SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

SYNTHESIS OF NOVEL 2-(HET)ARYLPYRROLIDINE DERIVATIVES AND EVALUATION OF THEIR ANTICANCER AND ANTI-BIOFILM ACTIVITY

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Anti-biofilm activity studies



Figure S 1. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6a** against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: $1 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 2. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6a** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: $1 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6a (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 3. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6b** against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: $1 - 6b (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6b (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6b (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6b (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6b (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 4. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6b** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: 1 - 6b (1×10^{-9} M); 2 - 6b (1×10^{-8} M); 3 - 6b (1×10^{-7} M); 4 - 6b (1×10^{-6} M); 5 - 6b (1×10^{-5} M). The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean \pm SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 5. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6c** against V. aquamarinus DSM 26054: $1 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 6. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6c** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: $1 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6c (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 7. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6d** against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: $1 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 8. Figure 4 – Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6d** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: $1 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6d (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 9. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6e** against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: $1 - 6e (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 6e (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 6e (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 6e (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 6e (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 10. Antibiofilm activity of pyrrolidine **6e** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: 1 - 6e (1×10⁻⁹ M); 2 - 6e (1×10⁻⁸ M); 3 - 6e (1×10⁻⁷ M); 4 - 6e (1×10⁻⁶ M); 5 - 6e (1×10⁻⁵ M). The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 11. Antibiofilm activity of phenol **4** against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: $1 - 4 (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; $2 - 4 (1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; $3 - 4 (1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; $4 - 4 (1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; $5 - 4 (1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean + SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 12. Figure 12 – Antibiofilm activity of phenol **4** against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: 1 – **4** (1×10⁻⁹ M); 2 – **4** (1×10⁻⁸ M); 3 – **4** (1×10⁻⁷ M); 4 – **4** (1×10⁻⁶ M); 5 – **4** (1×10⁻⁵ M). The solutions of appropriate solvent in ethanol with the same concentration were used as controls. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 13. Antibiofilm activity of azithromycin against *V. aquamarinus* DSM 26054: 1 – control; 2 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; 3 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; 4 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; 5 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; 6 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. Deionized H₂O was used as control. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean + SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.



Figure S 14. Antibiofilm activity of azithromycin against *A. calcoaceticus* VKPM B-10353: 1 – control; 2 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M})$; 3 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M})$; 4 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$; 5 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M})$; 6 – azithromycin $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$. Deionized H₂O was used as control. Each experiment was performed in triplicate and repeated in six different occasions. The values were expressed as mean <u>+</u> SD. Student's T-test was used to compare these values. *Differences were considered statistically significant at p < 0.05.

X-ray studies



Figure S 15. Crystal packing of compound 8f (molecules of different symmetry equivalents are shown in different colors).

Torsion angle	а	b	С	Torsion angle	а	b	С
N1-C2-C3-C4	18.0(3)	21.0(3)	36.1(3)	C16-N17-C18-C19	83.4(3)	98.6(3)	90.2(3)
C2-C3-C4-C5	30.0(3)	33.6(3)	35.3(3)	N17-C18-C19-C20	173.5(2)	171.8(3)	54.8(3)
C3-C4-C5-N1	29.7(3)	32.6(3)	20.6(3)	C18-C19-C20-C21	66.5(4)	49.3(5)	170.3(2)
C5-N1-C2-C3	0.8(3)	0.6(3)	23.9(3)	C19-C20-C21-C22	61.3(4)	179.0(3)	173.3(2)
C2-N1-C5-C4	19.0(3)	19.9(3)	2.1(3)	C20-C21-C22-C23	172.4(3)	175.8(4)	174.4(3)

Table S 2. H-bonds in crystal of compound 8f.

H-bond	D-H	НА	DA	D-HA
O15B-H15BO16B	0.86	1.68	2.536(3)	173
O15C-H15CO16C	0.85	1.72	2.550(3)	165
O15A-H16AO16A	0.85	1.66	2.508(3)	171
N17A-H17A07A	0.88	2.10	2.921(3)	156
N17B-H17BO7B	1.02	1.91	2.842(3)	151
N17C-H17C07C	0.89	1.98	2.867(3)	171
C2A-H2AAO15A	1.00	2.48	2.882(3)	103
СЗА-НЗАВО7А	0.99	2.44	2.914(3)	109
C4A-H4AB07A	0.99	2.54	3.131(3)	118
C5A-H5ABO7A	0.99	2.52	3.338(3)	140

H-bond	D-H	HA	DA	D-HA
C2B-H2BAO15B	1.00	2.49	2.893(3)	104
C3B-H3BBO7B	0.99	2.31	3.003(4)	126
C12B-H12BO16C	0.95	2.38	3.251(3)	152
C18B-H18DO16B	0.99	2.42	2.765(3)	100
C4C-H4CA07C	0.99	2.32	3.006(3)	126
C5C-H5CA015C	1.00	2.48	2.890(3)	104

Table S 3. π ... π interactions in crystal of compound **8f**.

Ππ	Cg-Cg	Alpha	Cgl_Perp	CgJ_Perp
Cg2Cg3	3.4890(16)	0.88(13)	3.4838(11)	3.4858(11)
(ø3 (ø2	3 4890(16)	0.88(13)	3 4858(11)	3 4838(11)
060062	5.1050(10)	0.00(10)	5.1050(11)	5.1050(11)
Cg7Cg11	3.7432(16)	1.41(13)	-3.4105(11)	-3.3934(11)
Cg11Cg7	3.7432(16)	1.41(13)	-3.3934(11)	-3.4105(11)

Table S 4. CH... π interactions in crystal of compound 8f.

С-Нπ	HCg	H-Perp	Gamma	X-HCg
C2A-H2AACg11	2.89	2.86	7.89	143
C21A-H21BCg6	2.78	2.73	10.66	144
C22C-H22ECg3	2.66	-2.65	6.12	168
	C2A-H2AACg11 C21A-H21BCg6 C22C-H22ECg3	C-Hπ HCg C2A-H2AACg11 2.89 C21A-H21BCg6 2.78 C22C-H22ECg3 2.66	C-Hπ HCg H-Perp C2A-H2AACg11 2.89 2.86 C21A-H21BCg6 2.78 2.73 C22C-H22ECg3 2.66 -2.65	C-HπHCgH-PerpGammaC2A-H2AACg112.892.867.89C21A-H21BCg62.782.7310.66C22C-H22ECg32.66-2.656.12

In vivo anti-cancer activity



Figure S 16. The Kaplan-Meier curves demonstrating the percentage of survival of mice bearing P388 leukemia as a function of time.

In vitro anti-cancer activity

Table S 5. Cytotoxic effects of pyrrolidines 7b–8h on the cancer and normal human cell lines.¹

	IC50	(μΜ)		IC50 (µM)		
Test compounds	Cancer cell line	Normal cell line	Test compounds	Cancer cell line	Normal cell line	
	M-Hela	Chang liver		M-Hela	Chang liver	
7b	>100	>100	8b	>100	>100	
7c	>100	>100	8c	>100	>100	
7d	>100	>100	8d	>100	>100	
7e	>100	>100	8e	>100	>100	
7f	>100	>100	8f	>100	>100	
7g	>100	>100	8g	>100	>100	
7h	>100	>100	8h	>100	>100	

¹ Three independent experiments were carried out



Figure S 17.



Figure S 18.



Figure S 19.







Figure S 21.



Figure S 22.



Figure S 23.



Figure S 24.



Figure S 25.



Figure S 26.



Figure S 27.



Figure S 28.



Figure S 29.



Figure S 30.



Figure S 31.



Figure S 32.







Figure S 34.



Figure S 35.



Figure S 36.



Figure S 37.



Figure S 38.



Figure S 39.



Figure S 40.



Figure S 41.


Figure S 42.



Figure S 43.



Figure S 44.





Figure S 45.



Figure S 46.



Figure S 47.



Figure S 48.



Figure S 49.



Figure S 50.



Figure S 51.



Figure S 52.



Figure S 53.



Figure S 54.



Figure S 55.



Figure S 56.







Figure S 58.



Figure S 59.



Figure S 60.



Figure S 61.



Figure S 62.







Figure S 64.



Figure S 65.



Figure S 66.



Figure S 67.



Figure S 68.



Figure S 69.



Figure S 70.



Figure S 71.



Figure S 72.



Figure S 73.



Figure S 74.



Figure S 75.



Figure S 76.



Figure S 77.




Figure S 78.



Figure S 79.



Figure S 80.



Figure S 81.