## Magnetically recoverable TiO<sub>2</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub>/Y-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/rGO composite with significantly enhanced UV-Visible light photocatalytic activity

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Due to the various amount of  $\gamma$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and rGO, abbreviated names are summarized in **Table S1**.

Y-Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> loading		rGO loading	
(g)		(g)	
0.016	1- TSF	0.01	1- TSFG
0.032	2- TSF	0.02	2- TSFG
0.063	3- TSF	0.03	3- TSFG

Table s1.  $\gamma\text{-}\mathsf{Fe}_2\mathsf{O}_3$  and rGO loading for different samples.



## Thermal stability

Thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA) and differential thermal analysis (DTA) trends of TSFG are presented in **Fig. S2** to investigate the effects of elevated temperatures upon the structure of the sample. A first mass loss is ascribed to dehydration during heating up to 150 °C <sup>8</sup>. The peak at 267 °C is related to the removal of residual hydroxyl groups <sup>44</sup>. Moreover, the peak at 409 °C could be attributed to the anatase to rutile transformation. Also, the peak at 523 °C is observed, which can be related to the oxidation of rGO <sup>45</sup>. Minimal weight loss was observed during heating above 650 °C. This issue cab be an evidence for the good thermal stability of the prepared sample.



Fig. S2. Weight loss curve profiles determined by TGA and DSC for TSFG.

## Photoactivity measurements





Fig. S3. Photoactivity under UV illumination of  $TiO_2/SiO_2$  before and after heat treatment at 450 °C to 750 °C for 120 min in a furnace.



Fig. S4. The photocatalytic activity for degradation of Methylene blue under UV illumination for different loadings of TSF and TSFG systems.





Fig. S5. Photoactivity under Visible illumination of  $TiO_2/SiO_2$  before and after heat treatment at 450 °C to 750 °C for 120 min in a furnace.



Fig. S6. The photocatalytic activity for degradation of Methylene blue under Visible illumination for different loadings of TSF and TSFG systems.