Supplementary Materials





Figure S2. The ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectra of 1-**B**.



Figure S3. Computed frontier orbitals of 1,6-A and 1,7-A. The upper graphs are the LUMOs and the lower ones are the HOMOs.



Figure S4. DFT (B3LYP/6-31G**) geometry-optimized structures of 1,6-**B** (left) and 1,7-**B** (right) shown with view along the long axis. For computational purposes, methyl groups replace the cyclohexyl groups at the imide positions.



Table S1. Selected electronic excitation energies and corresponding oscillator strengths (f), main configurations, and CI coefficients of the low-lying electronically excited states of **B** and **C**^a.

Compound	Singlet	Electronic transition	Energy	f	Composition ^b	CI °
1,6-C	UV–Vis	<u> </u>	2.17 eV/571 nm 2.97 eV/417 nm	0.4161 0.1133	H→L	0.70363
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$			H-1→L	0.18917
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_2$			$H\rightarrow L+1$	0.66735
1,7-C	UV–Vis	G . G	2.16 eV/573 nm 2.97 eV/418 nm	0.4947 0.0304	H→L	0.70363
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$			H-1→L	0.64469
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_2$			$H\rightarrow L+1$	0.24965
1,6-B	UV–Vis	G . G	2.22 eV/559 mm	0.5806 0.0692	H→L	0.70663
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$ $S_0 \rightarrow S_2$	2.74 eV/452 nm		H-1→L	0.69227
					$H\rightarrow L+4$	0.11954
1,7-B	UV–Vis	G . G	2.14 eV/579 nm 2.95 eV/420 nm	0.5645 0.0036	H→L	0.70753
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$			H-1→L	0.68128
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_2$			$H\rightarrow L+1$	0.12636
1-B	UV–Vis	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$	2.26 eV/547 nm	0.6165	H→L	0.70581
		$S_0 \rightarrow S_2$	3.11 eV/399 nm	0.1002	H-1→L	0.68061

^a Calculated by TDDFT/B3LYP/6-31G**; ^b H stands for HOMO and L stands for LUMO. Only the main configurations are presented; ^c CI coefficients are in absolute values.