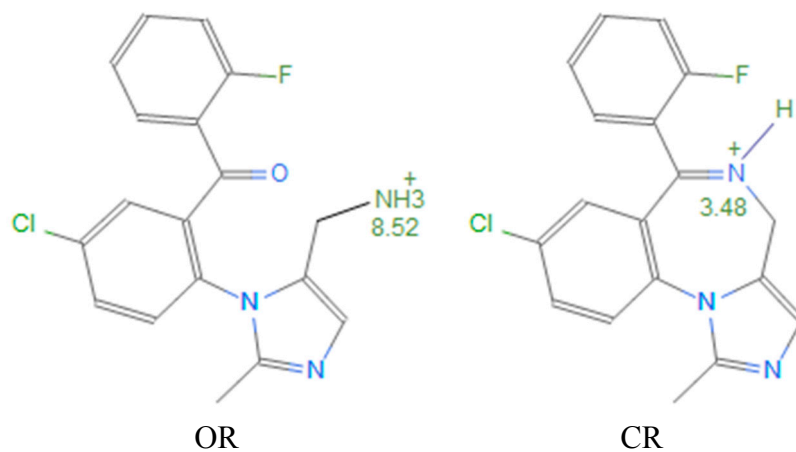


## Supporting information

### Supplementary Material 1: Figures S1,S2

**Figure S1.** Predicted acid dissociation constants (pKa) for the open-ring (OR) and closed-ring (CR) forms of midazolam. The pKa values are assigned to the nitrogen atoms at physiological pH. At pH of 7.36, the diazepine ring closes and the chemical substance becomes highly lipophilic.

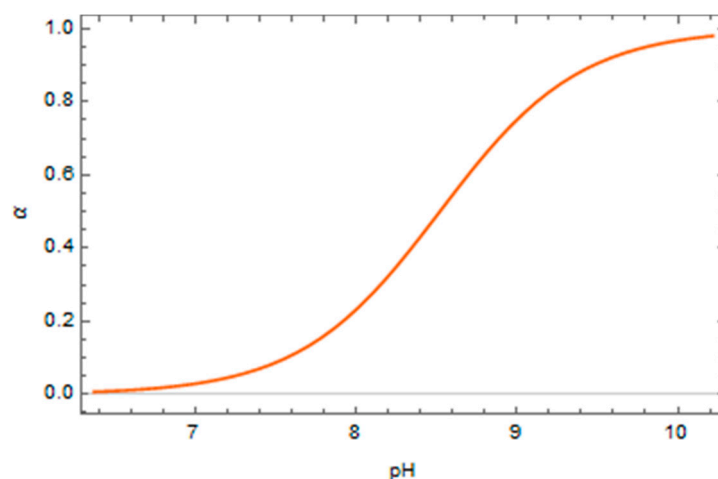


**Figure S2.** Mathematica script to determine degree of dissociation ( $\alpha$ ) for open-ring (OR) and closed-ring (CR) forms of midazolam and benzodiazepines according to Henderson-Hasselbalch equation.

$$y = ((1 + 10^{(8.52 - x)}))^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 10^{8.52 - x}}$$

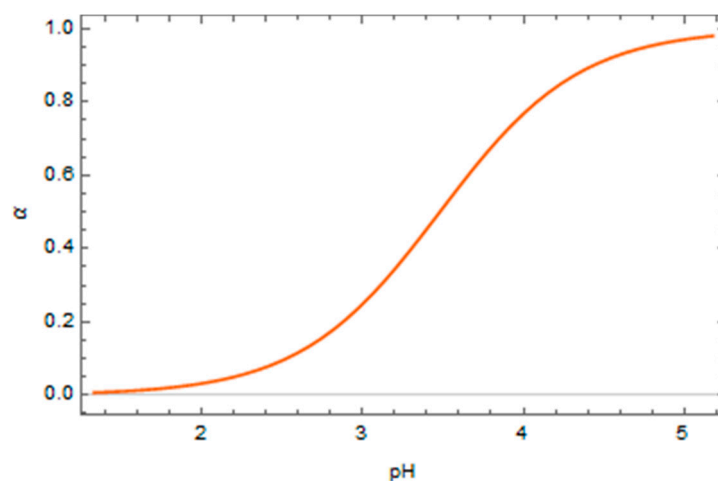
Show[%53, AxesLabel  $\rightarrow$  {None, Nine}, FrameLabel  $\rightarrow$  {{HoldForm[ $\alpha$ ], None}, {HoldForm[pH], None}}, PlotLabel  $\rightarrow$  None, LabelStyle  $\rightarrow$  {GrayLevel[0]}]



$$y = ((1 + 10^{(3.48 - x)}))^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 10^{3.48 - x}}$$

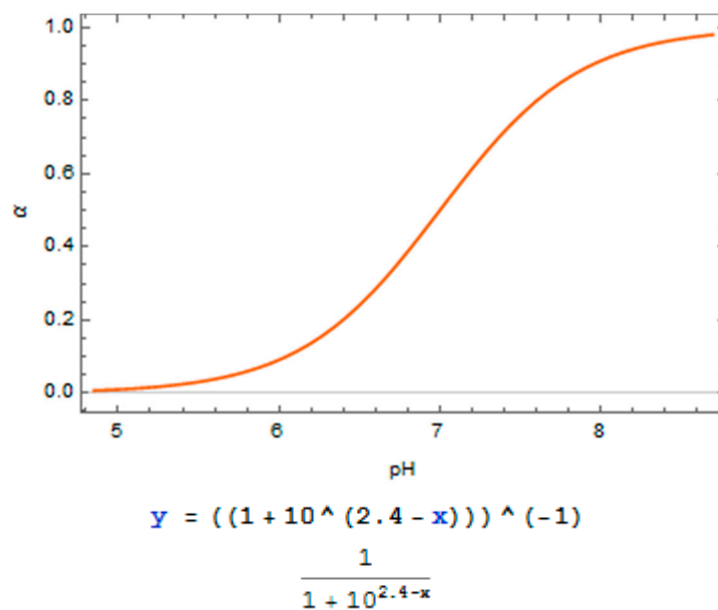
Show[%60, AxesLabel  $\rightarrow$  {None, Nine}, FrameLabel  $\rightarrow$  {{HoldForm[ $\alpha$ ], None}, {HoldForm[pH], None}}, PlotLabel  $\rightarrow$  None, LabelStyle  $\rightarrow$  {GrayLevel[0]}]



$$y = ((1 + 10^{(7.0 - x)}))^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 10^{7.0 - x}}$$

Show[%66, AxesLabel → {None, Nine}, FrameLabel → {{HoldForm[α], None}, {HoldForm[pH], None}}, PlotLabel → None, LabelStyle → {GrayLevel[0]}]



Show[%71, AxesLabel → {None, Nine}, FrameLabel → {{HoldForm[α], None}, {HoldForm[pH], None}}, PlotLabel → None, LabelStyle → {GrayLevel[0]}]

