

**Table S1** Characteristic IR absorption bands of the compound  $[\text{Cr}_2\text{Zn}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_4(\text{OH}_2)_6] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

<b><math>[\text{Cr}_2\text{Zn}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_4(\text{OH}_2)_6] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></b>	
Wavenumber	Assignment
[cm <sup>-1</sup> ]	
3565 s,b	$\nu_{(\text{OH})}, \nu_{(\text{H}_2\text{O})}$
1719 s	$\nu_{\text{asym}(\text{O=C-O})}$
1622 vs	$\nu_{\text{asym}(\text{OCO})} + \delta_{(\text{H}_2\text{O}^*)}$
1391 m	$\nu_{\text{sym}(\text{OCO})} + \nu_{(\text{C-C})}$
1268 m	$\nu_{\text{sym}(\text{O=C-O})}$
1081 w	$\nu_{(\text{C-O})}$
910 w	$\delta_{\text{asym}(\text{OCO})}$
813 w	coordinated water
400-500 w	$\nu_{(\text{Cr(III)-O})}; \nu_{(\text{Zn(II)-O})}$

s- strong (v - very); b - broad; m - medium; w – weak;  $\text{H}_2\text{O}^*$ - coordinated water.

**Table S2** Characteristic IR absorption bands of the oxalic acid.

$\nu_{(\text{OH})}, \nu_{(\text{H}_2\text{O})}$	$\nu_{\text{asim}(\text{COO})}$	$\nu_{\text{sim}(\text{CO})} + \delta_{(\text{OCO})}$	$\nu_{(\text{C-OH})}$	$\delta_{(\text{OCO})}$	$\delta_{(\text{CCO})}$
3426 s,b	1703s	1261 vs	1129 m	721 s	481 s

s- strong (v - very); b - broad; m - medium; w – weak.