Message from the Guest Editor

Dear Colleagues,

The liver is the chief metabolic visceral organ that performs a vast range of different functions that including: metabolism of lipids, carbohydrates, and vitamins. In humans, diseases of the liver are a global public health issue and burden and non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD), is one of the most prevalent liver diseases in developed countries. NAFLD represents a spectrum of conditions ranging from simple fatty liver (hepatic steatosis) through to severe liver disease such as cirrhosis and potentially hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). Dietary patterns, for example overconsumption of dietary fat and carbohydrate, along with specific dietary components have all been implicated in the initiation and progression of liver disease.

Dr. Leanne Hodson
Guest Editor

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with publishing fees paid by authors or their institutions.

High visibility: indexed by the Science Citation Index Expanded (Web of Science), MEDLINE (PubMed) and other databases. Full-text available in PubMed Central.

Rapid publication: manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision provided to authors approximately 26 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 7 days (median values for papers published in this journal in 2016).