



1 Article Supplementary Materials

High boron-loaded DNA-oligomers as a potential boron neutron capture therapy and antisense

4 oligonucleotide dual-action anticancer agents

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 Sławomir Janczak², Zbigniew J. Leśnikowski^{2*} and Barbara Nawrot^{1,*}

7 ¹ Centre of Molecular and Macromolecular Studies, Polish Academy of Sciences, Department of Bioorganic 8 Chemistry, Sienkiewicza 112, 90-363 Lodz, Poland. 9 Institute of Medical Biology of the Polish Academy of Sciences, Laboratory of Molecular Virology and 2 10 Biological Chemistry, 106 Lodowa St., 92-232 Lodz, Poland. 11 1* Correspondence: <u>bnawrot@cbmm.lodz.pl</u> 12 ^{2*} Correspondence: <u>zlesnik@cbm.pan.pl</u> 13 * Present address: University of Warsaw, Centre of New Technologies, S. Banacha 2c, 02-097 Warsaw. 14 15 16 17 18 19 Content of the Supplementary Materials 20 1. Figure S1. RP-HPLC profiles of oligonucleotides 4 (A) and 5 (B), which contain 2'-O-21 propargyluridine (UPr) and oligonucleotides 6 (C) and 7 (D), which are modified with 22 metallacarborane cluster nucleoside units (UB). 23 2. Figure S2. Infrared spectra of the oligonucleotides 4 (A) and 5 (B), and enlarged spectra of 6,7, 11 24 and 12 within the B-H diagnostic signals (2200–2800 cm⁻¹ region) (C). 25 3. Figure S3. Concentration-dependent silencing activities of control oligonucleotide 13 (5'-26 d(ATGAAGGTTCAATCTGATTTT) (1-200 nM), metallacarborane 11 and their mixture (13+11), 27 as determined by a pEGFP-EGFR/RFP dual fluorescence assay in HeLa cells. 28 4. Figure S4. Analysis of ROS generation in HeLa cells by oligonucleotides 1 and 13, and by ferrocene 29 and oligonucleotide 1. 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37



Datafile Name:07.09. m2_5 23 0.05OD.lcd Sample Name:07.09. m2_5 23 0.05OD Sample ID:07.09.16





Figure S1. RP-HPLC profiles of oligonucleotides **4** (A) and **5** (B), which contain 2'-O-propargyluridine (UPr) and oligonucleotides **6** (C) and **7** (D), which are modified with metallacarborane cluster nucleoside units (UB). Peaks of the collected compounds are indicated by arrows.

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Figure S2. Infrared spectra of the oligonucleotides 4 (A) and 5 (B), and enlarged spectra of 6,7, 11 and 12 within the B-H diagnostic signals (2200–2800 cm⁻¹ region) (C).



| Figu | re S3. | Conce | ntration-d | lependent | silencing | activities | of | control | oligonucleotide | 13 | (5'- |
|-------|----------|----------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-----------------|------------------------|--------|-------|
| d(A | GAAG | GTTCA | ATCTGA | TTTT) (1- | 200 nM), 1 | netallacarb | oran | e 11 and | their mixture (1 | 3+11 |), as |
| dete | mined | by a pH | GFP-EGF | R/RFP dua | al fluoresce | ence assay i | n He | La cells. | The cells were tr | ansfe | cted |
| with | the pEC | GFP-EC | FR and pI | DsRED-N1 | plasmids | and then tre | eated | (in the p | presence of Lipofe | ectam | nine) |
| with | oligonu | ucleotic | e 13 at cor | ncentration | ns ranging | from 1-200 | nM. | Metallac | arborane 11 was | adde | ed to |
| the c | ells upo | on oligo | nucleotide | e transfect | ion was fir | ished and 1 | nedi | um was | exchanged. The o | ells v | vere |
| incu | oated fo | or the n | ext 48 h. 7 | The relativ | e EGFP-EC | GFR/RFP flu | lores | scence of | the cells transfe | cted v | with |
| the | olasmid | ls only | was asses | ssed as 10 | 0 %. The | results are | mea | n values | from three ind | epeno | dent |
| expe | riments | 5. | | | | | | | | | |



Figure S4. Analysis of ROS generation in HeLa cells by oligonucleotides **1** and **13**, and by ferrocene and oligonucleotide **1**. Cells were transfected with increasing amounts of non-modified oligonucleotide **1** or with control non-active oligonucleotides **13** (5'-d(ATGAAGGTTCAATCTGATTTT) (1-200 nM, 48 h) in the presence of Lipofectamine 2000, or with oligomer **1** in the same concentrations but with addition of ferrocene of 5-fold higher concentration (5-1000 nM). The non-transfected cells and cells treated with 1000 nM H₂O₂ (marked as H₂O₂) were used as controls. The results are mean values from three independent experiments.