Effect of a =X-NH-Fragment, (X = C, N), on Z/E Isomerization and ON/OFF Functionality of Isatin Arylhydrazones, ((Arylamino)Methylene)Indolin-2-Ones and Their Anions

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Figure S1. Concentration effect on UV-Vis spectra of *E*- and *Z*-isomers of hydrazones **1** *Z*, **2** *E*, **2** *Z*, **3** *E*, **3** *Z*, in CH₃CN and CHCl₃.



Figure S2. Change in UV-Vis spectra of hydrazones after irradiation with 405 nm light a) hydrazone 1 and b) hydrazone 2 Z in DMF.



Figure S3. Effect of DMF and CHCl₃ on hydrazo=azo equilibrium of *E*- and *Z*-isomers of hydrazone **3** $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})$.







Figure S5. Photoisomerization of a) compound **4** b) compound **5** in DMF $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})$.

Figure S6. UV-Vis spectra change of hydrazone 3 (1×10^{-5} mol.dm⁻³) depending on time at 25 °C in CHCl₃.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectrum of hydrazone **1** a) hydrazone **1** (1×10^{-3} mol.dm⁻³); b) mixture a) + TBAF (5×10^{-5} mol.dm⁻⁴); c) mixture b) after 20 h in the dark; d) mixture c) after irradiation with 405 nm light; e) mixture d) after irradiation with 445 nm light.



Figure S8. HPLC chromatogram and UV-Vis spectrum in DMF: a) and b) hydrazone $1 (5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})$; c) and d) hydrazone $1 + \text{TBAF} (3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})$; e) and f) mixture c) after irradiation with 470 nm light; g) and h) mixture e) after 16 h in the dark 25 °C.



Figure S9. The rate constant k [s⁻¹] dependence of the process $Z_{anion} = E_{anion}$ isomerization of hydrazone **1** anion (1×10⁻⁵ mol.dm⁻³) on the concentration of TBAF in DMF at 25 °C.



Figure S10. Photochemistry of compound 4 $(1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3}) + \text{TBAF} (1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})$ monitored by ¹H NMR and UV-Vis spectra in DMSO.



 $\begin{array}{c} \lambda \ (nm) & \lambda \ (nm) \\ \hline \ Figure \ S11. \ Change \ of \ UV-V is spectra \ of \ compounds \ 4 \ and \ 5 \ with \ TBAF \ depending \ on \ reaction \ time \\ 25 \ ^{\circ}C \ in \ DMF \ a) \ compound \ 4 \ (1\times10^{-5} \ mol.dm^{-3}) + \ TBAF \ (1\times10^{-2} \ mol.dm^{-3}); \ b) \ 5 \ (1\times10^{-5} \ mol.dm^{-3}) + \\ TBAF \ (1\times10^{-4} \ mol.dm^{-3}). \end{array}$



Figure S12. UV-Vis of compound 4 in DMF: $1-(4 (5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})); 2-(4 + \text{TBAF} (5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3})); 3-(4 + \text{TBAF} (5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol.dm}^$



Figure S13. Effect of temperature and irradiation (405 nm) on compound **5** (5×10^{-3} mol.dm⁻³) in the TBAF presence (5×10^{-2} mol.dm⁻³) monitored by ¹H NMR and UV-Vis: a), b) compound **5**; c), d) **5** + TBAF; e), f) mixture c) after 3 h at 80 °C; mixture e) after irradiation with 405 nm light.





Figure S14. Titration of *E*- and *Z*-isomers of hydrazone: a) 3E in DMF; b) 3Z in DMF; c) 3E in CH₃CN; d) 3Z in CH₃CN; e) 3E in CHCl₃; f) 3Z in CHCl₃; g) 2E in DMF; h) 2Z in DMF; i) 1 in DMF; j) 4 in DMF.