

Validation of a Novel Double Control Quantitative Copy Number PCR Method to Quantify Off-Target Transgene Integration after CRISPR-Induced DNA Modification

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Supplementary Materials: The following supporting information can be downloaded at: www.mdpi.com/xxx/s1, Table S1: Primers used for insert amplification, qPCR, dc-qcnPCR, and Southern blot; Figure S1: Southern blot with GLuc probe at 48 °C; Figure S2: Correlation between expression level rank and log of transgene copy number.

All primers are provided, which were used for the insert confirmation PCR, the gene expression analysis, the double control quantitative PCR, and the example Southern blot. The expected product size and annealing temperature are included (Supplementary Table 1).

Table S1: Primers used for insert amplification, qPCR, dc-qcnPCR, and Southern blot

Primer name	Sequence	Product size (bp)	Annealing temperature (°C)
Gaussia luciferase			
GLuc_Fprobe3	CCCCTTGATCTTGTCCACCT	299	60
GLuc_Rprobe4	GCACGCCCAAGATGAAGAAG		
Autosomal control gene			
hCHOP-F	CAGAACCAGCAGAGGTCACA	210	60
hCHOP-R	AGCTGTGCCACTTTCCTTTC		
Chromosome X genes			
xRBBP7_F	AAATTTCACTGACAGGGCCG	264	60
xRBBP7_R	GGCCATCTCAATTTGTCCCG		
xGATA1_F	CTGTTCTGGTAGCCTGTGGA	243	60
xGATA1_R	ACAGTTGAGGCAGGGTAGA		
xHPRT1_F	GGGCTAGACTTTTGAGGGACA	250	60
xHPRT1_R	AGTCCTAATCGGCCATTACTGA		
xTMSB15B_F	GTTGCTTTCAGTCTCTGCCC	244	60
xTMSB15B_R	GGGTAGCAGCAAACCTCACAG		
Homology directed repair genes			
hBRCA1_F	CCAGGAGTGGAAGGTCATCC	224	60
hBRCA1_R	TCCAGGTAAGGGGTTCCTC		
hRAD51_F	CTGGGGCAAGCGAGTAGAGA	238	60
hRAD51_R	GCATTTATGCCCACTGCTCT		
hMCPH1_F	TGCTCTGGGTGGAAAAATGC	205	60
hMCPH1_R	TGCCTTTGTAGCTCTTTAGCCA		
hMRE11_F	TTGTATGGGTGATCGGCCTG	171	60
hMRE11_R	CAAAGTGCATCTGCCCTGT		
hDNA2_F	GTCCCAATTGTGATGCTGCC	177	60
hDNA2_R	GCCACTCTTCTCCATTTCGA		
hEXO1_F	AAGTGACCAGACCTCCAAGC	87	60
hEXO1_R	GACTTATATAGCCCAGGAACCTTGT		
Reference genes			
PPIA-F	GCCAAGACTGAGTGGTTGGAT	70	60
PPIA-R	GGCCTCCACAATATTCATGCC		
RPS23-F	ACAGGATGGGCAAGTGTCGT	75	60
RPS23-R	CACTTCTGGTCTCGTCGGTG		
Insert confirmation PCR			
5'probeWT_F	TTCAGGTCCGTCTTCCTCC	850/3000	70
Rpcr-wt-3'HA	AGGATCCTCTCTGGCTCCAT		
Southern blot example probe			
GLuc_F2	GTCAGAACACTGCACGTTGG	395	60
GLuc_R2	AAGACTTCAACATCGTGGCC		

An example Southern blot with non-transfected SiMa gDNA as a negative control, SiMa Random-Insertion prototype clone gDNA as a positive control, as well as with two different SiMa CRISPR-modified clone gDNA digests (Supplementary Figure 1). gDNA

digests were labelled as non-transfected DNA (WT), SiMa Random-Insertion prototype DNA (1), SiMa CRISPR-modified clone 2 (2), SiMa CRISPR-modified clone 3 (3), and plasmid (PI). Restriction enzymes used to digest the gDNA were: BglI (A), EcoRI (B), HindIII (C). White arrows indicate the expected sizes of the digested hPOMC-GLuc fragments. Southern blot was performed according to the DIG Application Manual for Filter Hybridization supplied by Roche. PCR preparation of southern blot probes was carried out using the Roche DIG PCR kit (sequences found in Supplementary Table 1) The example membrane was hybridized with the GLucF2R2 probe (395 bp) at 48 °C. As expected, no band was detected in the WT lane. Contrary to expectations, no band was detected in the SiMa prototype digests, despite the functionally proven stable integration of GLuc in the genome. Very faint bands were seen in the SiMa CRISPR-modified clone 2 digestion (2), all three different restriction enzyme digestions were at the expected size, but there was no indication of any off-target integrations. The second SiMa CRISPR-modified clone digestions (clone 3, lanes labelled 3) had extremely strong bands at the expected sizes as well as multiple unexpected bands at multiple sizes for each digest. The cut plasmid was included in this gel, which was stained with a strong band at 6.6 kbp, as expected (Supplementary Figure 1).

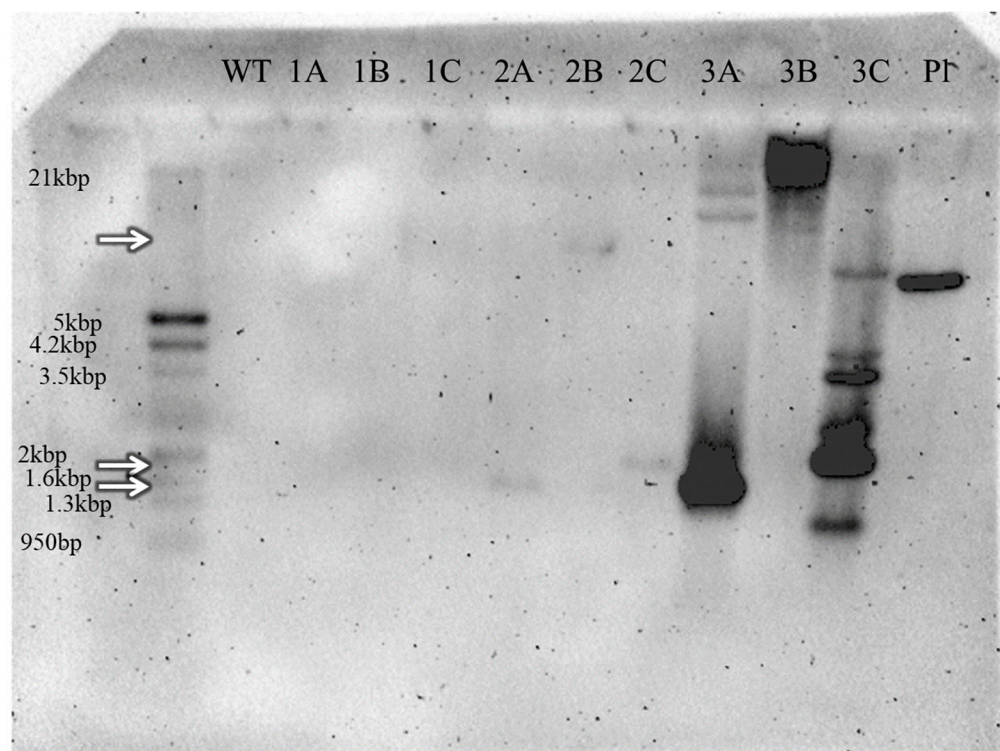


Figure S11: Southern blot with GLuc probe at 48 °C. WT = non-transfected SiMa gDNA, 1 = SiMa Random-Insertion prototype gDNA, 2 = SiMa CRISPR-modified clone 2 gDNA, 3 = SiMa CRISPR-modified clone 3 gDNA, A = BglI digestion (1.5 kbp), B = EcoRI digestion (10.3 kbp), C = HindIII digestion (1.8 kbp). Expected product sizes indicated with white arrows.

The functional correlation between double-strand break repair efficiency and the number of off-target transgene insertions was analyzed. The relative gene expression level of each of the repair enzymes was ranked and summed for each clone. There was a minor, but significant, negative correlation between the ranked expression levels of HDR-associated genes and the log of the transgene copy number of the analyzed clones (Pearson's correlation coefficient $r = -0.547$; $p < 0.05$) (Supplementary Figure 2).

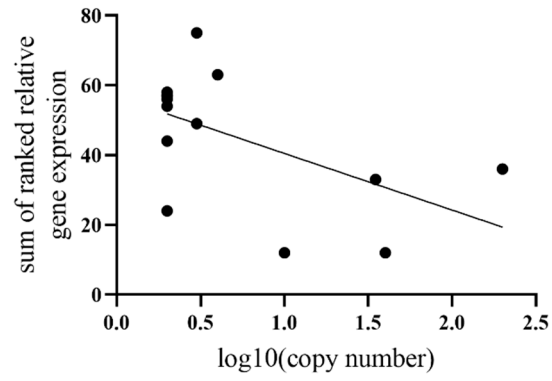


Figure S2: Functional correlation between ranked relative gene expression and transgene insert copy number. Statistical analysis: Pearson correlation coefficient, 95% confidence interval, two-tailed test. Pearson's correlation coefficient $r = -0.547$; $r^2 = 0.2992$; $p = 0.043$.