



Supporting Information Streptavidin-Hosted Organocatalytic Aldol Addition

Nicolò Santi¹, Louis C. Morrill^{1,2} and Louis Y. P. Luk^{1,2,*}

- ¹ School of Chemistry, Main Building, Cardiff University, Cardiff, CF10 3AT, UK; SantiN@cardiff.ac.uk (N.S.); MorrillLC@cardiff.ac.uk (L.C.M.)
- ² Cardiff Catalysis Institute, School of Chemistry, Main Building, Cardiff University, Cardiff, CF10 3AT, UK
- * Correspondence: lukly@cardiff.ac.uk; Tel.: +44 (0)29 2251 0161

SDS-PAGE of T-rSav and mutants

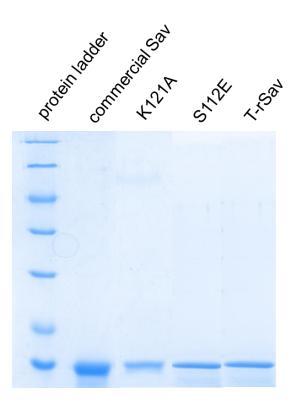
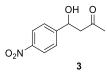


Figure S1. SDS-PAGE (15% w/v) for Sav (commercial Sav), T-rSav, K121A and S112E variants.

^{1.} H NMR Spectrum of Product 3



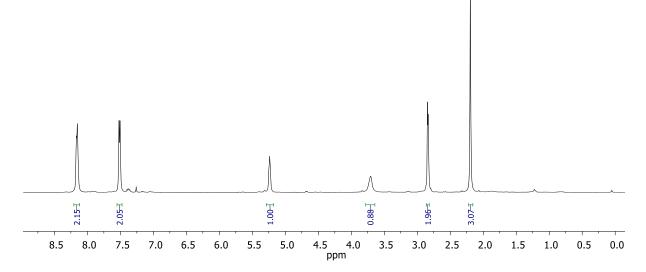


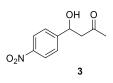
Figure S2. 1 H NMR spectrum for the aldol product 3.

Chiral HPLC Data of Activity and Selectivity Screening

Screening Reactions

Racemate 3

Racemic samples of **3** were obtained following a known procedure, using piperidine as catalyst.



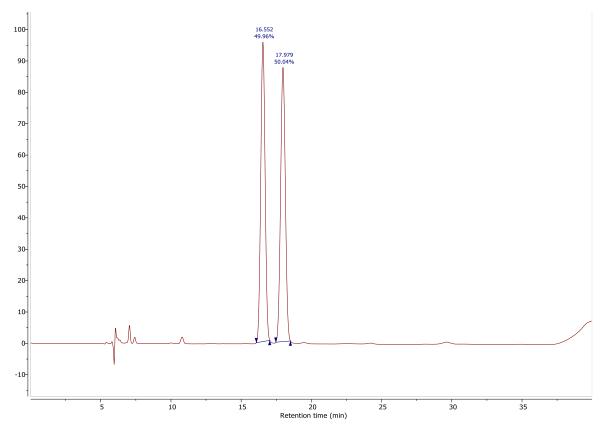


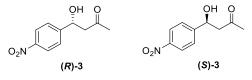
Figure S3. Chiral-LC spectrum for the racemate of product 3

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.5	50.0
2 (S-enantiomer)	18.0	50.0

L-proline

-

The absolute stereochemistry of $\mathbf{3}$ was assigned after running the sample obtained using L-Proline as catalyst.



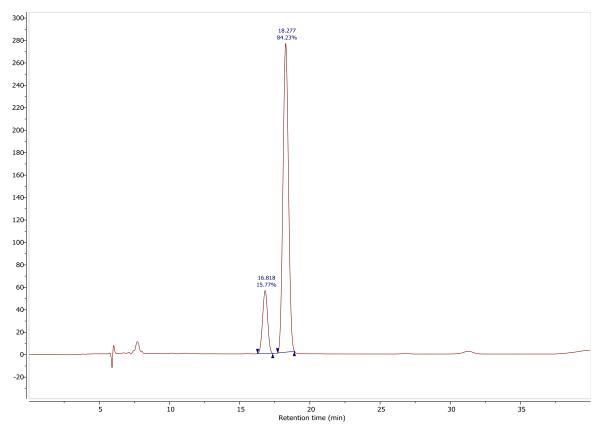


Figure S4. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using L-Proline.

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.8	15.7
2 (S-enantiomer)	18.3	84.3

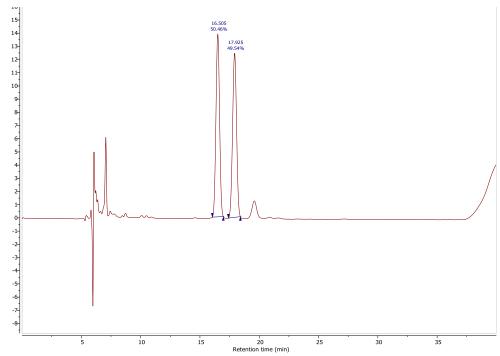


Figure S5. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using catalyst 1.

Catalyst 1 (1 mol%)

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (R-enantiomer)	16.5	50.5
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.9	49.5

Sav (1 mol%)

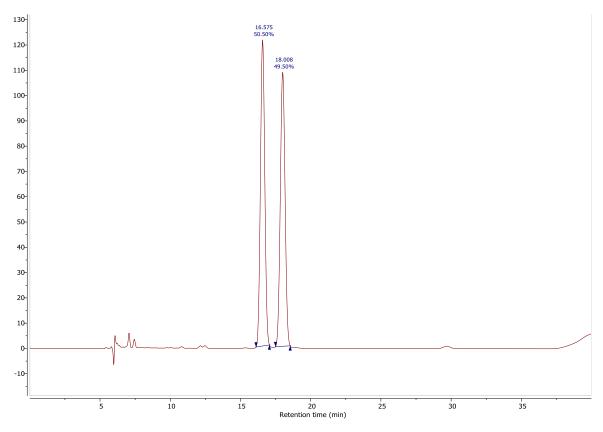


Figure S6. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav.

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.5	50.5
2 (S-enantiomer)	18.0	49.5

Sav:1 (0.1 mol%)

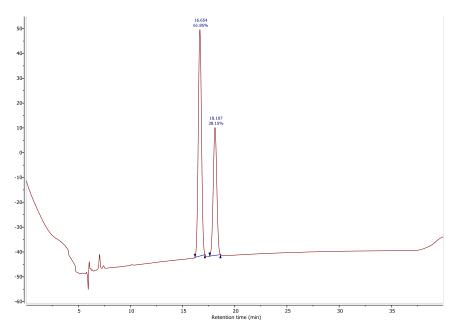


Figure S7. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav:1 (0.1 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.6	61.9
2 (S-enantiomer)	18.1	38.1

Sav:1 (0.5 mol%)

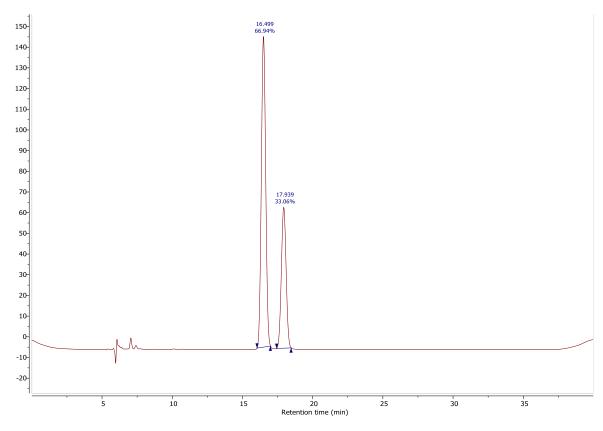
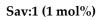


Figure S8. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav:1 (0.5 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.5	67.0
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.9	33.0



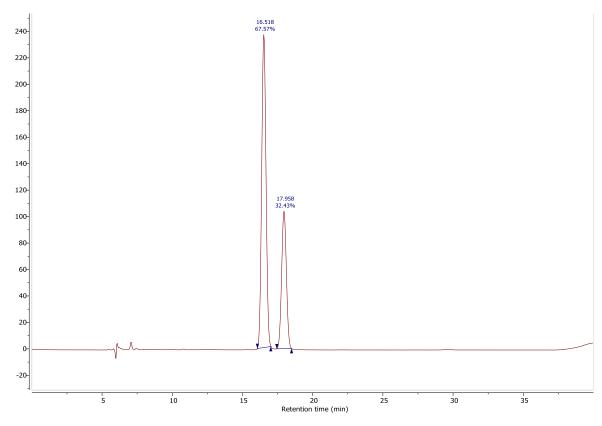


Figure S9. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav:1 (1 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.5	67.6
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.9	32.4

Sav:1 (1 mol% + 1mol% TFA)

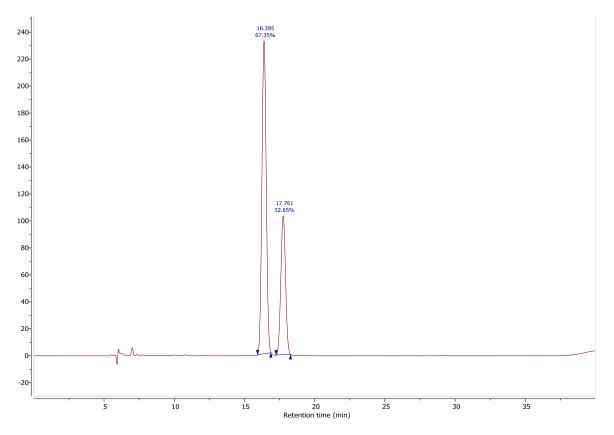


Figure S10. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav:1 (1 mol% + TFA).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.4	67.4
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.8	32.6

Sav:1 (1 mol%) at 10 °C

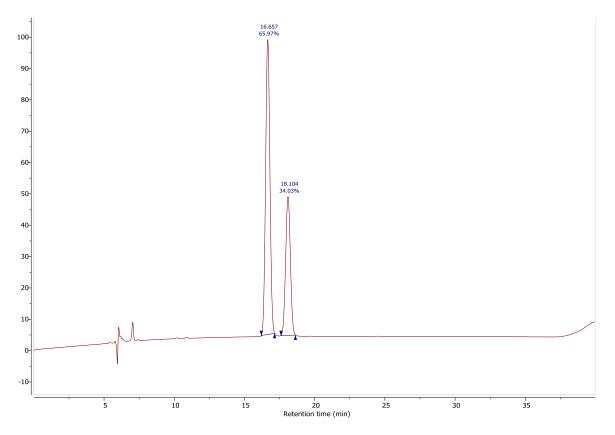


Figure S11. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using Sav:1 (1 mol%, 10 °C).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.6	66.0
2 (S-enantiomer)	18.1	34.0

Sav:1 (1 mol%) using 5 equivalent of acetone and 25% methanol

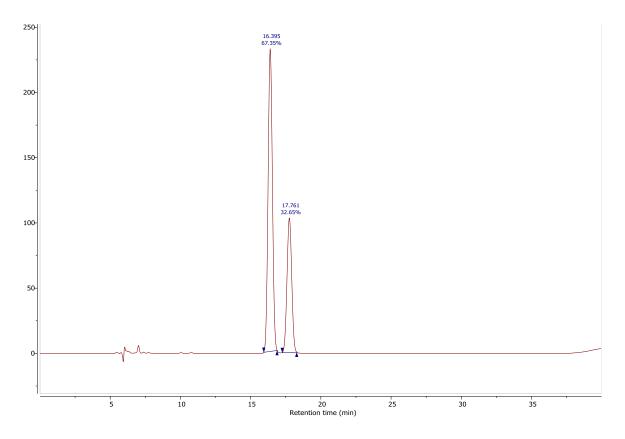


Figure S12. Chiral-LC spectrum for product **3** obtained using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 5 equivalents of acetone, and 25% methanol).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.4	67.4
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.8	32.6

Sav:1 (1 mol%) using 5 equivalent of acetone and 25% acetonitrile

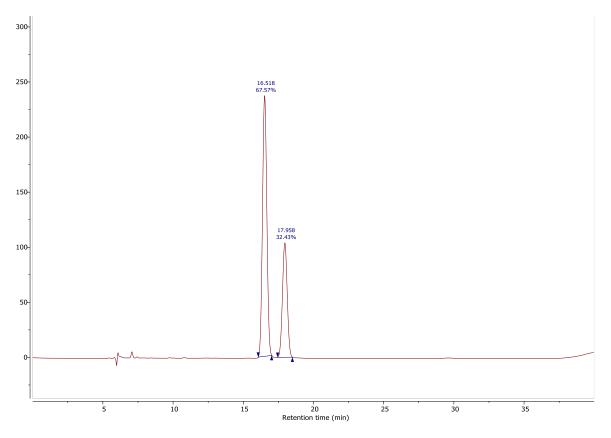


Figure S13. Chiral-LC spectrum for product **3** obtained using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 5 equivalents of acetone, and 25% acetonitrile).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.5	67.6
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.9	32.4

Sav:1 (1 mol%) using 20 equivalent of acetone and 25% iso-propanol

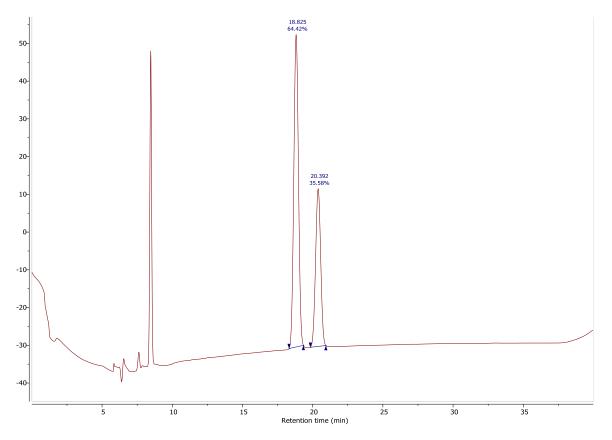


Figure S14. Chiral-LC spectrum for product **3** obtained using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 20 equivalents of acetone, and 25% iso-propanol).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	18.8	64.4
2 (S-enantiomer)	20.4	35.6

Sav:1 (1 mol%) using 50 equivalent of acetone and 25% iso-propanol

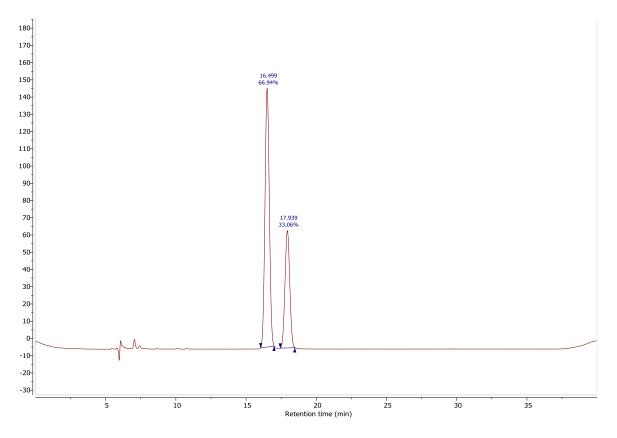


Figure S15. Chiral-LC spectrum for product **3** obtained using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 50 equivalents of acetone, and 25% methanol).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.4	66.9
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.9	33.1

T-rSav and mutants:1 Reactions

T-rSav:1

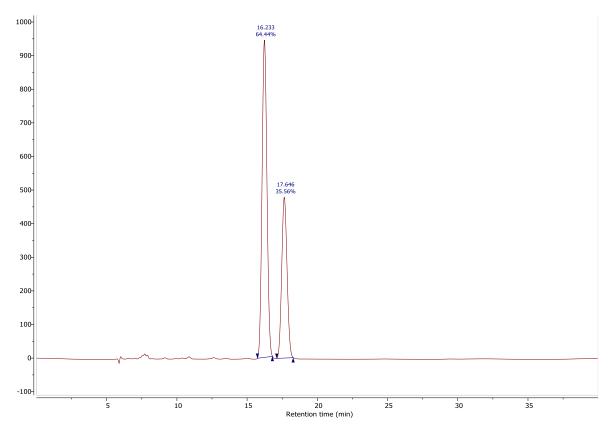


Figure S16. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using T-rSav:1 (1 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.2	64.4
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.6	35.6

S112E:1

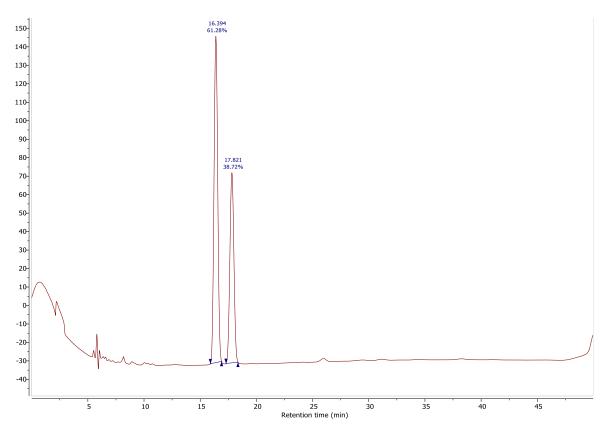


Figure S17. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using S112E:1 (1 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.4	61.3
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.8	38.7

K121A:1

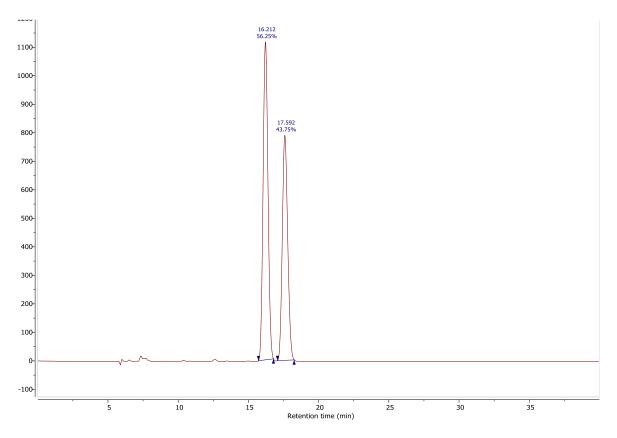


Figure S18. Chiral-LC spectrum for product 3 obtained using K121A:1 (1 mol%).

Entry	Retention time (min)	Peak Area (%)
1 (<i>R</i> -enantiomer)	16.2	56.2
2 (S-enantiomer)	17.6	43.8

¹H NMR Details for the Activity Screening of Catalysts 1 for the Aldol Addition Reaction of Acetone and *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde

Screening Reactions

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (no catalyst)

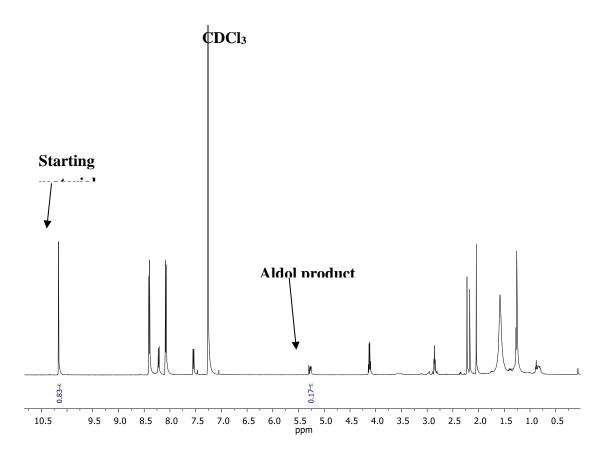


Figure S19. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using no catalyst.

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (catalyst 1)

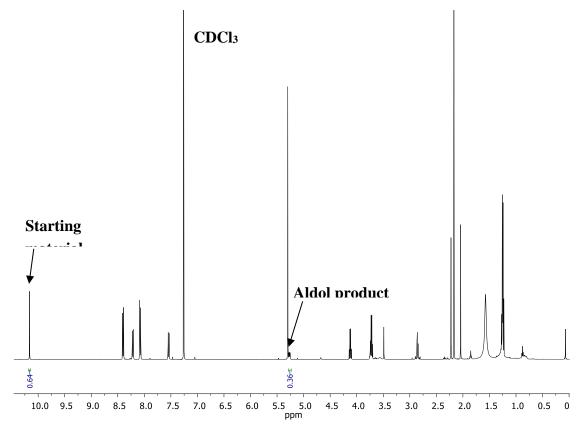


Figure S20. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using catalyst 1.

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav, 0.1 mol%)

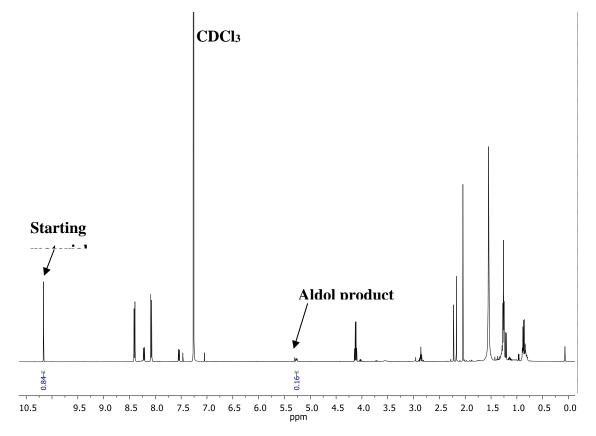


Figure S21. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav (0.1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav, 0.5 mol%)

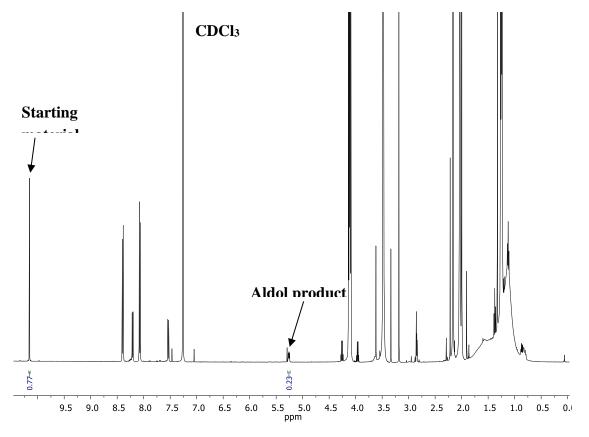


Figure S22. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav (0.5 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav, 1 mol%)

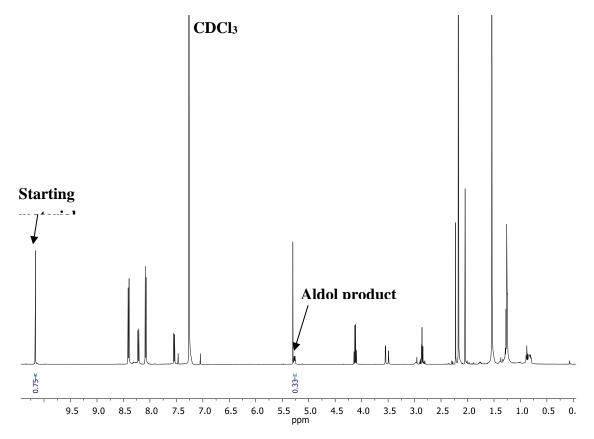


Figure S23. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav (1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav:1, 0.1 mol%)

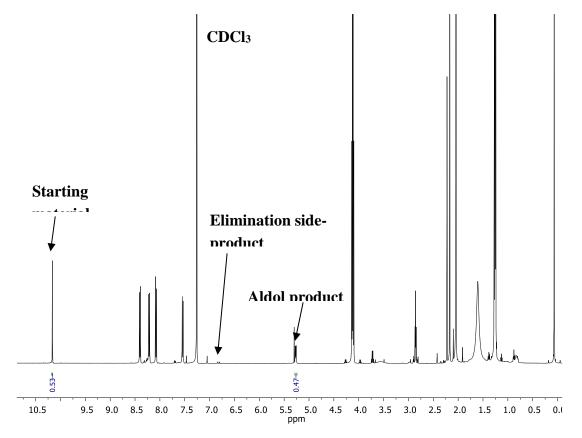


Figure S24. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:1 (0.1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav:1, 0.5 mol%)

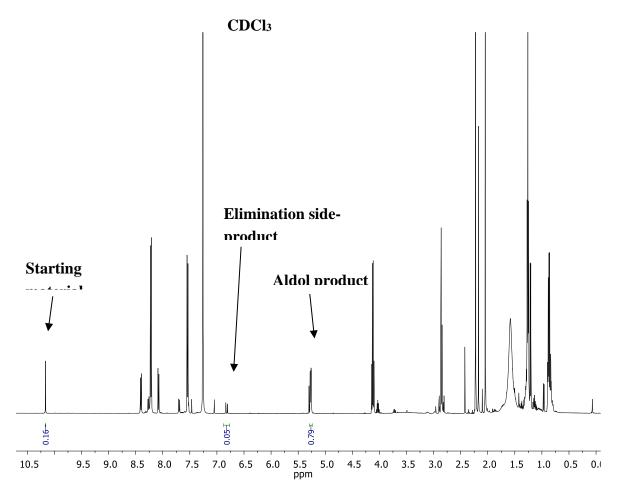


Figure S25. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:1 (0.5 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%)

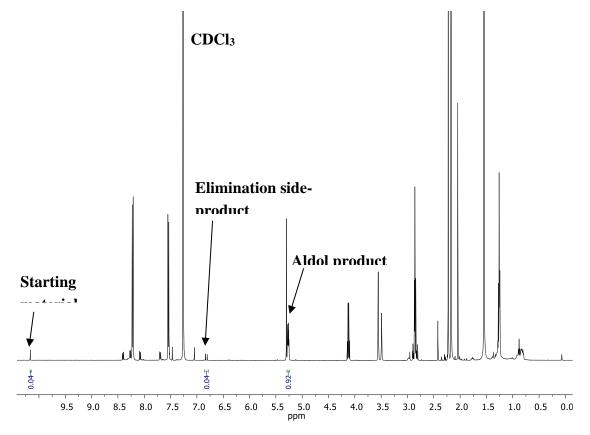


Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:1 (1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, and TFA 1 mol%)

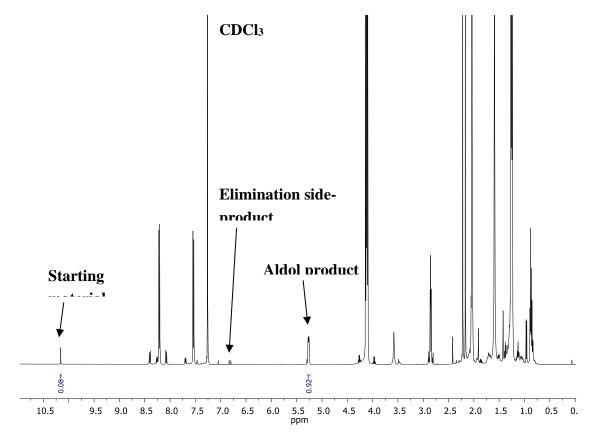


Figure S27. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:1 (1 mol% + TFA).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%) at 10 °C

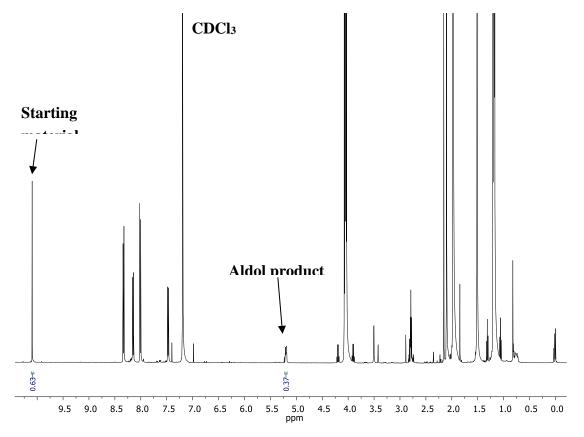


Figure S28. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:1 (1 mol%, 10 °C).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 5 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Methanol)

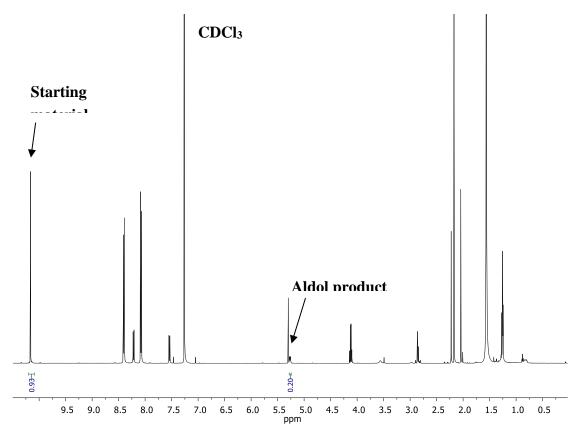


Figure S29. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 5 equivalents of acetone and 25% methanol).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 5 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Acetonitrile)

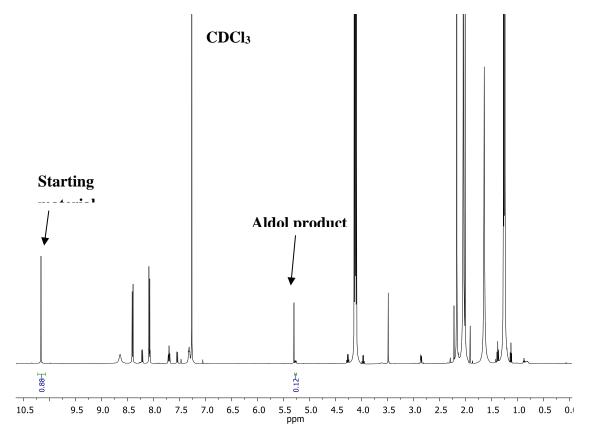


Figure S30. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 5 equivalents of acetone and 25% acetonitrile).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 5 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Iso-Propanol)

Integrations of starting material and product has been made using the aromatic peaks as standard.

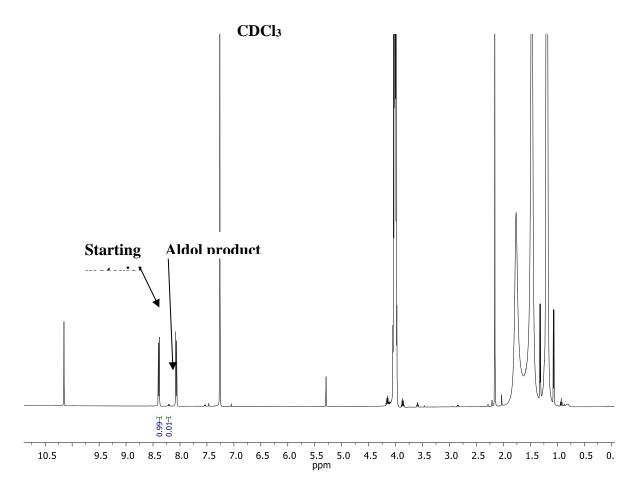
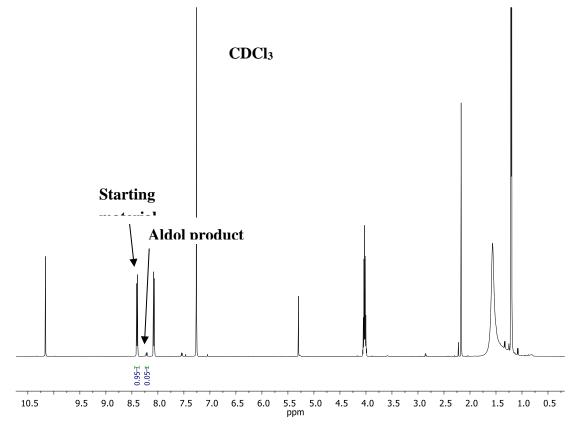
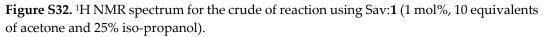


Figure S31. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 5 equivalents of acetone and 25% iso-propanol).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 10 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Iso-Propanol)

Integrations of starting material and product has been made using the aromatic peaks as standard.





¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 20 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Iso-Propanol)

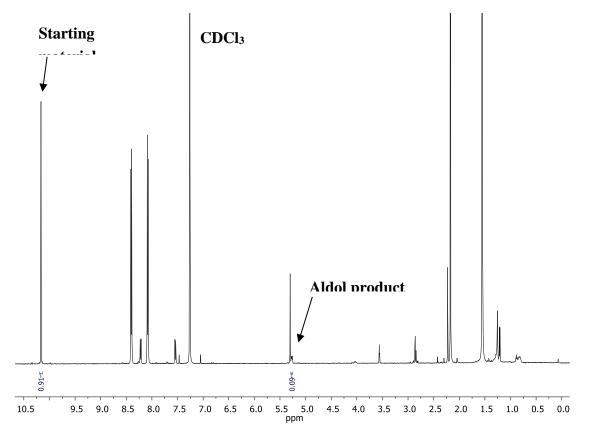


Figure S33. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 20 equivalents of acetone and 25% iso-propanol).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and 50 Equivalents of Acetone (Sav:1, 1 mol%, 25% Iso-Propanol)

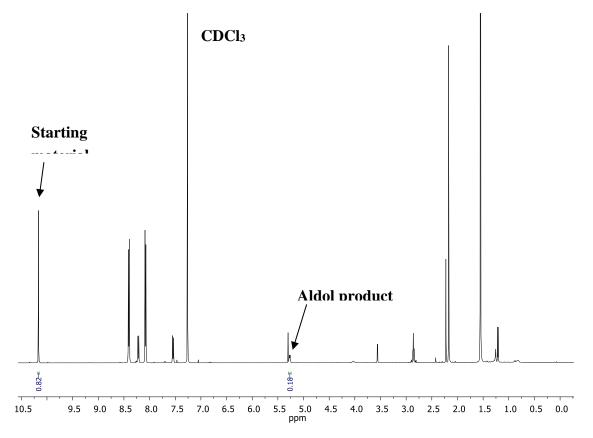


Figure S34. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using Sav:**1** (1 mol%, 50 equivalents of acetone and 25% iso-propanol).

Protein scope

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (T-rSav:1, 1 mol%)

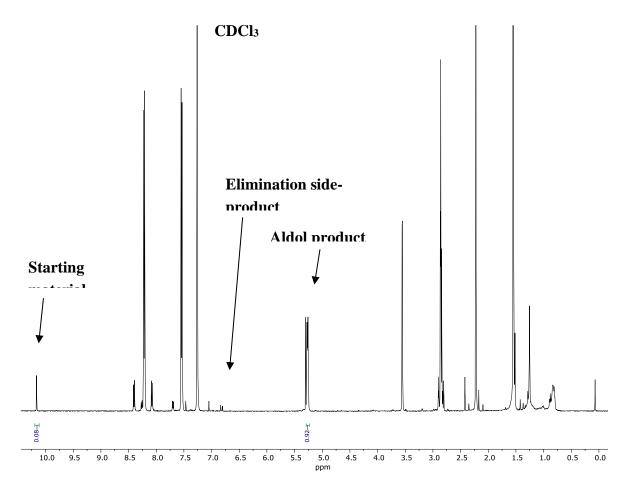


Figure S35. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using T-rSav:1 (1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (S112E:1, 1 mol%)

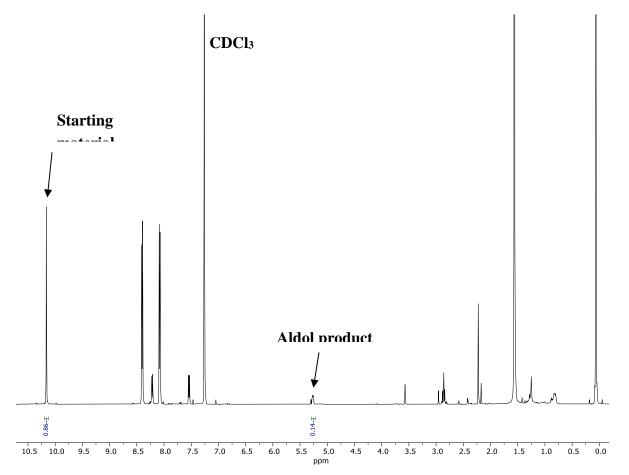


Figure S36. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using S112E:1 (1 mol%).

¹H NMR Spectrum after Extraction of the Reaction Mixture between *p*-Nitrobenzaldehyde and Acetone (K121A:1, 1 mol%)

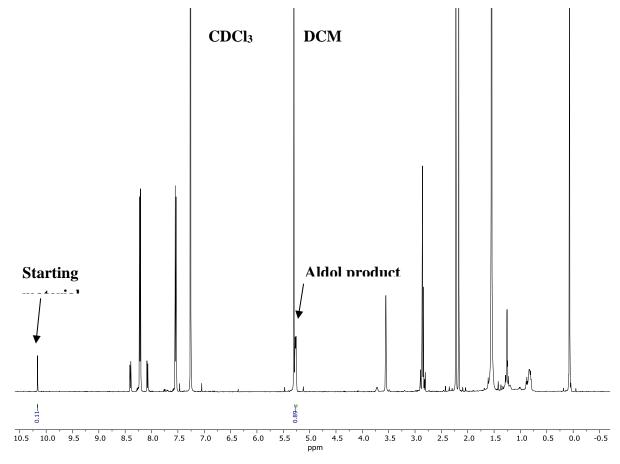


Figure S37. ¹H NMR spectrum for the crude of reaction using K121A:1 (1 mol%).