

Full Paper

Synthesis of New Bis-1,2,4-Triazole Derivatives

Olcay Bekircan* and Hakan Bektas

Department of Chemistry, Giresun Faculty of Arts and Sciences, Karadeniz Technical University, 28049, Giresun, Turkey; Fax (+90) 454 2164518

*Author to whom correspondence should be addressed; e-mail: obekircan@ktu.edu.tr

Received: 10 May 2006; in revised form: 20 June 2006 / Accepted: 21 June 2006 / Published: 21 June 2006

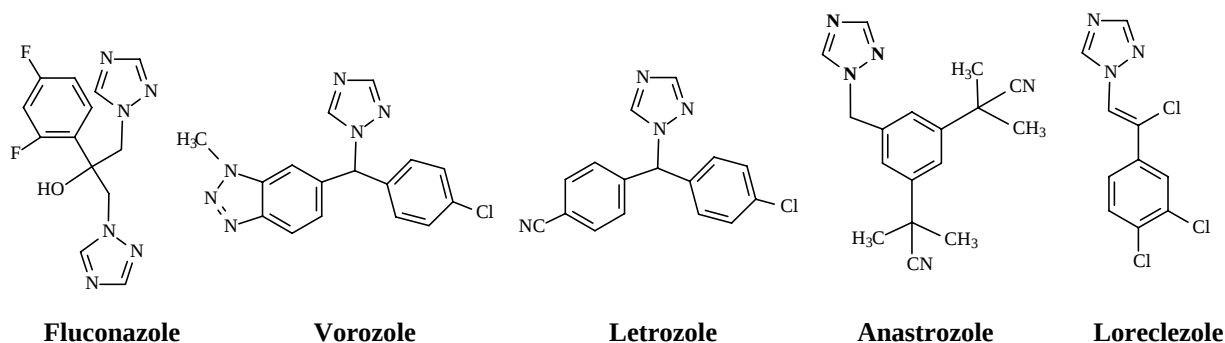
Abstract: A series of new 1,2/1,3-bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)phenoxy]ethane/propane derivatives **4** were prepared in good yields by treatment of 4-amino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazoles **2** with certain bis-aldehydes **1**. Compounds **4** were reduced with NaBH₄ to afford the corresponding 1,2/1,3-bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)phenoxy]ethane/propane derivatives **5**. All new compounds were characterized by IR, ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR and mass spectral data.

Keywords: 4-Amino-4H-1,2,4-triazoles, bis-1,2,4-triazoles, bis-Schiff bases, bis-aldehydes

Introduction

1,2,4-triazoles and their derivatives are found to be associated with various biological activities such as anticonvulsant [1-2], antifungal [3-5], anticancer [6-9], antiinflammatory [10-12] and antibacterial properties [13-16]. Several compounds (Figure 1) containing 1,2,4-triazole rings are well known as drugs. For example, fluconazole is used as an antimicrobial drug [17], while vorozole, letrozole and anastrozole are non-steroidal drugs used for the treatment of cancer [18] and loreclezole is used as an anticonvulsant [19].

Figure 1

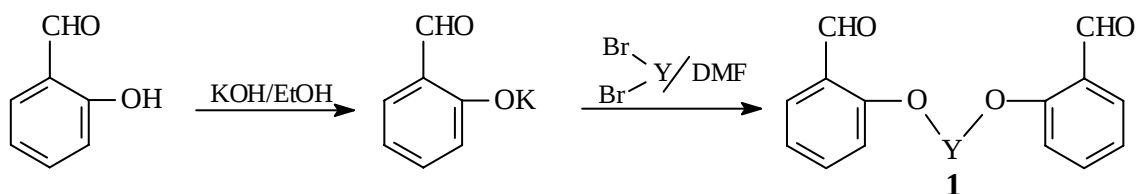


Furthermore, in recent years some Schiff base derivatives of 1,2,4-triazoles and their reduced derivatives have been also found to possess pharmacological activities [20–26]. These biological data prompted us to synthesize some new bis-1,2,4-triazole derivatives, and in the present study, a novel series of bis-Schiff base derivatives resulting from the reaction of 4-amino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazoles **3** with bis-aldehydes **1** and their corresponding reduced derivatives were synthesized and characterized by IR, $^1\text{H-NMR}$, $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ and mass spectral data.

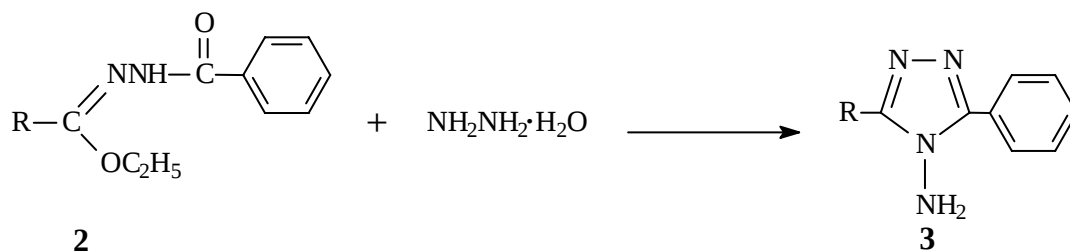
Results and Discussion

The syntheses of the 1,2/1,3-bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane/propane derivatives **4** were accomplished according to the reactions shown in Schemes 1–3. First, bis-aldehydes **1** were synthesized using a published method [27], as indicated in Scheme 1. 3-Aryl-5-phenyl-4-amino-4H-1,2,4-triazoles **3** were obtained from the reaction of ethyl benzoate benzoylhydrazone derivatives **2** with hydrazine using the published method shown in Scheme 2 [28]. Finally reactions of compounds **1** and **3** afforded the desired compounds **4** (Scheme 3). In general, reduction of imine type compounds is possible [26, 29], but attempts to reduce imines such as **4** may also lead to a reduction of the heterocyclic ring. For this reason, the selective reduction of the imino group present in compounds **4** without affecting the heterocyclic ring was another aim of the study. Thus, a general and convenient method using NaBH_4 as a selective reducing agent was employed for the synthesis in good yields of the 1,2/1,3-bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-aryl,5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)phenoxy]ethane/propane derivatives **5** (Scheme 3).

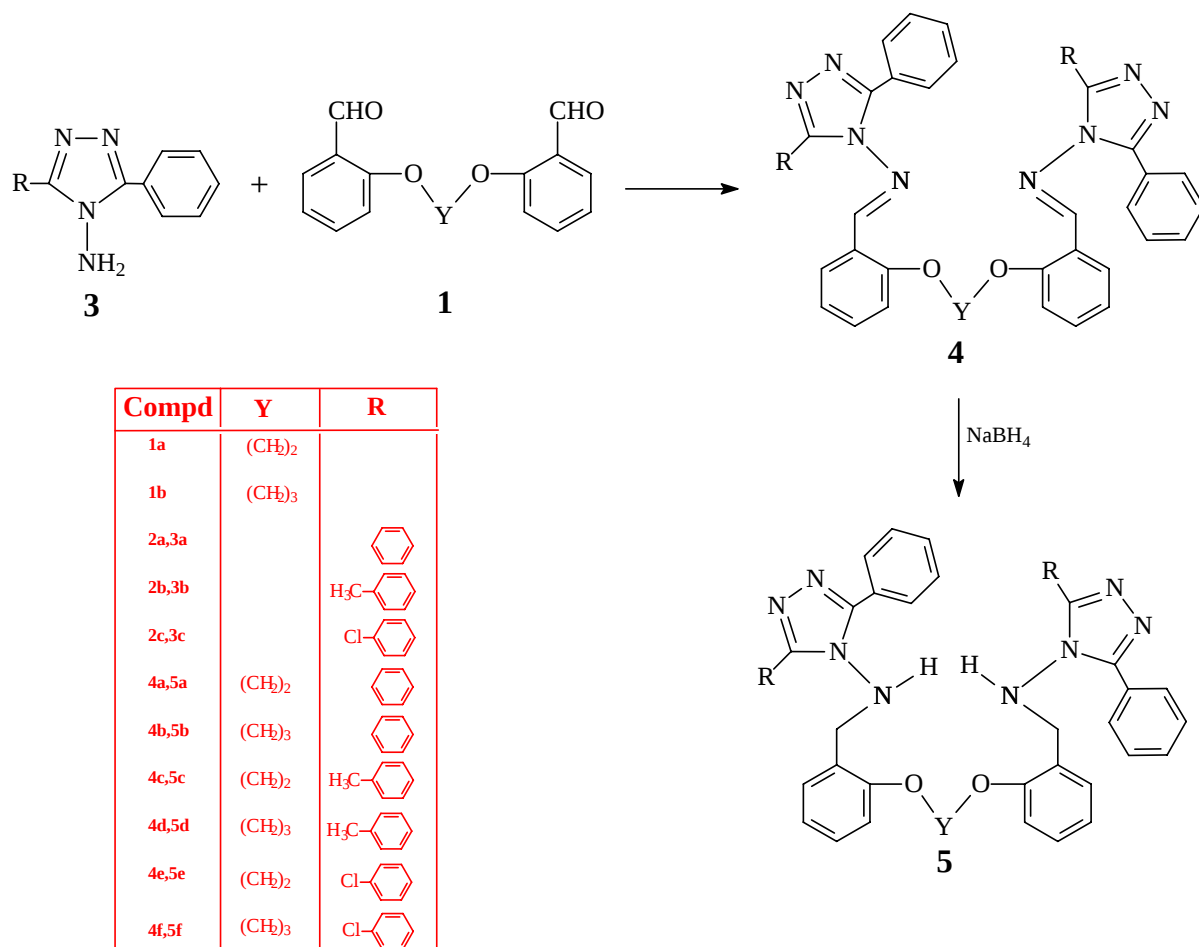
Scheme 1



Scheme 2



Scheme 3



In the IR spectra of compounds **4** the characteristic $C=N$ absorption bands appeared at 1597 cm^{-1} . The $^1\text{H-NMR}$ signals for the $-N=CH-$ group were observed at δ 8.23–8.70 ppm. The $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ signals for the $-N=CH-$ group were recorded at δ 164 ppm. Reduced compounds **5** showed IR absorption bands around $3245\text{--}3290\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (ν_{NH}). The $^1\text{H-NMR}$ signals for the $-NH-CH_2-$ group of these compounds were observed as a doublet or strong singlet at around δ 3.55–3.75 ppm and the proton signals of $-NH-CH_2-$ groups were recorded as a triplet or strong singlet between δ 6.95–7.08 ppm. The $NH-CH_2-$ carbon signals of compounds **5** were recorded at δ 48 ppm in the $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$. In addition to this, in the $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ the triazole C3 and C5 of the bis-Schiff base derivatives **4** were observed between δ 148–149 ppm and the triazole C3 and C5 signals of the reduced compounds **5** were observed between δ 152–153 ppm.

Conclusions

In this study, a convenient method was established for the synthesis in good yields of bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy] alkane derivatives **4a-f** and bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-aryl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy] alkane derivatives **5a-f**. The twelve new bis-(4H-1,2,4-triazole) derivatives synthesized in the study are expected to exhibit some biological activities and these results will be reported in due course.

Experimental

General

Melting points were determined on a Barnstead Electrothermal melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. ^1H -NMR and ^{13}C -NMR spectra (δ , ppm) were recorded on a Varian-Mercury 200 MHz spectrophotometer using tetramethylsilane as the internal reference. The IR spectra (ν , cm^{-1}) were obtained with a Perkin-Elmer 1600 FTIR spectrometer in KBr pellets. The mass spectra were recorded on a MicroMass Quattro LC-MS/MS (70 eV) spectrometer. The necessary chemicals were purchased from Merck and Fluka.

Synthesis of bis-aldehydes **1a-b**

Salicylaldehyde (0.01 mol) was dissolved in hot ethanolic KOH (prepared by dissolving 0.01 mol of KOH in 100 mL of absolute ethanol) and the solvent was then removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in DMF (25 mL) and the appropriate dihalide (0.005 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 minutes, during which KCl separated out. The solvent was then removed *in vacuo* and the remaining material was washed with water and crystallized from an appropriate solvent to give compounds **1a-b**.

1,2-Bis(o-formylphenoxy)ethane (1a). Yield 68%; m.p. 129-130 °C (from ethanol; lit. [27] m.p. 129 °C).

1,3-Bis(o-formylphenoxy)propane (1b). Yield 70%; m.p. 99-100 °C (from ethanol; lit. [27] m.p. 99 °C).

Synthesis of hydrazones **2a-c**

A solution of an appropriate hydrazide (0.01 mol) in absolute ethanol (25 mL) was added to a solution of iminoester hydrochloride (0.01 mol) in absolute ethanol (25 mL). The mixture was stirred for 6 h at 0-5 °C and subsequently for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then poured into a beaker containing cold water (40 mL) and ice (10 g). The precipitate formed was washed with ice-water (50 mL), dried and the product was recrystallized from from 2:1 benzene-petroleum ether to give compounds **2a-c**.

Ethyl benzoate benzoylhydrazone (2a). Yield 79%; m.p. 120-121 °C (lit. [28] m.p. 121°C).

Ethyl p-methylbenzoate benzoylhydrazone (2b). Yield 84%; m.p. 77-78 °C (lit. [26] m.p. 78 °C).

Ethyl p-chlorobenzoate benzoylhydrazone (2c). Yield 72%; m.p. 80-81 °C; IR: 3199 (N-H), 1637 (C=O), 1613 (C=N), 702, 730, 759, 839 (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 1.37 (t, 3H, CH₃), 4.10 (q, 2H, CH₂), 7.44-7.75 (m, 5H, Ar-H), 8.13 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 10.79 (s, 1H, NH).

Synthesis of amino compounds 3a-c

Compounds 2 (0.005 mol) were added to a solution of hydrazine hydrate (0.01 mol) in 1-propanol (50 mL) and the mixture was refluxed for 24 h. On cooling, a precipitate was formed. This product was filtered and, after drying, was washed with benzene (20 mL). The product was then recrystallized from an appropriate solvent to give compounds 3a-c.

4-Amino-3,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole (3a). Yield 80%; m.p. 264-265 °C (from 1-propanol; lit. [28], m.p. 265 °C).

4-Amino-3-p-tolyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole (3b). Yield 85%; m.p. 283-284 °C (from 1-propanol; lit. [26], m.p. 284 °C).

4-Amino-3-p-chlorophenyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole (3c). Yield 68%; m.p. 284-285 °C (from ethyl acetate; lit. [28], m.p. 285 °C).

Synthesis of bis-Schiff bases 4a-f

The corresponding bis-aldehyde (0.01 mol) was added to a solution of compound 3 (0.005 mol) in glacial acetic acid (20 mL) and the mixture was refluxed for 16 h. After cooling, the mixture was poured into a beaker containing ice-water (100 mL). The precipitate formed was filtered. After drying *in vacuo*, the product was recrystallized from 1:2 benzene-petroleum ether to give the desired compound.

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (4a). Yield 70%; m.p. 212-213 °C; IR: 1598 (C=N), 693, 770 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 3.98 (s, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [6.89-7.04 (m, 4H), 7.33 (m, 10H), 7.70 (m, 6H), 7.44-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.92-8.06 (m, 4H)], 8.23 (s, 2H, CH); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 164.44 (2C, N=CH), 149.87 (2C, triazole C₃), 149.87 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [158.20 (2C), 134.75 (2C), 129.55 (2C), 128.76 (8C), 128.27 (8C), 126.88 (4C), 126.23 (4C), 121.33 (2C), 119.39 (2C), 113.48 (2C)], 66.86 (2C, OCH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₄H₃₄N₈O₂ (m.w.: 706.81 g/mol): 729.26 [M+Na]⁺ (50), 707.25 [M+1]⁺ (30), 221.97 (100), 103.86 (60).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (4b). Yield 72%; m.p. 189–190 °C; IR: 1595 (C=N), 694, 754 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 1,65 (q, 2H, -CH₂-), 3,77 (t, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [6,97–7,16 (m, 6H), 7,51 (m, 12H), 7,80 (m, 8H), 7,97 (m, 2H)], 8,67 (s, 2H, CH); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 164.73 (2C, N=CH), 150.00 (2C, triazole C₃), 150.00 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [158.36 (2C), 134.93 (2C), 129.60 (2C), 128.66 (8C), 128.23 (8C), 126.95 (4C), 126.48 (4C), 120.97 (2C), 119.29 (2C), 112.93 (2C)], 64.29 (2C, OCH₂), 27.75 (C, CH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₅H₃₆N₈O₂ (m.w.: 720.83 g/mol): 743.18 [M+Na]⁺ (25), 721.23 [M+1]⁺ (60), 500.16 (12), 221.96 (100), 114.83 (28), 103.82 (32).

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-p-tolyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (4c). Yield 72%; m.p. 271–272 °C; IR: 1597 (C=N), 696, 721, 757, 823 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 2,52 (s, 6H, CH₃), 4,00 (s, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [7,12 (m, 8H), 7,32 (bs, 6H), 7,49–7,68 (m, 10H), 7,94 (m, 2H)], 8,25 (s, 2H, CH); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 164.34 (2C, N=CH), 149.90 (2C, triazole C₃), 149.72 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [158.45 (2C), 139.30 (2C), 134.72 (2C), 129.50 (2C), 129.16 (4C), 128.56 (4C), 128.09 (4C), 128.00 (4C), 126.93 (2C), 126.31 (2C), 123.42 (2C), 121.36 (2C), 119.50 (2C), 113.56 (2C)], 66.86 (2C, OCH₂), 20.73 (2C, CH₃); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₆H₃₈N₈O₂ (m.w.: 734.86 g/mol): 757.18 [M+Na]⁺ (100), 735.14 [M+1]⁺ (70), 555.17 (22), 503.05 (14), 288.99 (98), 251.00 (35), 104.75 (27).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-p-tolyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (4d). Yield 62%; m.p. 229–230 °C; IR: 1597 (C=N), 697, 723, 765, 822 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 2,51 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1,69 (q, 2H, -CH₂-), 3,78 (t, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [6,98–7,13 (m, 4H), 7,24 (m, 4H), 7,49 (m, 10H), 7,78 (m, 3H), 7,82 (m, 3H), 7,98 (m, 2H)], 8,69 (s, 2H, CH); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 164.65 (2C, N=CH), 150.04 (2C, triazole C₃), 149.87 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [158.33 (2C), 139.25 (2C), 134.90 (2C), 129.52 (2C), 129.20 (4C), 128.62 (4C), 128.17 (4C), 128.11 (4C), 126.96 (2C), 126.54 (2C), 123.61 (2C), 120.94 (2C), 119.31 (2C), 112.88 (2C)], 64.26 (2C, OCH₂), 27.72 (C, CH₂), 20.68 (2C, CH₃); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₇H₄₀N₈O₂ (m.w.: 748.89 g/mol): 771.20 [M+Na]⁺ (55), 749.24 [M+1]⁺ (40), 475.31 (42), 235.88 (15), 155.88 (26), 148.83 (32), 117.86 (100).

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-p-chlorophenyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (4e). Yield 75%; m.p. 213–214 °C; IR ν (cm⁻¹): 1598 (C=N), 695, 723, 758, 834 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 4,02 (s, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [7,01–7,10 (m, 3H), 7,30–7,37 (m, 6H), 7,42–7,55 (m, 10H), 7,64–7,73 (m, 3H), 7,81 (d, 3H), 7,94 (m, 1H)], 8,30 (s, 2H, CH); ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 164.68 (2C, N=CH), 149.85 (2C, triazole C₃), 149.10 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [158.47 (2C), 134.85 (2C), 134.46 (2C), 129.74 (4C), 129.56 (4C), 128.74 (4C), 128.57 (4C), 128.17 (2C), 127.01 (2C), 126.07 (2C), 125.11 (2C), 121.36 (2C), 119.35 (2C), 113.51 (2C)], 66.87 (2C, OCH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₄H₃₂Cl₂N₈O₂ (m.w.: 775.70 g/mol): 798.11 [M+Na]⁺ (20), 775.13 [M]⁺ (18), 255.93 (10), 166.84 (15), 164.84 (43), 134.83 (100).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylidenamino-3-p-chlorophenyl-5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (4f). Yield 77%; m.p. 189–190 °C; IR: 1597 (C=N), 690, 723, 757, 833 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 1,69 (bs, 2H, -CH₃-), 3,80 (bs, 4H, OCH₂), Ar-H: [6,99–7,14 (m, 6H), 7,44–7,56

(m, 12H), 7.83-7.99 (m, 8H)], 8.70 (s, 2H, CH); ^{13}C -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 163.88 (2C, N=CH), 149.08 (2C, triazol C₃), 148.21 (2C, triazol C₅), Ar-C: [157.41 (2C), 133.99 (2C), 133.47 (2C), 128.89 (4C), 127.78 (4C), 127.66 (4C), 127.24 (4C), 126.03 (2C), 125.35 (2C), 124.35 (2C), 124.23 (2C), 119.99 (2C), 118.25 (2C), 111.91 (2C)], 63.31 (2C, OCH₂), 26.79 (CH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₅H₃₄Cl₂N₈O₂ (m.w.: 789.72 g/mol): 811.19 [M+Na]⁺ (60), 789.31 [M]⁺ (56), 559.18 (13), 256.03 (53), 134.93 (84), 104.86 (100).

Synthesis of reduced compounds 5a-f

The corresponding compound **4a-f** (0.005 mol) was dissolved in dried methanol (50 mL) and NaBH₄ (0.01 mol) was added in small portions to this solution. The mixture was refluxed for 20 min and then allowed to cool. After evaporation at 30-35 °C under reduced pressure, the solid residue was washed with cold water. After drying *in vacuo*, the solid product was recrystallized from an appropriate solvent (1:1 ethanol-water, unless otherwise noted) to afford the desired compound.

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (5a). Yield 85%; m.p. 242-243 °C; IR: 3245 (NH), 1600 (C=N), 692, 720, 756 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 3.63 (d, 4H, -NH-CH₂), 3.86 (s, 4H, OCH₂), 6.95 (t, 2H, NH), Ar-H: [6.70 (d, 6H), 7.09-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 12H), 7.85-7.90 (m, 8H)]; ^{13}C -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 153.57 (2C, triazole C₃), 153.57 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.20 (2C), 130.02 (2C), 129.47 (4C), 129.05 (2C), 128.29 (8C), 127.68 (8C), 126.97 (4C), 123.41 (2C), 120.11 (2C), 111.47 (2C)], 65.96 (2C, OCH₂), 48.78 (2C, CH₂-NH); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₄H₃₈N₈O₂ (m.w.: 710.84 g/mol): 733.22 [M+Na]⁺ (15), 711.22 [M+1]⁺ (35), 490.18 (8), 269.02 (11), 221.96 (28), 147.85 (100).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3,5-diphenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (5b). Yield 74%; m.p. 216-217 °C; IR: 3253 (NH), 1601 (C=N), 694, 717, 745 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 1.88 (q, 2H, -CH₂-), 3.55 (bs, 4H, OCH₂ + 4H, -NH-CH₂), 7.04 (m, 2H, 2NH + 2H, Ar-H), Ar-H: [6.66 (m, 4H), 7.47 (bs, 14H), 7.94 (bs, 8H)]; ^{13}C -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 153.65 (2C, triazole C₃), 153.65 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.24 (2C), 129.96 (2C), 129.54 (4C), 129.07 (2C), 128.34 (8C), 127.76 (8C), 127.07 (4C), 123.31 (2C), 119.81 (2C), 111.09 (2C)], 63.90 (2C, OCH₂), 48.87 (2C, CH₂-NH), 28.17 (CH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₅H₄₀N₈O₂ (m.w.: 724.87 g/mol): 747.26 [M+Na]⁺ (95), 725.28 [M+1]⁺ (100), 272.98 (52), 234.97 (100), 104.86 (16).

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-p-tolyl,5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (5c). Yield 79%; m.p. 192-193 °C; IR: 3261(NH), 1601(C=N), 690, 729, 748, 820 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ^1H -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 2.29 (s, 6H, CH₃), 3.64 (d, 4H, -NH-CH₂-), 3.88 (s, 4H, OCH₂), 6.92 (t, 2H, NH), Ar-H: [6.72 (d, 4H), 7.22 (d, 4H), 7.37-7.43 (m, 10H), 7.78-7.87 (m, 8H)]; ^{13}C -NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 153.51 (2C, triazole C₃), 153.47 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.23 (2C), 139.15 (2C), 130.03 (2C), 129.40 (2C), 129.04 (2C), 128.92 (4C), 128.23 (4C), 127.71 (4C), 127.53 (4C), 127.05 (2C), 124.20 (2C), 123.48 (2C), 120.14 (2C), 111.48 (2C)], 65.98 (2C, OCH₂), 48.76 (2C, CH₂-NH), 20.80 (2C, CH₃); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₆H₄₂N₈O₂ (m.w.: 738.65 g/mol): 740.30 [M+2]⁺ (55), 739.23 [M+1]⁺ (100), 414.95 (12), 370.13 (15), 216.93 (16), 156.88 (38).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-p-tolyl,5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (5d). Yield 78%; m.p. 181-182 °C; IR: 3249 (NH), 1601 (C=N), 692, 729, 749, 823 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 2.33 (s, 6H, CH₃), 1.89 (q, 2H, -CH₂-), 3.76 (bs, 4H, OCH₂ + 4H, -NH-CH₂), 7.04 (t, 2H, NH), Ar-H: [6.63-6.74 (m, 6H), 7.11-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.45 (m, 5H), 7.82-7.93 (m, 8H)]; ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 153.57 (2C, triazole C₃), 153.48 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.25 (2C), 139.22 (2C), 129.97 (2C), 129.44 (2C), 129.05 (2C), 128.94 (4C), 128.28 (4C), 127.77 (4C), 127.62 (4C), 127.12 (2C), 124.29 (2C), 123.37 (2C), 119.82 (2C), 111.06 (2C)], 63.93 (2C, OCH₂), 28.19 (C, CH₂), 48.82 (2C, CH₂-NH), 20.83 (2C, CH₃); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₇H₄₄N₈O₂ (m.w.: 752.85 g/mol): 775.23 [M+Na]⁺ (65), 753.33 [M+1]⁺ (100), 235.94 (5), 105.02 (5).

1,2-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-p-chlorophenyl,5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]ethane (5e). Yield 69%; m.p. 219-220 °C (from 1:2 ethanol-water); IR: 3249 (NH), 1601 (C=N), 689, 729, 749, 833 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 3.63 (bs, 4H, -NH-CH₂-), 3.89 (bs, 4H, -OCH₂), 6.99 (bs, 2H, NH), Ar-H: [6.71 (bs, 6H), 7.14 (bs, 2H), 7.45 (bs, 10H), 7.88 (m, 8H)]; ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 153.81 (2C, triazole C₃), 152.65 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.21 (2C), 134.27 (2C), 130.20 (2C), 129.65 (2C), 129.35 (4C), 129.17 (4C), 128.41 (4C), 128.30 (4C), 127.66 (2C), 126.79 (2C), 125.69 (2C), 123.29 (2C), 120.14 (2C), 111.40 (2C)], 65.95 (2C, OCH₂), 48.79 (2C, CH₂-NH); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₄H₃₆Cl₂N₈O₂ (m.w.: 778.24 g/mol): 801.12 [M+Na]⁺ (48), 779.15 [M+1]⁺ (18), 747.26 (21), 725.22 (20), 214.93 (13), 164.84 (43), 134.83 (100).

1,3-Bis[o-(N-methylamino-3-p-chlorophenyl,5-phenyl-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4-yl)-phenoxy]propane (5f). Yield 72%; m.p. 126-127 °C (from 1:2 ethanol-water); IR: 3291(NH), 1601(C=N), 690, 734, 754, 835 cm⁻¹ (aromatic ring); ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 1.89 (bs, 2H, -CH₂-), 3.75 (bs, 4H, OCH₂ + 4H, -NH-CH₂), 7.08 (m, 2H, 2NH + 2H, Ar-H), Ar-H: [6.65(m, 6H), 7.50 (m, 10H), 7.93 (m, 8H)]; ¹³C-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 153.81 (2C, triazole C₃), 152.78 (2C, triazole C₅), Ar-C: [156.21 (2C), 134.29 (2C), 130.11 (2C), 129.68 (2C), 129.44 (4C), 129.15 (2C), 128.45 (4C), 128.30 (4C), 127.69 (4C), 126.90 (2C), 125.78 (2C), 123.17 (2C), 119.78 (2C), 110.94 (2C)], 64.20 (2C, OCH₂), 48.82 (2C, CH₂-NH), 28.19 (C, CH₂); LC-MS/MS, m/z (I, %) for C₄₅H₃₈Cl₂N₈O₂ (m.w.: 792.25 g/mol): 815.26 [M+Na]⁺ (100), 793.25 [M+1]⁺ (45), 563.18 (28), 283.10 (12), 34.93 (15).

References

1. Kane, J.M.; Baron, B.M.; Dudley, M.W.; Sorensen, S.M.; Staeger, M.A.; Miller, F.P. *J. Med. Chem.* **1990**, *33*, 2772-2777.
2. Küçükgülzel, İ.; Küçükgülzel, Ş.G.; Rollas, S.; Ötük-Sarış, G.; Özdemir, O.; Bayrak, İ.; Altuğ, T.; Stables, J.P. *Il Farmaco* **2004**, *59*, 893-901.
3. Rollas, S.; Kalyoncuoglu, N.; Sur-Altiner, D.; Yegenoglu, Y. *Pharmazie* **1993**, *48*, 308-309.
4. Chollet, J.F.; Bonnemain, J.L.; Miginiac, L.; Rohr, O. *J. Pestic. Sci.* **1990**, *29*, 427-435.
5. Murabayashi, A.; Masuko, M.; Niikawa, M.; Shirane, N.; Futura, T.; Hayashi, Y.; Makisumi, Y. *J. Pestic. Sci.* **1991**, *16*, 419-427.
6. Gilbert, B.E.; Knight, V. *Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.* **1986**, *30*, 201-205.
7. Holla, B.S.; Veerendra, B.; Shivananda, M.K.; Poojary, B. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2003**, *38*, 759-767.
8. Turan-Zitouni, G.; Sıvacı, M.F.; Kılıç, S.; Erol, K. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2001**, *36*, 685-689.

9. Bekircan, O.; Kucuk, M.; Kahveci, B.; Kolaylı, S. *Arch. Pharm.* **2005**, *338*, 365-372.
10. Wade, P.C.; Vogt, B.R.; Kissick, T.P.; Simpkins, L.M.; Palmer, D.M.; Millonig, R.C. *J. Med. Chem.* **1982**, *25*, 331-333.
11. Gruta, A.K.; Bhargava, K.P. *Pharmazie* **1978**, *33*, 430-434.
12. Modzelewska, B.; Kalabun, J. *Pharmazie* **1999**, *54*, 503-505.
13. Malbec, F.; Milcent, R.; Vicart, P.; Bure, A.M. *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **1984**, *21*, 1769-1774.
14. Milcent, R.; Vicart, P.; Bure, A.M., *Eur. J. Med. Chim.* **1983**, *18*, 215-220.
15. Gülerman, N.; Rollas, S.; Kiraz, M.; Ekinici, A.C.; Vidin A. *Il Farmaco* **1997**, *52*, 691-695.
16. Ikizler, A.A.; Johansson, C.B.; Bekircan, O.; Çelik, C. *Acta Polon Pharm-Drug Res.* **1999**, *56*, 283-288.
17. Shujuan, S.; Hongxiang, L.; Gao, Y.; Fan, P.; Ma, B.; Ge, W.; Wang, X. *J. Pharm. Miomed. Anal.* **2004**, *34*, 1117-1124.
18. Clemons, M.; Coleman, R.E.; Verma, S. *Cancer Treat. Rev.* **2004**, *30*, 325-332.
19. Johnston, G.A.R. *Curr. Top.Med. Chem.* **2002**, *2*, 903-913.
20. Bhat, A.R.; Bhat, G.V.; Shenoy, G.G. *J. Pharm. Pharmacol.* **2001**, *53*, 267-272.
21. Demirbas, N.; Ugurluoglu, R.; Demirbas, A. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2002**, *10*, 3717-3723.
22. Kahveci, B.; Bekircan, O.; Serdar, M.; Ikizler, A.A. *Indian J. Chem. Sec-B.* **2003**, *42B*, 1527-1530.
23. Bhat, K.I.; Kumar, V.; Kalluraya, B. *Asian J. Chem.* **2004**, *16*, 96-102.
24. Bekircan, O.; Gümrükçüoğlu, N. *Indian J. Chem. Sec-B.* **2005**, *44B*, 2107-2114.
25. Kahveci B., Bekircan, O.; Karaoglu, S.A., *Indian J. Chem. Sec-B.* **2005**, *44B*, 2614-2617.
26. Bekircan, O.; Kahveci, B.; Kucuk, M. *Turk J. Chem.* **2006**, *30*, 29-40.
27. Ibrahim, Y.A.; Elwahy, A.H.M.; Elkareish, G.M.M. *J. Chem. Res. (S)* **1994**, *11*, 2321-2331.
28. Milcent, R.; Redeuilh, C. *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **1977**, *14*, 53-58.
29. Katritzky, A.R.; Lorenzo, K.S. *J. Org. Chem.* **1988**, *53*, 3978-3982.

Sample availability: Contact the authors.