Supporting Information

Custom G4 microarrays reveal selective G-quadruplex recognition of small molecule BMVC: a large-scale assessment of ligand binding selectivity

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1 µM Cy5-PDS + 1 µM BMVC

1 µM Cy5-PDS



Figure S1. Comparison of replicate fluorescence intensity of Cy5-PDS in the absence and presence of 1, 3, and 10 μ M of BMVC. R stands for the Pearson correlation coefficient, which measures the correlation between the *X* and *Y* values of each plot.



Figure S2. (a) Chemical structures of PDS and Cy5-PDS. (b) The competition microarray experiments of 1 μ M Cy5-PDS with 1 μ M unlabeled PDS. The scatterplot showing the fluorescence of 1 μ M Cy5-PDS in the presence of 1 μ M unlabeled PDS vs. the fluorescence of 1 μ M Cy5-PDS in the absence of PDS.

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Figure S3. The NMR solution structure of a 2:1 complex of BMVC and MYC_14/23T G4 (PDB ID: 6O2L). (a) BMVC (stick model) binds at both the 5'-end and 3'-end of MYC_14/23T G4 (cartoon representation). (**b-c**) For the specific binding, BMVC recruits a flanking base to form a ligand-base pair at both of the 5'-end binding site (**b**) and the 3'-end binding site (**c**). BMVC = orange, Thymine = cyan, Adenine = magenta, Guanine = gray.



DNA	K _{d,app} (nM)
MYC_14/23T	36 ± 2
VEGF	134 ± 12
wtTel22 (K⁺)	311 ± 29
wtTel22 (Na⁺)	1614 ± 208

Figure S4. Apparent dissociation constant ($K_{d, app}$) of BMVC binding to various G4 structures determined by BMVC fluorescence. Conditions: 20 nM BMVC, 25 °C, pH 7, 100 mM K⁺ (100 mM Na⁺ for wtTel22).



Figure S5. Imino proton regions of the 1D 1H NMR titration spectra of BMVC with various G4 sequences. (a) MYC_14/23T, the major parallel G4 formed from the MYC promoter NHE III₁. (b) MYC1234, a parallel G4 formed from the 5'-end runs of guanines of the MYC promoter NHE III₁. (c) VEGF, a parallel G4 formed in the VEGF promoter. (d) VEGF_A2A21, the major parallel G4 formed from the VEGF promoter. (e) wtTel22 human telomeric sequence forms a basket-type G4 in Na⁺ solution. (f) Tel26, the hybrid-1 human telomeric G4. Imino protons arising from the 1:1 or 2:1 complex formation are marked with asterisks in black or red, respectively. All spectra were collected at 25 °C, pH=7.



Figure S6. Imino proton regions of the 1D ¹H NMR titration spectra of BMVC with MYC_1423T G4 (**a**), its 3'-end modified (**b**, **f**) and 5'-end modified (**c-e**) sequences. Imino protons arising from the 1:1 or 2:1 complex formation are marked with asterisks in black or red, respectively. All spectra were collected in 95 mM K⁺, pH=7 solution, at 25 °C.