Supporting Information

A Combined Mechanochemical and Calcination Route to Mixed Cobalt Oxides for the Selective Catalytic Reduction of Nitrophenols

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Figure S1: (*left*) Additional representative Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) images of (A) **Co@100**, (B) **Co@350**, and (C) **Co@600**; (*right*) representative corresponding SEM-EDX analysis.



Figure S2: Additional representative Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) images of (A) **Co@100**, (B) **Co@350**, and (C) **Co@600**.



Figure S3: (*left*) Raman and (*right*) FTIR spectra of KOH, Co@100, Co@350 and Co@600.



Figure S4: Roquerol plot of (A) **Co@100**, (B) **Co@350**, and (C) **Co@600**; BET plot of (D) **Co@100**, (E) **Co@350**, and (F) **Co@600**.

Sample	Co@100	Co@350	Co@600
BET slope	1.99×10 ⁻¹	1.53×10 ⁻¹	4.18×10 ⁻¹
σ BET slope	8.43×10 ⁻⁴	3.46×10 ⁻⁴	4.64×10 ⁻³
BET intercept	4.07×10 ⁻⁴	1.32×10 ⁻⁴	1.57×10 ⁻³
σ BET intercept	5.39×10 ⁻⁵	1.68×10 ⁻⁵	3.41×10 ⁻⁴
V_m (cm ³ (STP) g ⁻¹)	5.00	6.55	2.39
σ_{Vm}	0.02	0.02	0.03
SBET (m ² g ⁻¹)	21.75	28.48	10.38
σs_bet	0.10	0.07	0.12
CBET	491	1121	268
σc_bet	65	138	58

Table S1. BET parameters, volume of monolayer, surface area and C-parameters of the prepared cobalt oxide particles including the standard deviations.



Figure S5:

XPS spectra for the C 1s region for Co@100, Co@350 and Co@600.



Figure S6: Reference UV-Vis spectra for parent nitrophenol (A-C) (*yellow line*), resulting product from interaction with BH₄⁻ in solution (*red line*), and respective reduced product/products after catalytic reaction (*green line*).



Figure S7: UV-Vis spectra for the reduction of 4NP by (A) Co@100, (B) Co@350, and (C) Co@600.



Figure S8: (A) UV-Vis spectrum for the reduction of **4NP** by commercial Co₃O₄ (inset plot of ln(C/Co) as a function of time). (B) Pressure *vs* time for 1 mg Co₃O₄ in 3 mL of DIW; 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, and 1 mg Co₃O₄ in 3 mL of DIW mmol of NaBH₄ and 0.39 µmol of **4NP**.



Figure S9: (A) Measurement set-up in a closed system monitored by a Vernier PS400-BTA sensor. (B) A series of measurements resulting from (**grey/black**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄ in 3 mL of DIW; (**orange/yellow**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄ and 0.39 µmol of **4NP** in 3 mL of DIW; (**green**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, 0.39 µmol of **4NP** and 1 mg **Co@350** in 3 mL of DIW; (**blue**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, and 1 mg **Co@350** in 3 mL of DIW; (**blue**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, and 1 mg **Co@350** in 3 mL of DIW; (**blue**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, and 1 mg **Co@350** in 3 mL of DIW; (**blue**) 0.2 mmol of NaBH₄, and 1 mg **Co@350** in 3 mL of DIW. # of mol H₂ evolved approximated with the ideal gas law from the resulting pressure change.



Figure S10: pH measurements for 4NP + NaBH₄; NaBH₄ + Co@350; 4NP + NaBH₄ + Co@350.



Fig. S11. UV-Vis spectra for the attempted reduction of **4NP** by KOH with (A) and without (B) NaBH₄; reduction of **4NP** and NaBH₄ with **Co@350** and 1 mg KOH (C).



Figure S12: UV-Vis spectra for the reduction of **4NP** by **Co@350** over five successive trials with isolation after each trial.



Figure S13: Raman spectra of "spent" **Co@350** after five successive reductions of **4NP** with isolation after each catalytic trial (*i.e. catalyst isolated after completion of Trial 5 in Figure S9*).



Figure S14: Powder XRD patterns of spent **Co@100**, **Co@350**, and **Co@600**. Indexed by the (311) peak of Co3O4 and (012) peak of CoO(OH).



Figure S15: UV-Vis spectra for the reduction of 4A3NP by (A) Co@100, (B) Co@350, and (C) Co@600.



Figure S16: UV-Vis spectra for the reduction of 2A5NP by (A) Co@100, (B) Co@350, and (C) Co@600.