

## Supplementary Materials

### A stapled peptide mimic of the pseudosubstrate inhibitor PKI inhibits Protein Kinase A

Jascha T. Manschwetus <sup>1,#</sup>, George N. Bendzunas <sup>2,#</sup>, Ameya J. Limaye <sup>2</sup>, Matthias J. Knape <sup>1,3</sup>,  
Friedrich W. Herberg <sup>1,\*</sup> and Eileen J. Kennedy <sup>2,\*</sup>

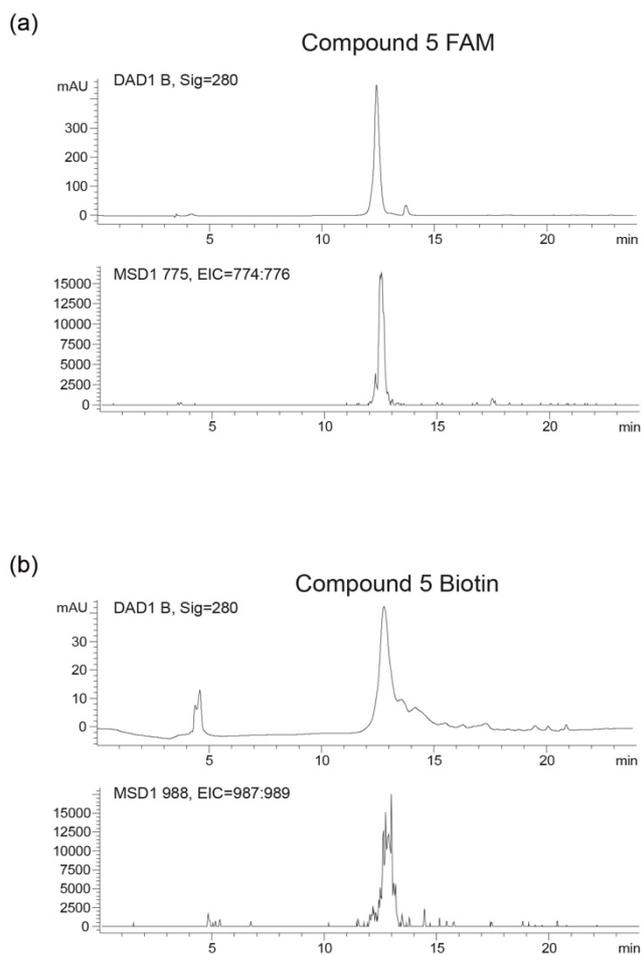
<sup>1</sup> Department of Biochemistry, Institute for Biology, University of Kassel, Heinrich-Plett-Str. 40, 34132 Kassel, Germany

<sup>2</sup> Department of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Sciences, College of Pharmacy, University of Georgia, 240 W. Green St, 30602 Athens, GA United States

<sup>3</sup> Present address: Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma GmbH & Co. KG, Analytical Developments Biologicals, Birkendorfer Strasse 65, 88397 Biberach an der Riss, Germany.

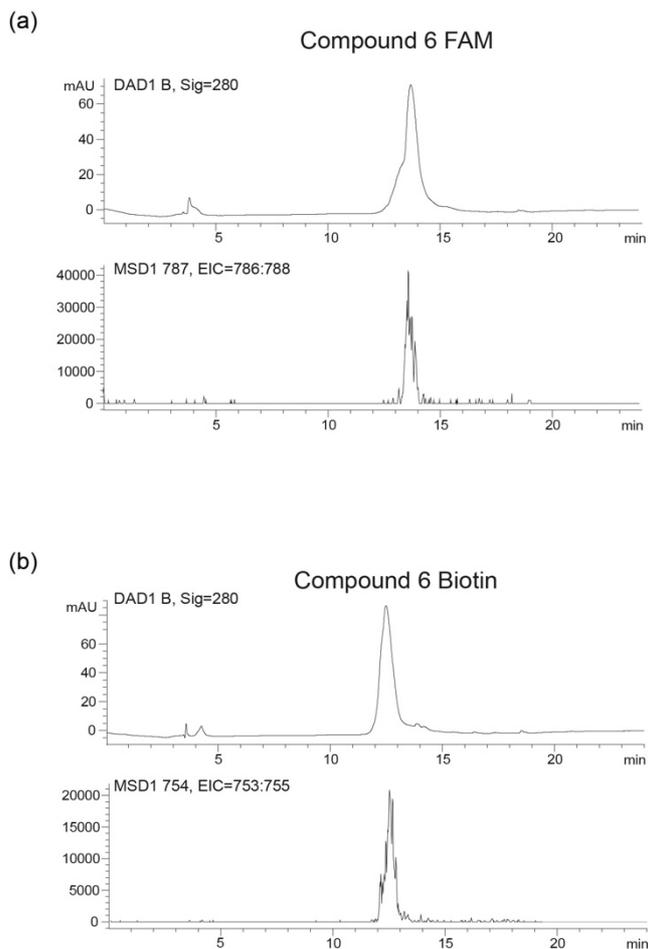
# Authors contributed equally to this work

\* Correspondence: ekennedy@uga.edu; Tel.: +1-706-542-6497 (E.J.K.); herberg@uni-kassel.de; Tel.: +49-561-804-4511(F.W.H.)



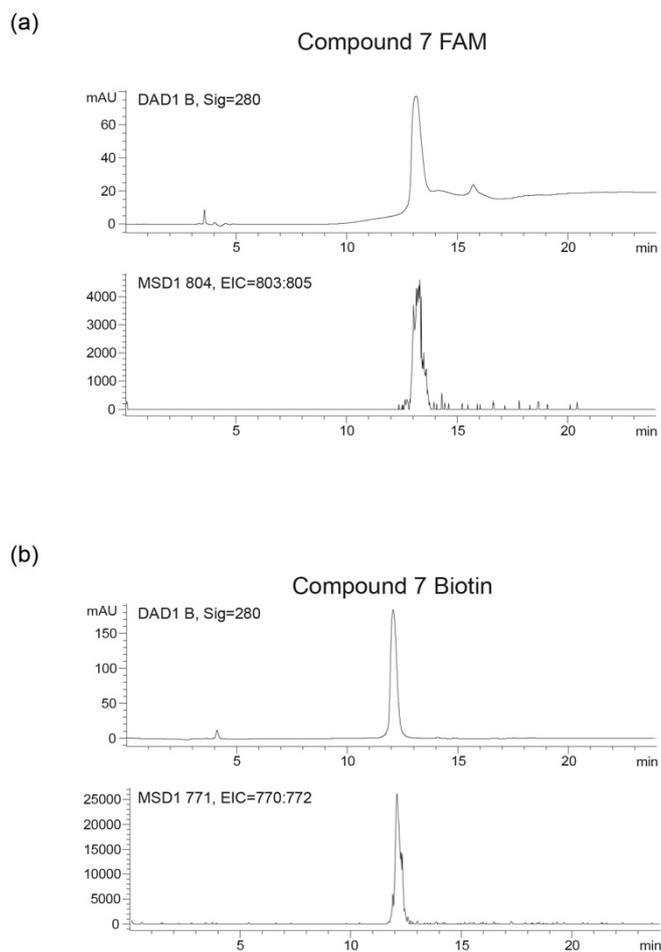
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55

**Figure S1.** LC/MS spectra of HPLC-purified Compound 5. (a) Spectra of purified FAM-5 is shown. The absorbance profile at 280 nm and extracted ion current (EIC) mass spectrometric detection (MSD) are included. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=775$ . (b) Spectra of purified Biotin-5 is displayed. The expected mass for  $(M+2)/2=988$ .



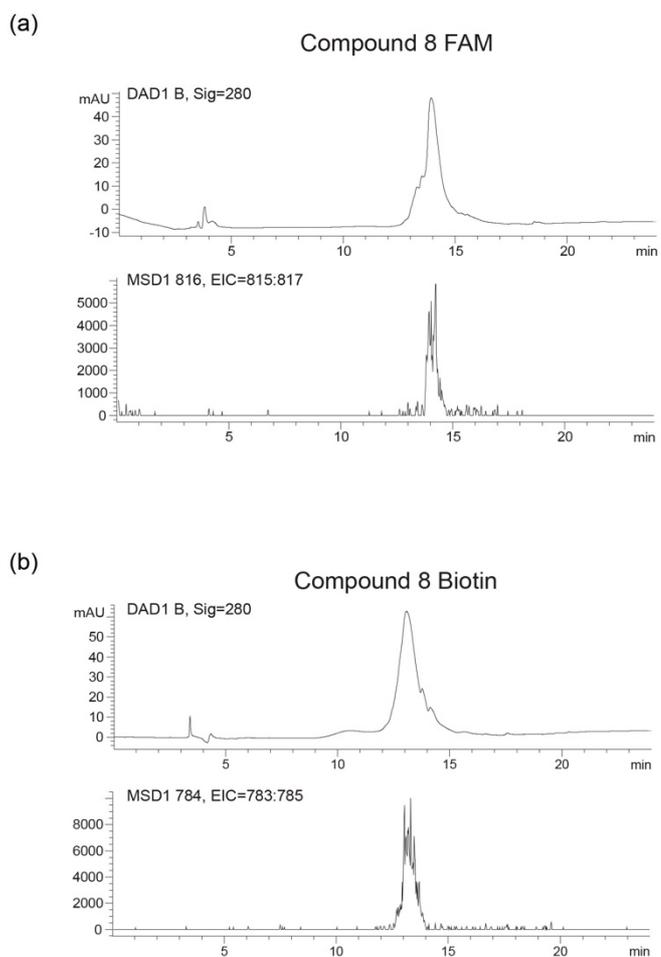
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82

**Figure S2.** LC/MS spectra of HPLC-purified Compound 6. (a) Spectra of purified FAM-6 is shown. The absorbance profile at 280 nm and extracted ion current (EIC) mass spectrometric detection (MSD) are included. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=787$ . (b) Spectra of purified Biotin-6 is displayed. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=754$ .



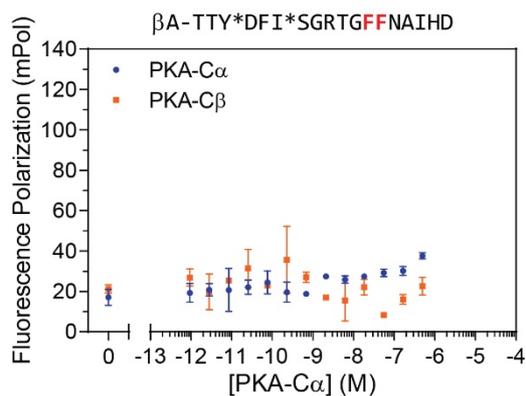
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100  
101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109

**Figure S3.** LC/MS spectra of HPLC-purified Compound 7. (a) Spectra of purified FAM-7 is shown. The absorbance profile at 280 nm and extracted ion current (EIC) mass spectrometric detection (MSD) are included. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=804$ . (b) Spectra of purified Biotin-7 is displayed. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=771$ .



110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127

**Figure S4.** LC/MS spectra of HPLC-purified Compound 8. (a) Spectra of purified FAM-8 is shown. The absorbance profile at 280 nm and extracted ion current (EIC) mass spectrometric detection (MSD) are included. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=816$ . (b) Spectra of purified Biotin-8 is displayed. The expected mass for  $(M+3)/3=784$ .



128

129 **Figure S5.** Direct binding measurements of a FAM-labeled negative control peptide using fluorescence  
 130 polarization (FP): Binding measurements of a stapled PKI<sup>5-24</sup> analog (sequence on top) to PKA-C $\alpha$  and PKA-C $\beta$   
 131 demonstrate that the two basic Arg residues at P-2 and P-3 are critical for binding comparable to the wildtype  
 132 protein PKI. This implicates that the interaction of this analog resembles the binding mode of unstapled PKI<sup>5-24</sup>.  
 133 No binding could be determined under given conditions in three independent measurements with three protein  
 134 preparations for both PKA-C isoforms.

135

136

137

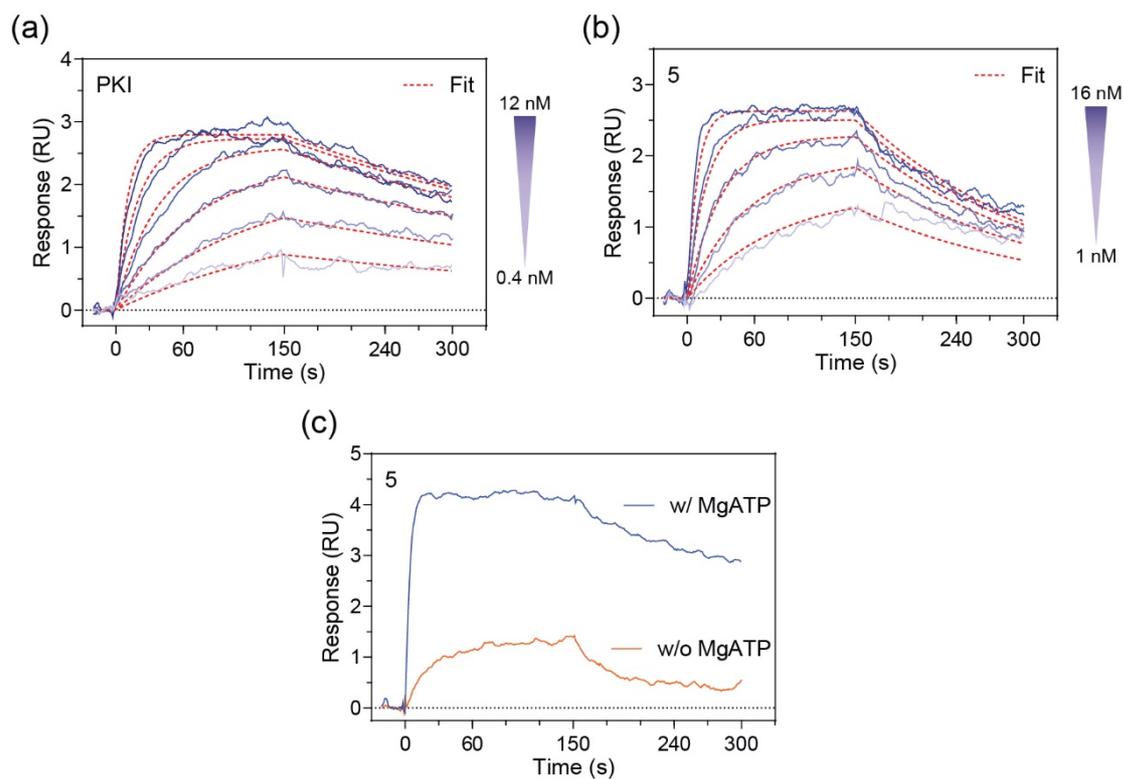
138

139

140

141

142



143

144 **Figure S6.** Kinetic interaction analyses by Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR): (a) Binding measurements of the  
 145 wildtype protein PKI<sup>full-length</sup> show subnanomolar affinities as a result of fast association and slow dissociation  
 146 rate constants; (b) Binding measurements of Compound 5 reveal comparable binding to the stapled analog 6  
 147 (see main article); and (c) Binding of Compound 6 to PKA-C is highly dependent on the presence of 1 mM Mg<sup>2+</sup>  
 148 and 10 mM ATP as measured using running buffer with or without MgATP. Capture levels of GST-PKA-Cα  
 149 were 127 and 125 RU for studies with and without MgATP, respectively.

150

151

152

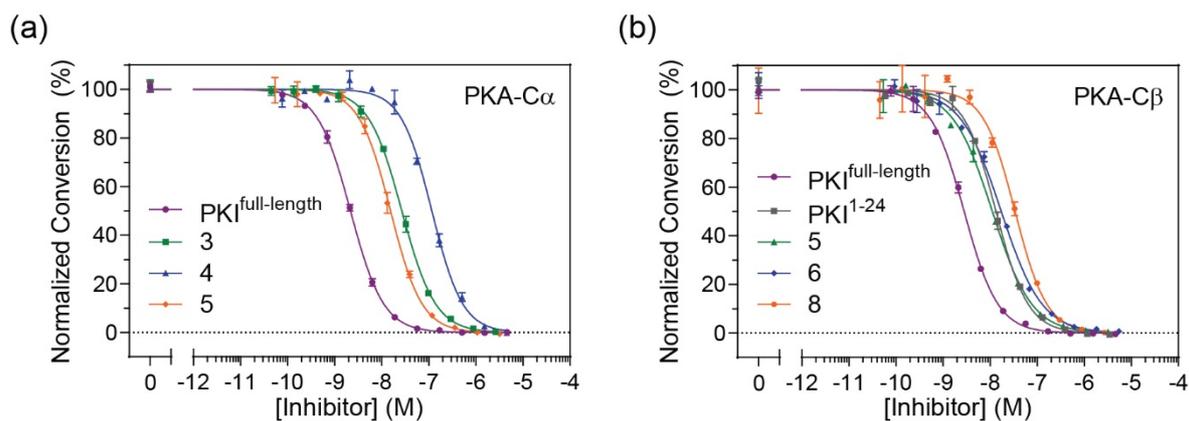
153

154

155

156

157



158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

**Figure S7.** Inhibition of kinase activity was monitored using microfluidic electrophoretic mobility shift assays (MMSA): Phosphorylation of Kemptide by PKA-C $\alpha$  (a) was monitored over a concentration range of inhibitor peptide 5 or PKI<sup>full-length</sup>. The wildtype protein still shows increased inhibitory potency most likely due to additional interaction sites. (b) Inhibition of substrate peptide phosphorylation by PKA-C $\beta$ 1 was determined for PKI<sup>full-length</sup>, PKI<sup>1-24</sup> and its derivatives 5, 6 as well as 8. The analyzed inhibitors were found to have IC<sub>50</sub> values that are comparable to PKA-C $\alpha$ , thereby indicating that the hydrocarbon stapling of PKI<sup>1-24</sup> derived peptides does effect isoform specificity.

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

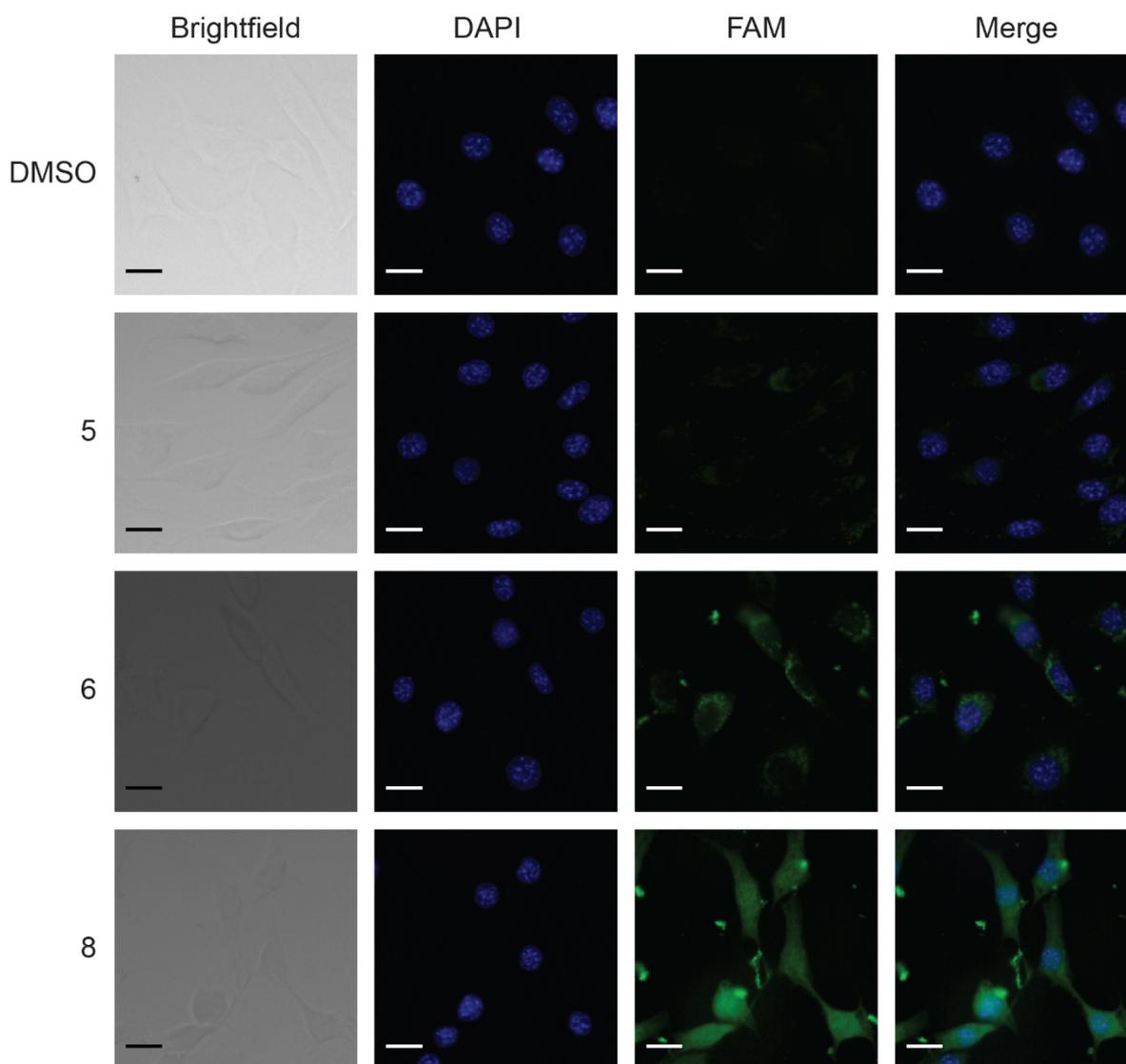
178

179

180

181

182

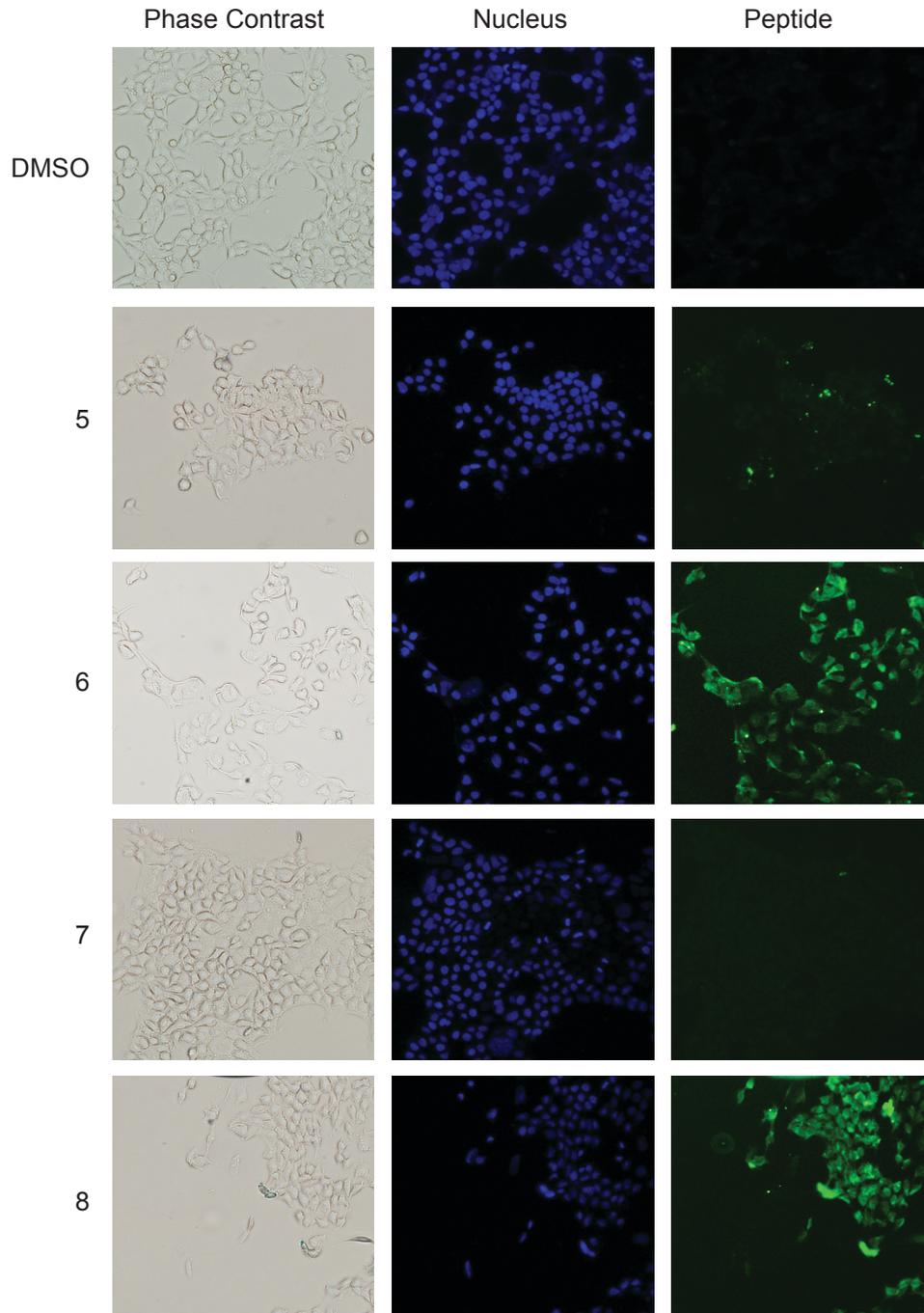


183

184 **Figure S8.** Cell permeation assay using NIH-3T3 cells: In DMEM containing 10 % fetal bovine serum, cells were  
 185 grown to 50 % confluency in 8-chamber slides (CC2 treated, Lab-Tek II, Nalgene Nunc International) and treated  
 186 with 5  $\mu$ M of FAM-labeled peptides in DMEM for 4 (6 and 8) or 8 h (5 and DMSO ctrl.), respectively.  
 187 Subsequently, cells were washed, fixed in 2 % paraformaldehyde and embedded in mounting medium  
 188 containing DAPI (ProLong Gold Antifade Mountant). Cells were imaged at 20  $\times$  magnification using a TCS SP5  
 189 microscope (Leica microsystems) before subtracting background (rolling ball radius: 100  $\mu$ M) using ImageJ  
 190 1.51n. Compounds 6 and 8 were able to penetrate cells while the unstapled control peptide 5 could not permeate  
 191 cells. Scale bars indicate 15  $\mu$ m.

192  
 193  
 194  
 195  
 196  
 197  
 198  
 199  
 200  
 201  
 202  
 203  
 204

205  
206  
207  
208  
209



210  
211  
212  
213  
214  
215

**Figure S9.** Un-zoomed view of cell uptake in HEK293 cells after 8 hr peptide treatment.

216  
217  
218

219 **Table S1.** Summary of SPR analysis. Values were obtained from one (PKI<sup>full-length</sup>) or two (5) independent  
220 measurements and are given with SD. The kinetics of Compound 5 are similar to those of the stapled analog 6  
221 (see main article).

Compound	$k_a$ ( $\times 10^6 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ )	$k_d$ ( $\times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ )	$K_D$ (nM)
PKI <sup>full-length</sup>	8.3	2.4	0.3
5	$6.2 \pm 1.0$	$4.5 \pm 2.2$	$0.7 \pm 0.2$

222

223

224

225 **Table S2.** Summary of additional IC<sub>50</sub> values determined using MMSA analysis. Compound 3 shows half-  
226 maximal inhibition of PKA-C $\alpha$  at a low nanomolar level while hydrocarbon stapling (4) decreased the inhibitory  
227 potency more than 3-fold. The IC<sub>50</sub> values of both PKI<sup>full-length</sup> and PKI<sup>1-24</sup> as well as its derivatives (5, 6 and 7)  
228 towards PKA-C $\beta$  did not notably differ from those towards PKA-C $\alpha$ . Values were obtained from two  
229 independent measurements with two protein preparations and are reported in nM with SD.

Compound	PKA-C $\alpha$	PKA-C $\beta$
PKI <sup>full-length</sup>	$2.2 \pm 0.1^2$	$2.5 \pm 0.4$
3	$30.0 \pm 4.4$	n.d.
4	$100 \pm 23$	n.d.
PKI <sup>1-24</sup>	<sup>1</sup>	$13.6 \pm 0.4$
5	$15.8 \pm 0.5$	$10.7 \pm 0.7$
6	<sup>1</sup>	$19.1 \pm 2.5$
8	<sup>1</sup>	$32.1 \pm 2.6$

230

<sup>1</sup> Values are shown in the main article; <sup>2</sup> n.d. – not determined.

231

232

233

234

235

236

237