

Supplementary Materials

Cyanogel-Based Preparation of Amorphous NiFe Nanoaggregates with Enhanced Activity and Stability for OER

Shun Li^{†,1}, Jinxin Wan^{†,1}, Zhenyuan Liu^{1,*}, Mengdie Zhuang¹, Pengyuan Ren^{2,*}, Weilong Shi¹, Xiaojun Zeng³, Jun Yang^{1,*}

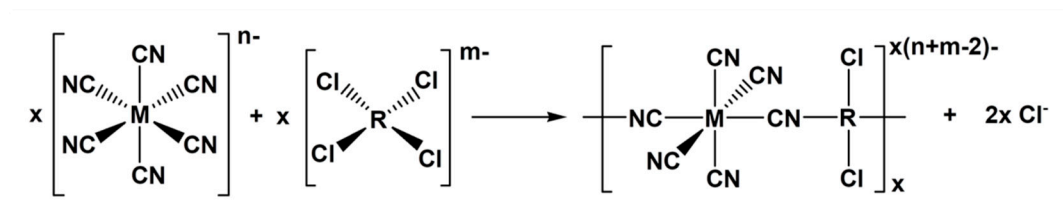
¹ School of Materials Science and Engineering, Jiangsu University of Science and Technology, Zhenjiang 212100, China

² School of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Jiangsu University of Science and Technology, Zhenjiang 212100, China

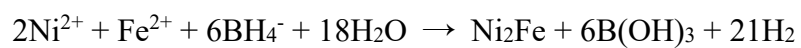
³ School of Materials Science and Engineering, Jingdezhen Ceramic University, Jingdezhen 333403, China

* Corresponding author: zhenyuanliu@just.edu.cn (Z.L.); renpengyuan@just.edu.cn (P.R.); iamjyang@just.edu.cn (J.Y.)

[†] These authors contributed equally to this paper.



Equation S1. Formation equation of cyanogel from transition metal cyanometalates and tetrachlorometalates in aqueous solution.



Equation S2. Equation of chemical reaction between cyanogel and NaBH_4 .

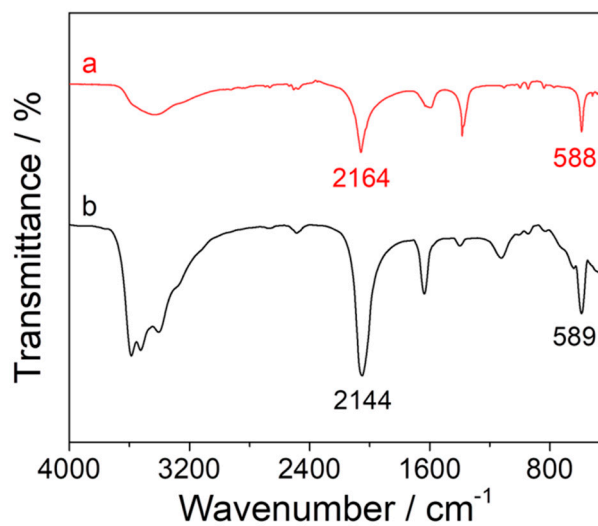


Figure S1. FT-IR spectra of (a) the NiCl₂/Na₄Fe(CN)₆ cyanogel and (b) pure Na₄Fe(CN)₆.

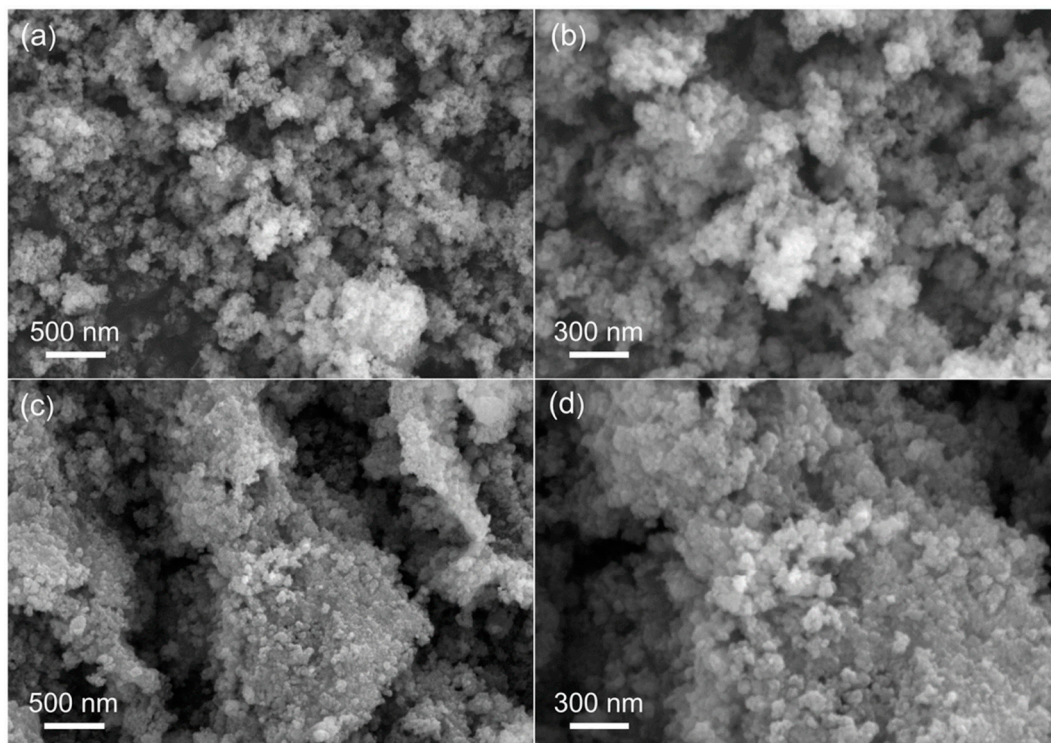


Figure S2. SEM images of (a-b) the NiFe-11 catalysts and (c-d) the NiFe-31 catalysts.

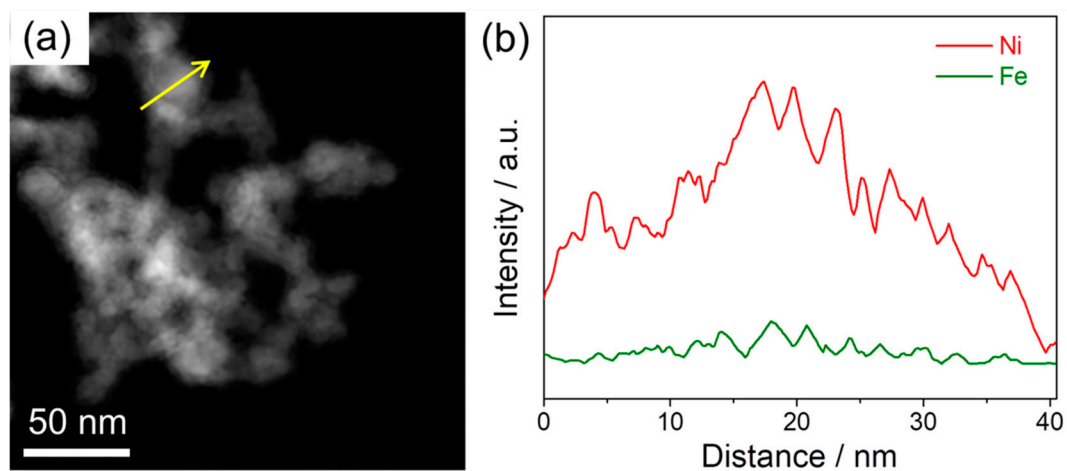


Figure S3. (a) STEM image and (b) EDX line scanning profile of the NiFe nanoaggregates.

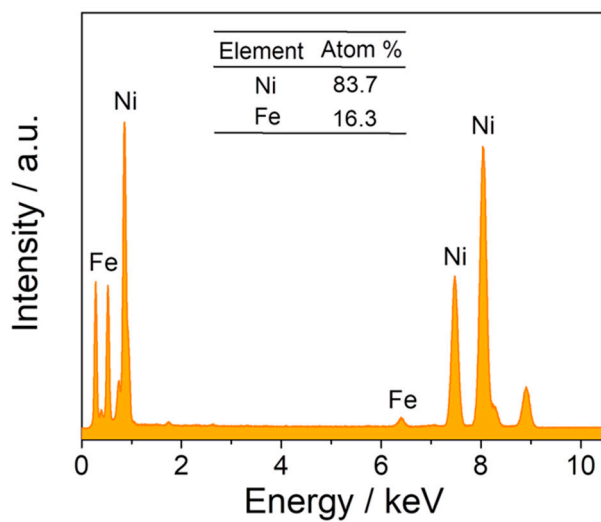


Figure S4. EDX spectrum of the NiFe-21 nanoaggregates.

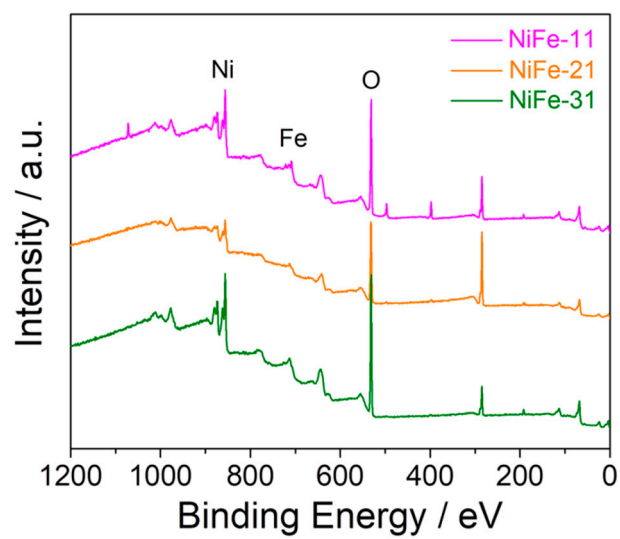


Figure S5. XPS survey scan spectra of the NiFe catalysts with different Ni/Fe molar ratio.

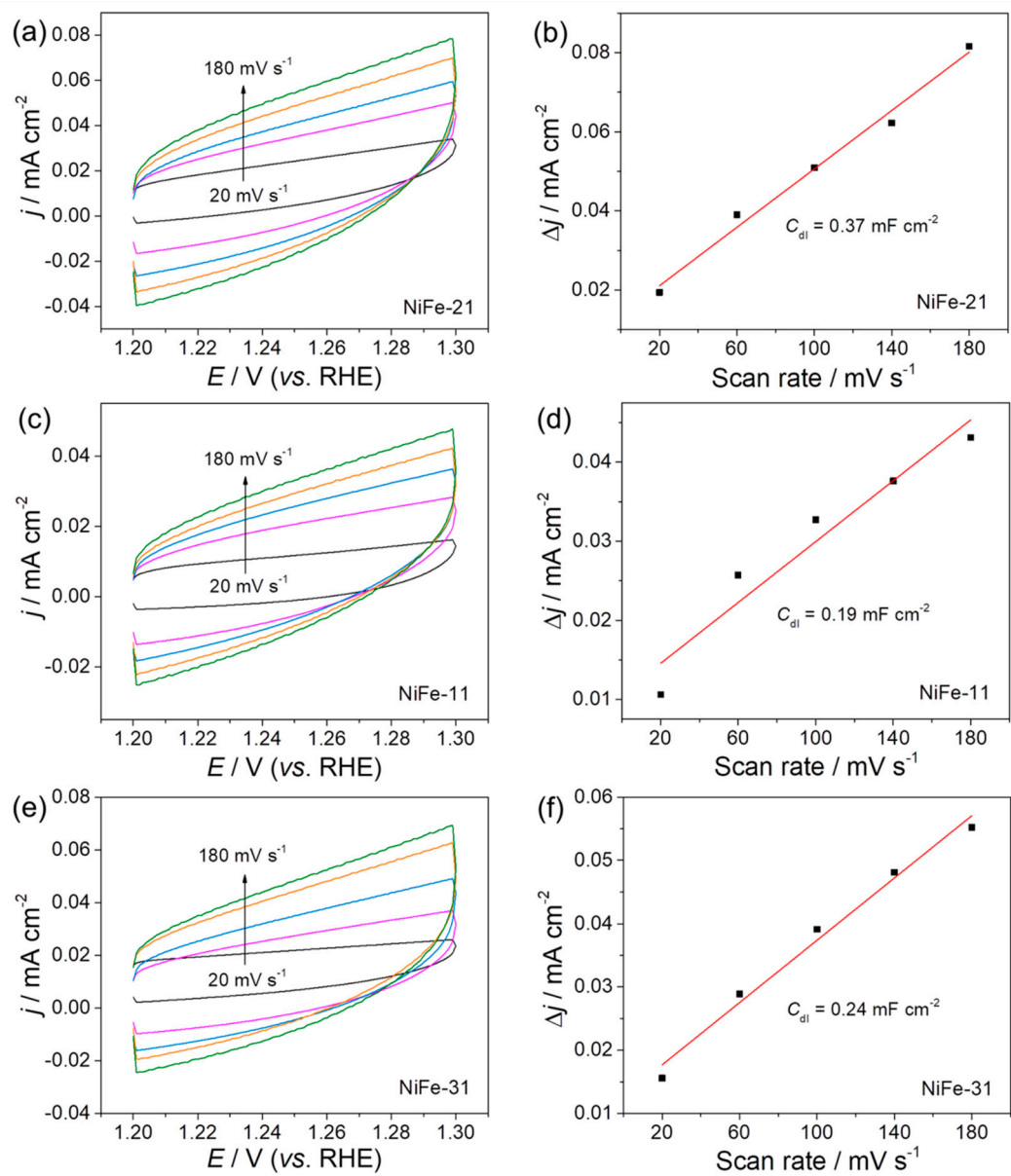


Figure S6. (a), (c) and (e) CV curves of NiFe-21, NiFe-11, NiFe-31 at different scan rates in 1 M KOH. (b), (d) and (f) Plots of the capacitive current density at 1.23 V against the scan rate of the NiFe-21, NiFe-11, NiFe-31.

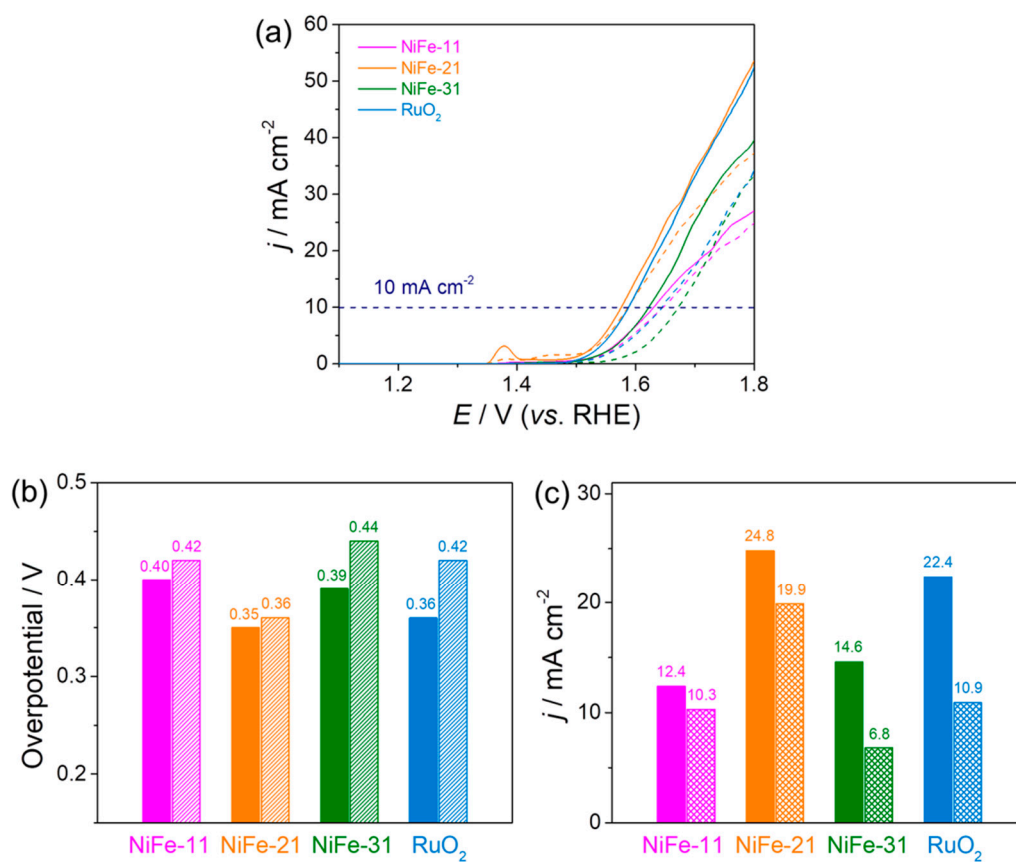


Figure S7. (a) OER polarization curves before and after 5000 cycles of the NiFe-21, NiFe-11, NiFe-31 and commercial RuO₂ catalysts. (b) Comparison of the overpotentials at the current density of 10 mA cm⁻² before and after 5000 cycles. (c) Comparison of the current density at the potential of 1.65 V before and after 5000 cycles.

Table S1. The atomic contents of Ni and Fe in the NiFe-11, NiFe-21 and NiFe-31 nanocatalysts obtained from the full XPS results.

Catalyst	Ni / %	Fe / %
NiFe-11	12.98	7.32
NiFe-21	15.81	5.46
NiFe-31	18.83	4.05

Table S2. Comparison of the OER activity of the amorphous NiFe-21 nanoaggregates in 1 M KOH electrolyte with other electrocatalysts previously reported.

Catalyst	Overpotential / V (10 mA cm ⁻²)	Ref.
NiFe-21	0.35	this work
NiFe-11	0.40	this work
NiFe-31	0.39	this work
NiCo-LDH	0.37	[42]
β -Ni(OH) ₂ plates	0.44	[43]
NiCo ₂ S ₄ /RGO	0.36	[44]
CoNi-LDH	0.37	[45]
NiCo ₂ O ₄ /CNT	0.39	[46]
Ni _x Co _{3-x} O ₄	0.42	[47]
FeNC/Ni	0.39	[48]
Co ₃ O ₄ @NiFe-LDH	0.35	[49]
NiFeC LDH	0.36	[50]
RuO ₂	0.36	this work