Designing the hotspots distribution by anisotropic growth

Tianshun Li¹, Renxian Gao², Xiaolong Zhang^{1*}, Yongjun Zhang^{3*}

- ¹ Key Laboratory of Functional Materials Physics and Chemistry, Ministry of Education, College of Physics, Jilin Normal University, Changchun 130103, China
- ²Department of Physics, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, China
- ³ School of Material and Environmental Engineering, Hangzhou Dianzi University, Hangzhou 310012, China;yjzhang@hdu.edu.cn
- * Correspondence: zhangxiaolong@jlnu.edu.cn (X. Zhang), yjzhang@hdu.edu.cn (Y. Zhang)

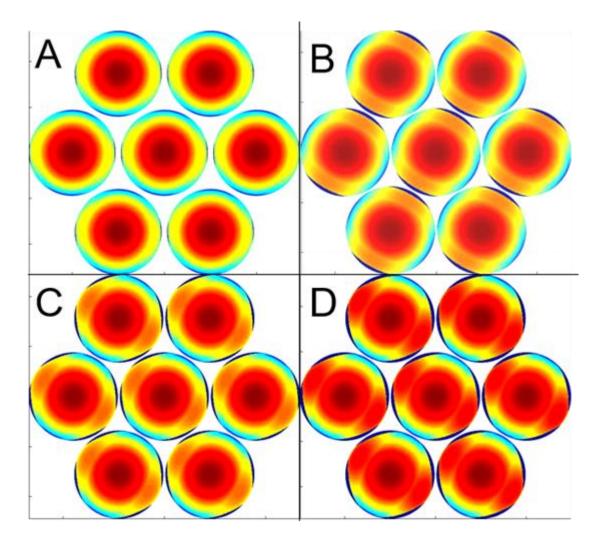


Figure S1. The MATLAB simulation of the different shape arrays.

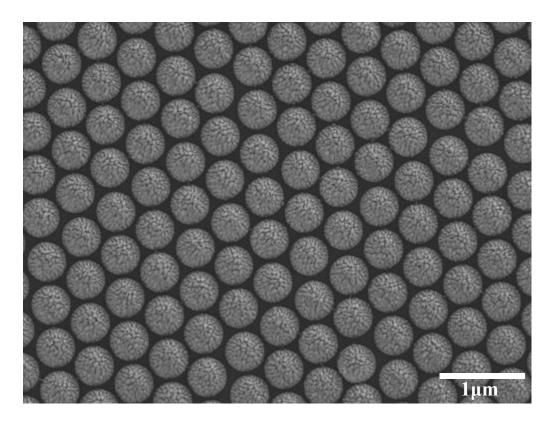


Figure S2. SEM images of nanocaps deposited on PS array with OAD angles of 0°

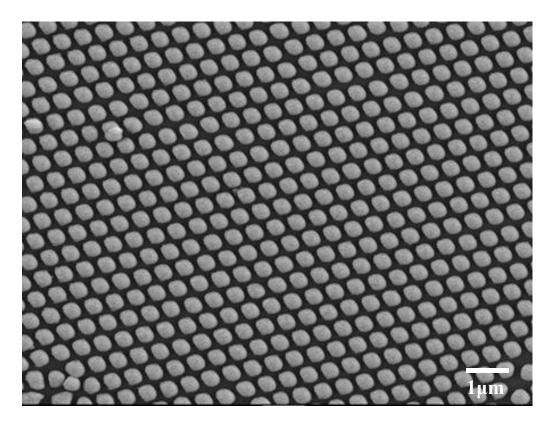


Figure S3. The large area of walnut shaped nanostructure.

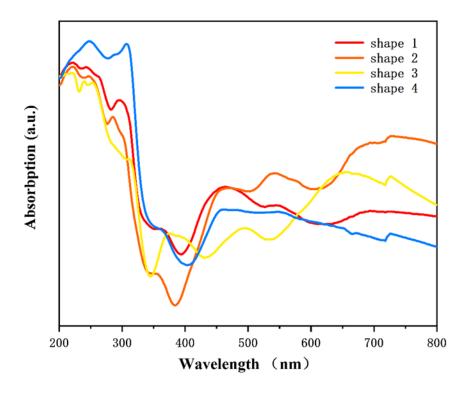


Figure S4. U-V images of different nanocaps.

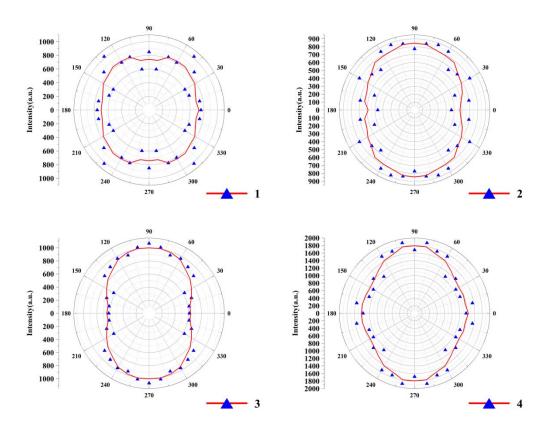


Figure S5. The polar coordinate diagram of corresponding SERS strength changing with the angle of incident excitation light. When the wavelength is the $518~\rm cm^{-1}$

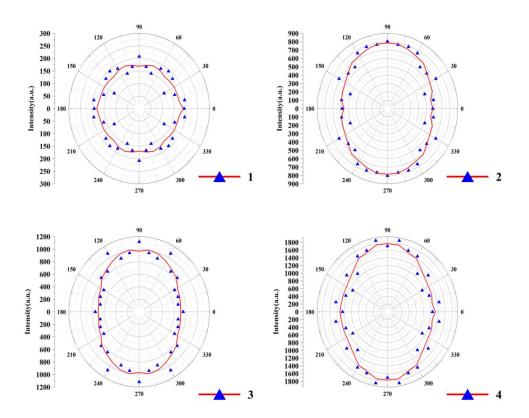


Figure S6. The polar coordinate diagram of corresponding SERS strength changing with the angle of incident excitation light. When the wavelength is the 1075 cm⁻¹