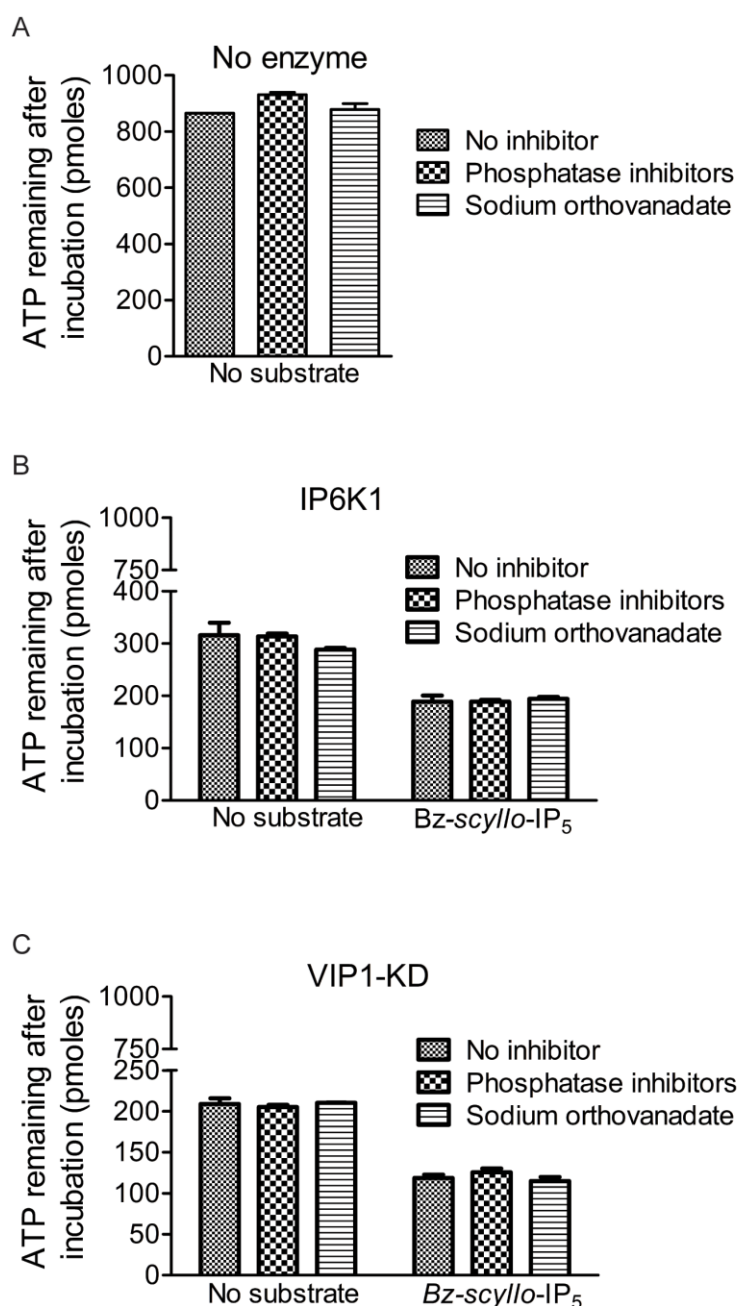
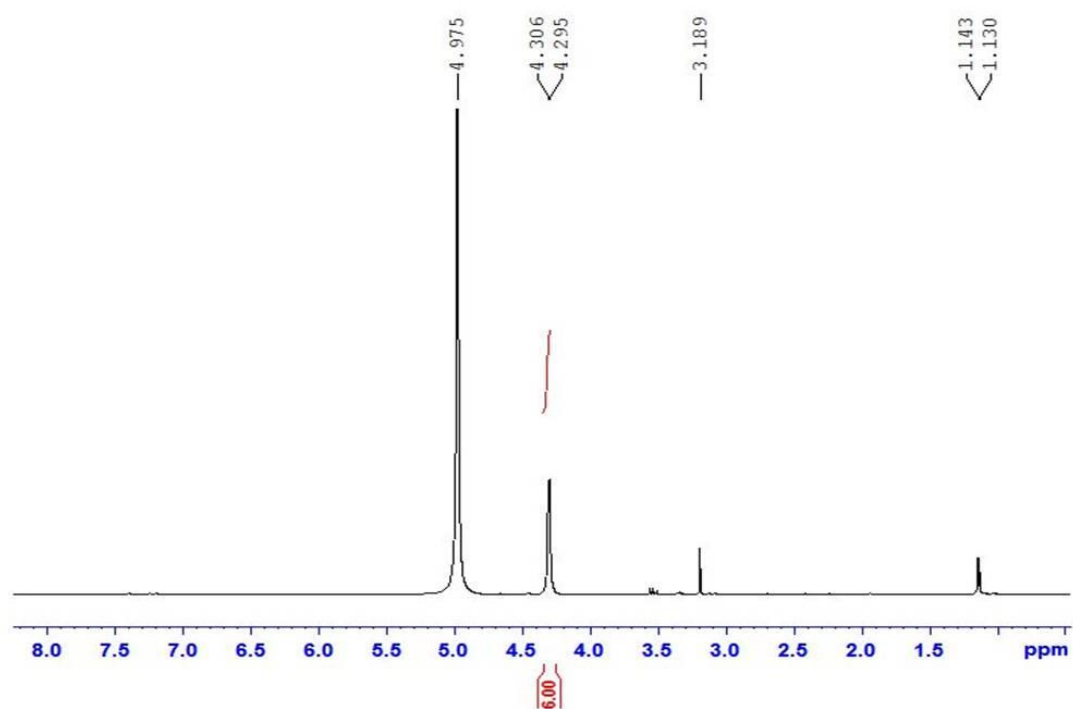


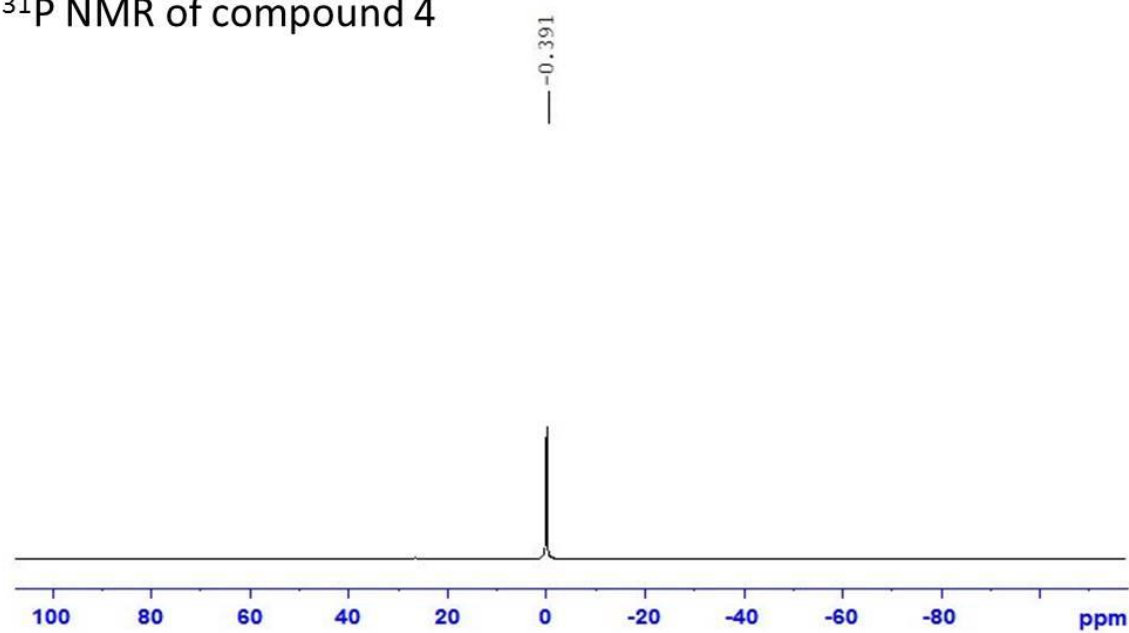
Figure S4: Effect of inhibitors on ATPase activity of IP kinases. Consumption of ATP by 6xHis-mIP6K1 and GST-VIP1-KD was monitored by a luminescence-based assay to measure ATP in the reaction mix after incubation with enzyme. (A) There was no effect of a phosphatase inhibitor cocktail or the generic ATPase inhibitor sodium orthovanadate on the detection of ATP by the assay. (B, C) ATP was consumed in the presence of IP6K1 (compare B with A) and VIP1-KD (compare C with A), and in both cases, ATP consumption was increased in the presence of Bz-scyllol-IP₅ (also see Figure 5). The presence of phosphatase inhibitors or sodium orthovanadate had no effect on basal or Bz-scyllol-IP₅-stimulated ATP consumption by IP6K1 or VIP1, indicating the absence of any contaminating phosphatase or ATPase in the purified enzyme preparations. The data show mean \pm range from two independent experiments.

5. Spectral data

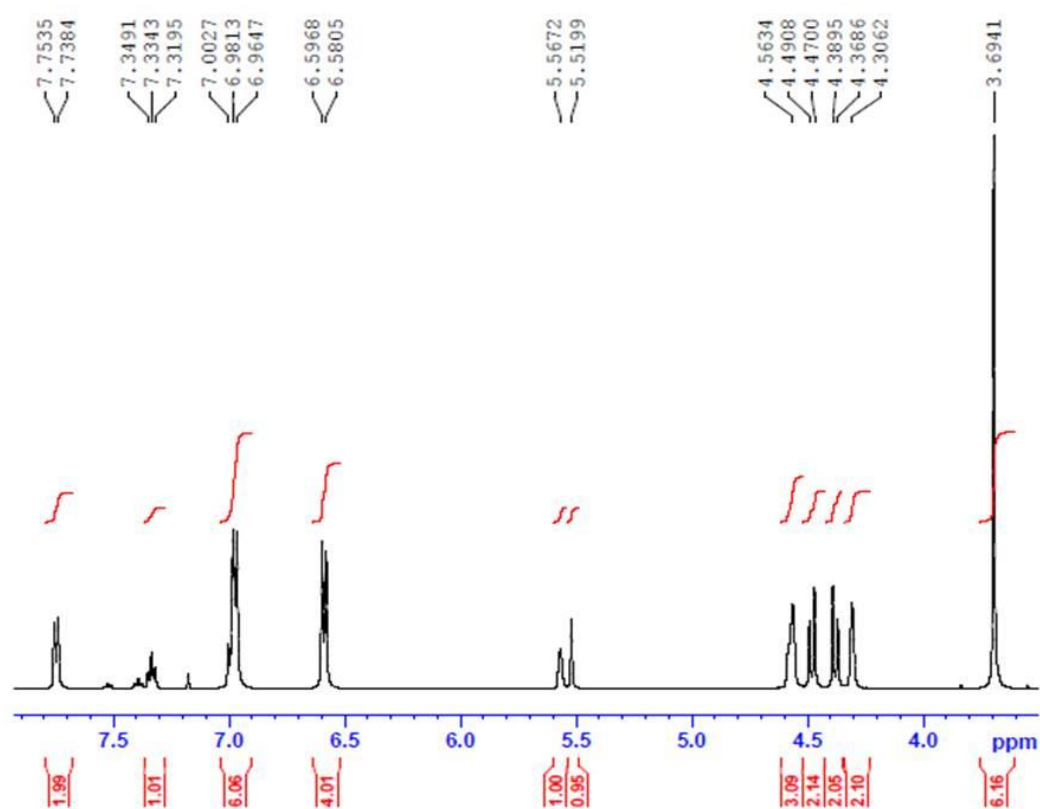
^1H NMR of compound 4



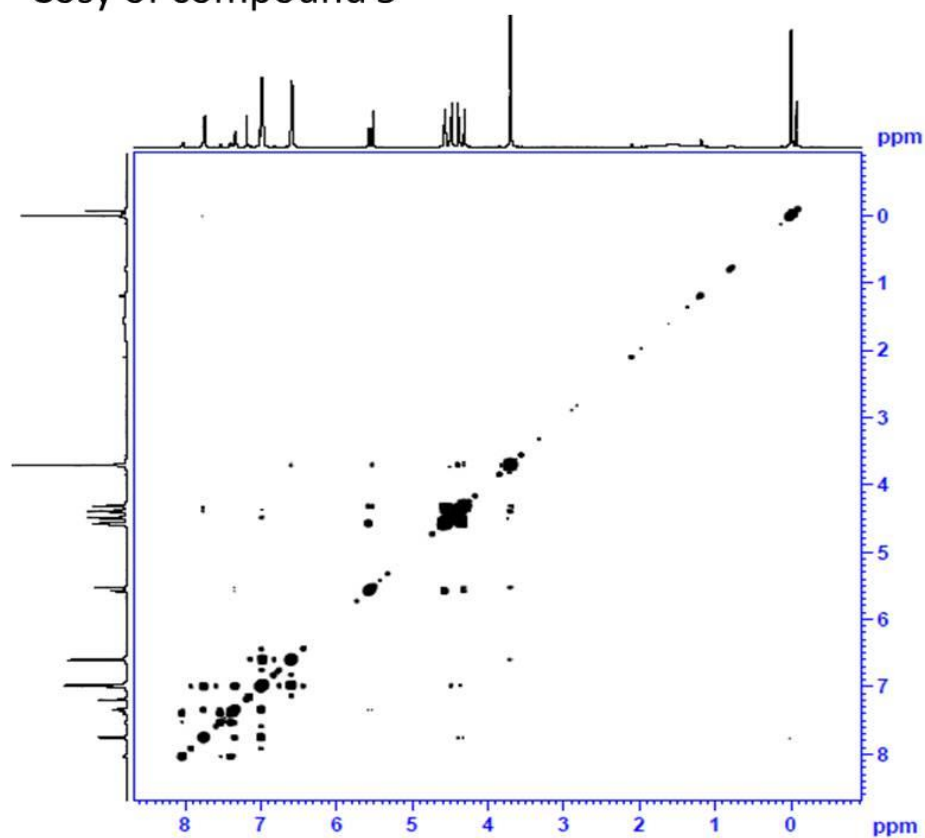
^{31}P NMR of compound 4



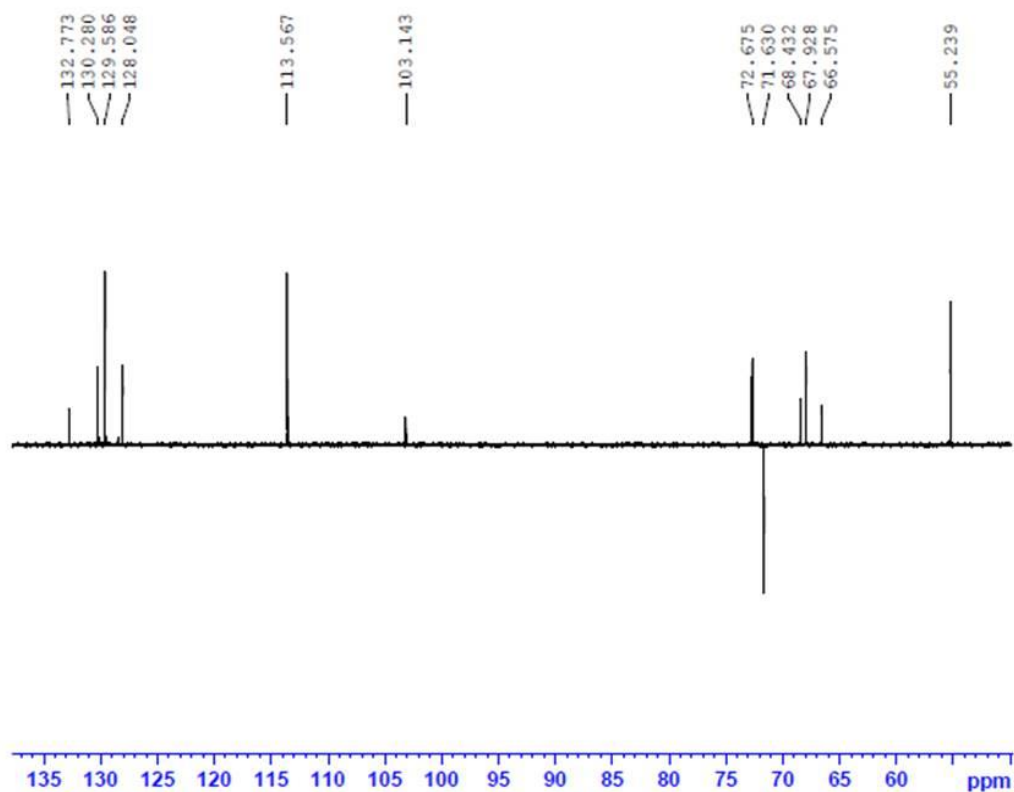
¹H NMR of compound 5



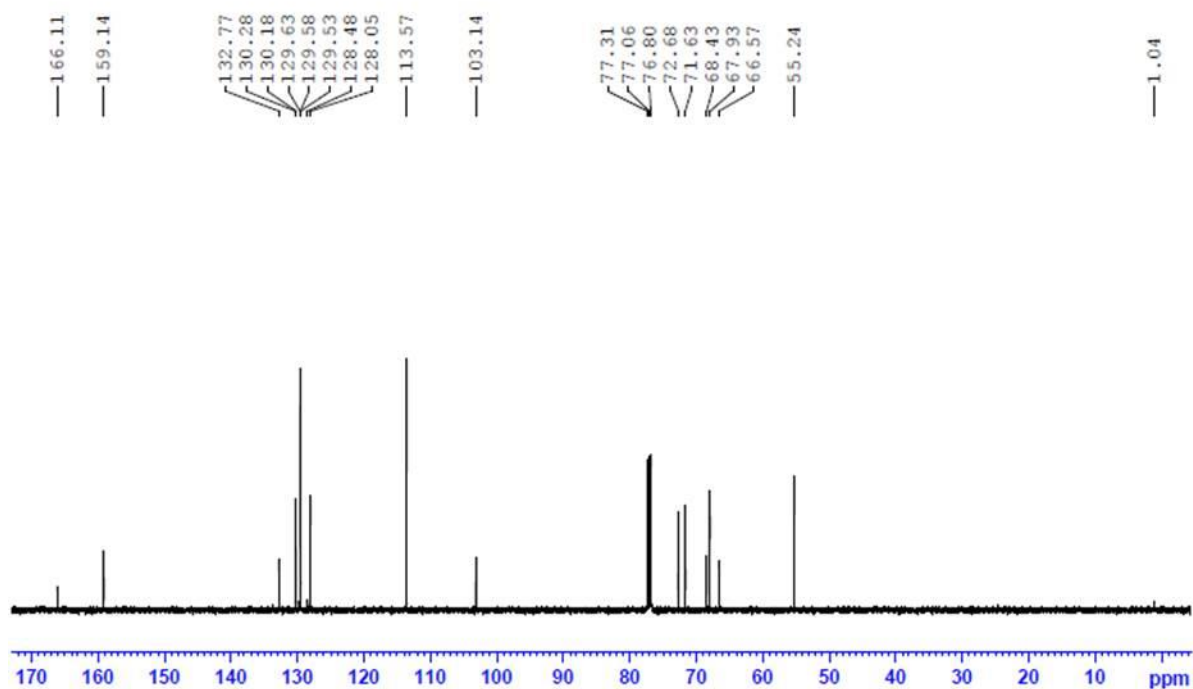
Cosy of compound 5



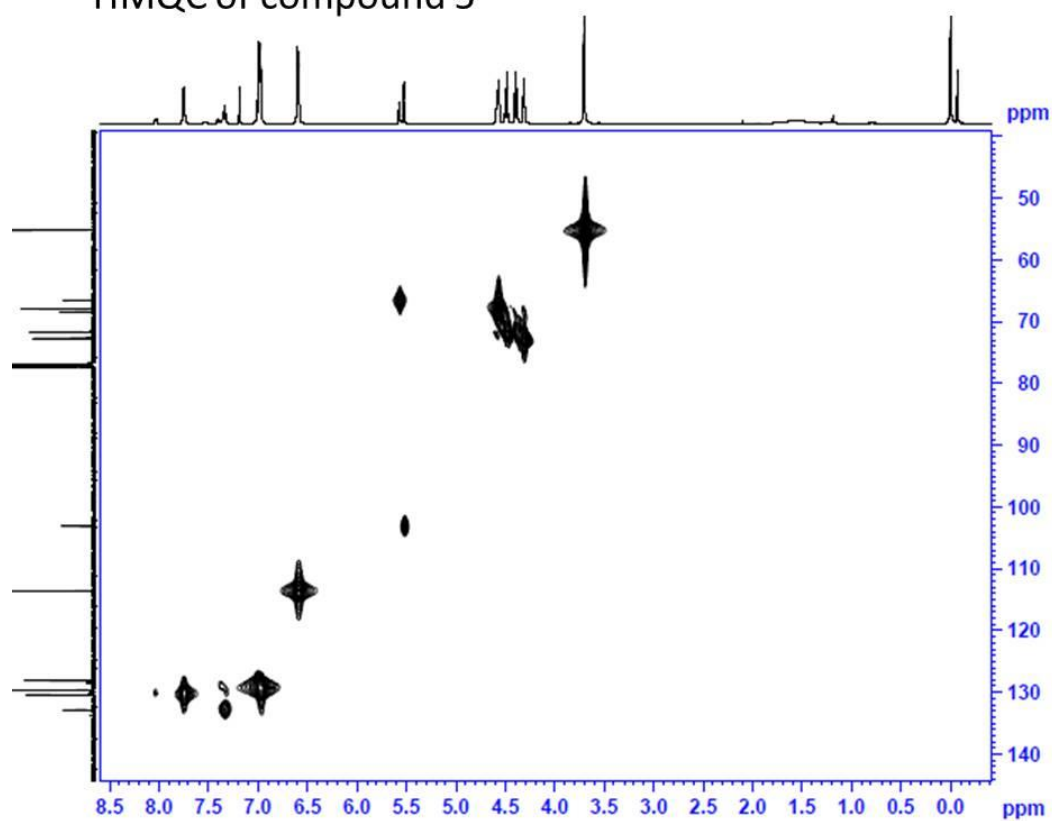
DEPT of compound 5



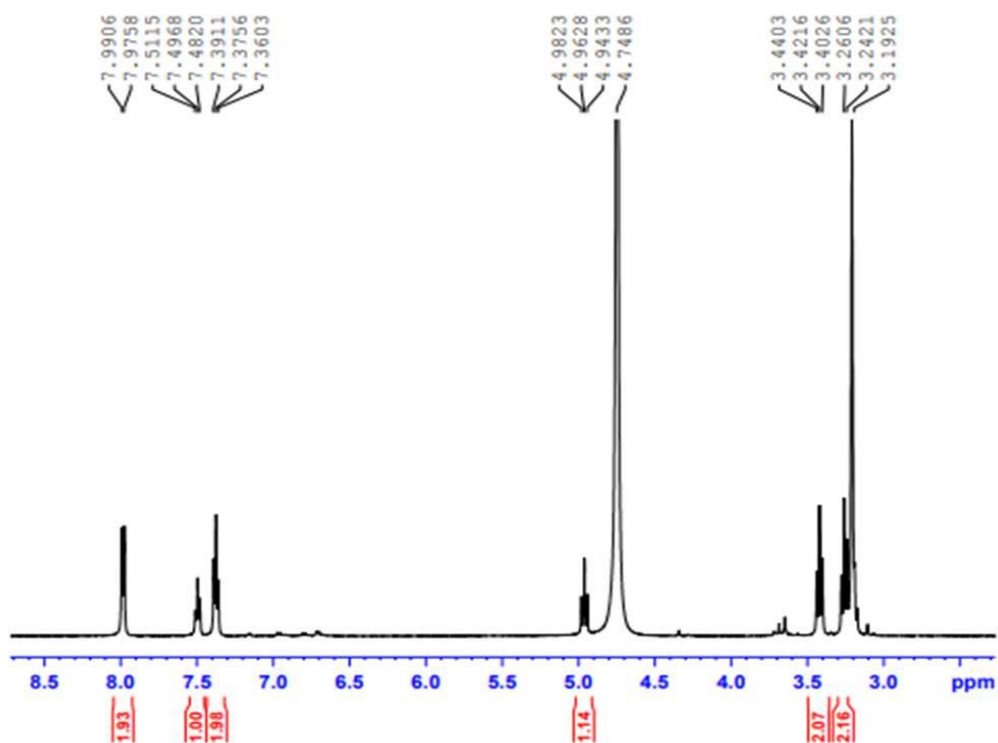
¹³C of compound 5



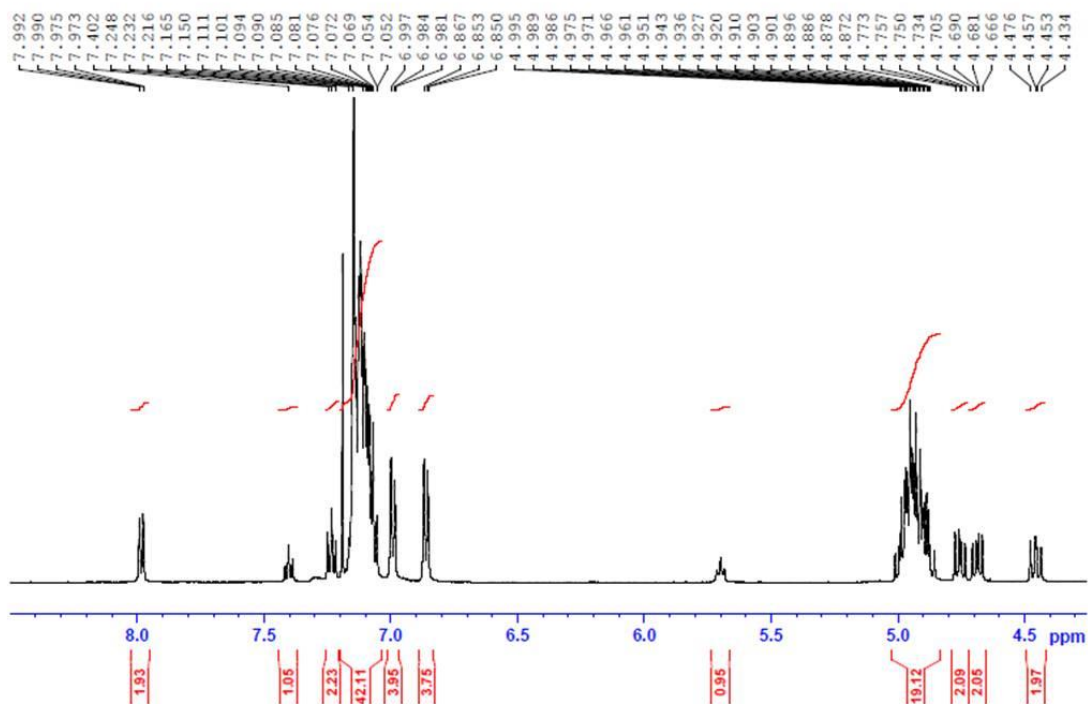
HMQC of compound 5



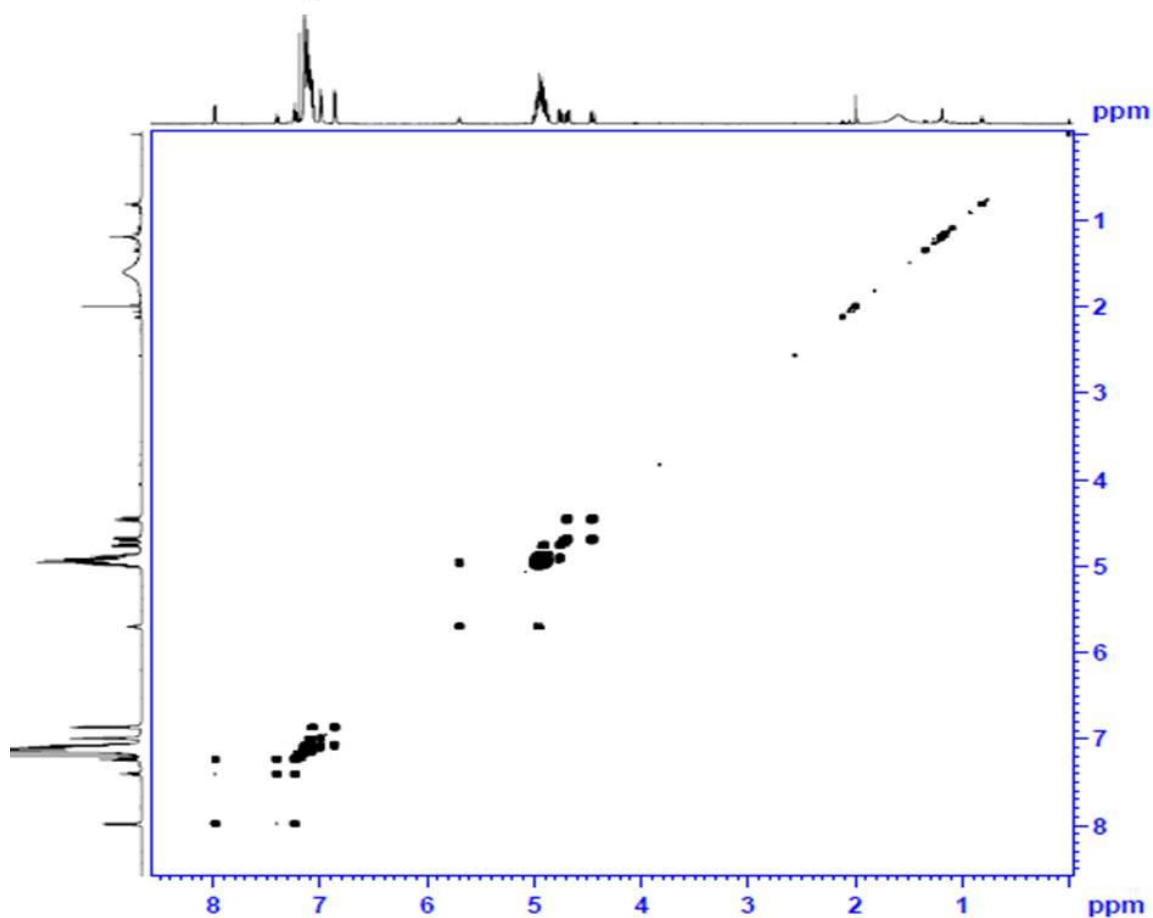
^1H NMR of compound 6



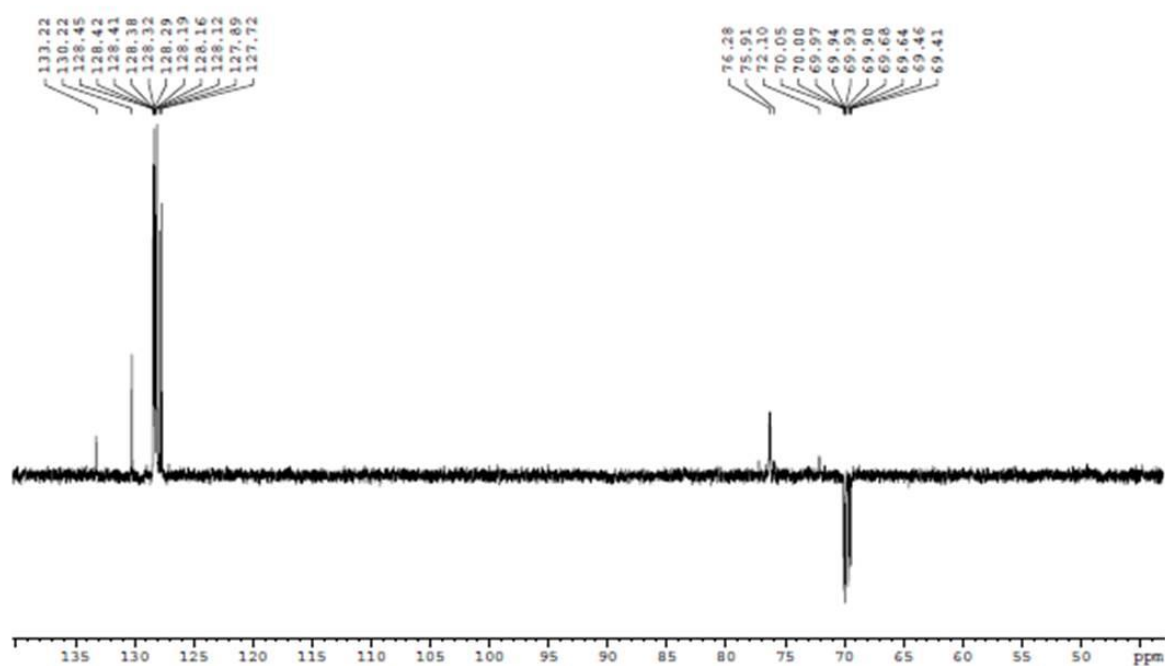
¹H NMR of compound 7



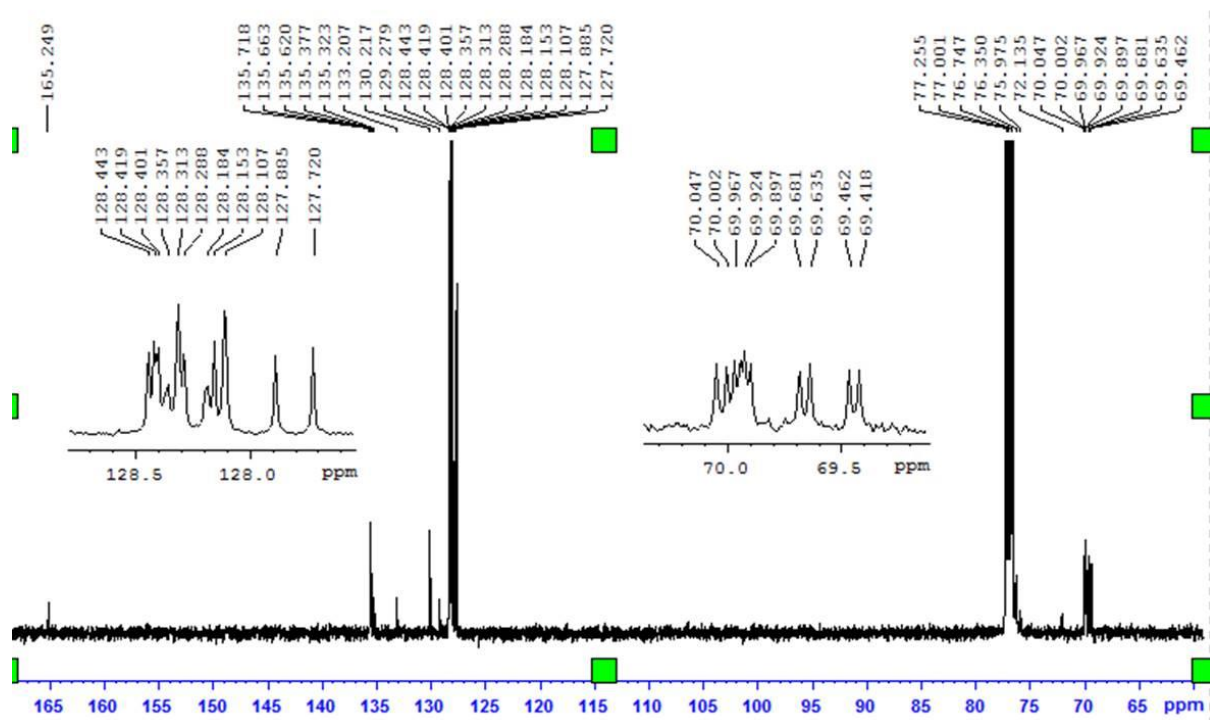
COSY of compound 7



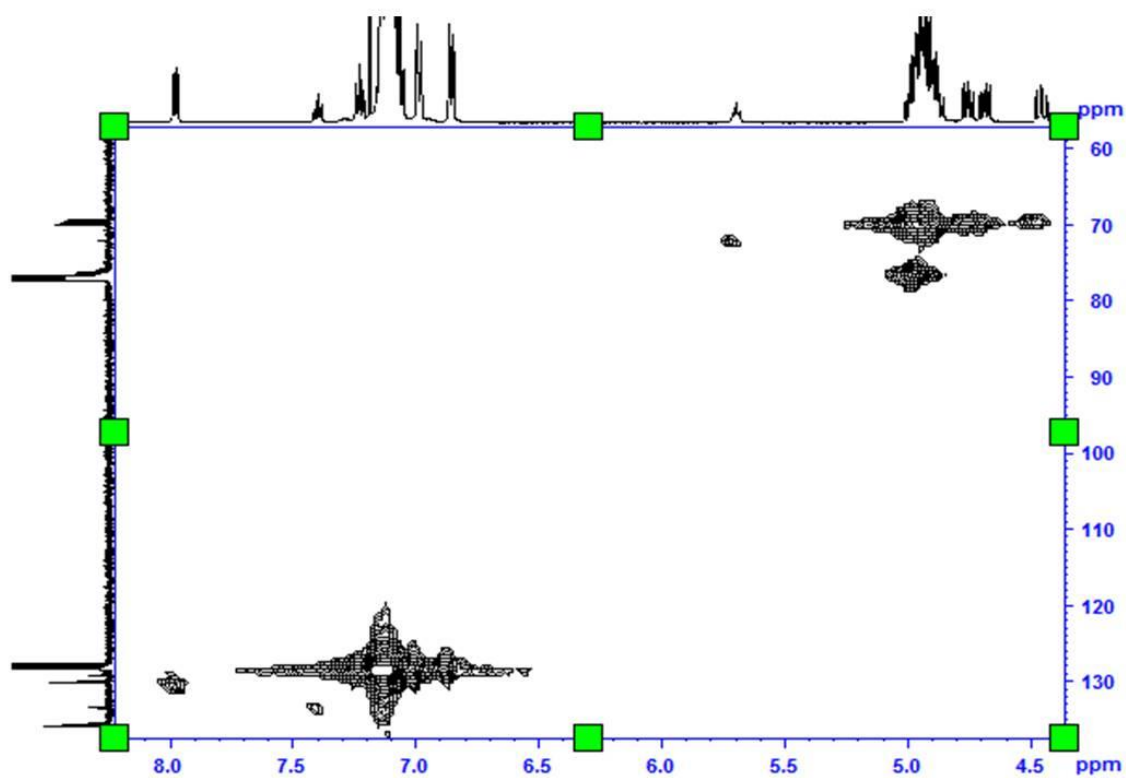
DEPT of compound 7



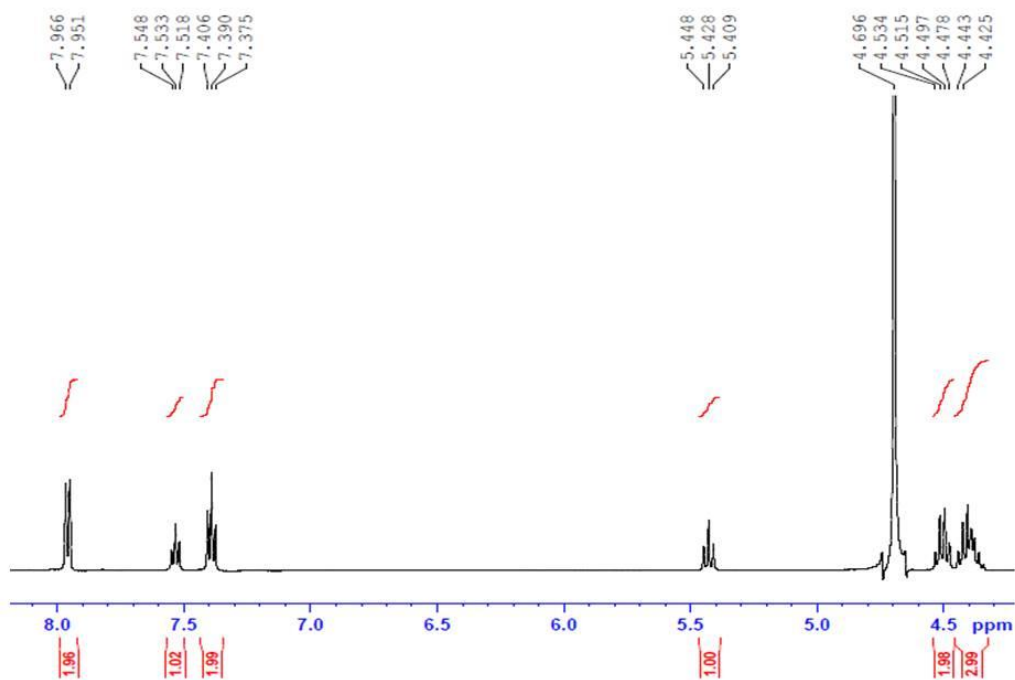
^{13}C of compound 7



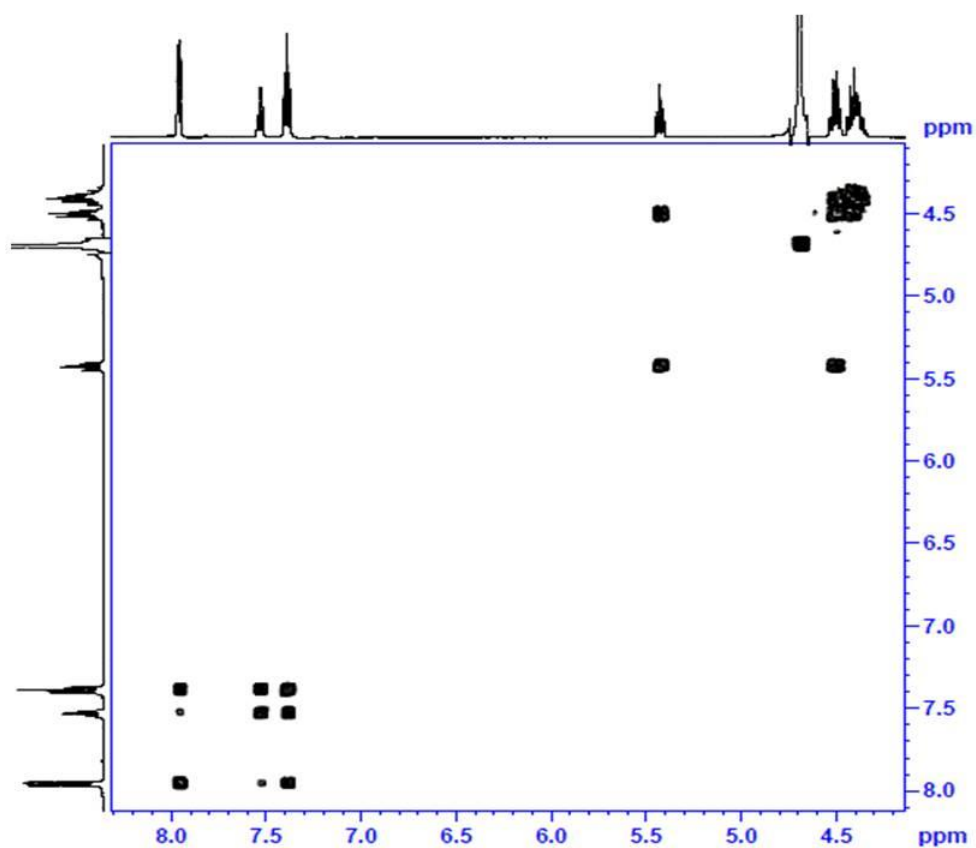
HMQC of compound 7



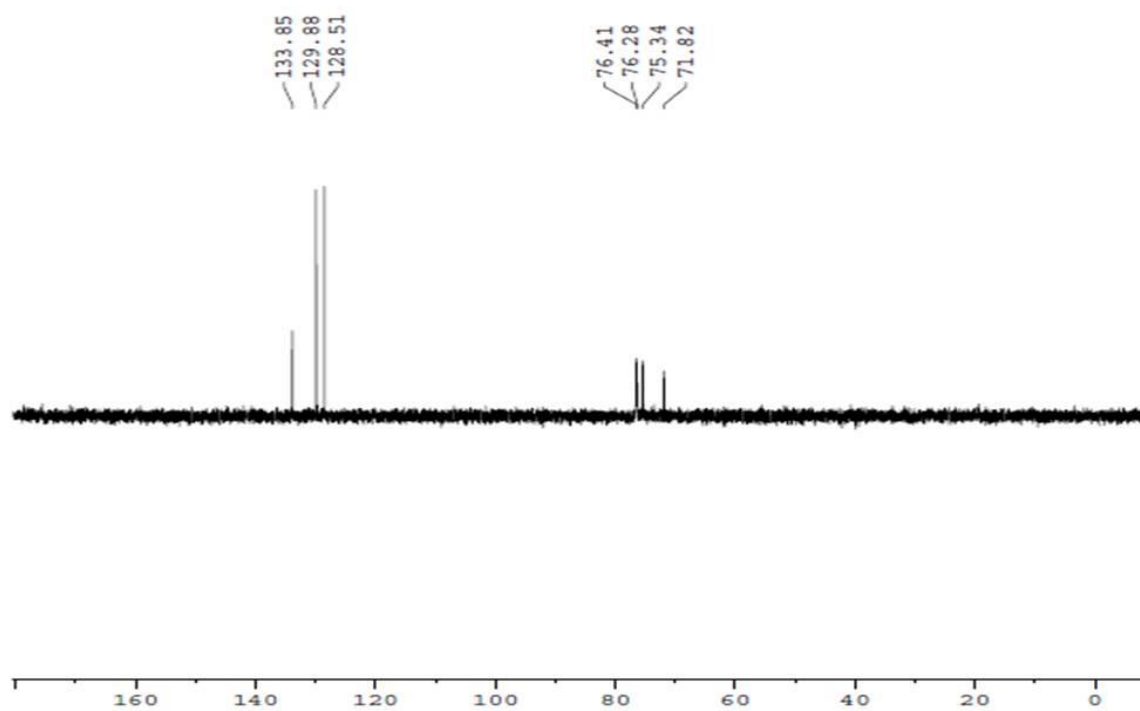
^1H NMR of compound 8 (CD_3OD)



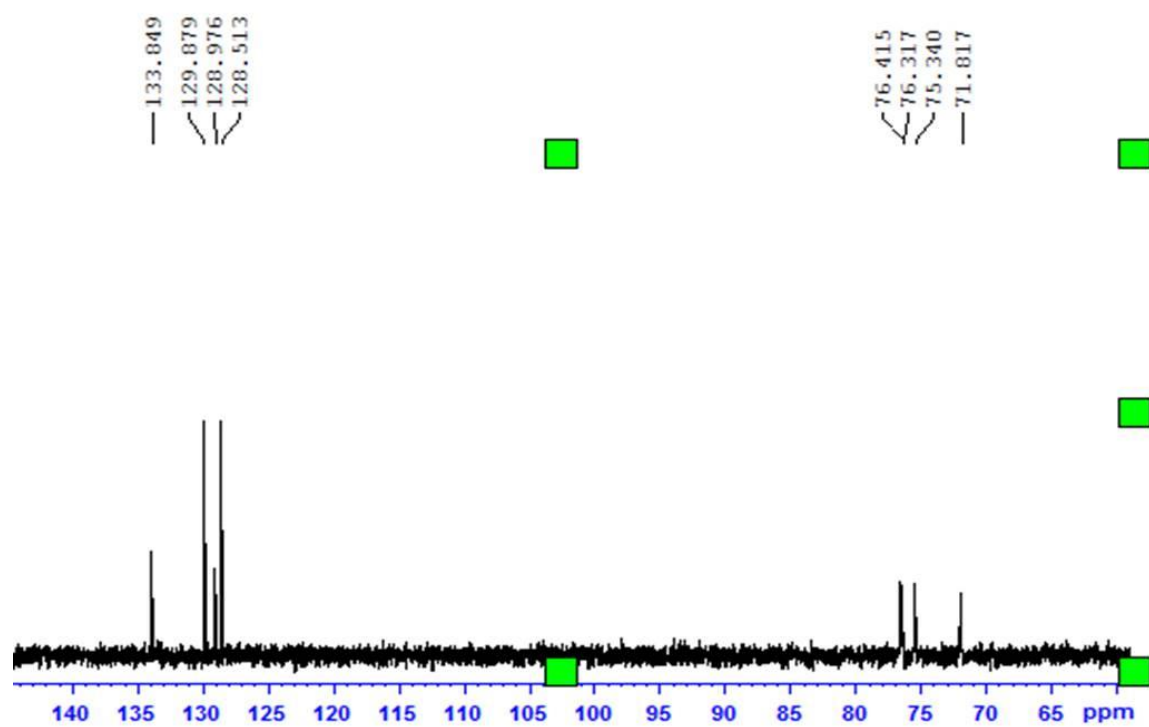
COSY of compound 8



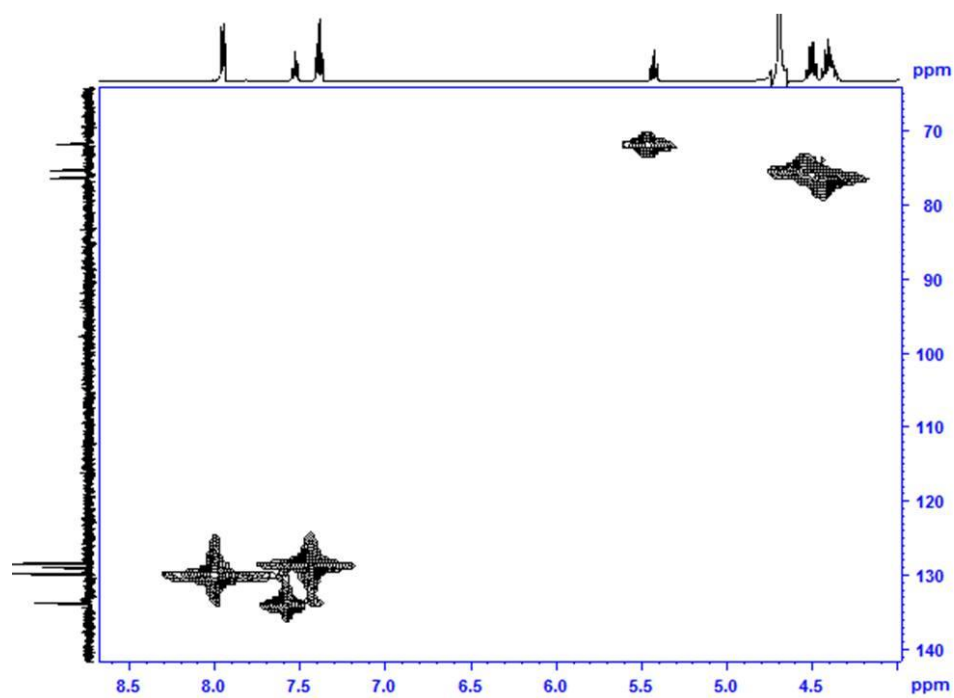
DEPT of compound 8



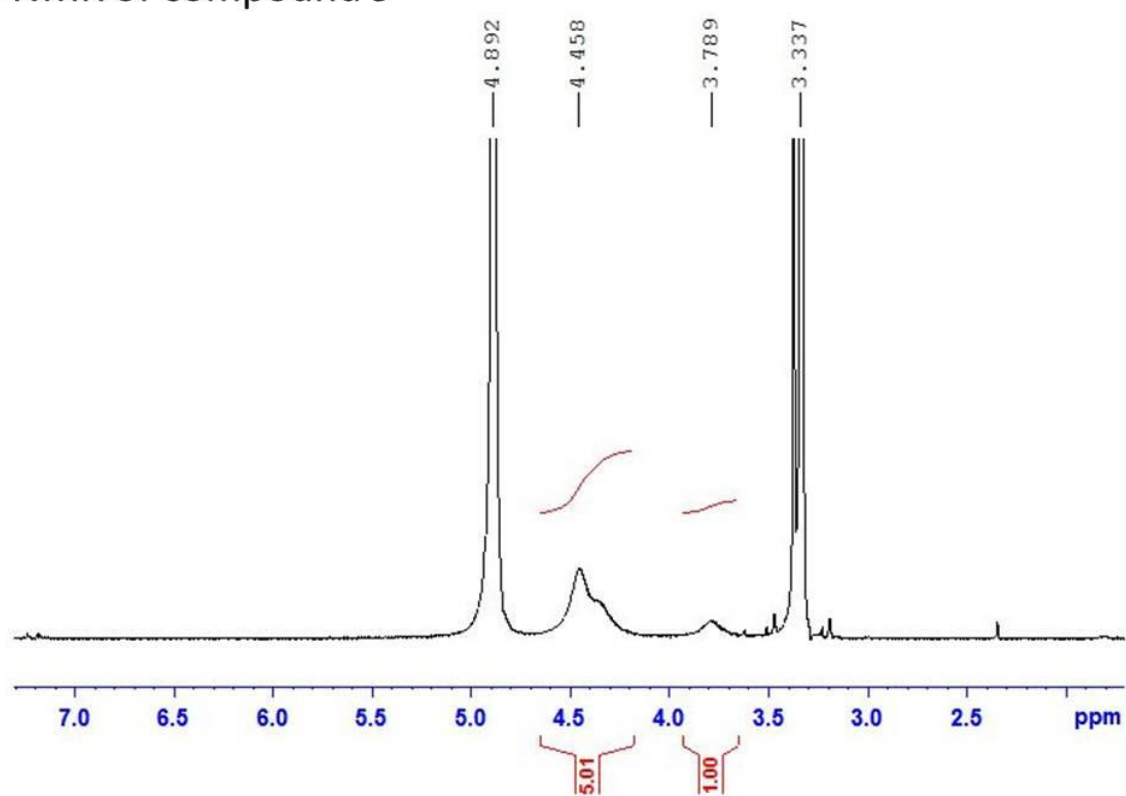
^{13}C of compound 8



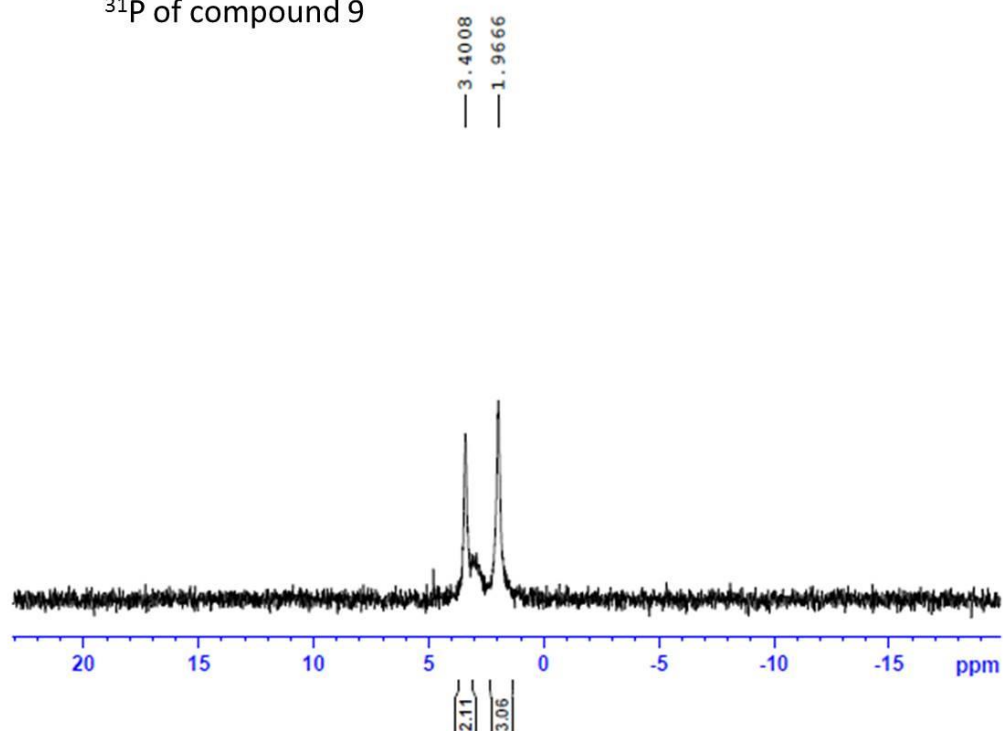
HMQC of compound 8



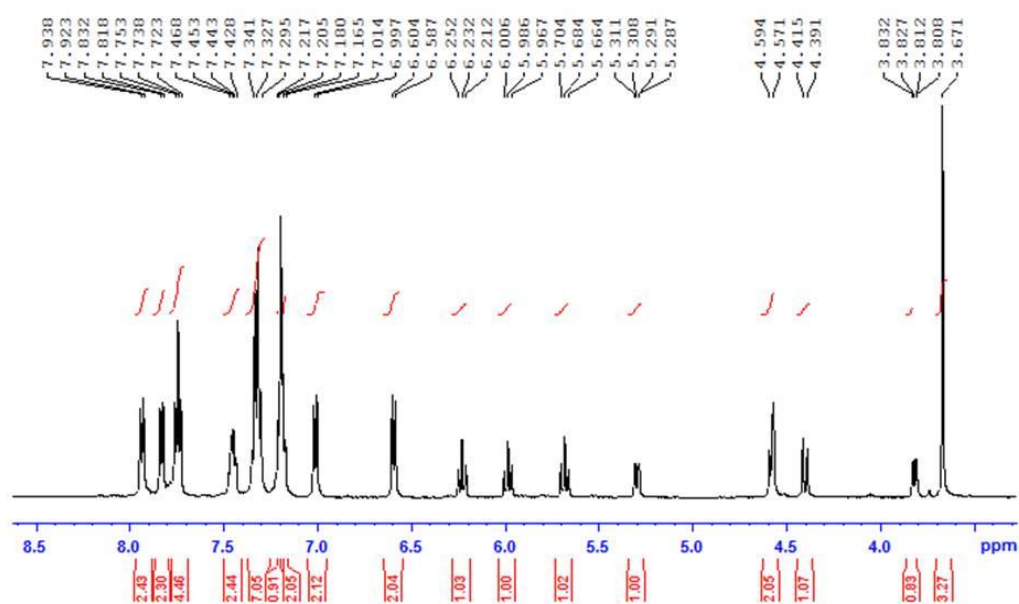
^1H NMR of compound 9



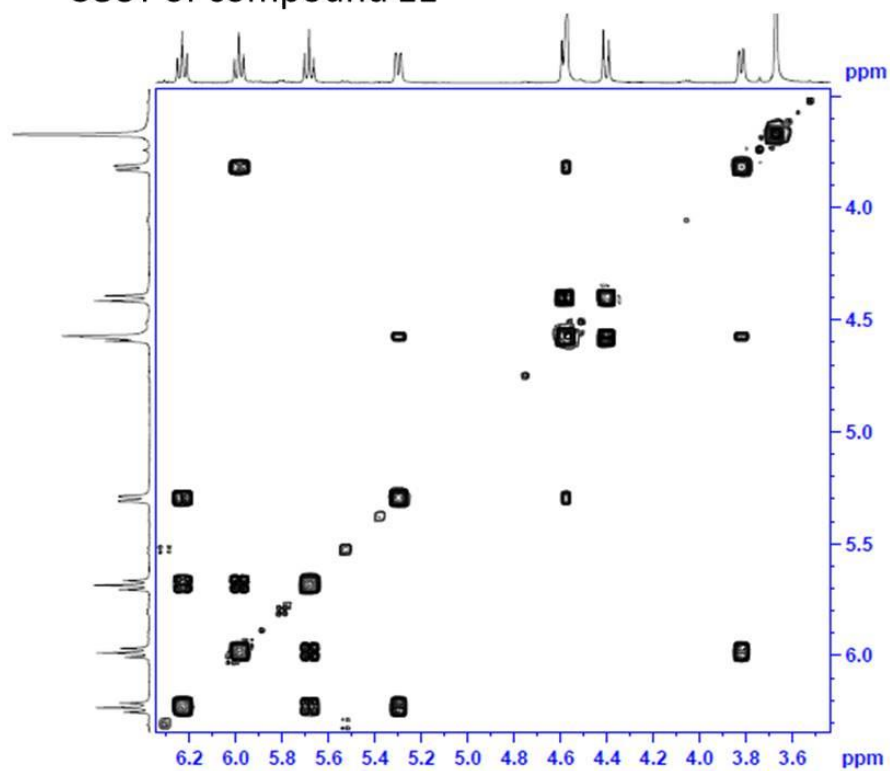
^{31}P of compound 9



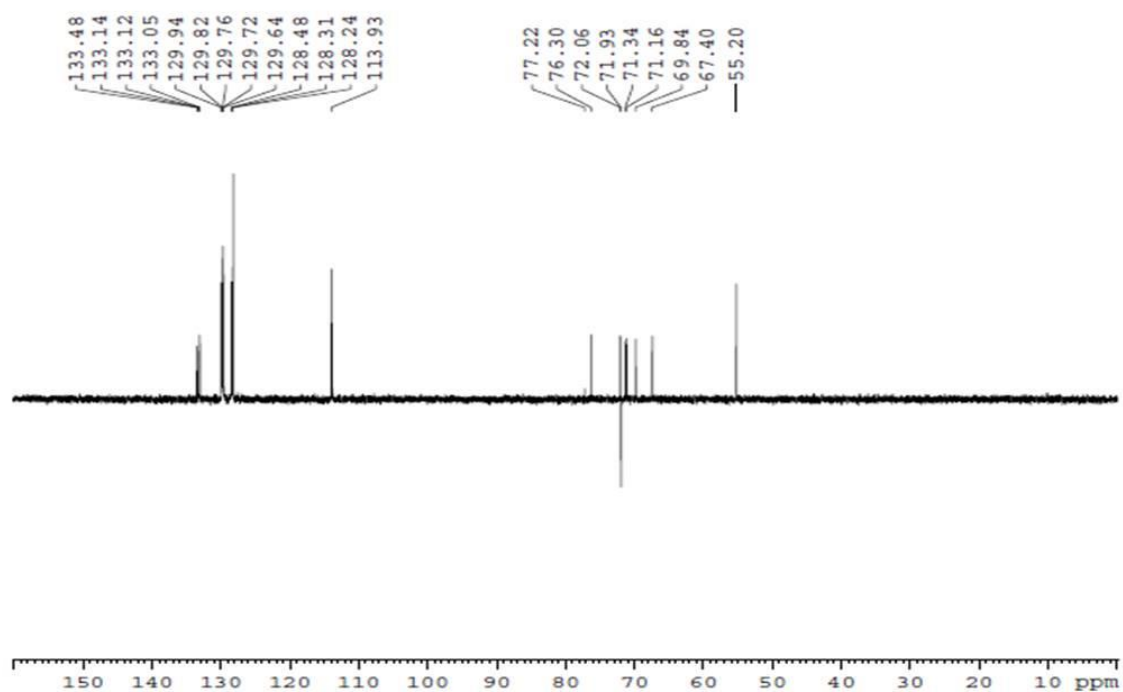
¹H NMR of compound 11



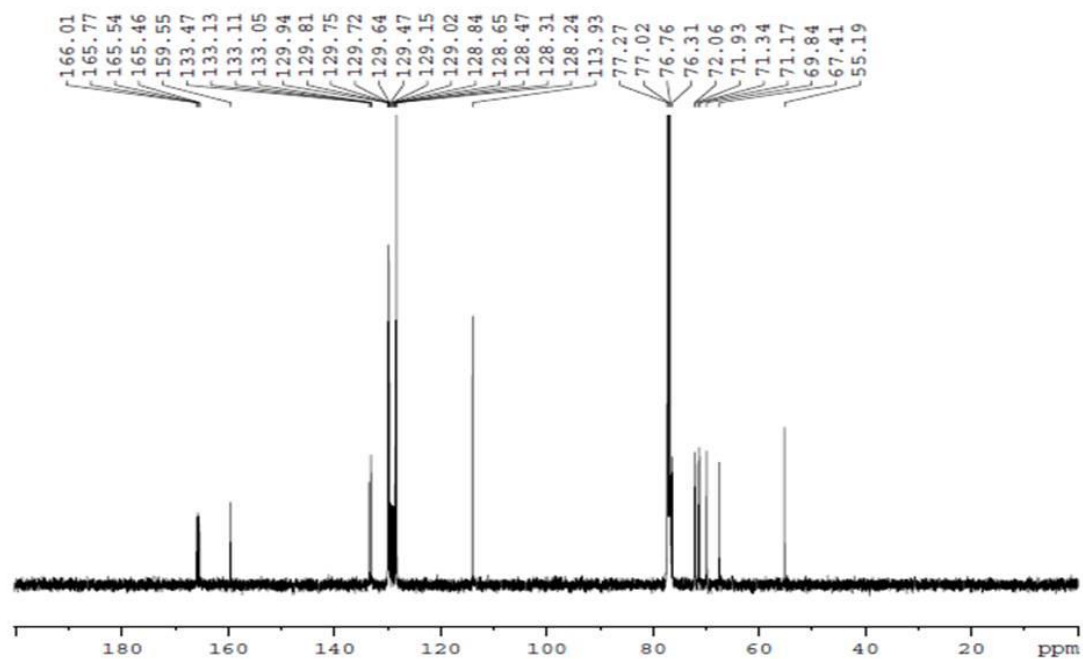
COSY of compound 11



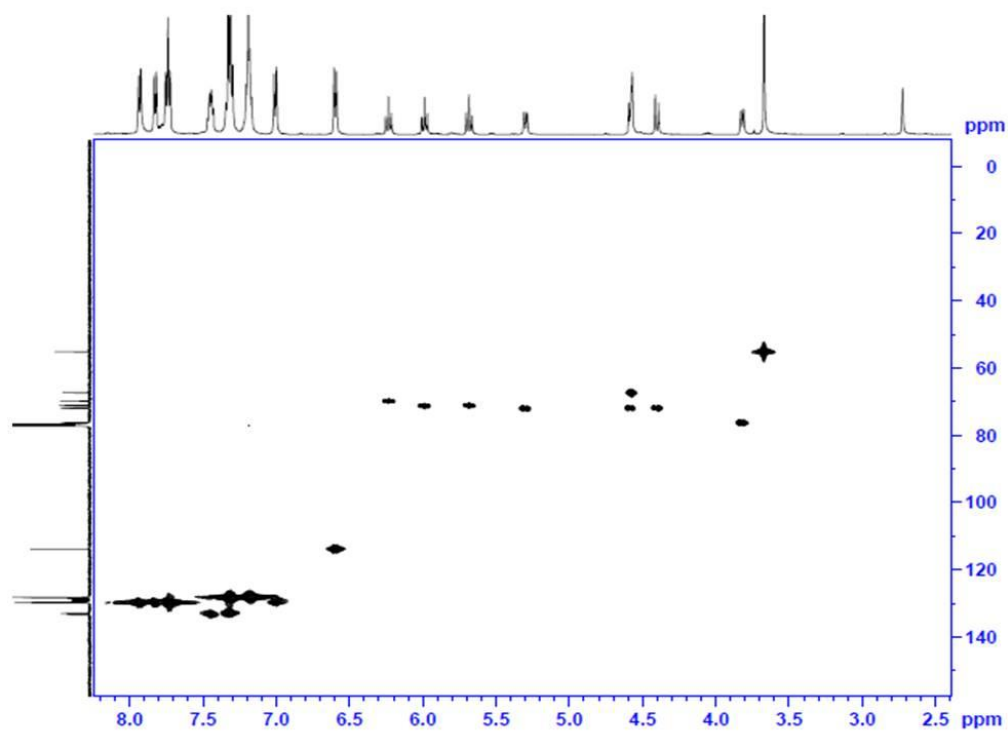
DEPT of compound 11



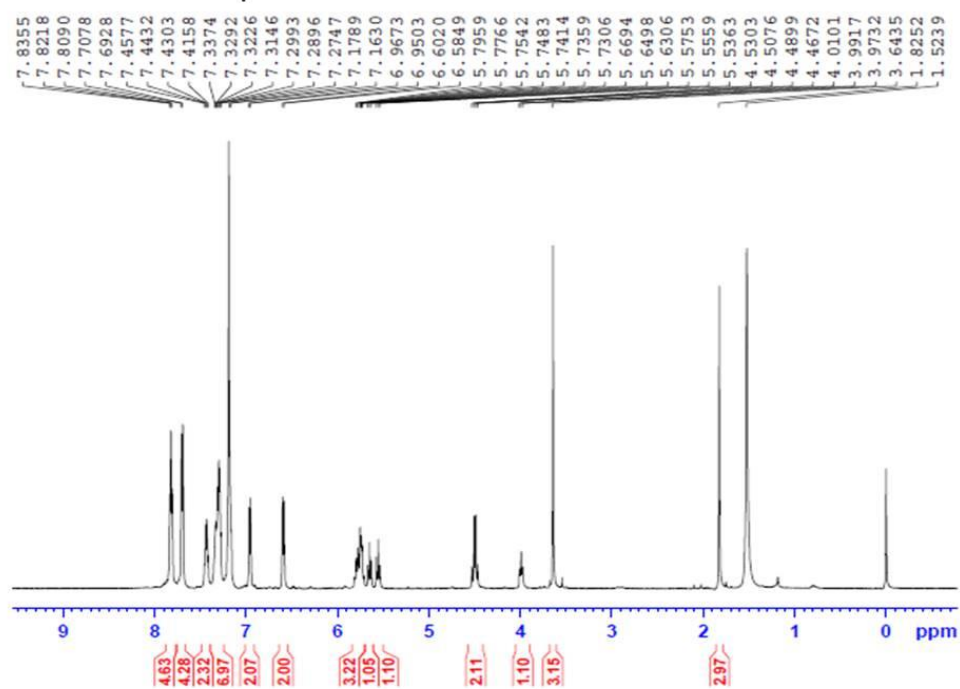
¹³C of Compound 11



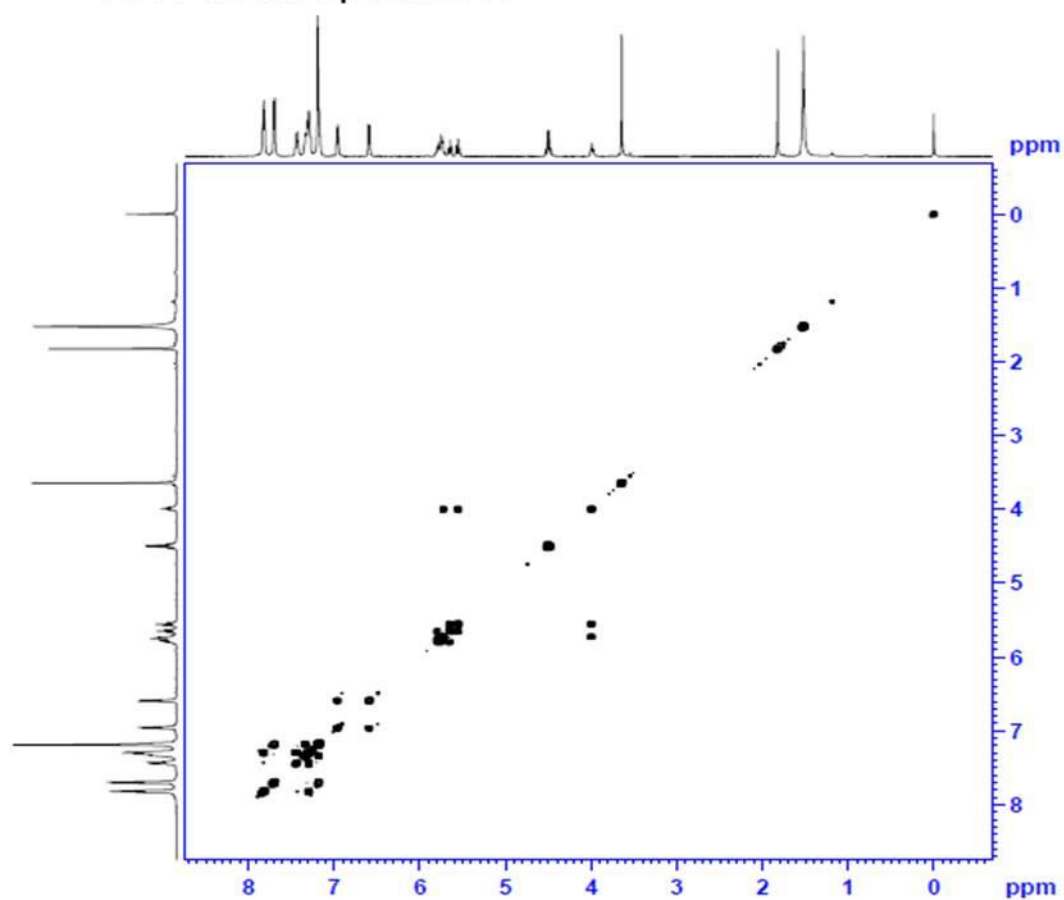
HMQC of compound 11



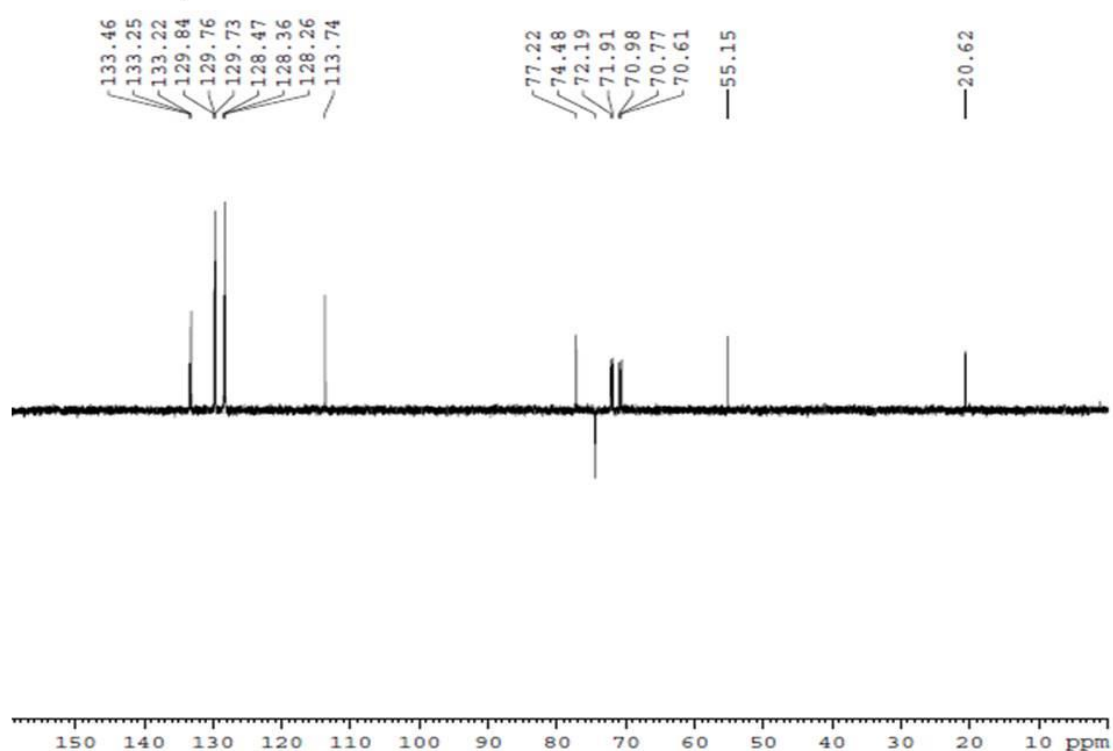
^1H NMR of compound 12



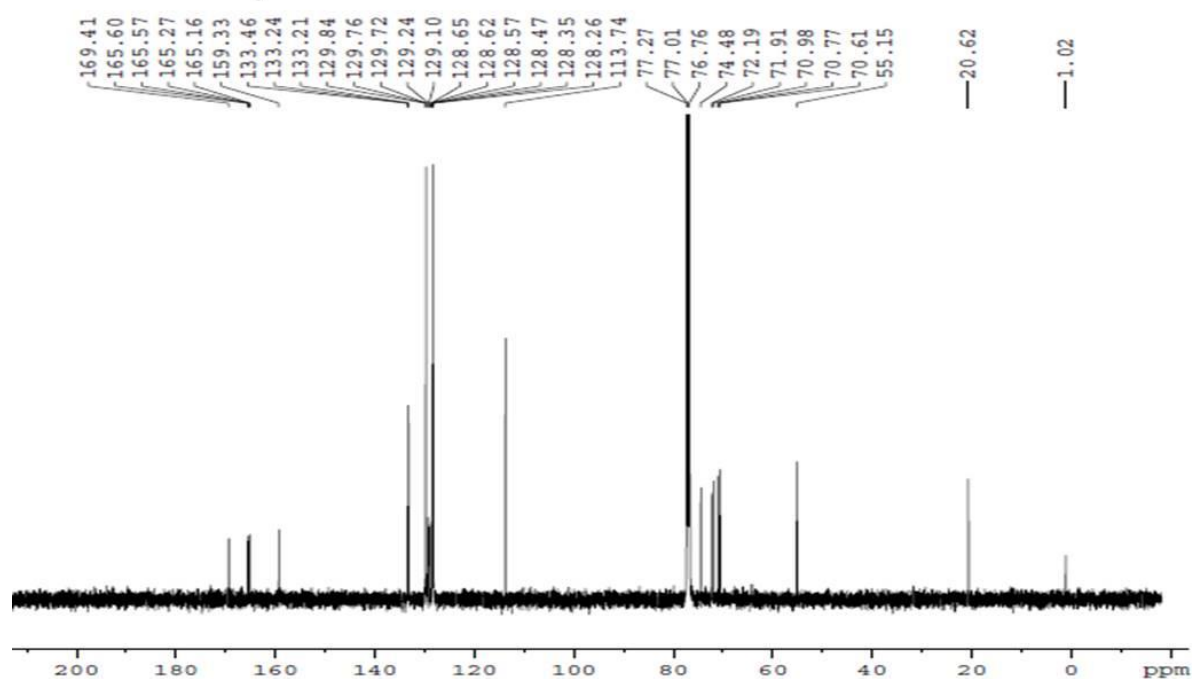
COSY of compound of 12



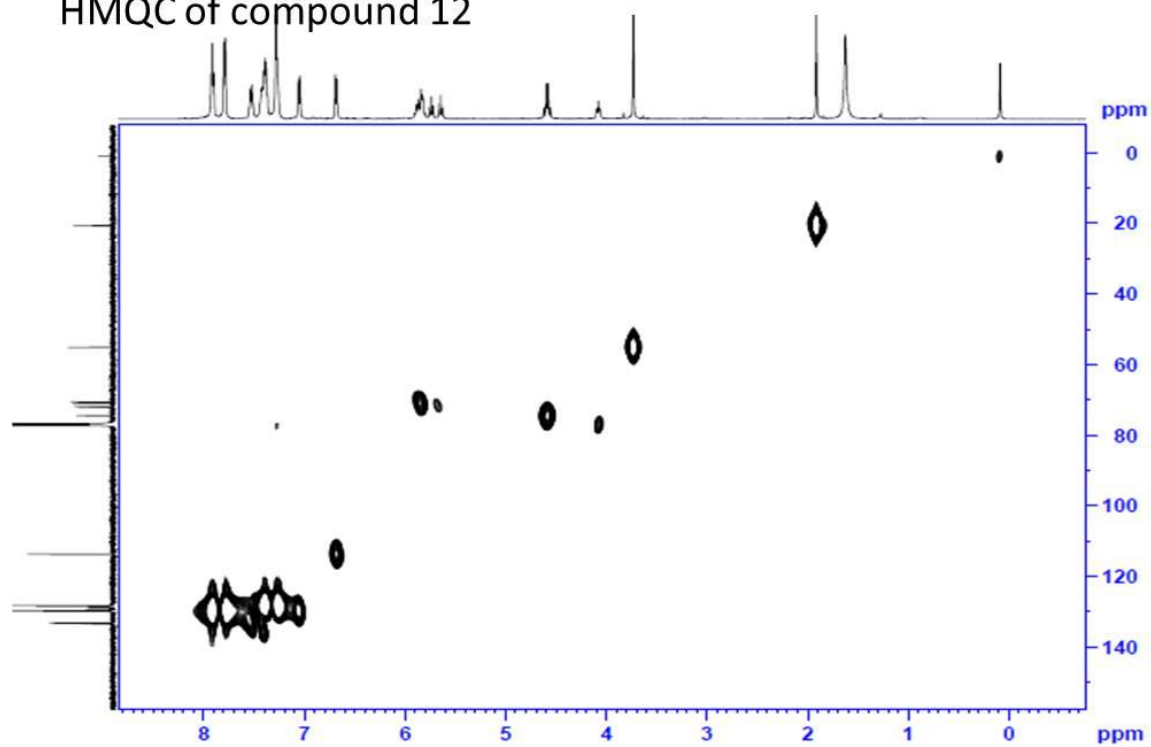
DEPT of compound 12



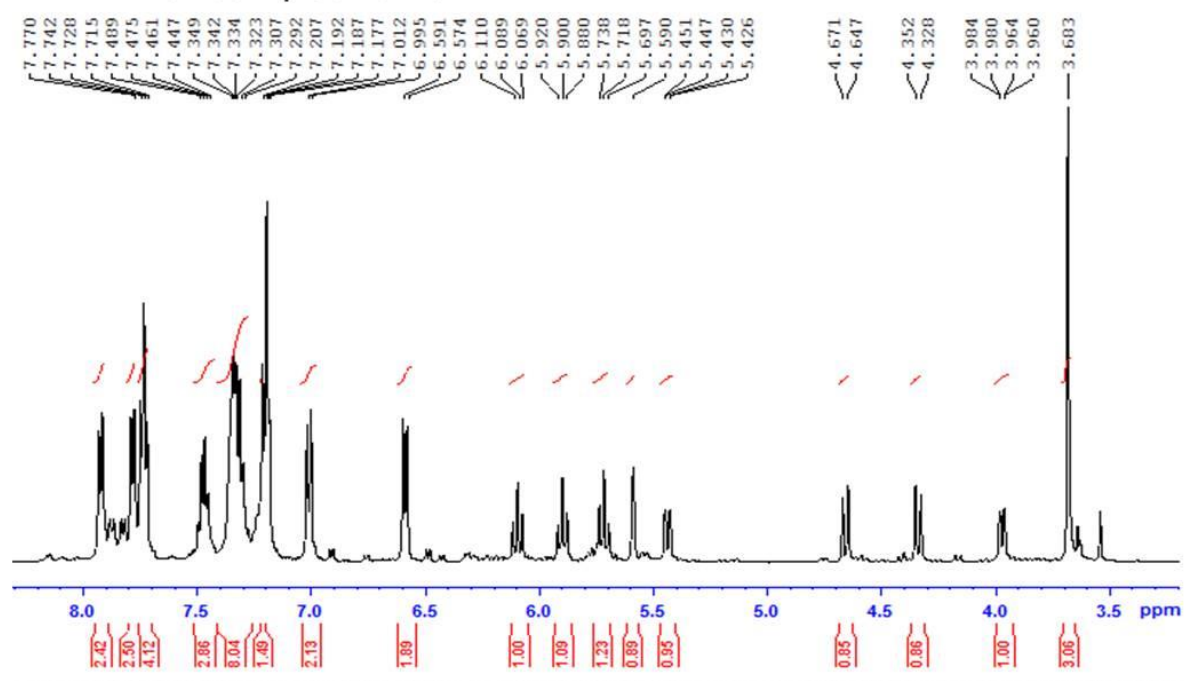
^{13}C of compound 12



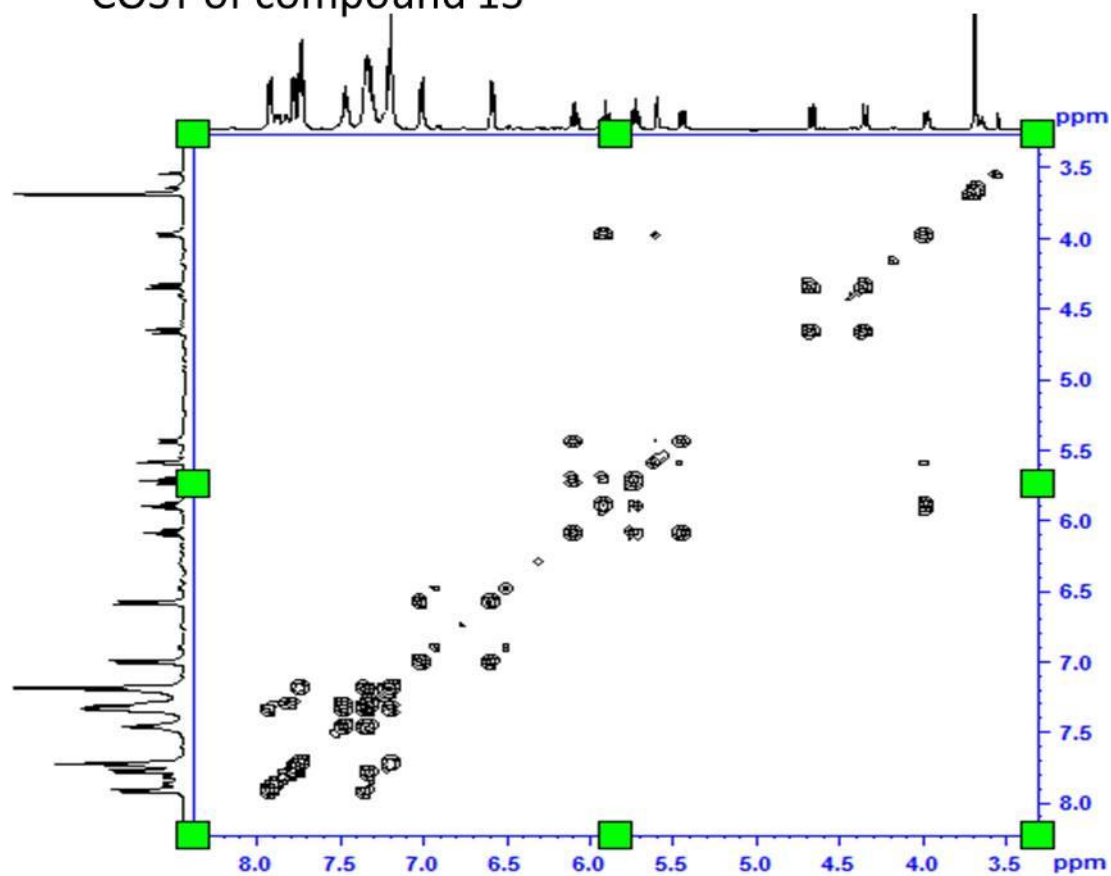
HMQC of compound 12



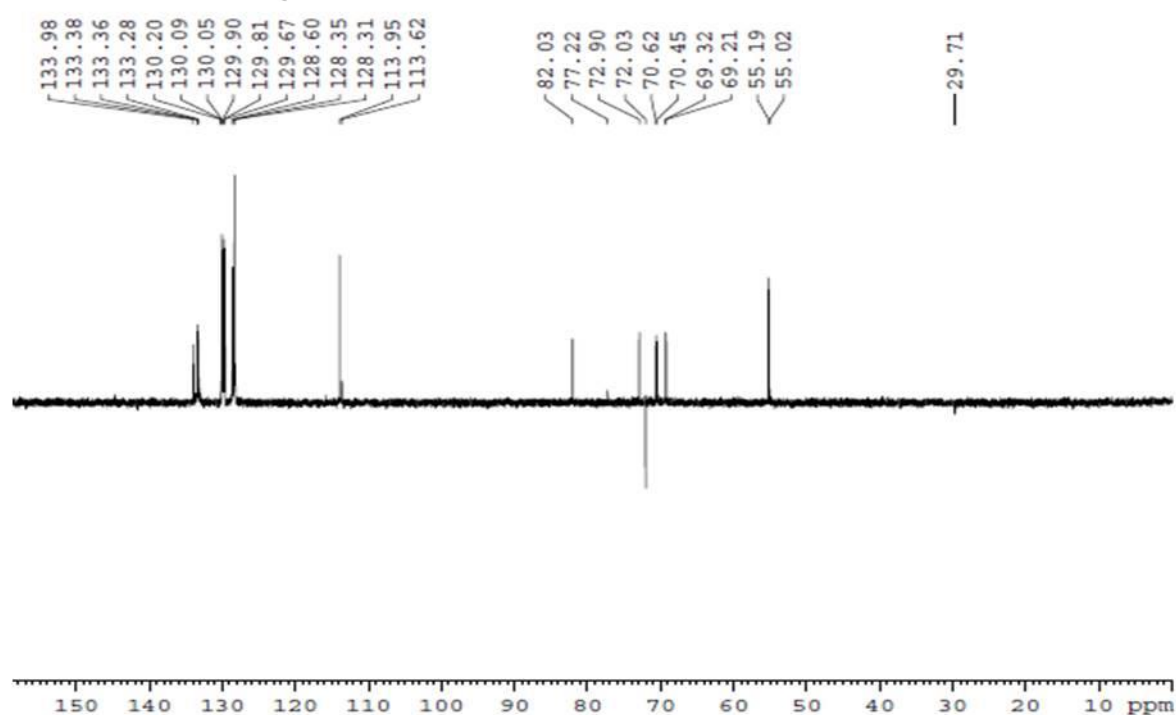
¹H NMR of compound 13



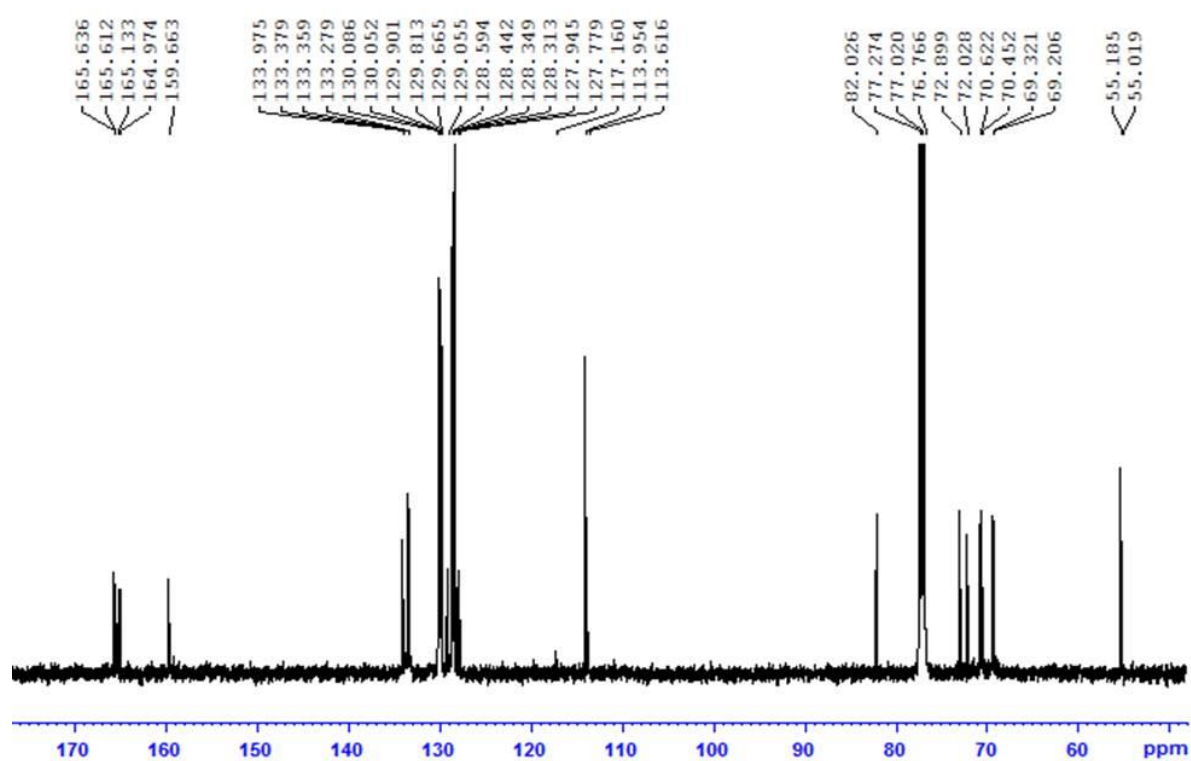
COSY of compound 13



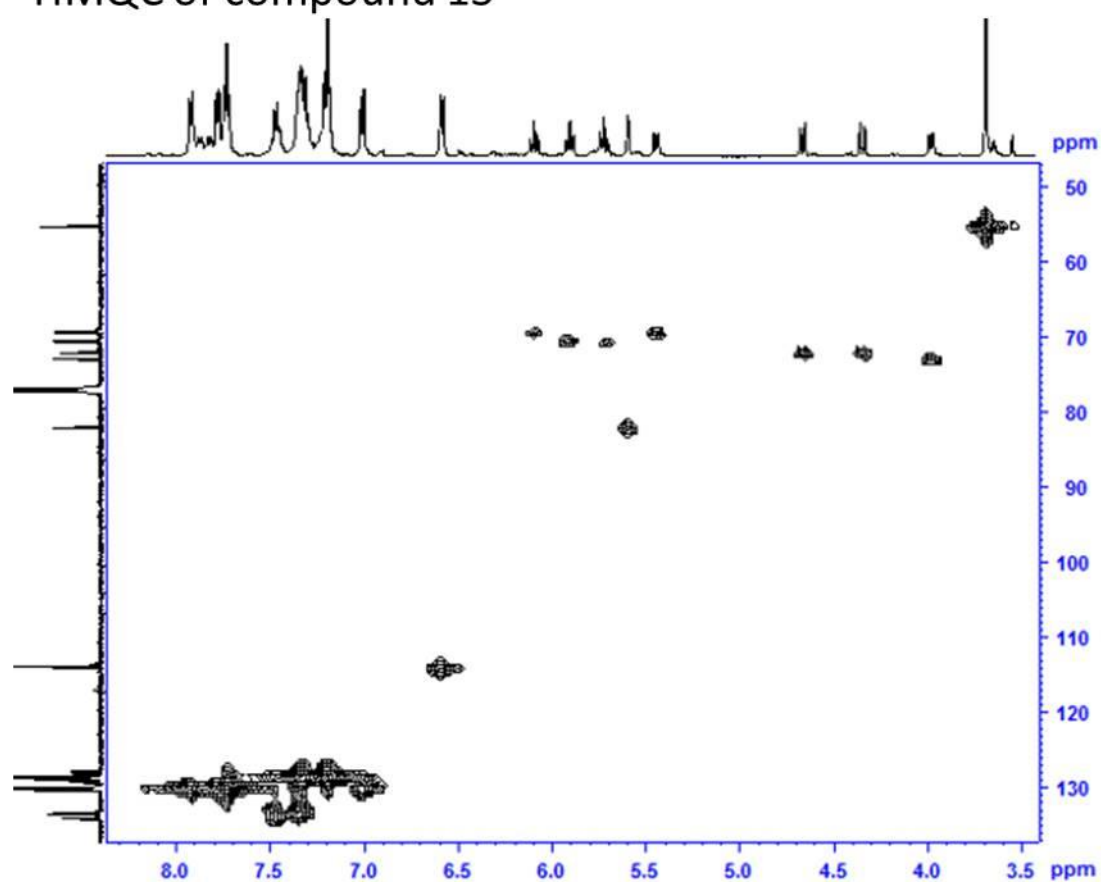
DEPT of compound 13



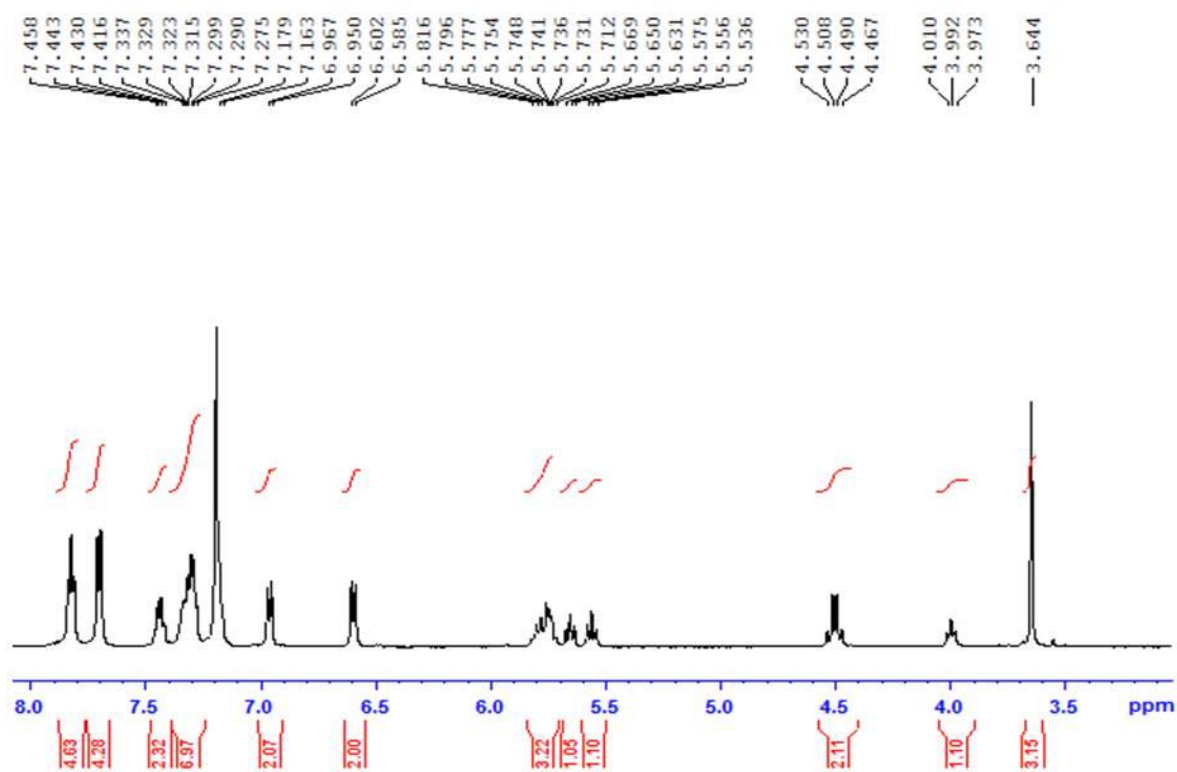
¹³C of compound 13



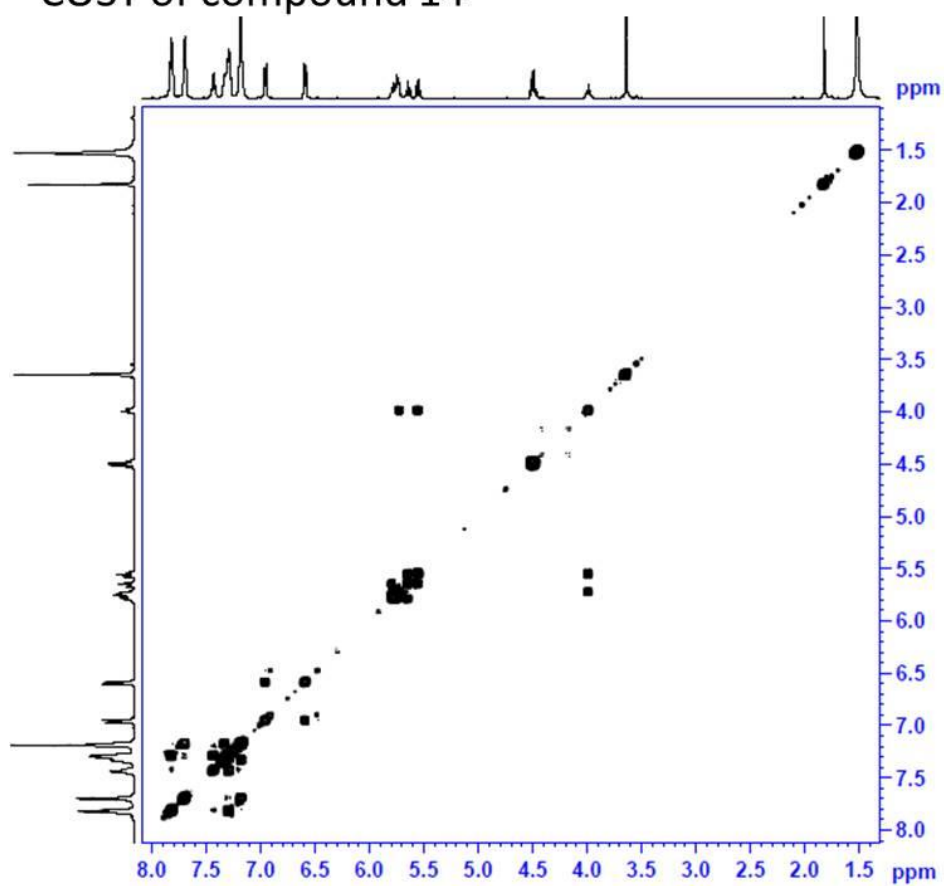
HMQC of compound 13



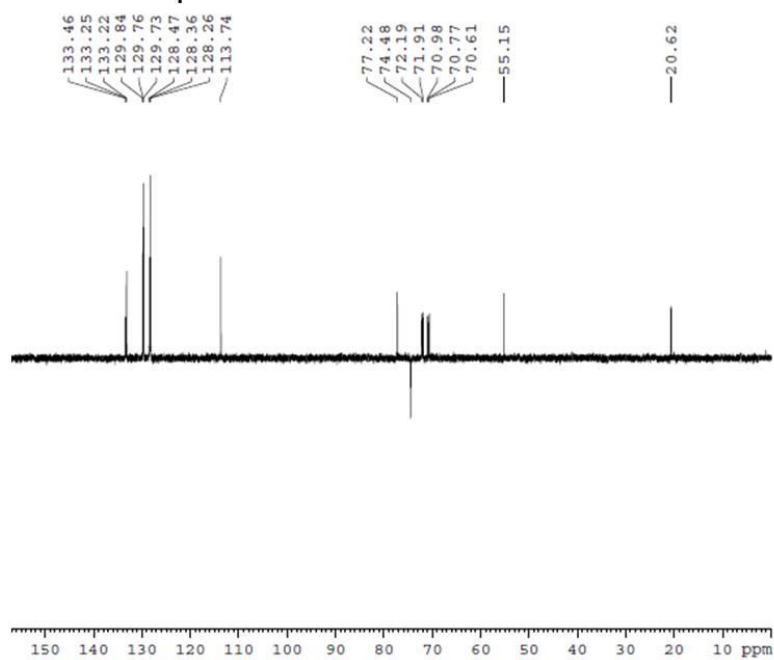
^1H NMR of compound 14



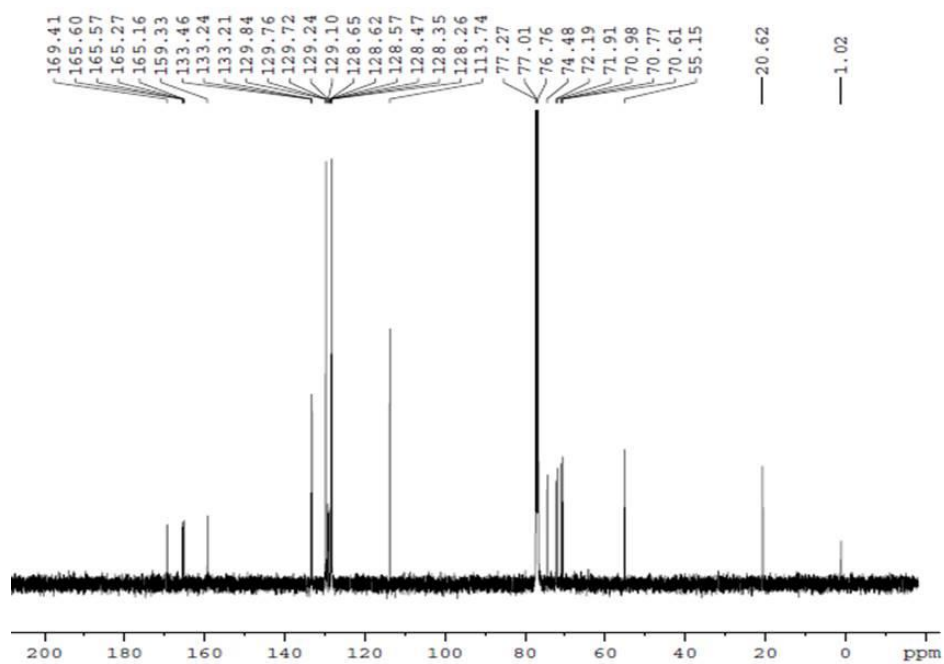
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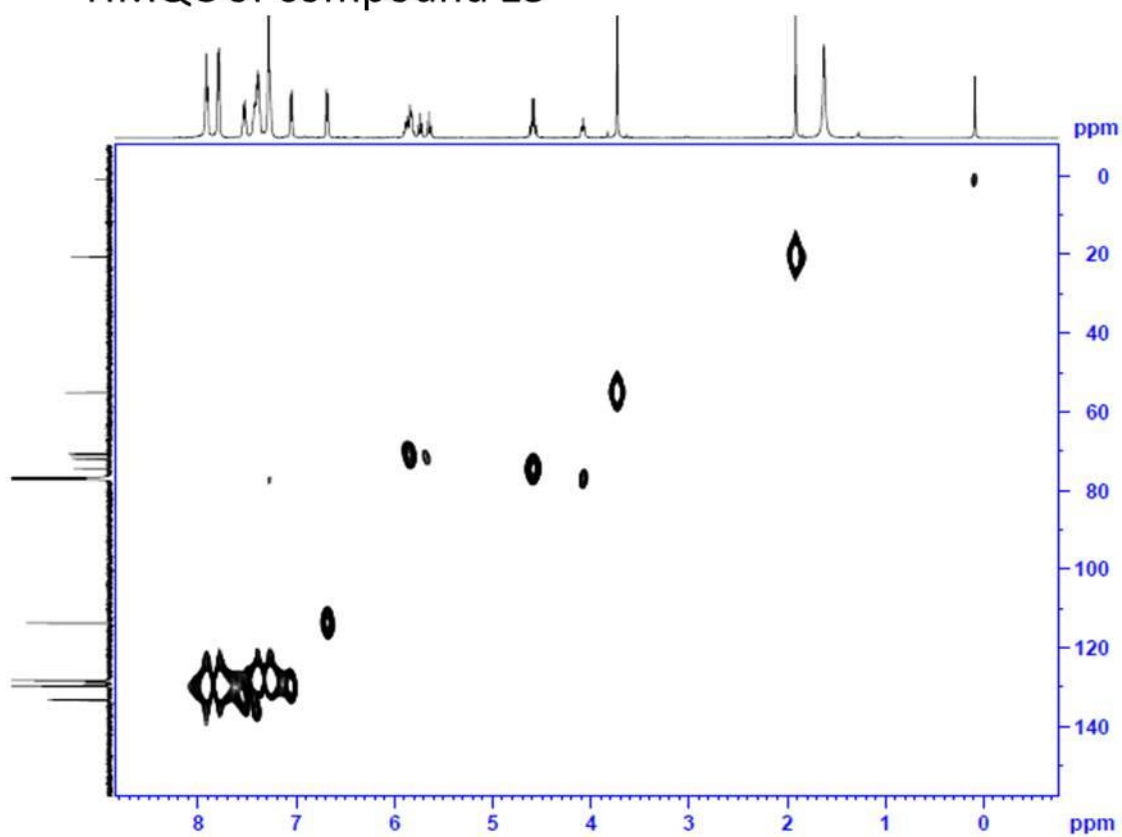
DEPT of compound 13



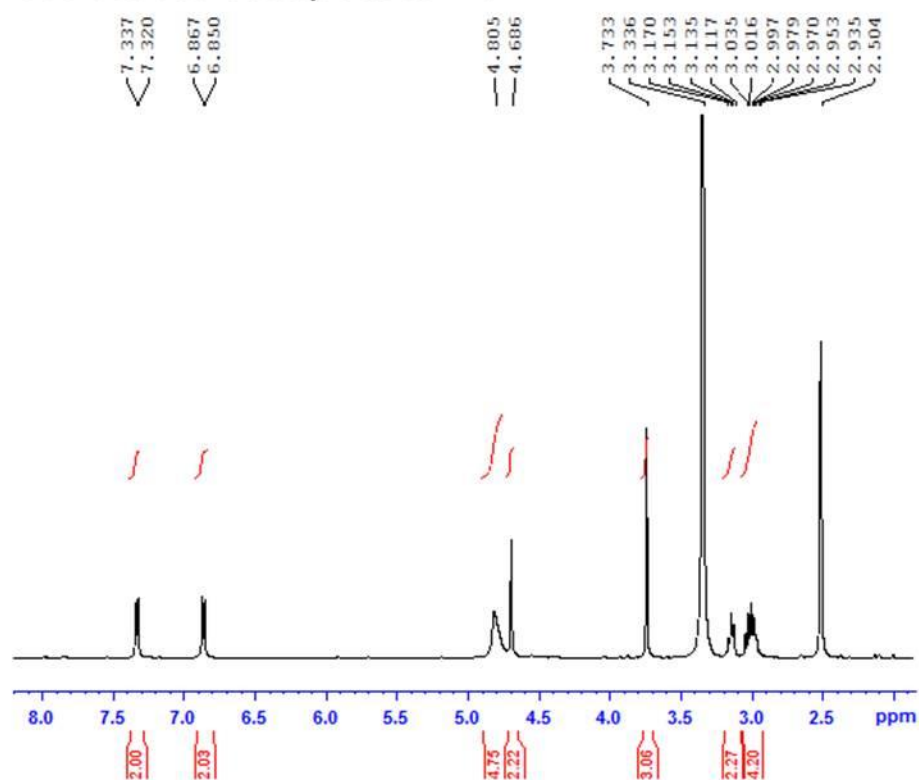
^{13}C of compound 13



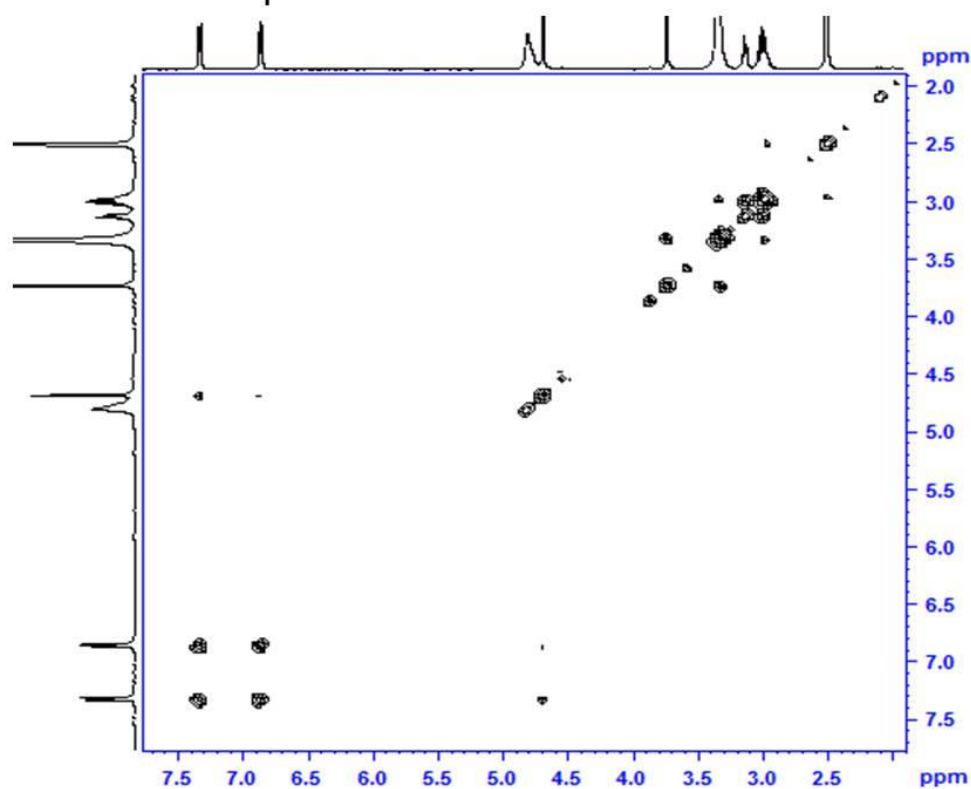
HMQC of compound 13



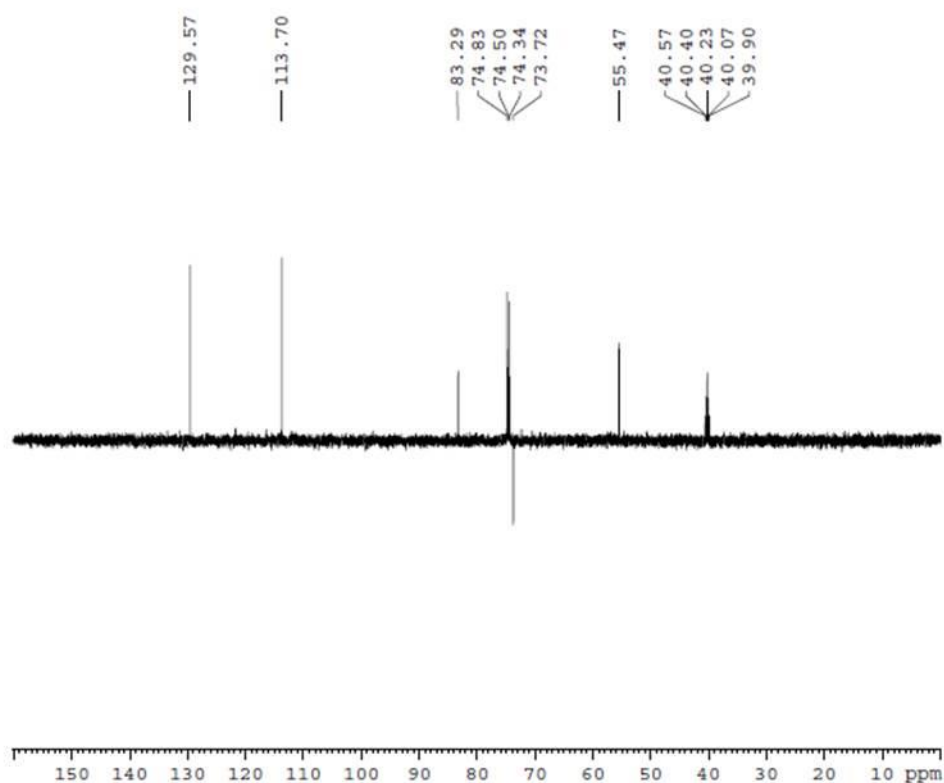
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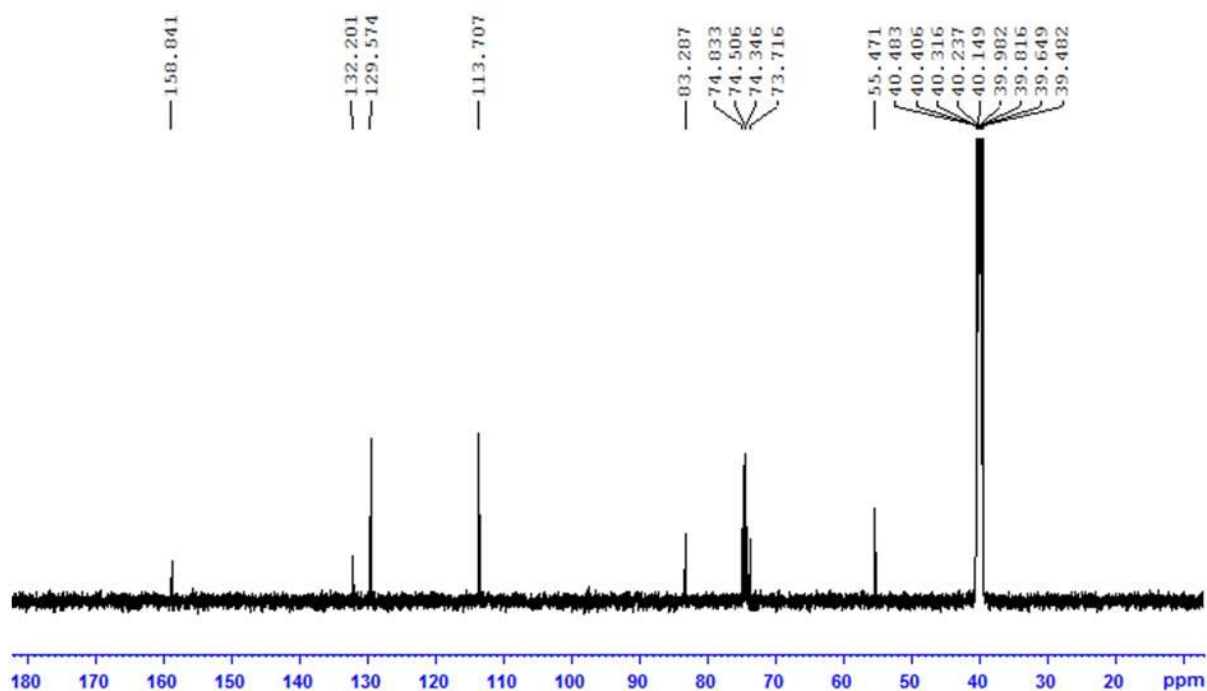
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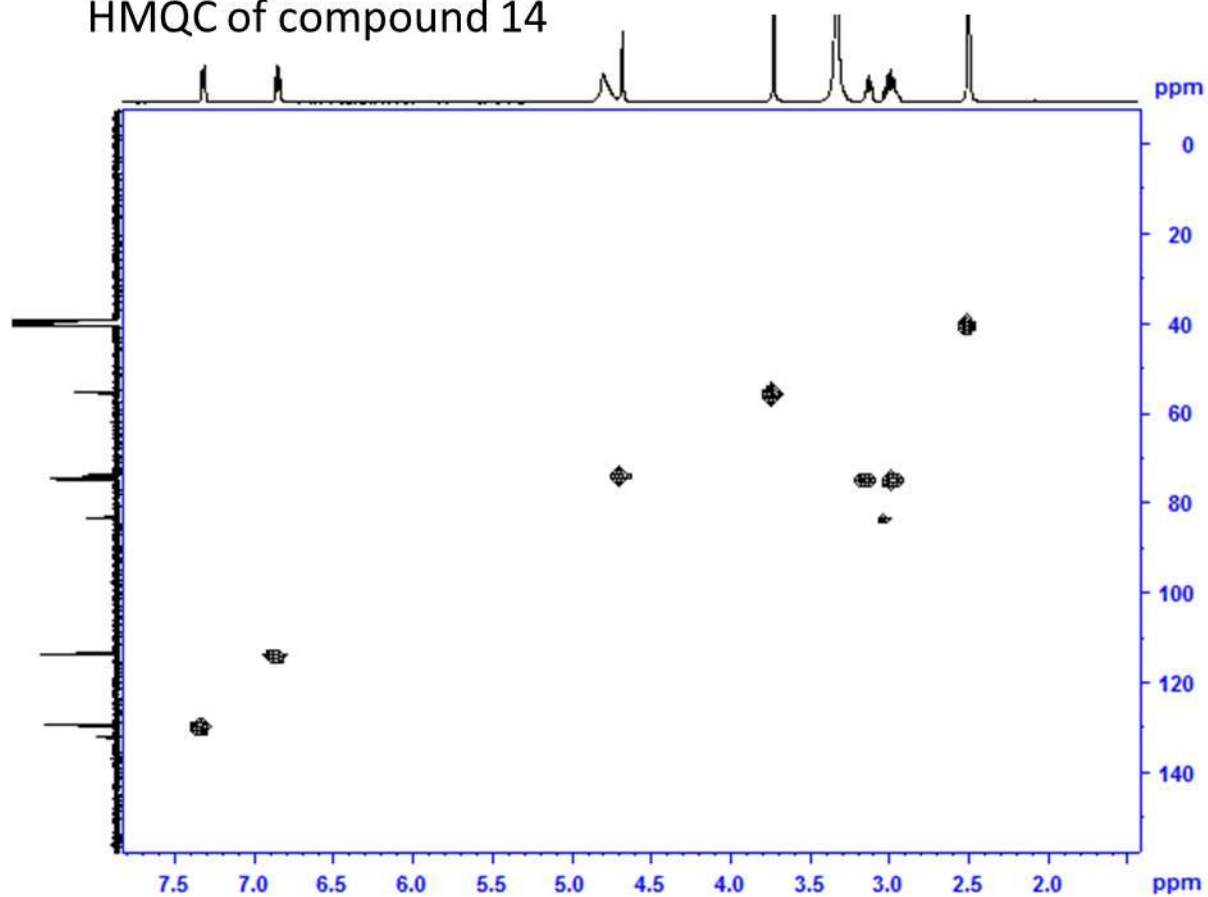
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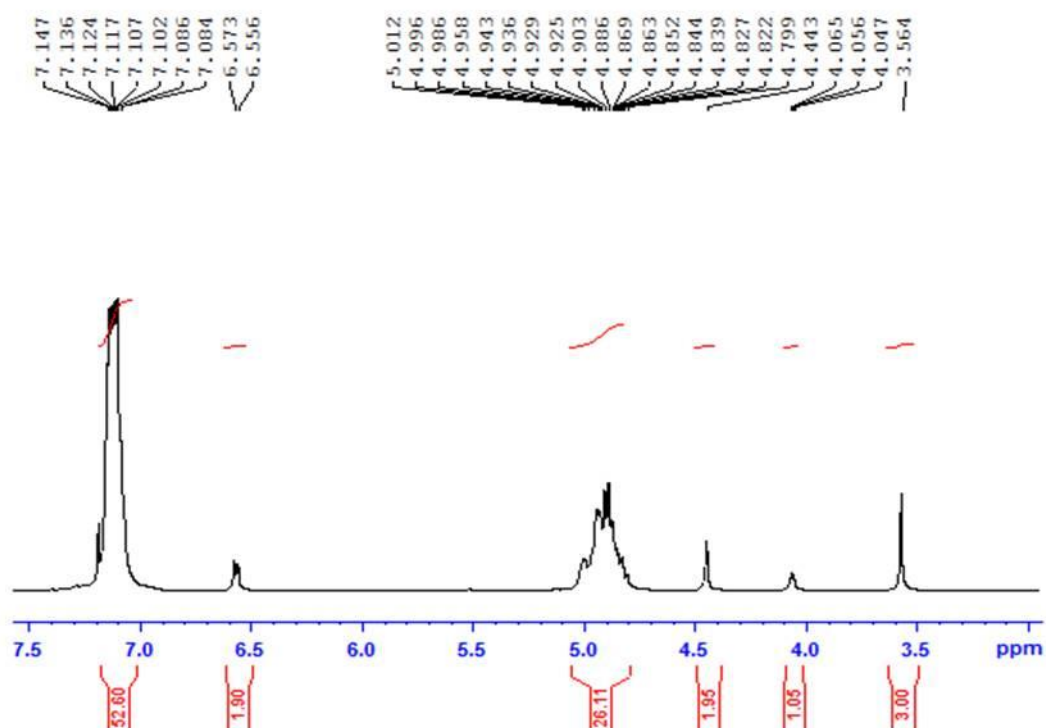
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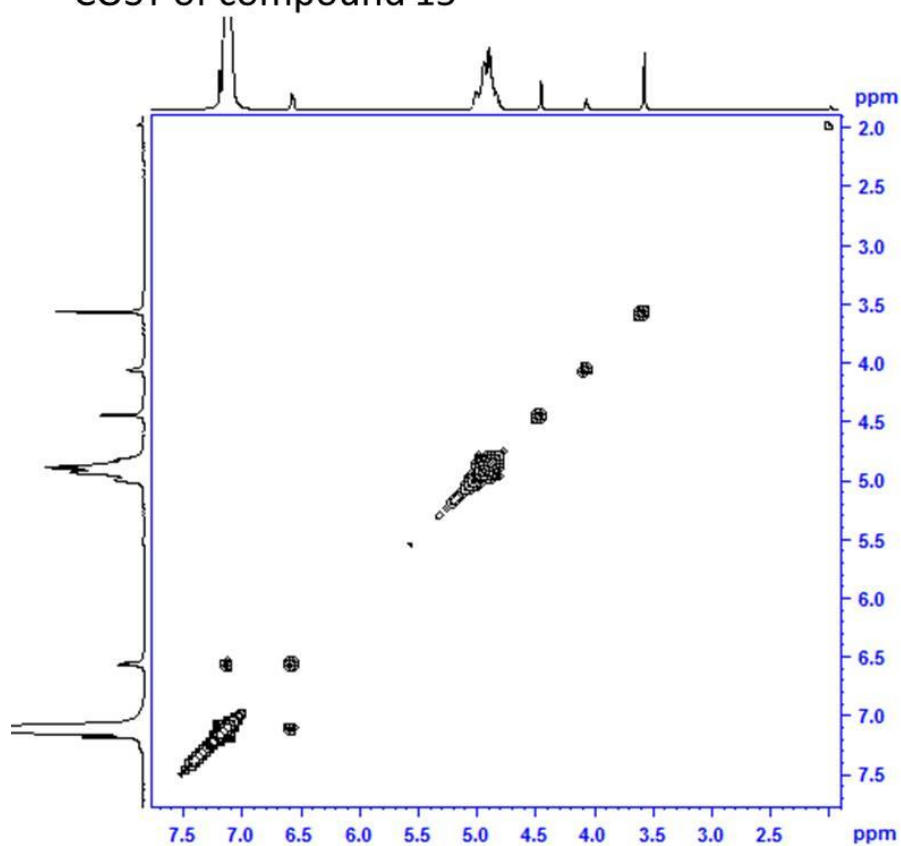
HMQC of compound 14



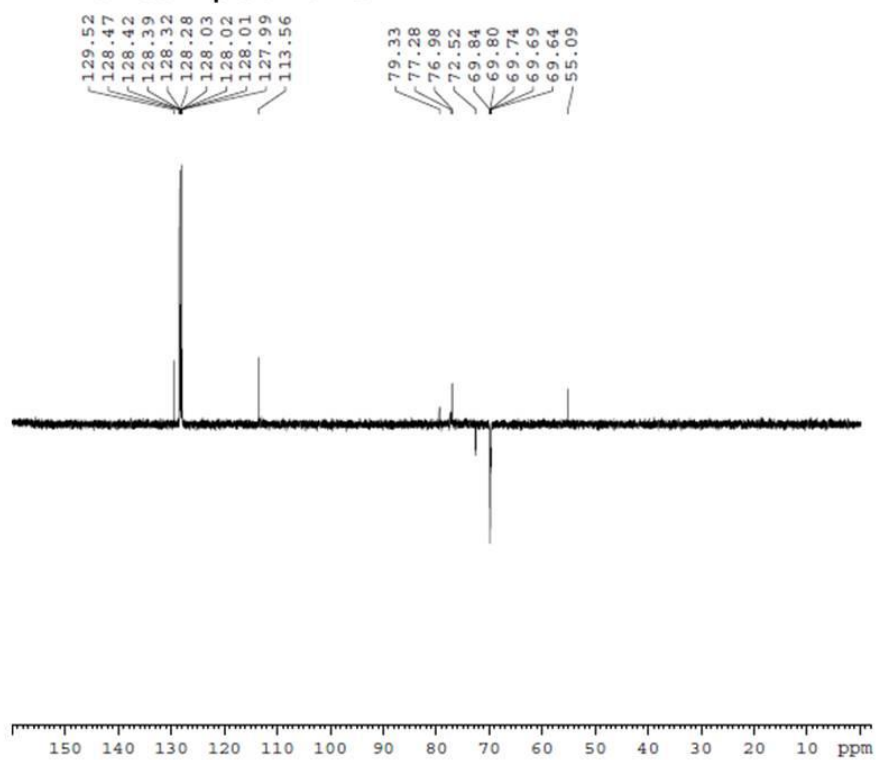
^1H NMR of compound 15



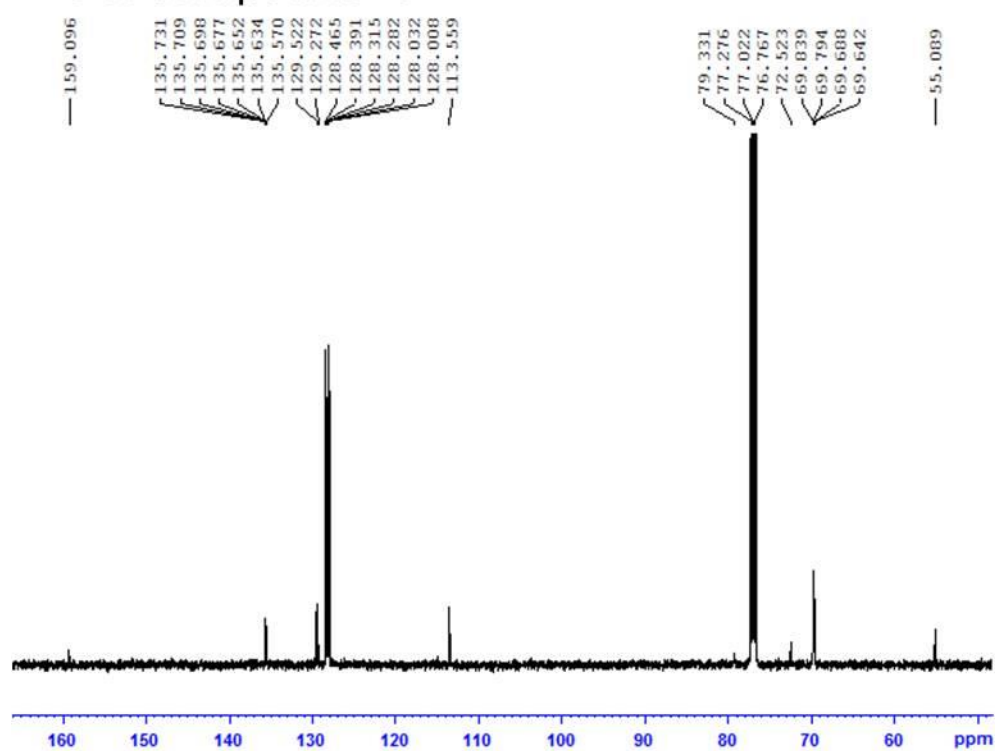
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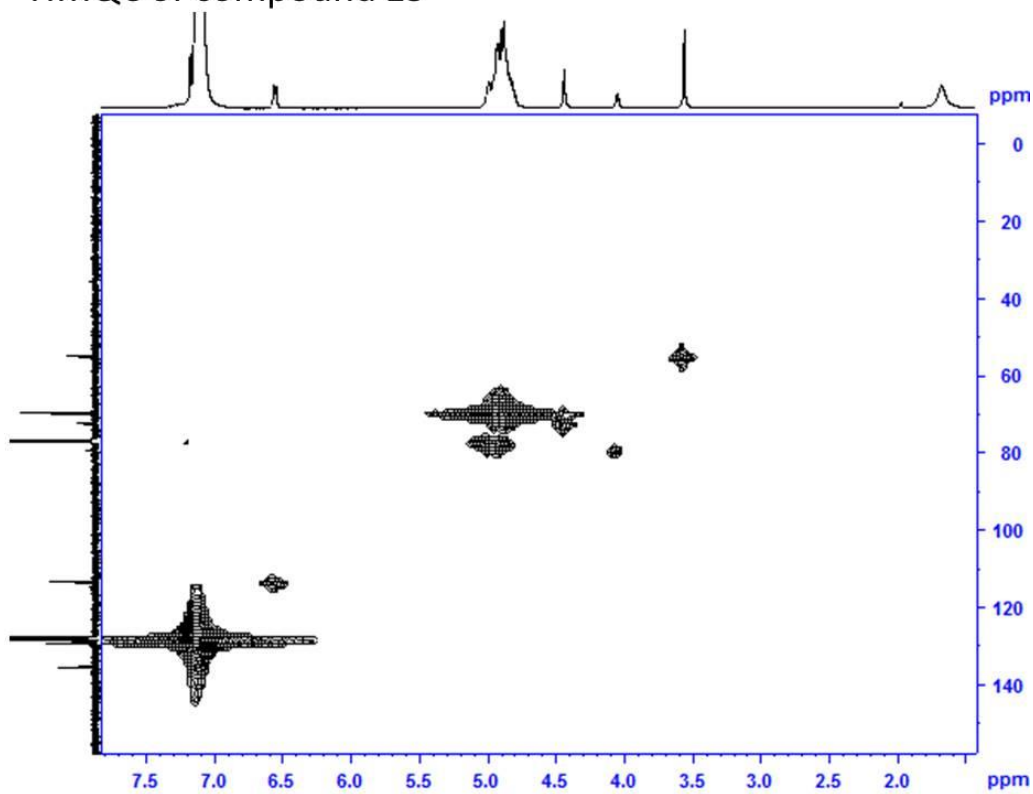
DEPT of compound 15



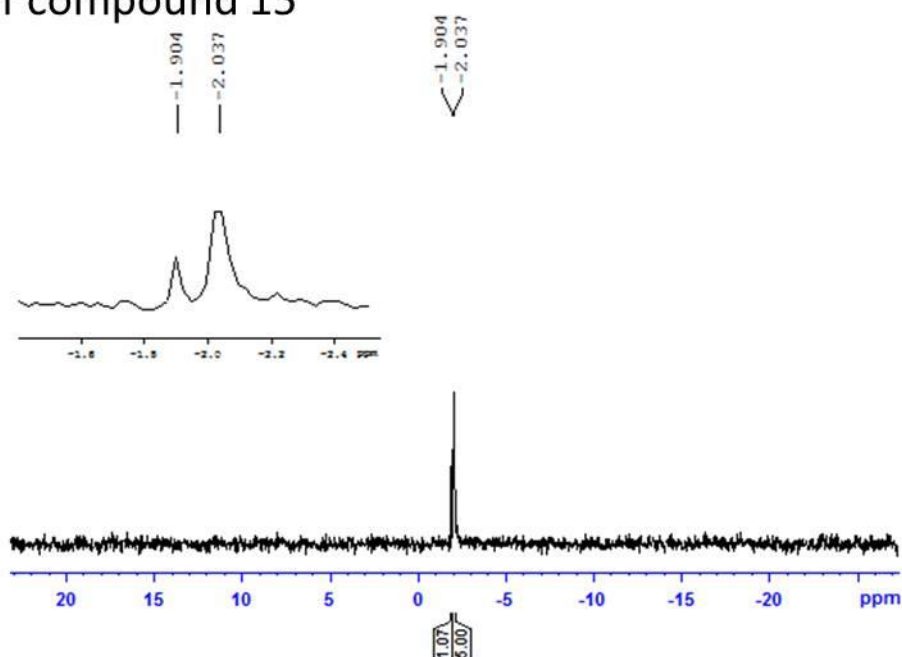
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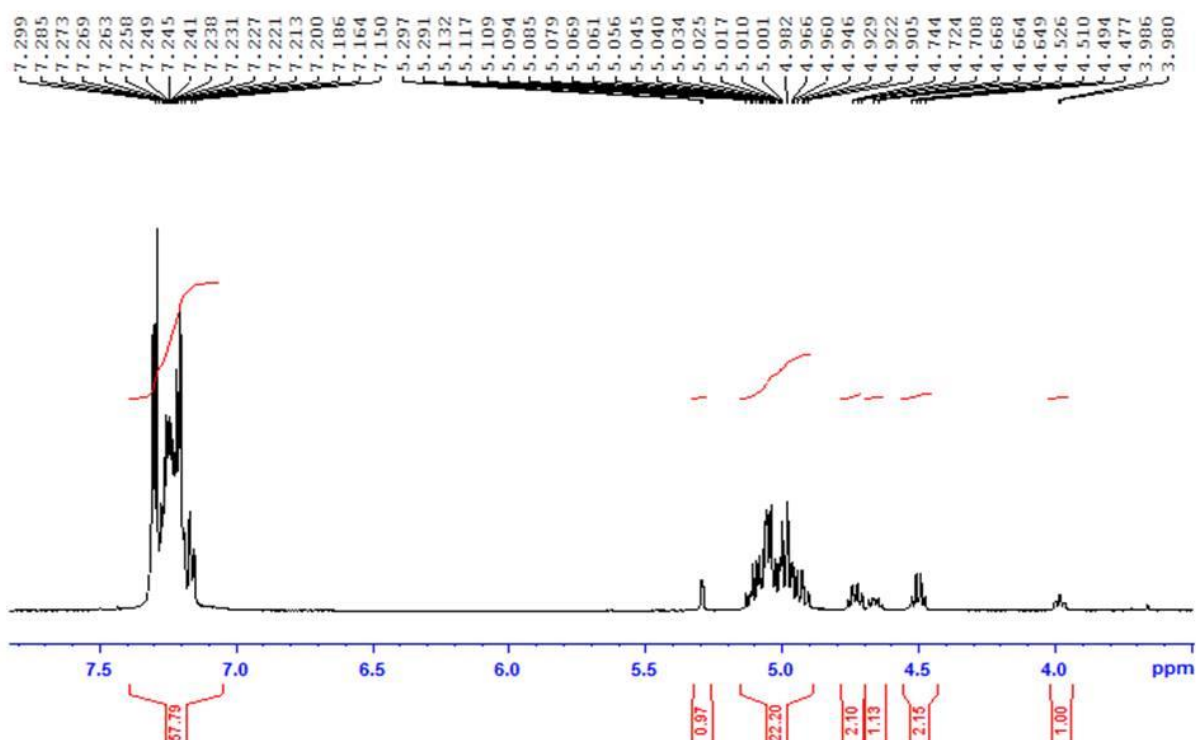
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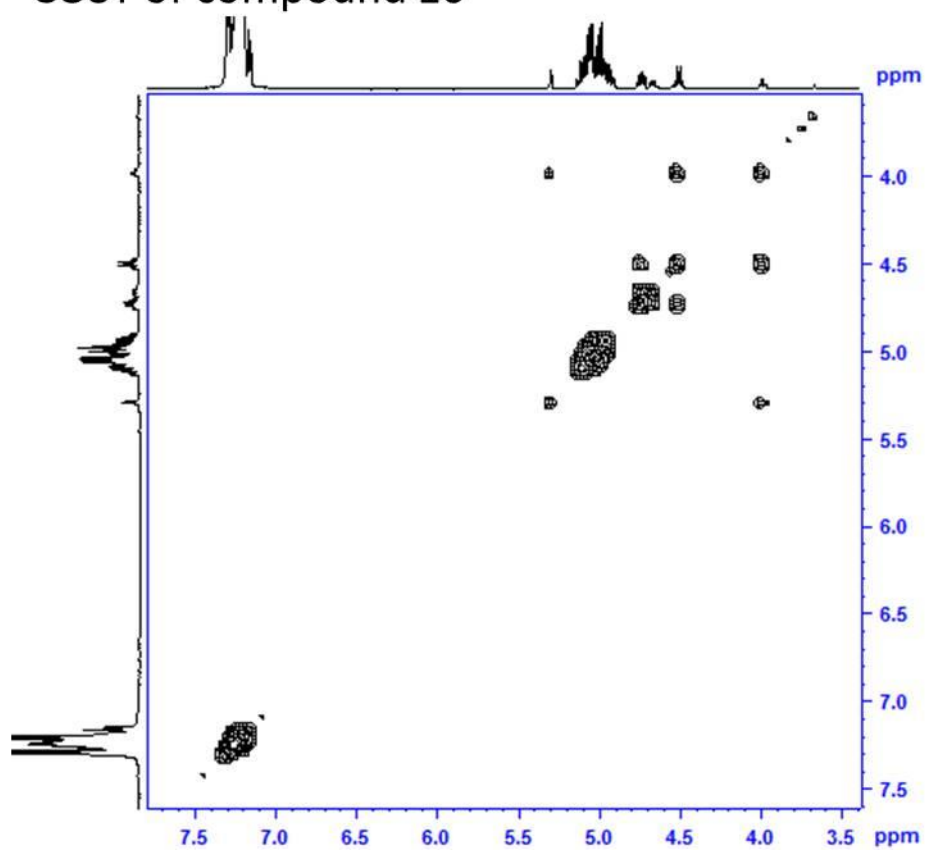
³¹P of compound 15



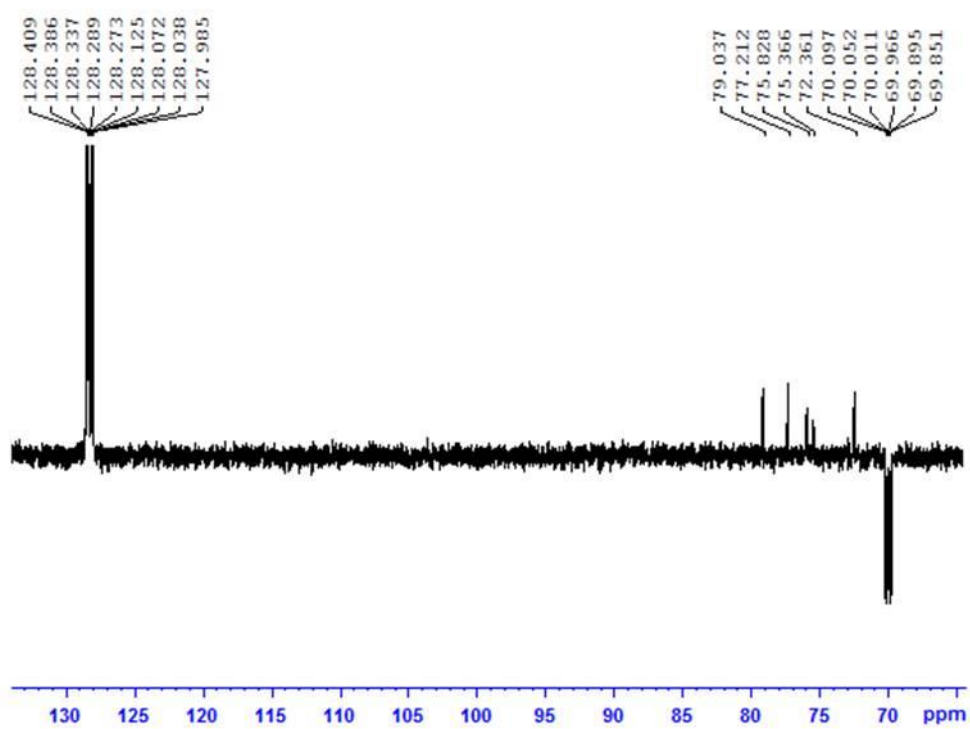
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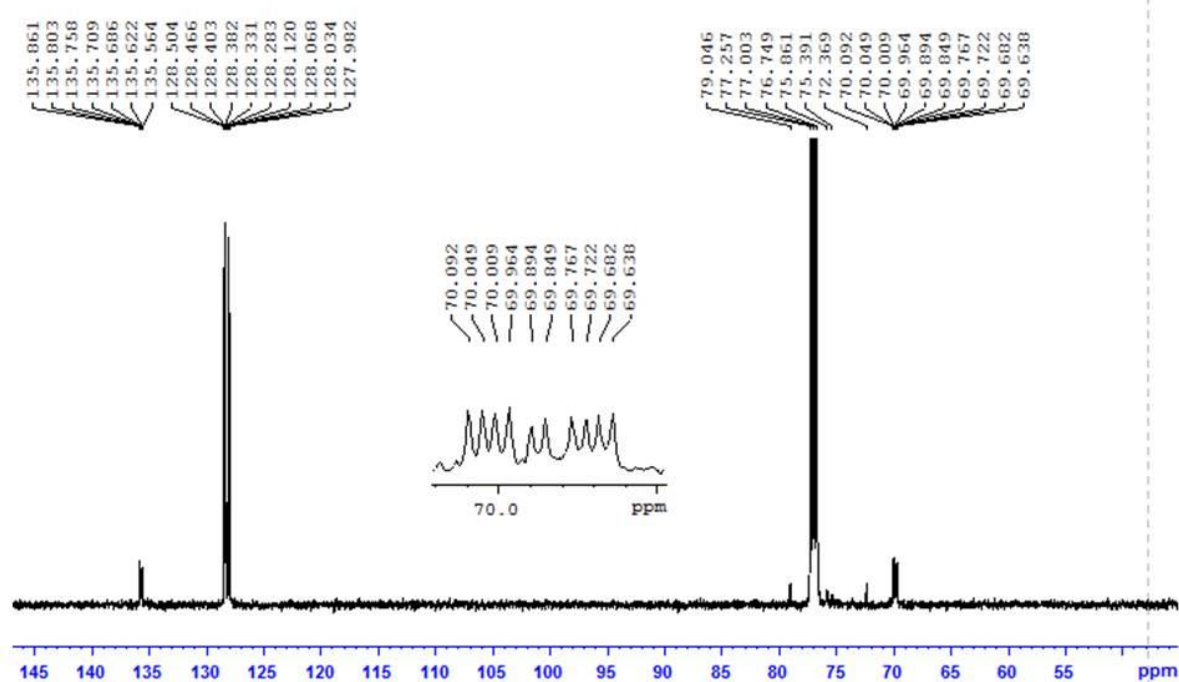
COSY of compound 16



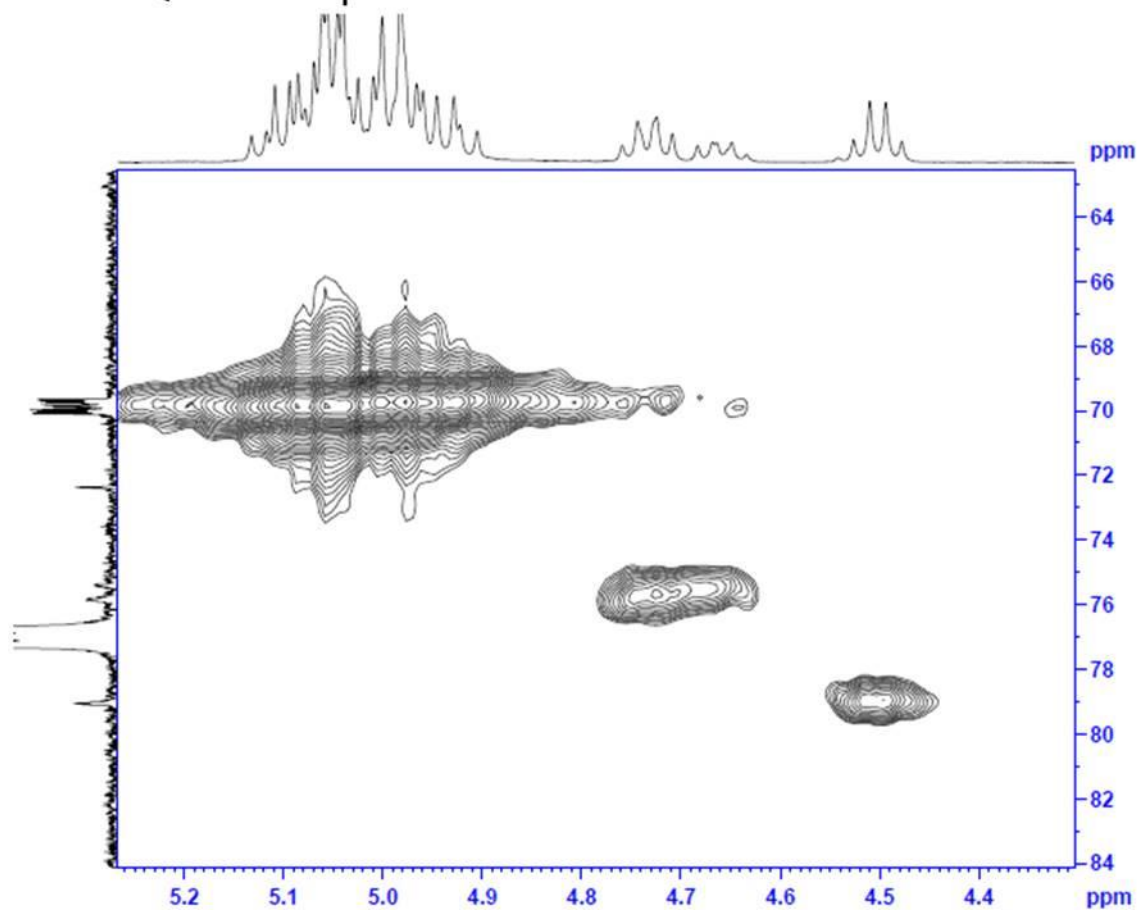
DEPT of compound 16



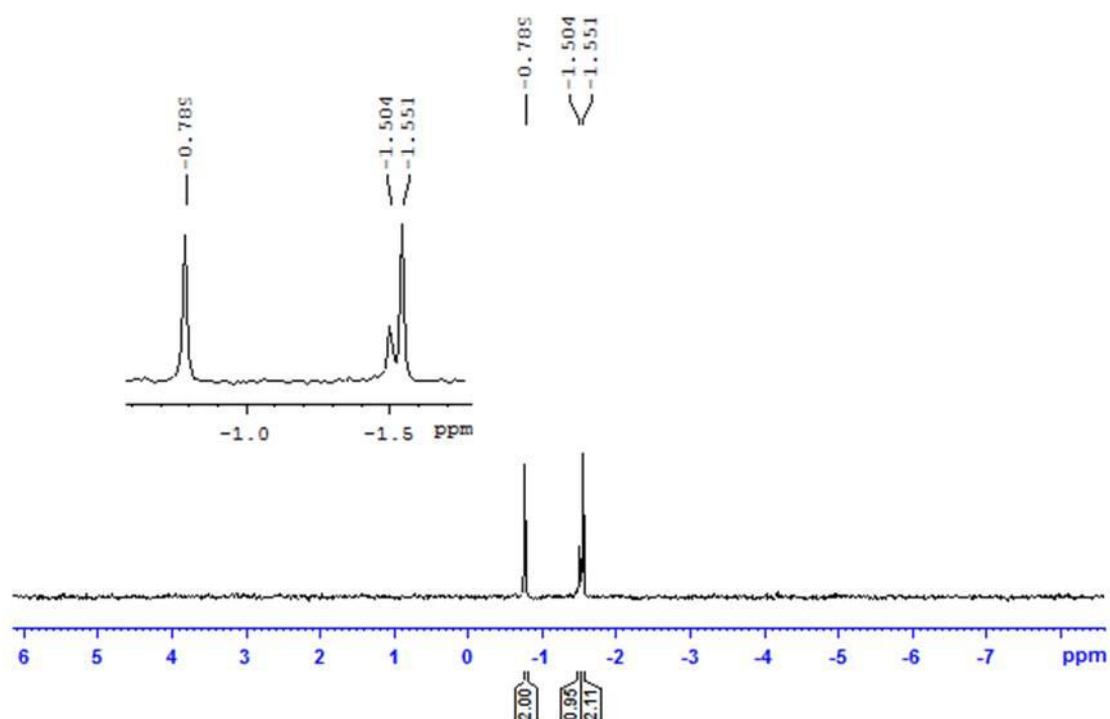
¹³C of compound 16



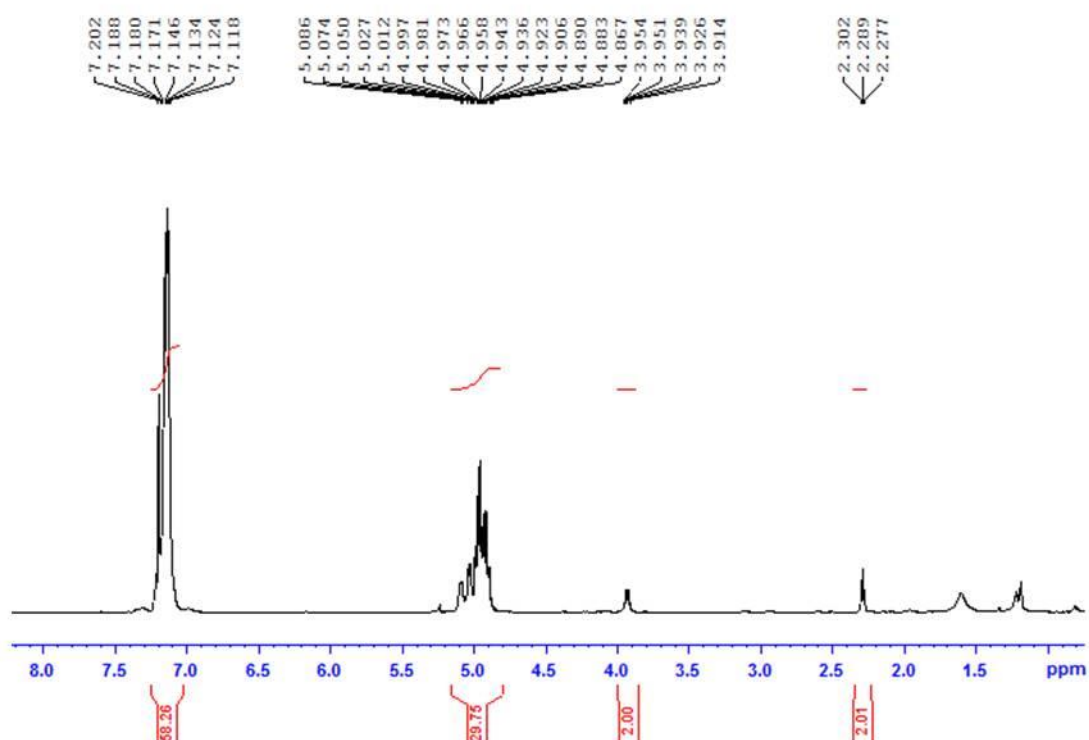
HMQC of compound 16



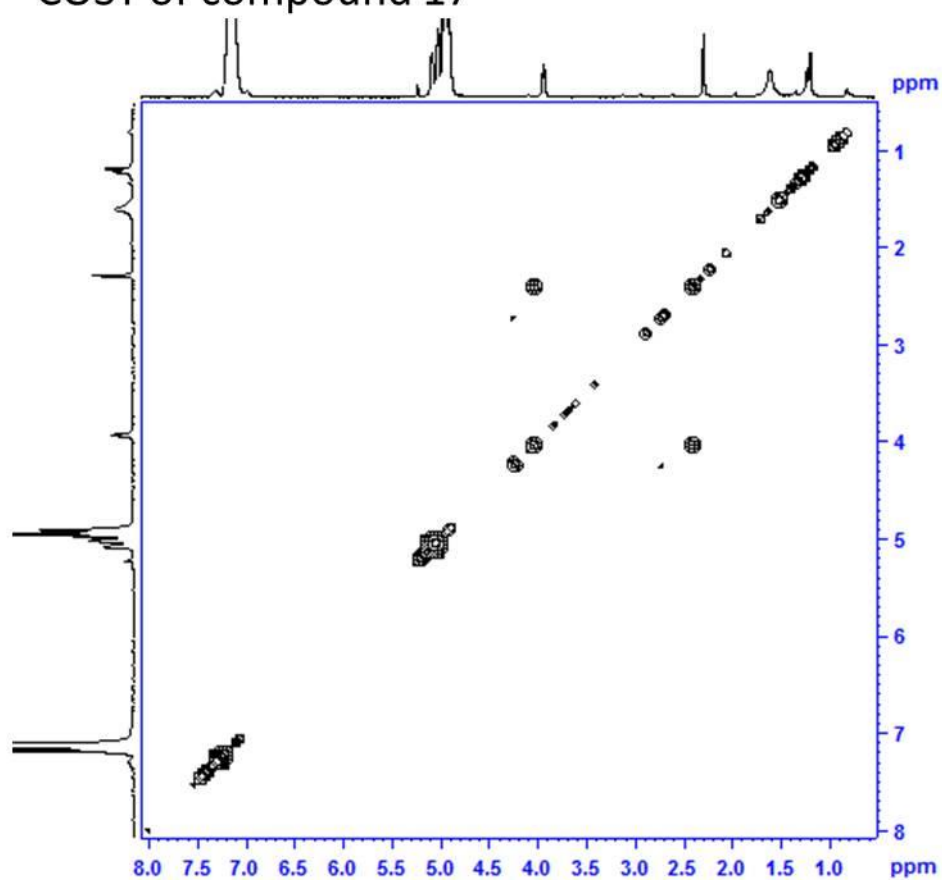
^{31}P of compound 16



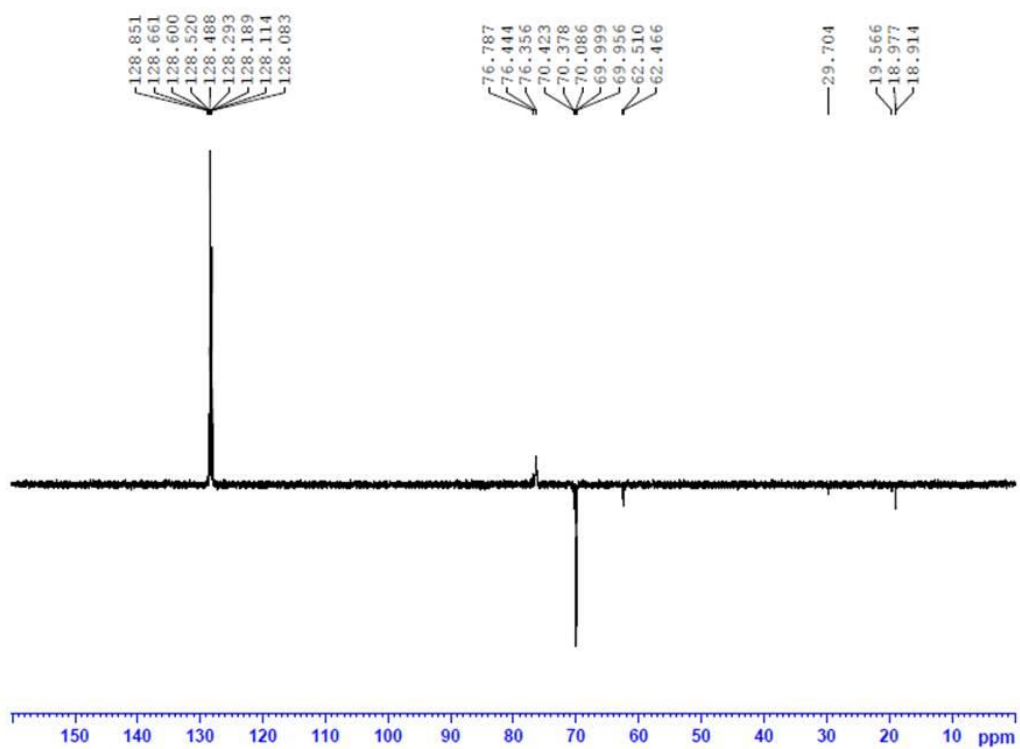
^1H NMR of compound 17



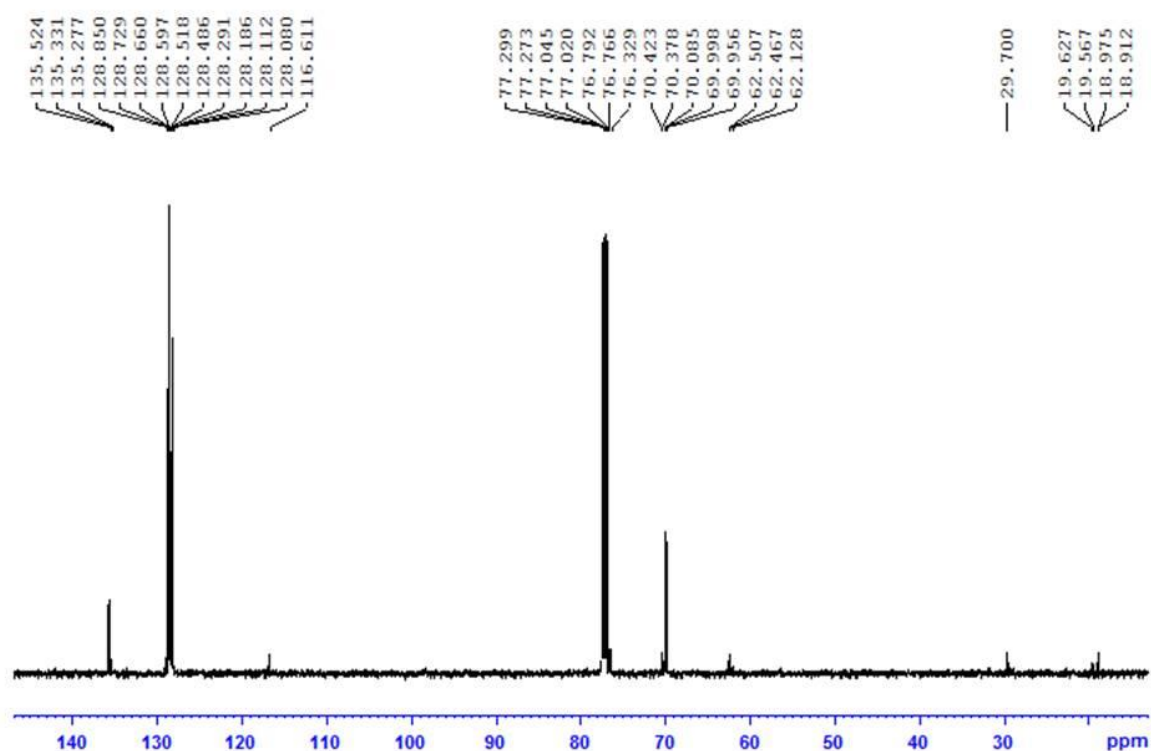
COSY of compound 17



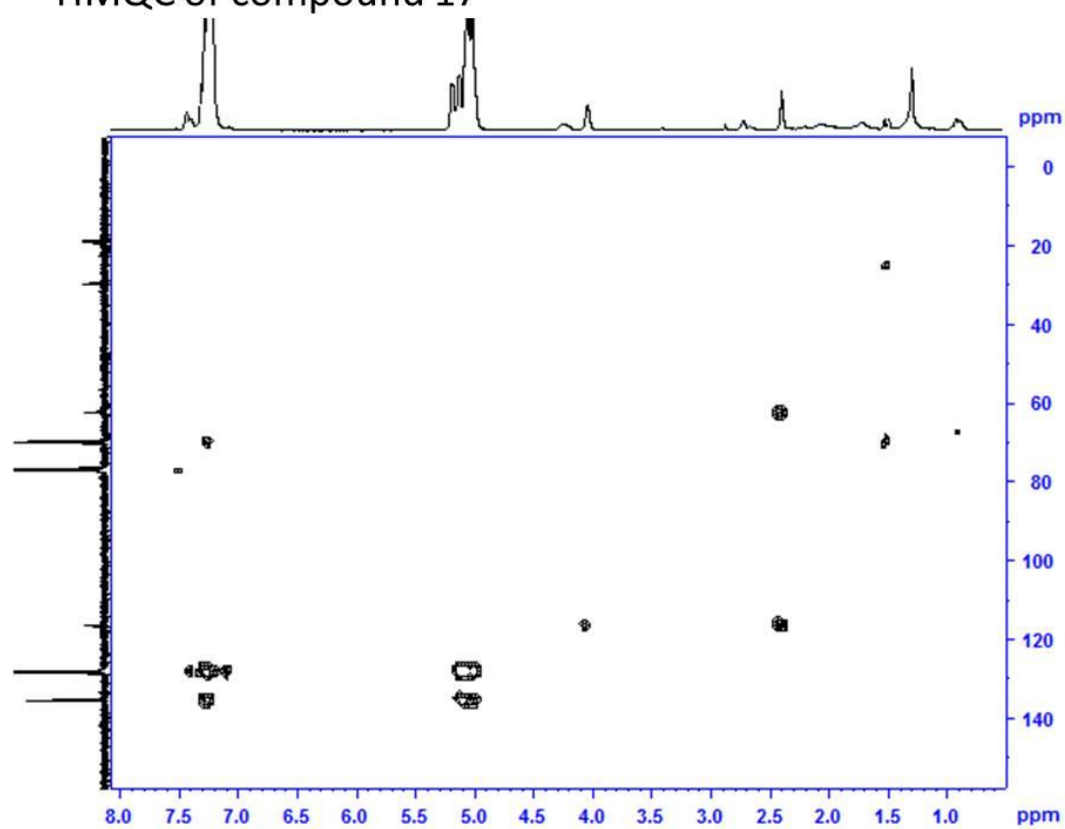
DEPT of compound 17



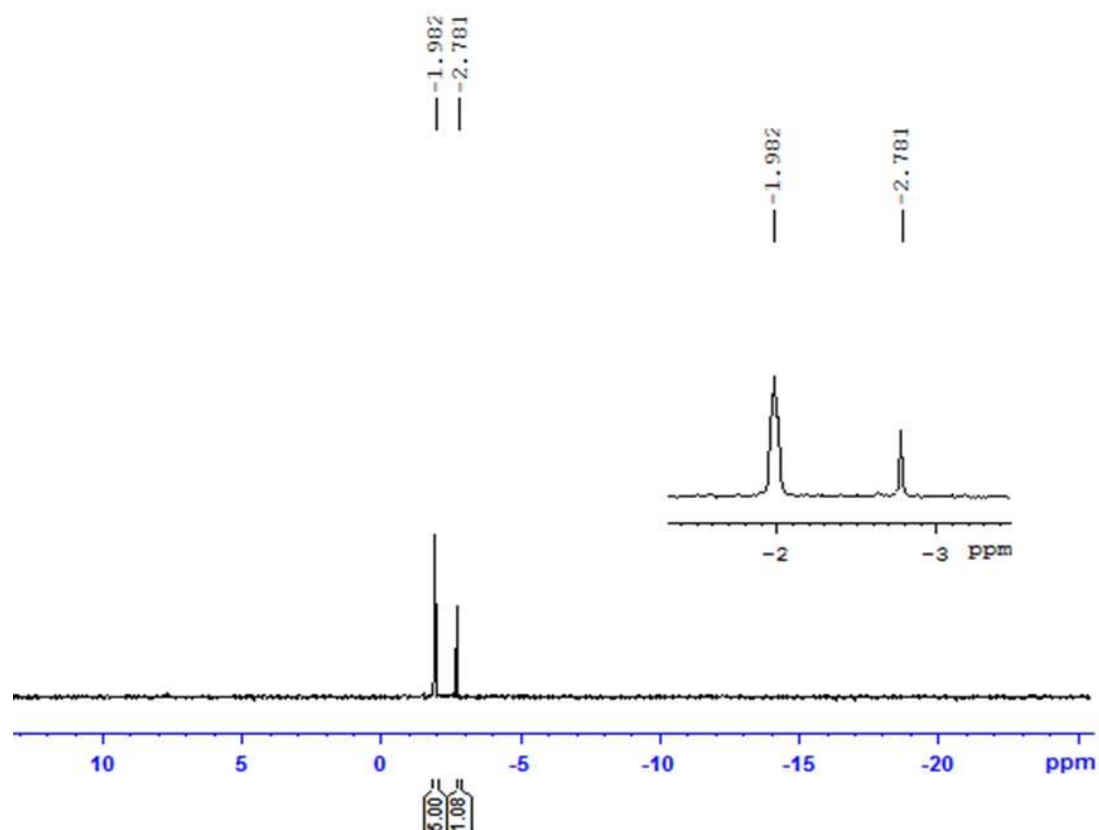
¹³C of compound 17



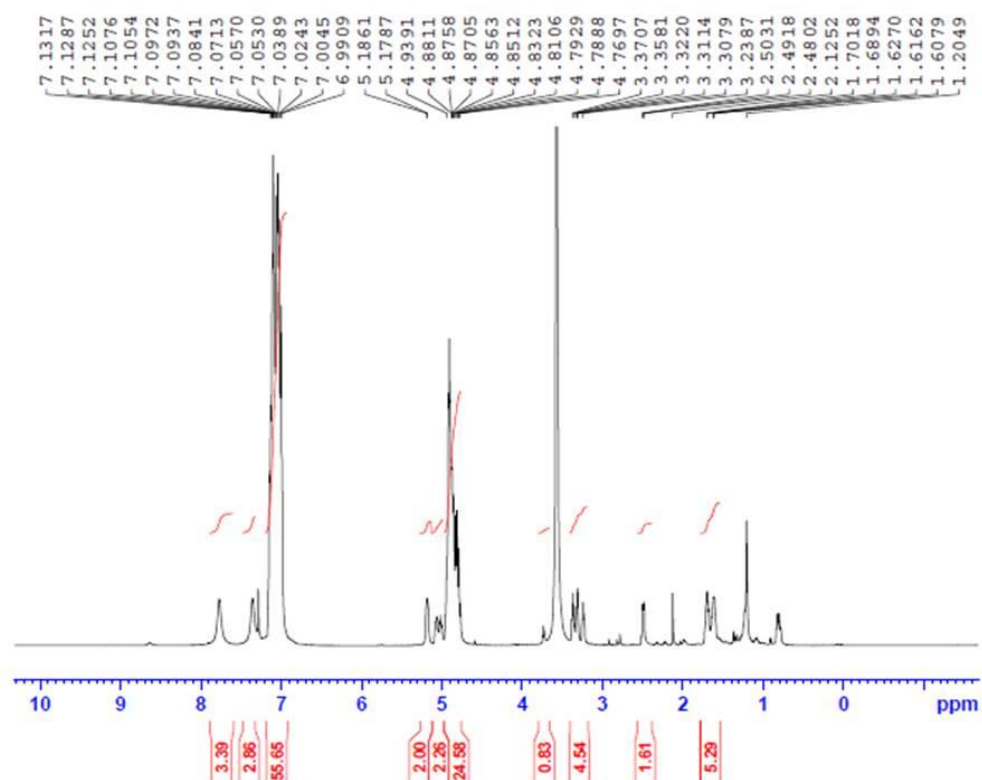
HMQC of compound 17



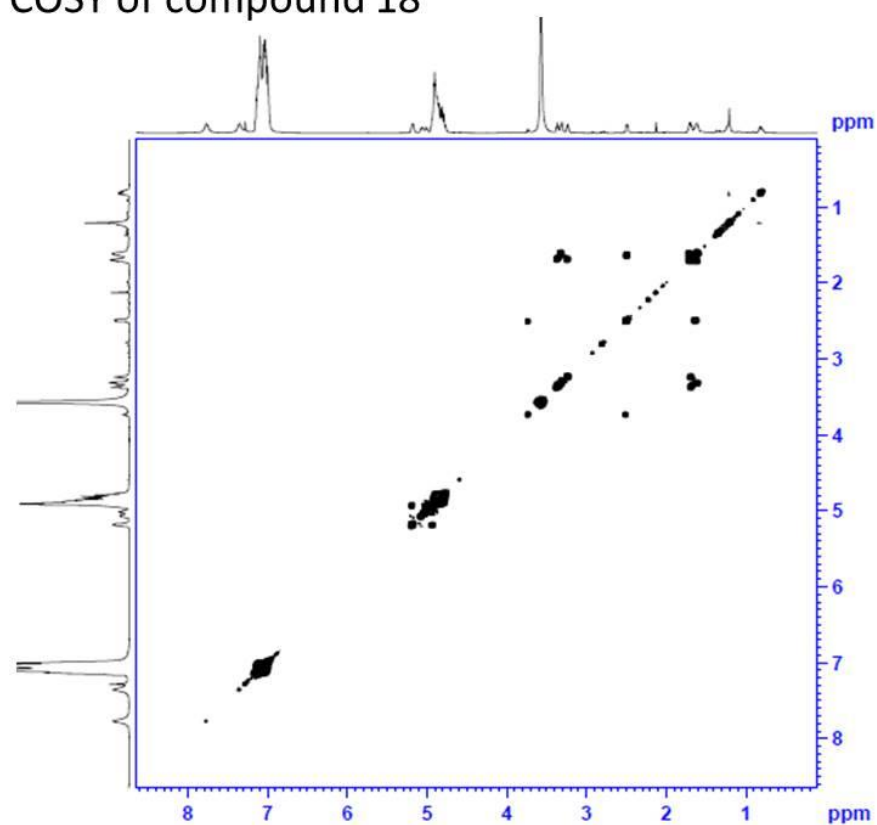
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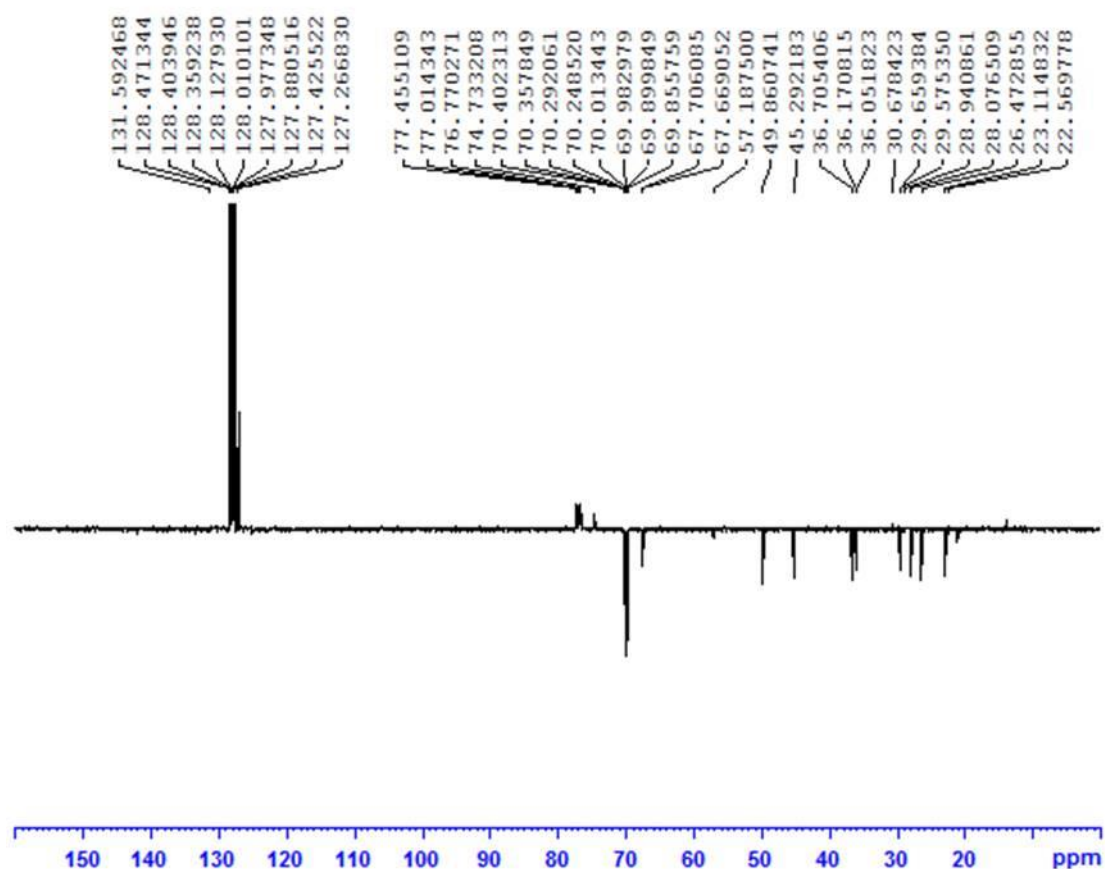
¹H of compound 18



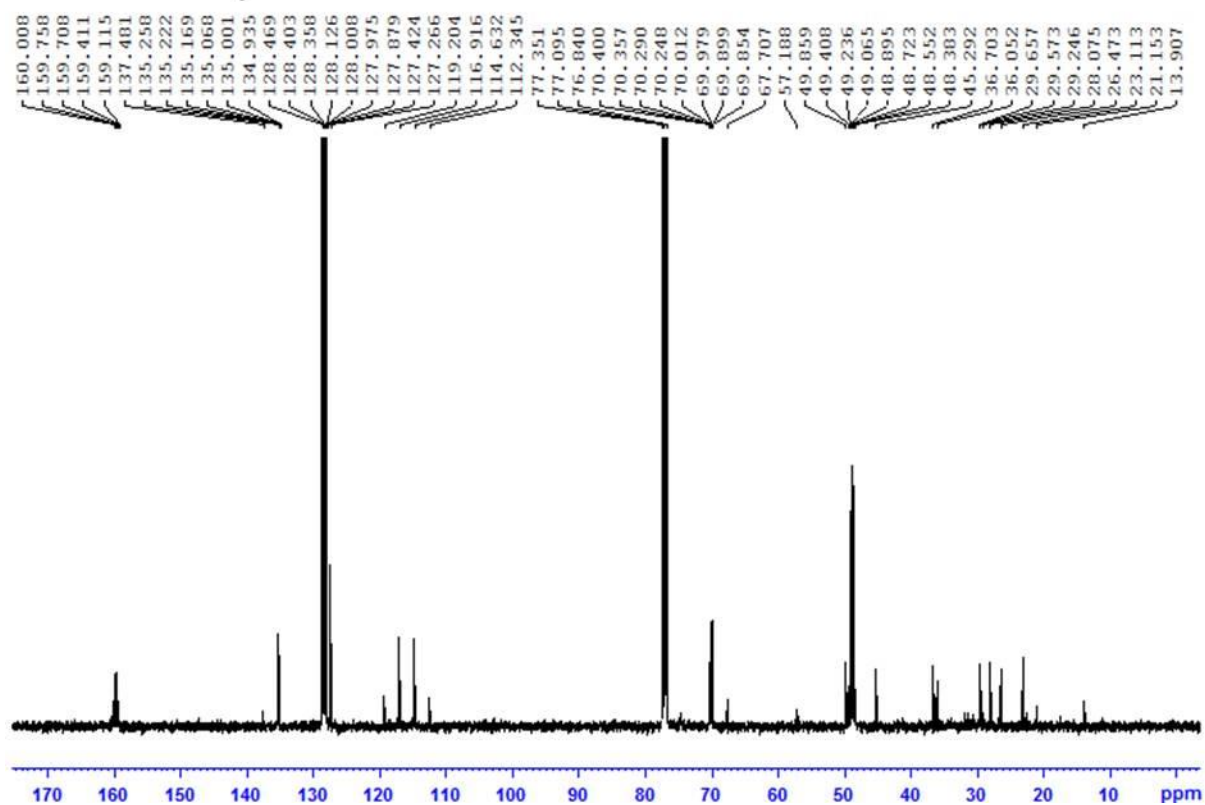
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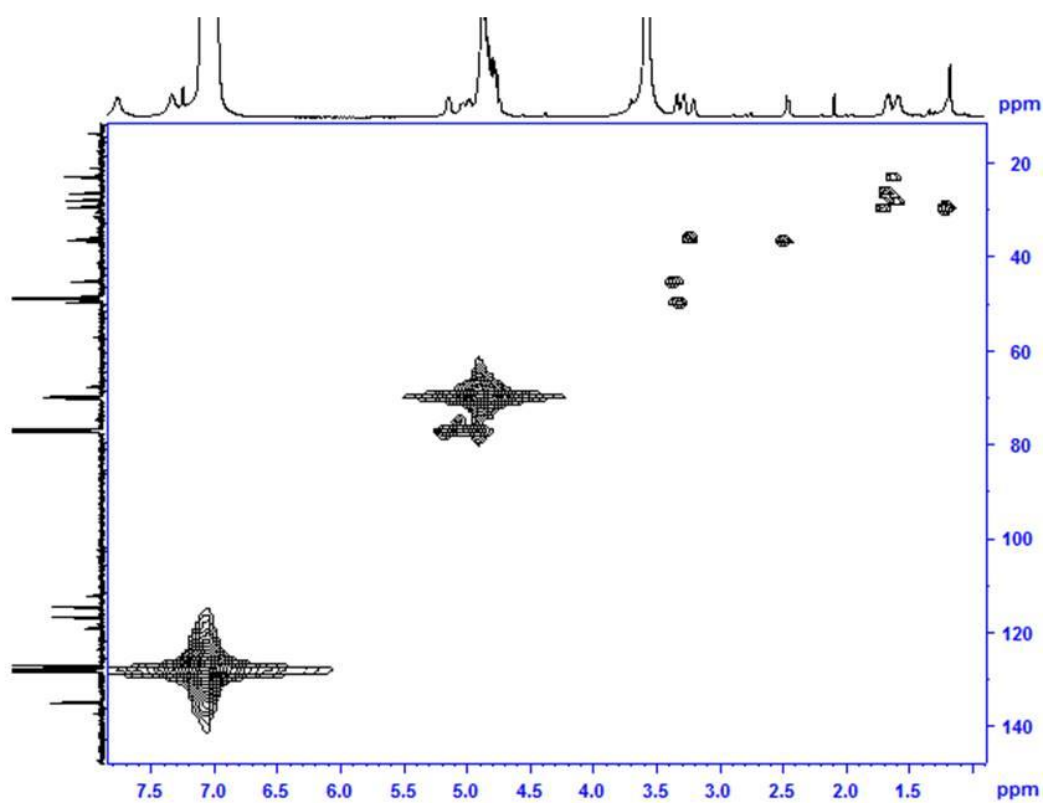
DEPT of compound 18



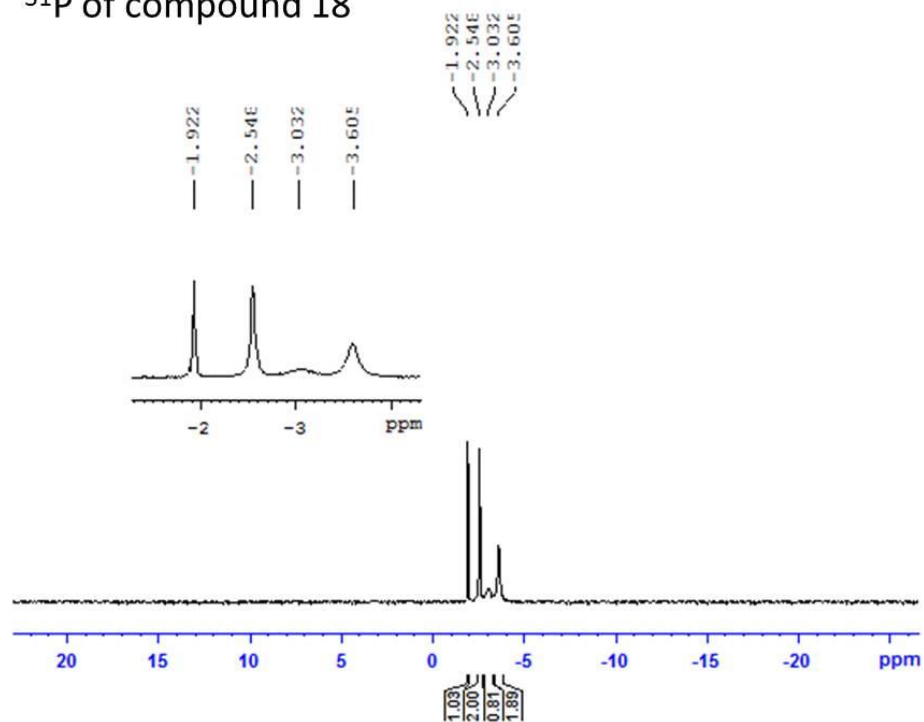
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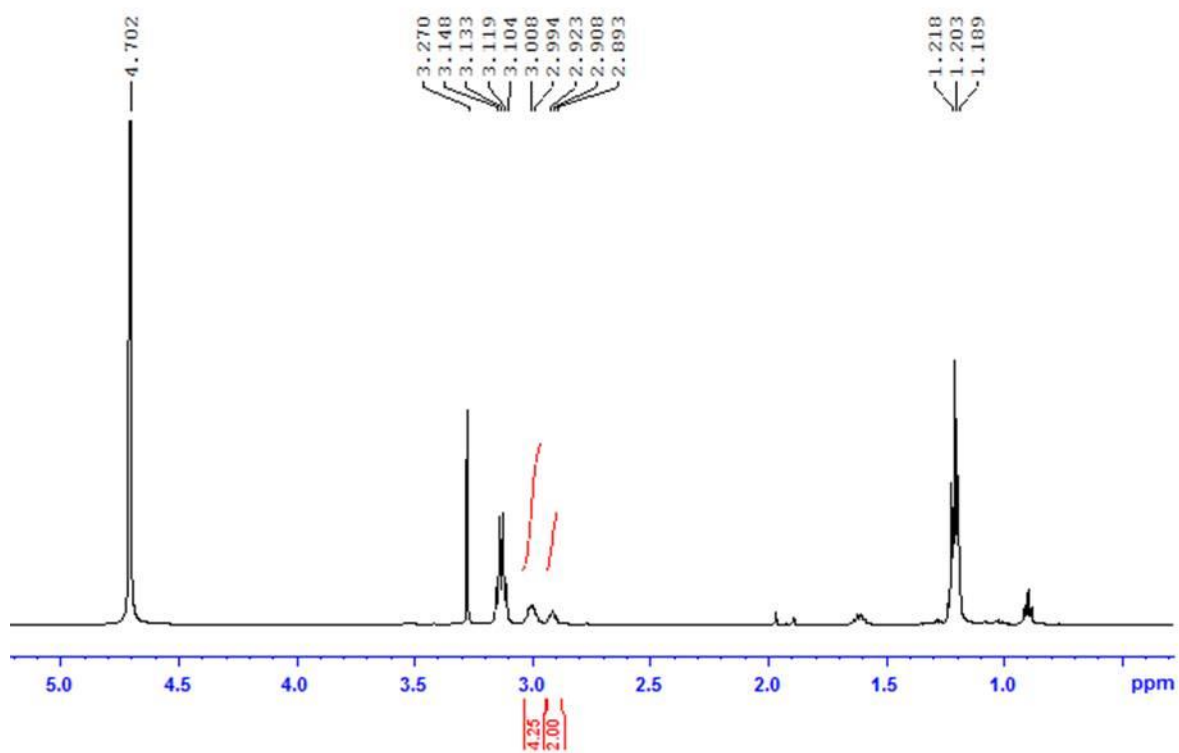
HMQC of compound 18



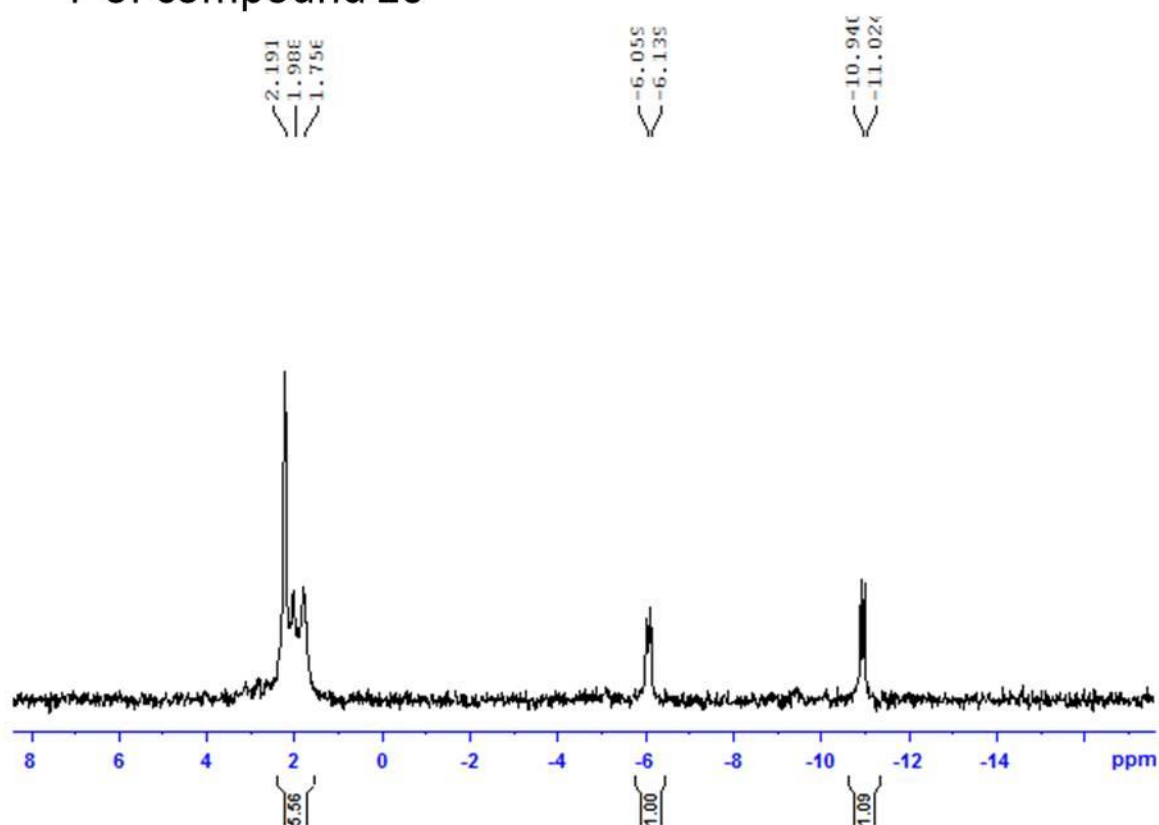
^{31}P of compound 18



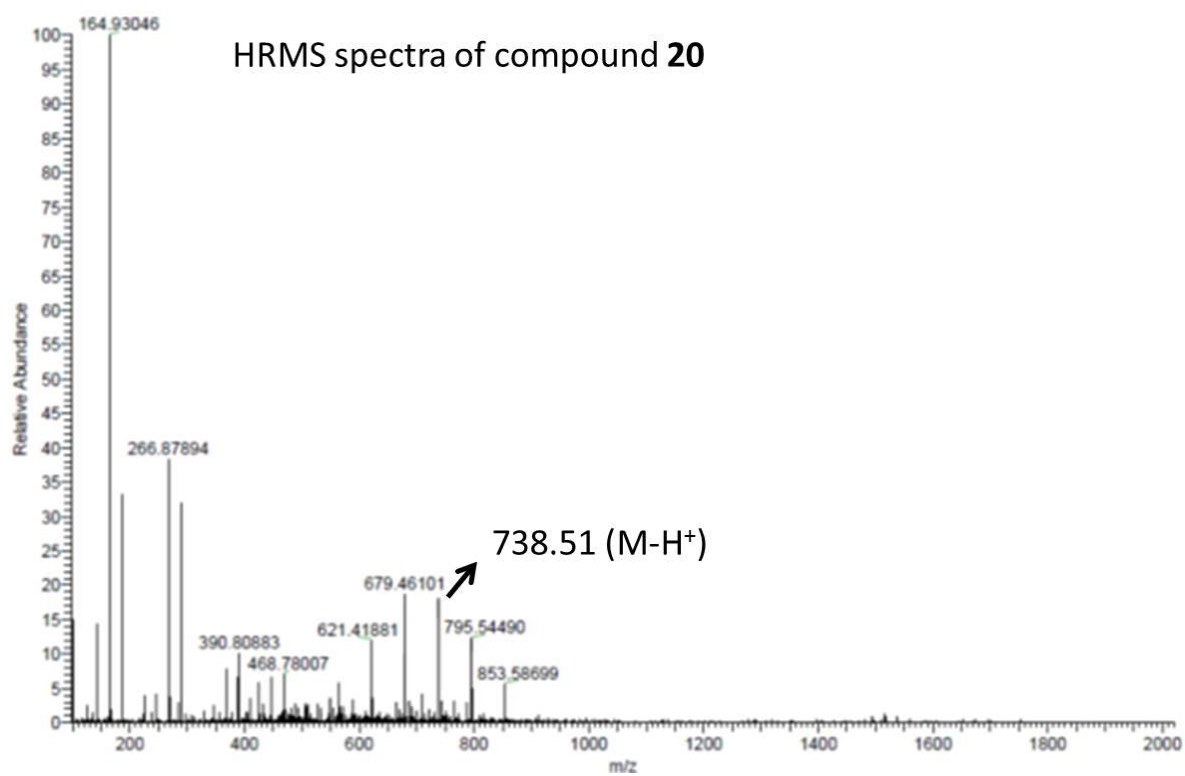
^1H of compound 20



^{31}P of compound 20



HRMS spectra of compound 20



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