

# **Supporting Information**

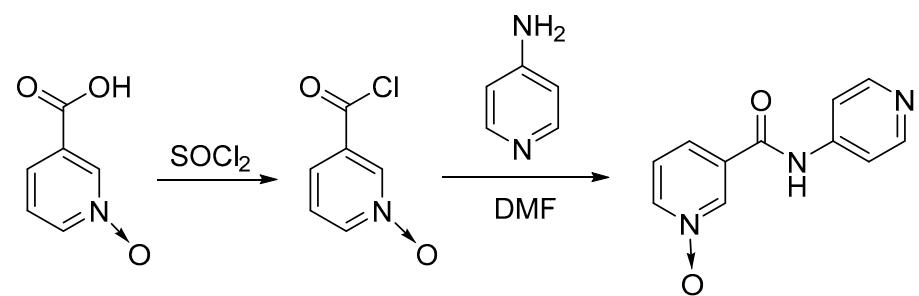
## **Stimuli-responsive Properties of Supramolecular Gels based on Pyridyl-N-oxide Amides**

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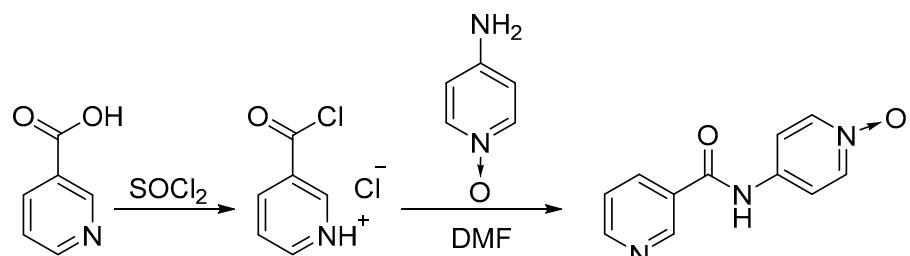
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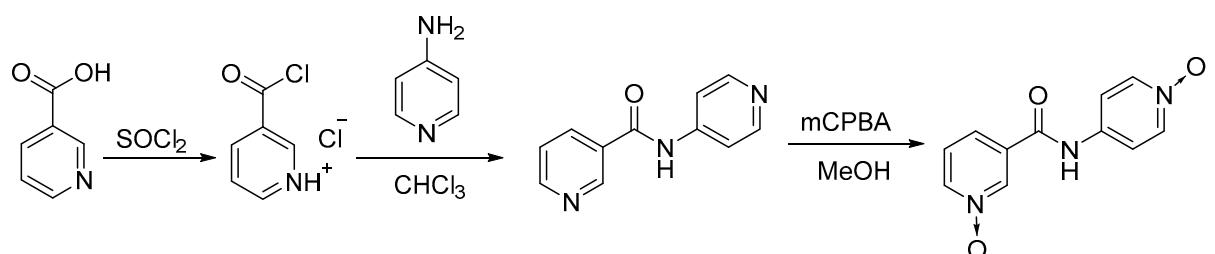
### 1. Synthetic scheme



**Scheme S1.** Synthesis of **L<sub>1</sub>**

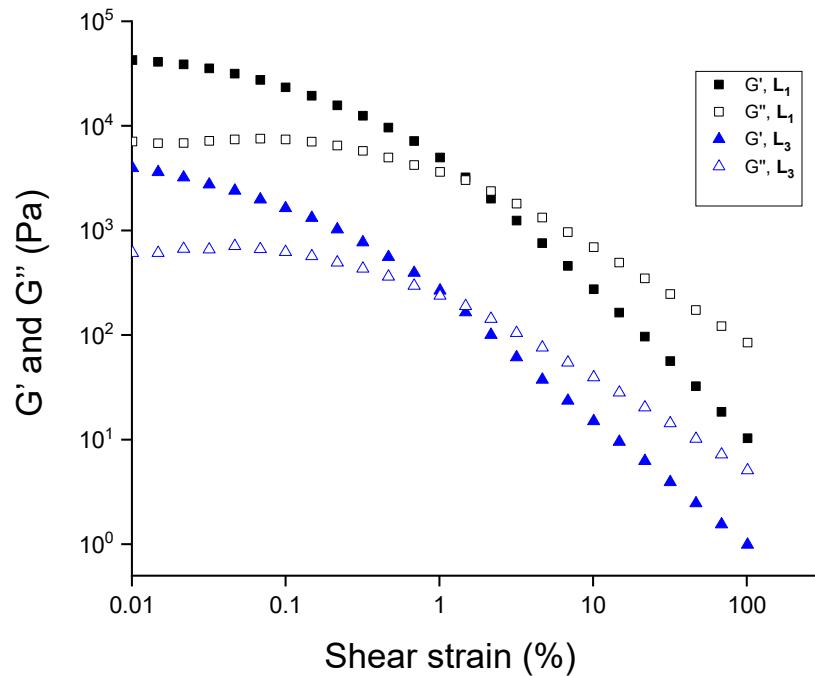


**Scheme S2.** Synthesis of **L<sub>2</sub>**

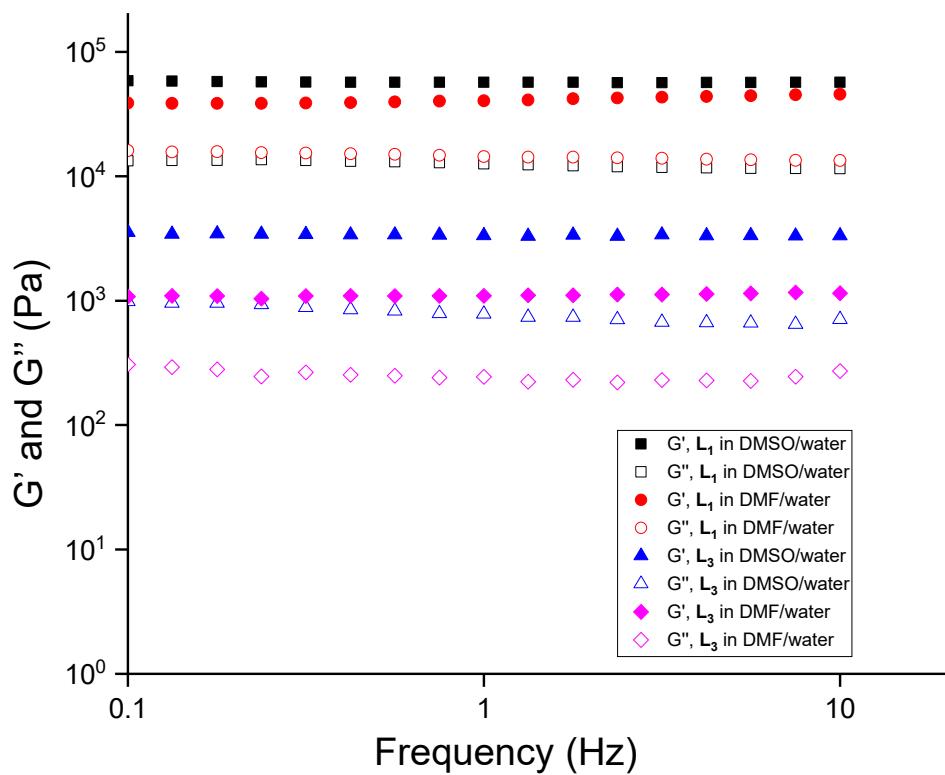


**Scheme S3.** Synthesis of **L<sub>3</sub>**

## 2. Rheology

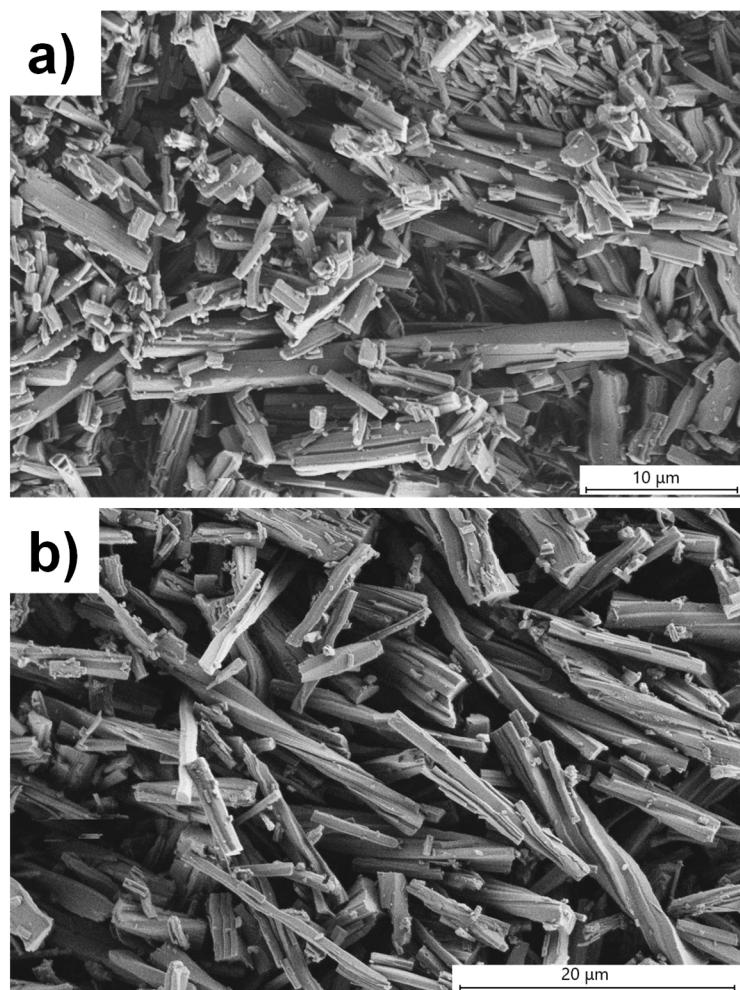


**Figure S1.** Amplitude-sweep experiments with gels of  $\mathbf{L}_1$  and  $\mathbf{L}_2$  (2.0 wt%) in water at 20.0 °C with a constant frequency of 1.0 Hz.

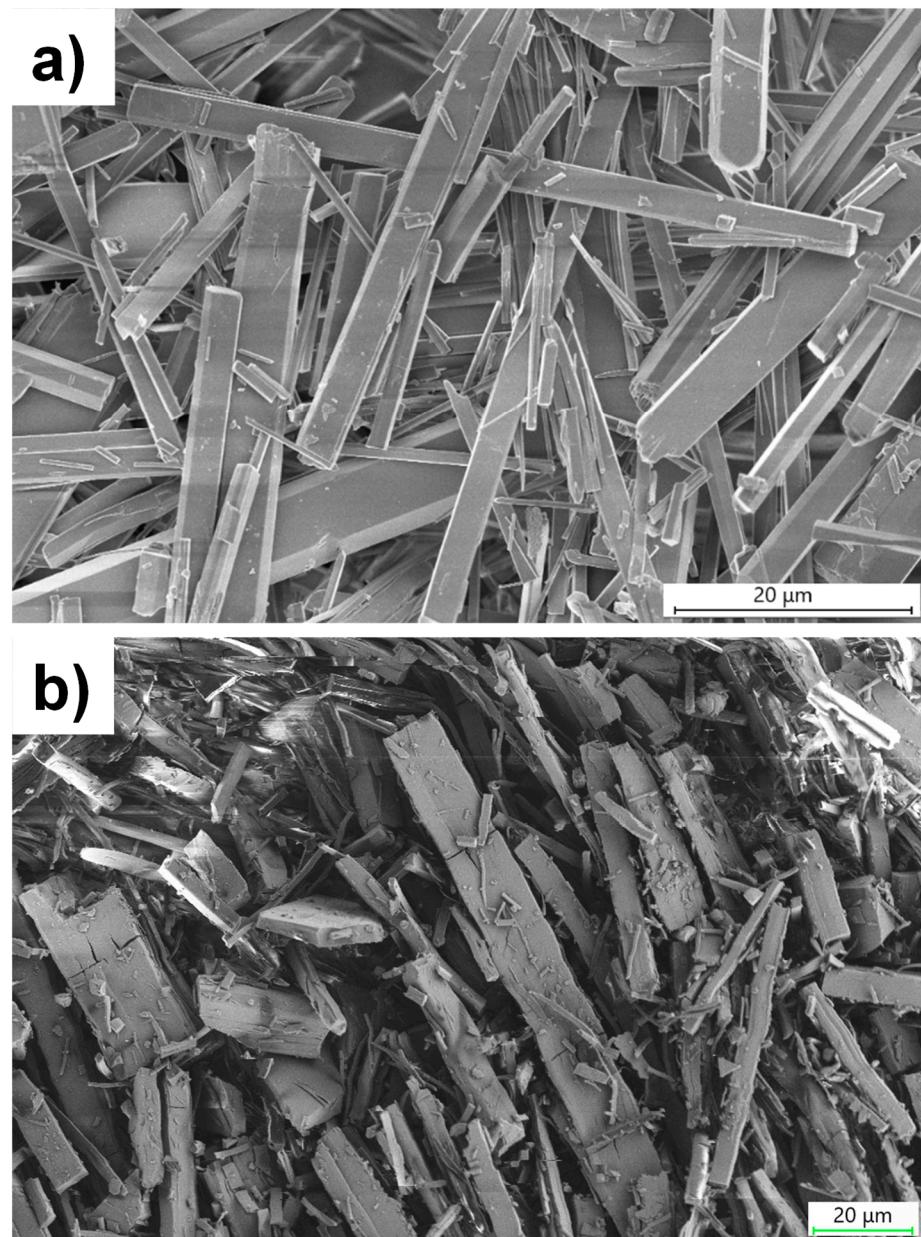


**Figure S2.** Frequency-sweep experiments with gels of  $\mathbf{L}_1$  and  $\mathbf{L}_3$  (2.0 wt%) in aqueous mixtures at 20.0 °C with a constant strain of 0.02%.

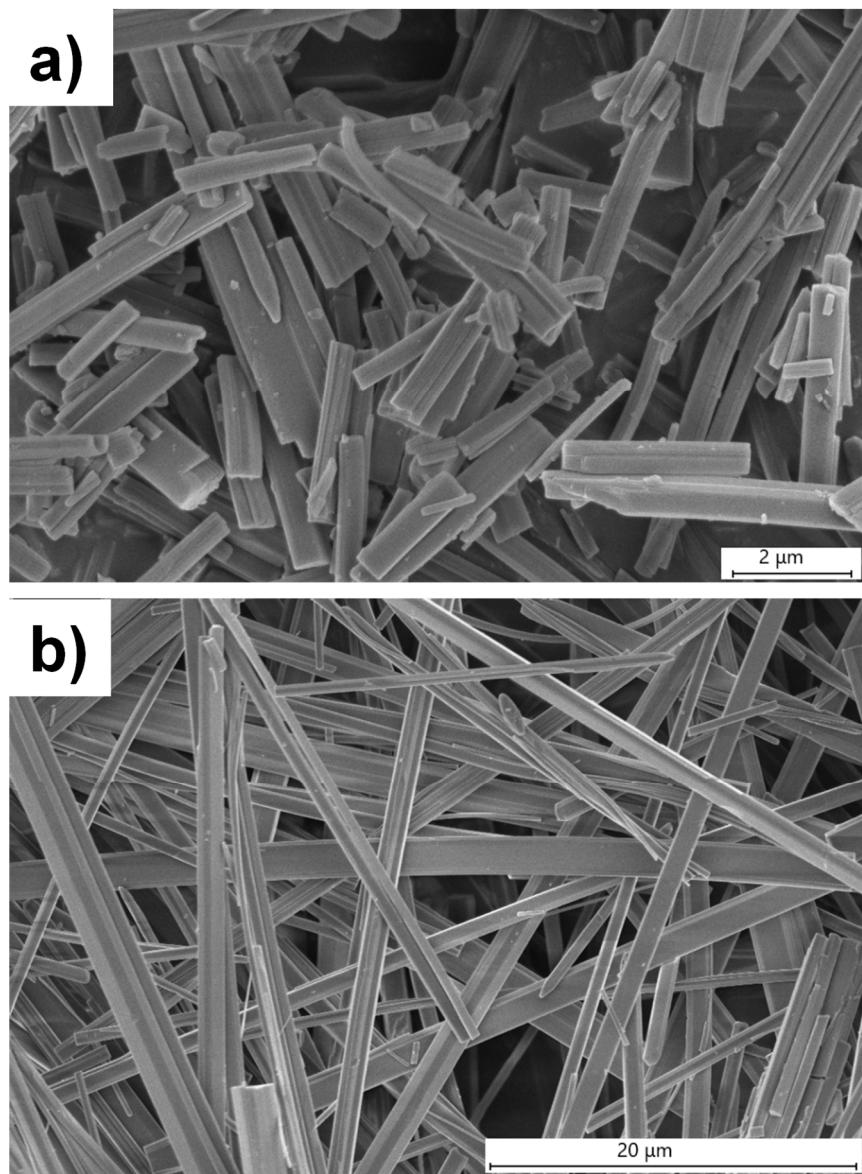
### 3. Scanning electron microscopy (SEM)



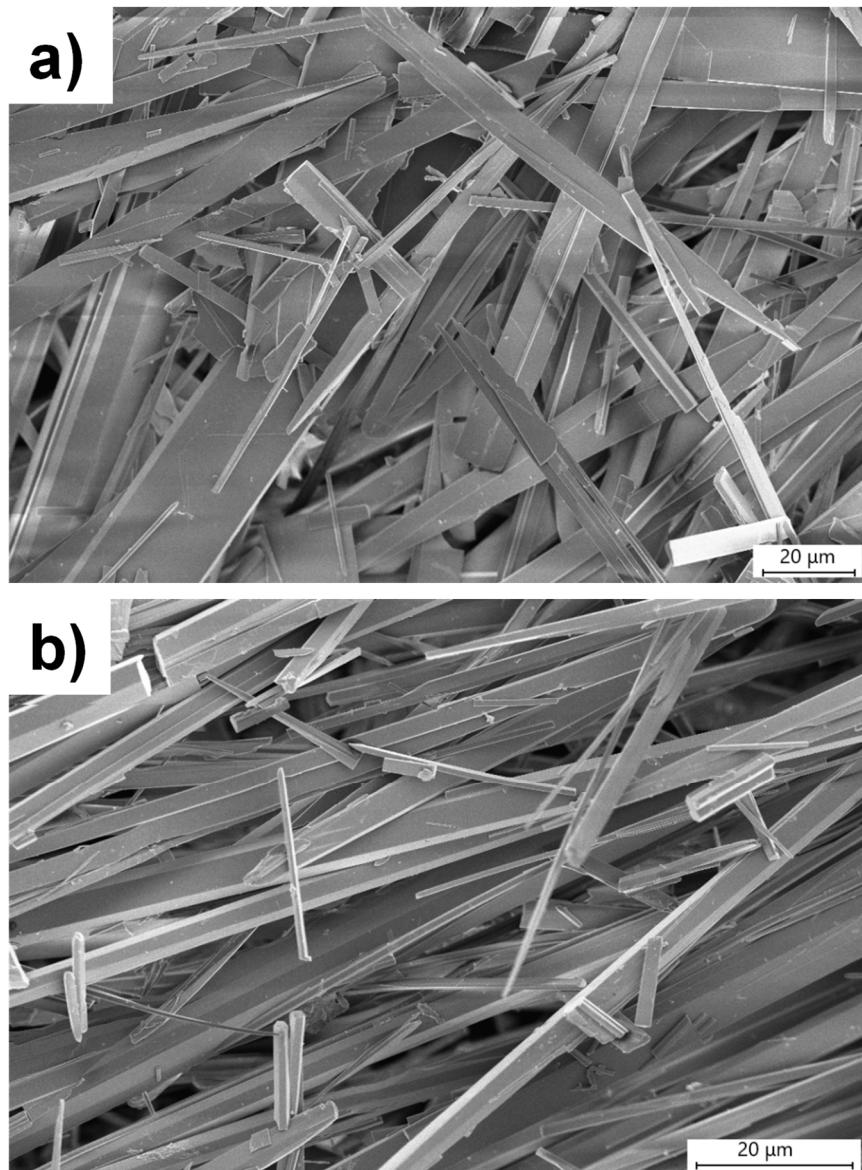
**Figure S3.** SEM images of (a)  $L_1$  and (b)  $L_3$  xerogels in water at 1.8 wt%.



**Figure S4.** SEM images of the xerogels of (a)  $\text{L}_3$  and (b)  $\text{diNO}$  gels obtained from water at 4.0 wt%.



**Figure S5.** SEM images of  $\text{L}_1$  xerogels in (a) DMSO/water (1:1, v/v) and (b) methanol/water (1:1, v/v) at 2.0 wt/v%.



**Figure S6.** SEM images of  $\text{L}_3$  xerogels from (a) DMSO/water (1:1, v/v), and (b) methanol/water (1:1, v/v) at 2.0 wt/v%.

#### 4. X-ray crystallography

**Table S1:** Crystal data

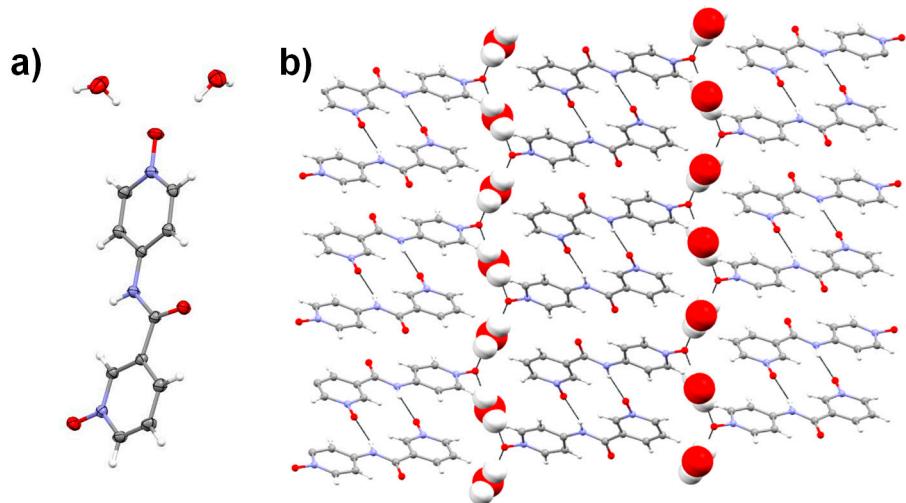
Crystal data	$\text{L}_3 \bullet \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\text{L}_3 \bullet 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
Empirical formula	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$	$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$
Color	Colorless	Colorless
Formula weight	249.23	249.23
Crystal size (mm)	0.19 x 0.05 x 0.03	0.22 x 0.16 x 0.10
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/c$	$P2/c$
a (Å)	3.73500(10)	8.1758(8)
b (Å)	12.7975(4)	5.6771(5)
c (Å)	22.9071(8)	23.529(2)
$\alpha$ (°)	90	90
$\beta$ (°)	90.0100(14)	97.127(2)
$\gamma$ (°)	90	90
Volume (Å³)	1094.93(6)	1083.66(18)
Z	4	4
$D_{\text{calc.}}$ (g/cm³)	1.512	1.528
F(000)	520	520
$\mu$ (mm⁻¹)	0.998 (CuK $\alpha$ )	0.119 (MoK $\alpha$ )
Temperature (K)	302(2)	296(2)
Reflections collected/ unique/observed [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	15306/ 1730/ 1369	17613/ 2500/ 2071
Data/restraints/parameters	1730/0/171	2500/0/172
Goodness of fit on F²	1.045	1.062
Final R indices [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0457$ $wR_2 = 0.1126$	$R_1 = 0.0409$ $wR_2 = 0.1062$
R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.0624$ $wR_2 = 0.1227$	$R_1 = 0.0524$ $wR_2 = 0.1144$

**Table S2:** Hydrogen bonding parameters

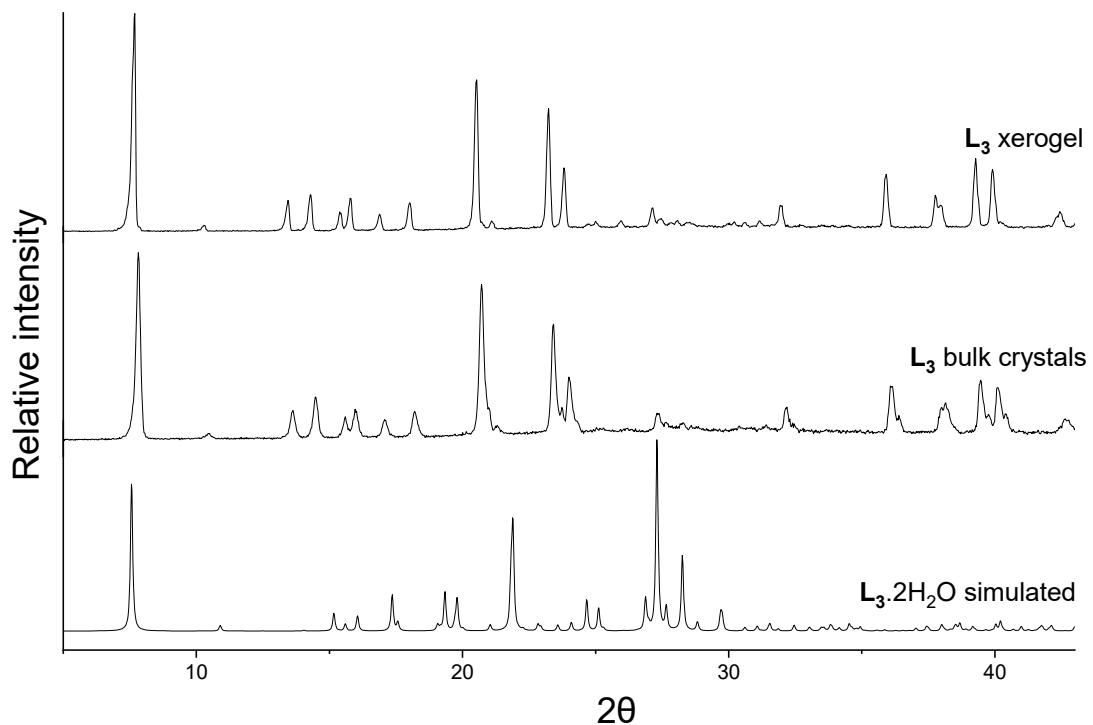
Compound L <sub>3</sub> •H <sub>2</sub> O						
No.	Donor—H…Acceptor	D—H(Å)	H…A(Å)	D…A(Å)	∠D—H…A(°)	Symmetry operation
1	O(18)—H(1)…O(15)	1.00(3)	1.79(3)	2.782(3)	170(3)	1+x,y,z
2	O(18)—H(2)…O(15)	0.97(5)	1.85(5)	2.796(3)	165(4)	x,y,z
3	O(18)—H(2)…N(14)	0.97(5)	2.48(4)	3.318(3)	145(4) <sup>i</sup>	x,y,z
4	N(10)—H(10)…O(1)	0.86	2.01	2.852(2)	166	1-x,2-y,-z
5	C(4)—H(4)…O(15)	0.93	2.58	3.266(3)	131	1+x,3/2-y,-1/2+z
6	C(7)—H(7)…O(1)	0.93	2.47	3.354(3)	158	-x,2-y,-z
7	C(13)—H(13)…O(9)	0.93	2.52	3.166(3)	127	-x,1-y,-z
8	C(16)—H(16)…O(18)	0.93	2.55	3.235(3)	131	1-x,1/2+y,1/2-z

Compound L <sub>3</sub> •2H <sub>2</sub> O						
No.	Donor—H…Acceptor	D—H(Å)	H…A(Å)	D…A(Å)	∠D—H…A(°)	Symmetry operation
1	N(10)—H(10)…O(1)	0.86	2.07	2.8956(16)	161	1-x,-y,1-z
2	O(18)—H(18)…O(17)	0.87(2)	1.88(2)	2.7447(18)	175(2)	1-x,2-y,1-z
3	O(19)—H(19)…O(17)	0.91(2)	1.91(2)	2.8185(19)	173(2)	x,2-y,-1/2+z
4	C(7)—H(7)…O(1)	0.93	2.35	3.2486(18)	163	1-x,-y,1-z
5	C(13)—H(13)…O(9)	0.93	2.37	3.1134(17)	137	-x,2-y,1-z
6	C(15)—H(15)…O(18)	0.93	2.39	3.129(2)	136	1-x,1-y,1-z
7	C(16)—H(16)…O(1)	0.93	2.39	3.155(2)	139	1-x,-y,1-z



**Figure S7.** (a) Molecular structure of  $\text{L}_3 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and (b) two-dimensional hydrogen-bonded network with water molecules (space fill model) located in the cavity.



**Figure S8.** Comparison of the simulated pattern of the single-crystal X-ray structure of  $\text{L}_3 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  with the PXRD pattern of the bulk crystals obtained from water, and xerogel from water at 2.0 wt%.

## 5. Physical properties of the gels in the presence of salts

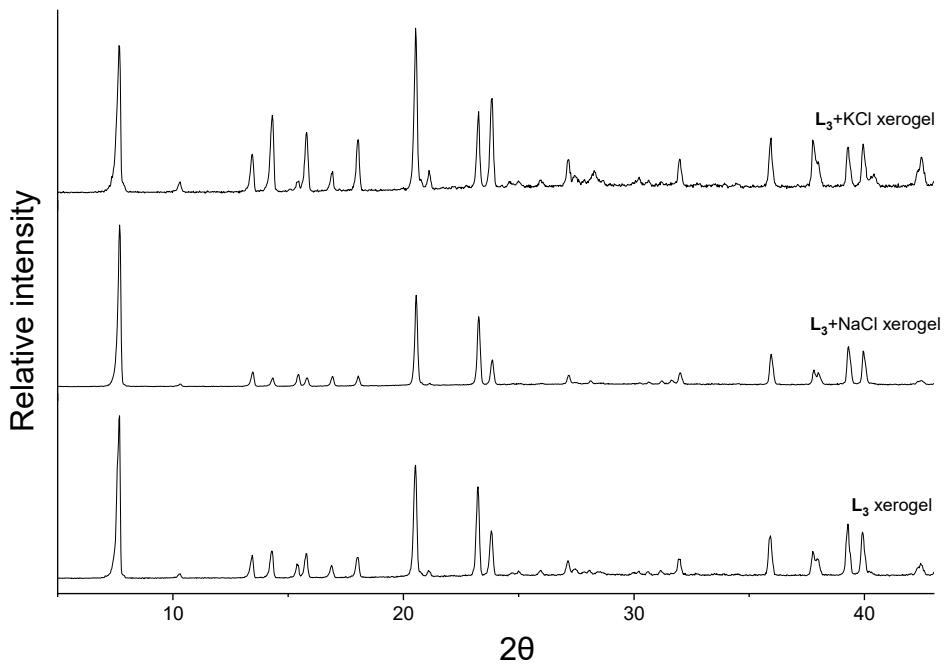
**Table S3:** Stimuli-responsive properties of the gelators **L<sub>1</sub>** and **L<sub>3</sub>**: Anion sensing in water at 1.5 wt%

Salts (1.0 equiv.)	<b>L<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>L<sub>3</sub></b>
NaF	G	G
NaCl	G	G
NaBr	G	G
Nal	Ppt	PG
KF	G	G
KCl	G	G
KBr	G	G
KI	G	G
NaNO <sub>3</sub>	C	G
NaSO <sub>4</sub>	C	Ppt
NaN <sub>3</sub>	C	G
KCN	C	S
KClO <sub>4</sub>	Ppt	PG
KPF <sub>6</sub>	C	G
KBF <sub>4</sub>	C	G
KSCN	C	PG
K <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	C	G
KNO <sub>3</sub>	C	G

C-colloid, G-gel, PG-partial gel, Ppt-Precipitate

**Table S4:** Increase in G' values of the gelators at 1.5 wt% in the presence of various sodium and potassium salts in comparison with the hydrogels (1.8 wt%)

Salt added	Equivalence (equiv.)	<b>L<sub>1</sub></b> 1.5%	<b>L<sub>3</sub></b> 1.5%
NaF	1.0	2.0-fold	2.8-fold
KF	1.0	2.6-fold	3.0-fold
NaCl	1.0	1.8-fold	4.3-fold
KCl	1.0	3.0-fold	5.7-fold
NaBr	1.0	1.5-fold	3.0-fold
KBr	1.0	3.0-fold	2.3-fold
KI	1.0	---	1.7-fold
KNO <sub>3</sub>	1.0	---	1.9-fold
KBF <sub>4</sub>	1.0	---	4.8-fold
KPF <sub>6</sub>	1.0	---	5.0-fold
K <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1.0	---	1.8-fold



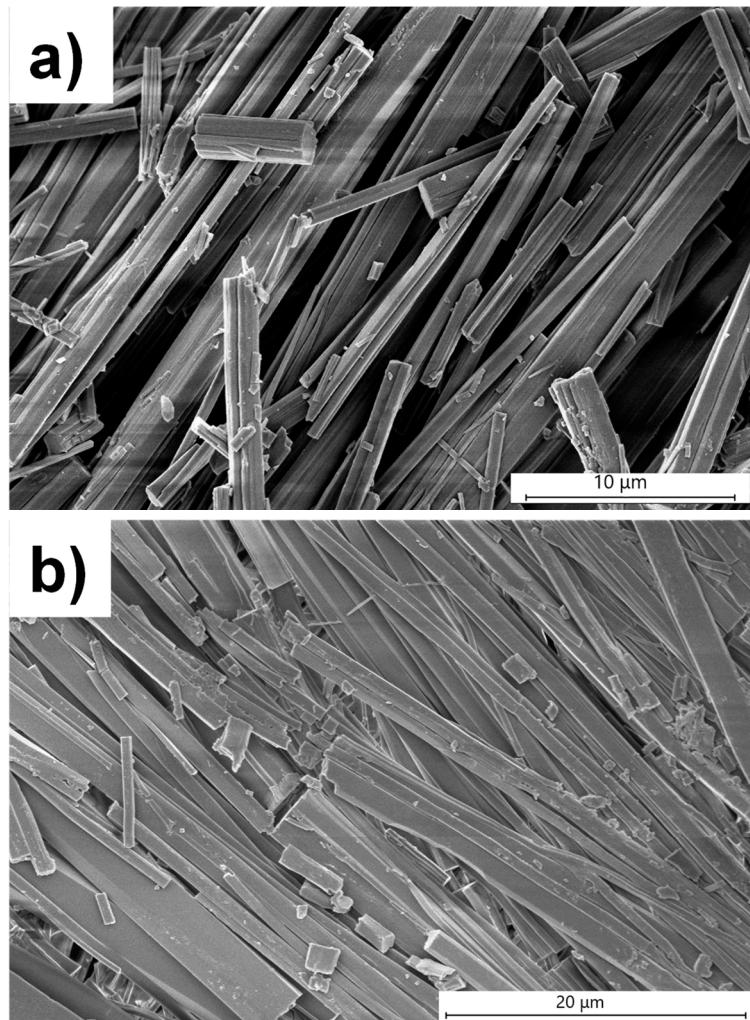
**Figure S9.** PXRD pattern of xerogels obtained from the hydrogel of **L<sub>3</sub>** at 2.0 wt% and in the presence of 1.0 equivalence of NaCl and KCl.

**Table S5:** Stimuli-responsive properties of the gelators **L<sub>1</sub>** and **L<sub>3</sub>**: Cation sensing in water at 1.5 wt%

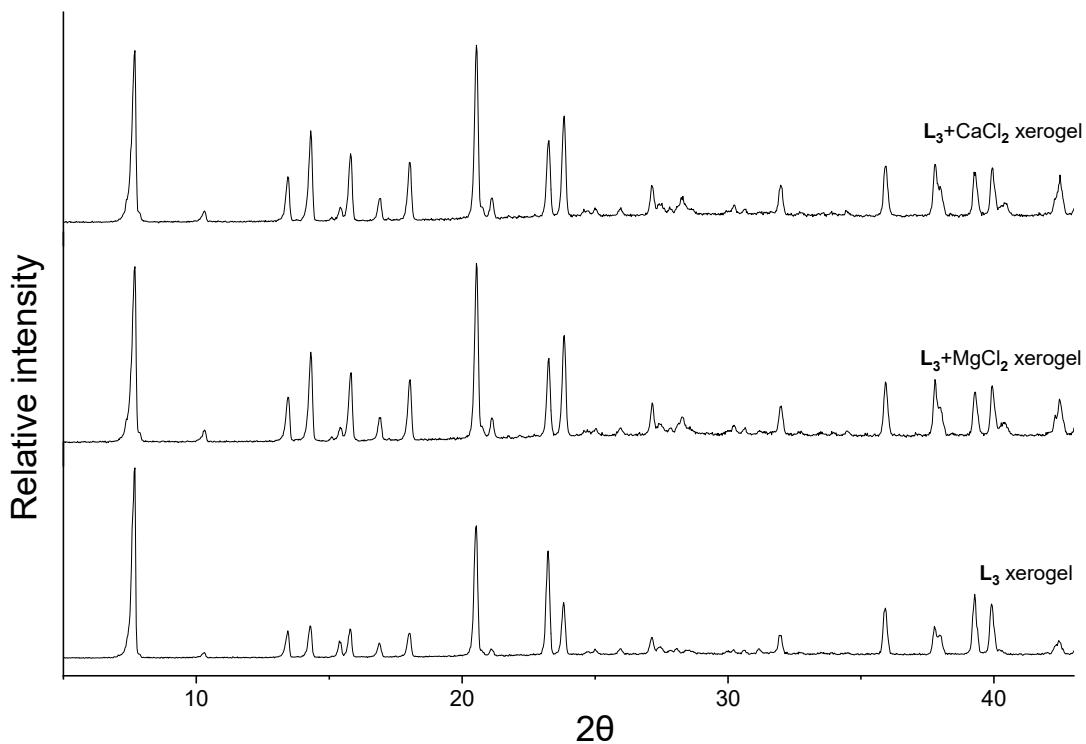
Salts (1.0 equiv.)	<b>L<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>L<sub>3</sub></b>
CsCl	G	G
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	G	G
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	G	G
SrCl <sub>2</sub>	G	G
BaCl <sub>2</sub>	G	G
AlCl <sub>3</sub>	S	PG
NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	PG	G
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	Ppt	PG
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	Ppt	G
CdCl <sub>2</sub>	Ppt	G

**Table S6:** Increase in G' values of the gelators at 1.5 wt% in the presence of chloride salts of various cations in comparison with the hydrogels (1.8 wt%)

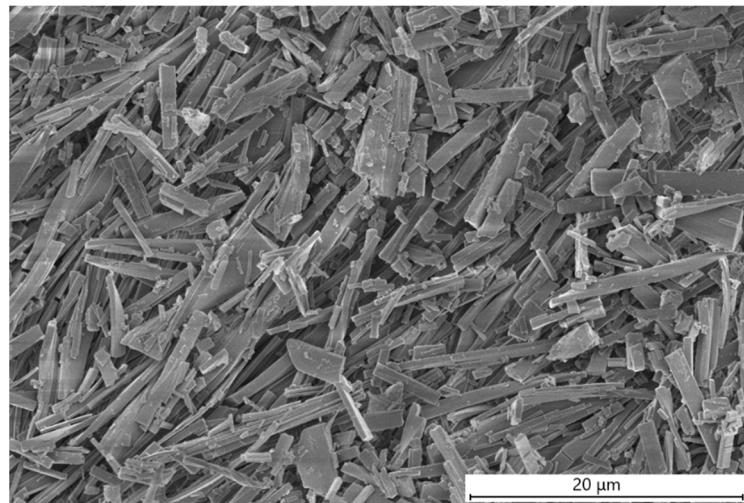
Salt added	Equivalence	<b>L<sub>1</sub></b>	<b>L<sub>3</sub></b>
CsCl	1.0	1.1-fold	3.8-fold
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	1.9-fold	4.8-fold
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	1.7-fold	5.0-fold
SrCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	1.8-fold	2.3-fold
BaCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	1.5-fold	1.8-fold
NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	1.0	---	1.6-fold
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	---	-----
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	---	2.8-fold
CdCl <sub>2</sub>	1.0	---	24.7-fold



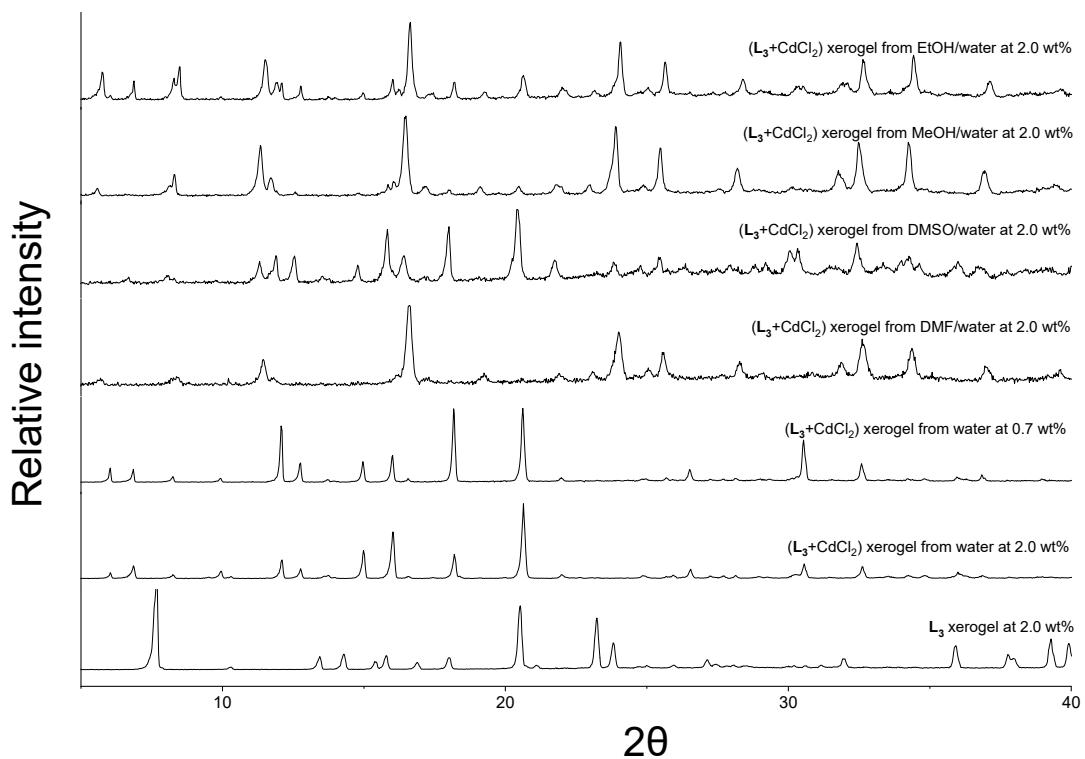
**Figure S10.** SEM images of xerogels of (a) L<sub>1</sub> and (b) L<sub>3</sub> at 2.0 wt% obtained from water in the presence of 1.0 equivalence of MgCl<sub>2</sub>.



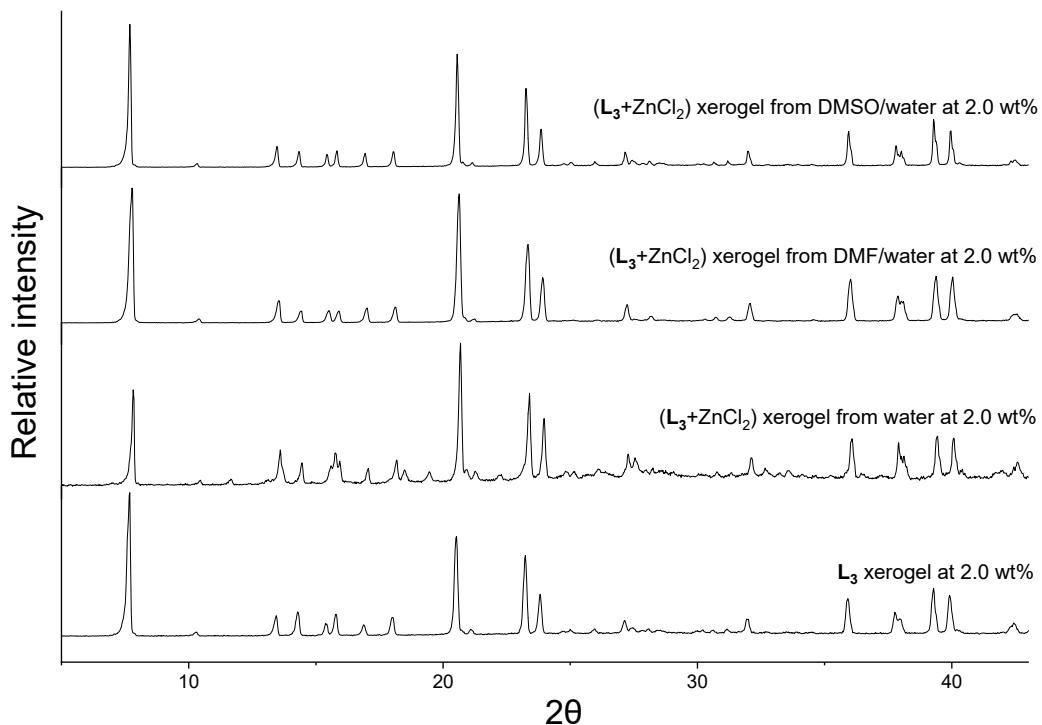
**Figure S11.** Comparison of the PXRD pattern of xerogels (2.0 wt%) of **L<sub>3</sub>** hydrogels, and the gels in the presence of 1.0 equivalence of MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S12.** SEM images of the xerogels of **L<sub>3</sub>** in the presence of 1.0 equivalence of CdCl<sub>2</sub> in water at 2.0 wt%.

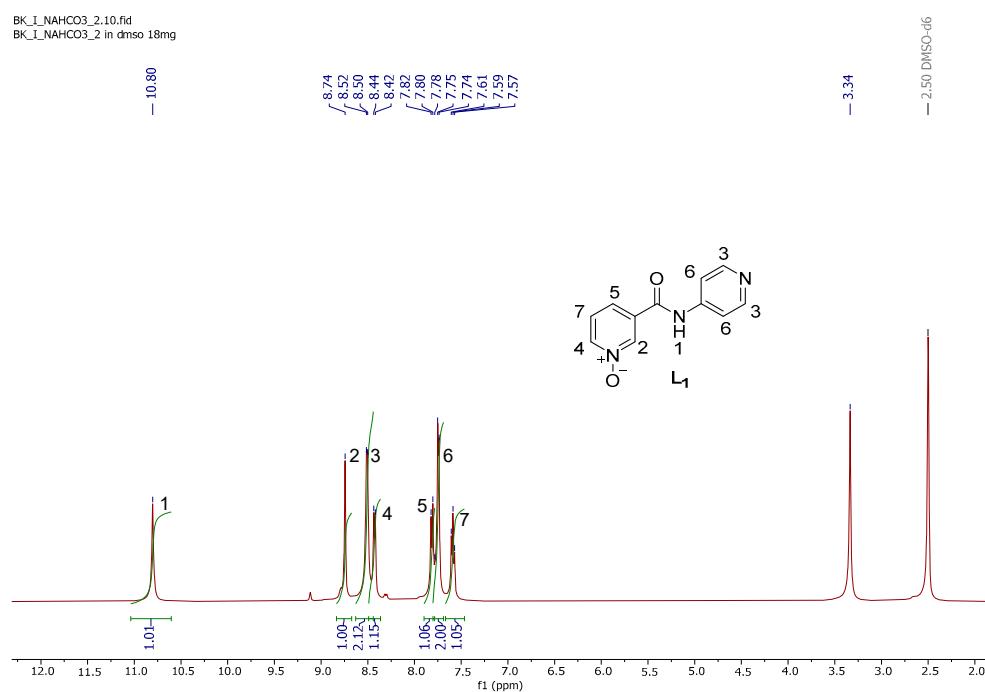


**Figure S13.** Comparison of the PXRD pattern of  $\text{L}_3$  xerogel with the PXRD pattern of the xerogels of  $\text{L}_3\text{-CdCl}_2$  mixture in various solvents.

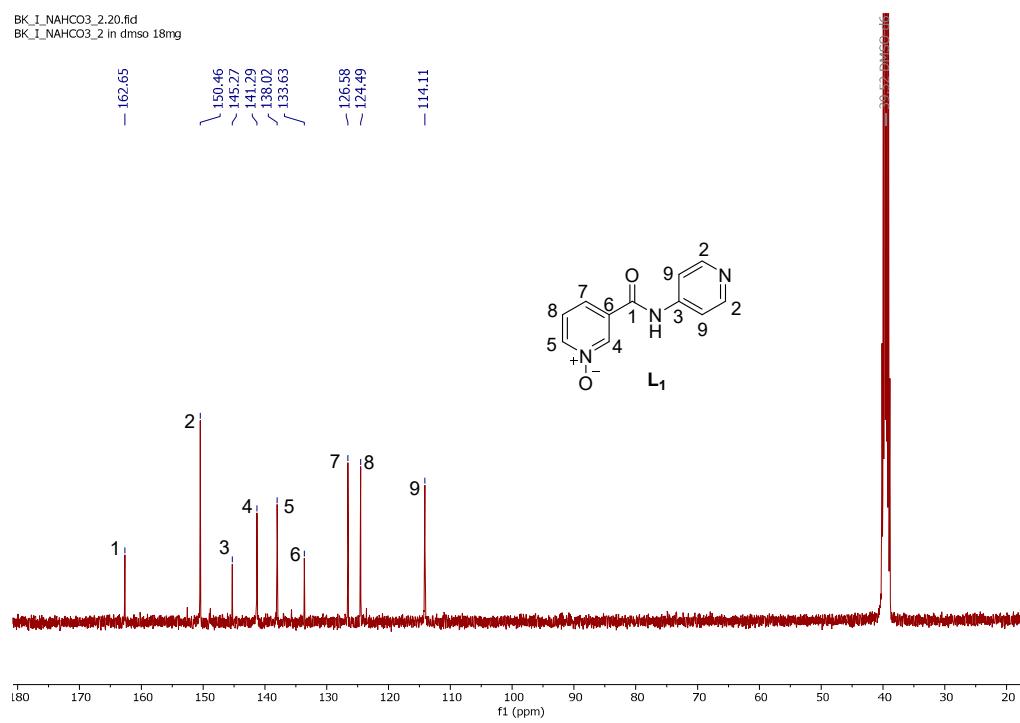


**Figure S14.** Comparison of the PXRD pattern of  $\text{L}_3$  xerogel from water with the PXRD pattern of the xerogels of the mixture ( $\text{L}_3 + \text{ZnCl}_2$ ) in various solvents.

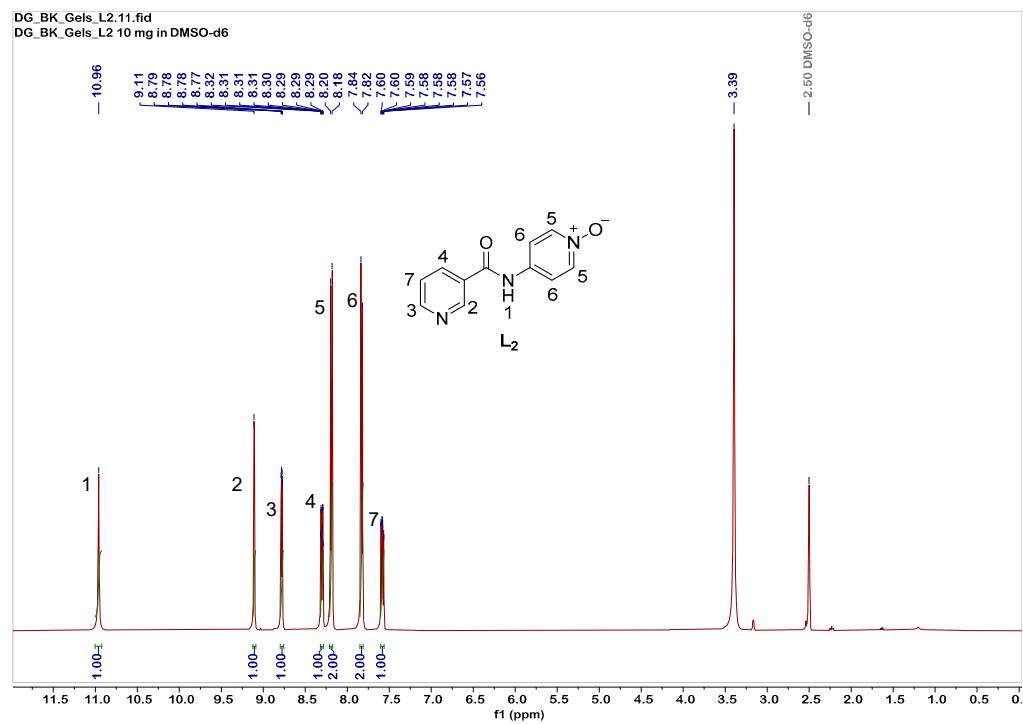
## 6. NMR spectra



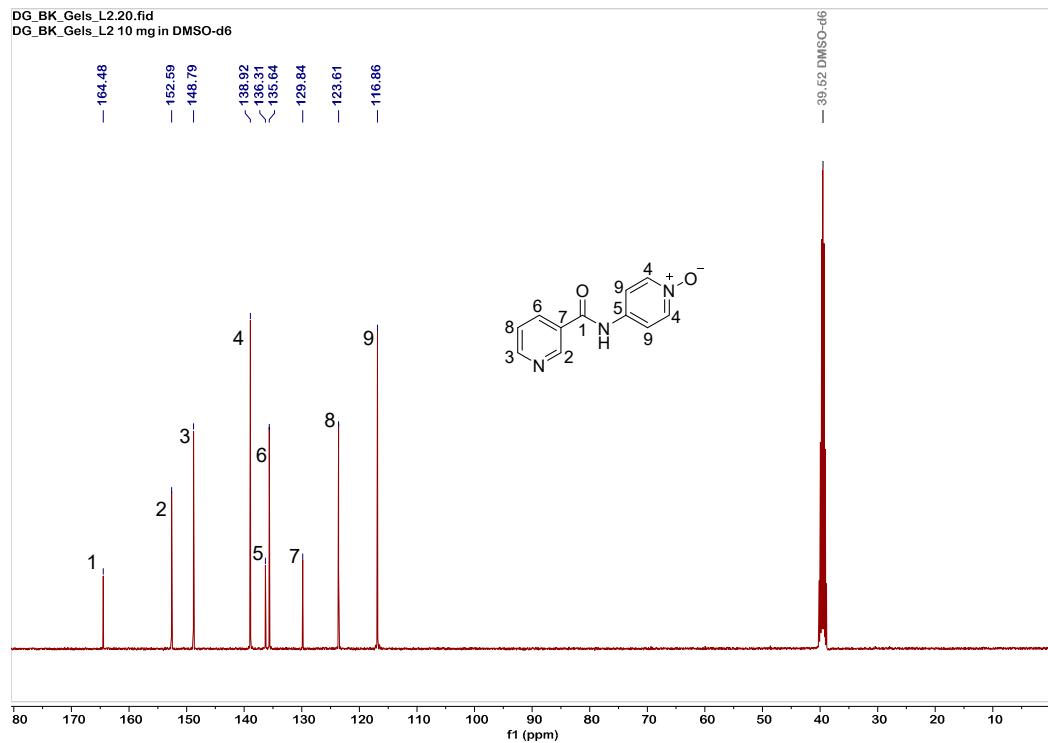
**Figure S15.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound **L<sub>1</sub>**.



**Figure S16.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound **L<sub>1</sub>**.



**Figure S17.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of compound  $\text{L}_2$ .



**Figure S18.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound **L<sub>2</sub>**.

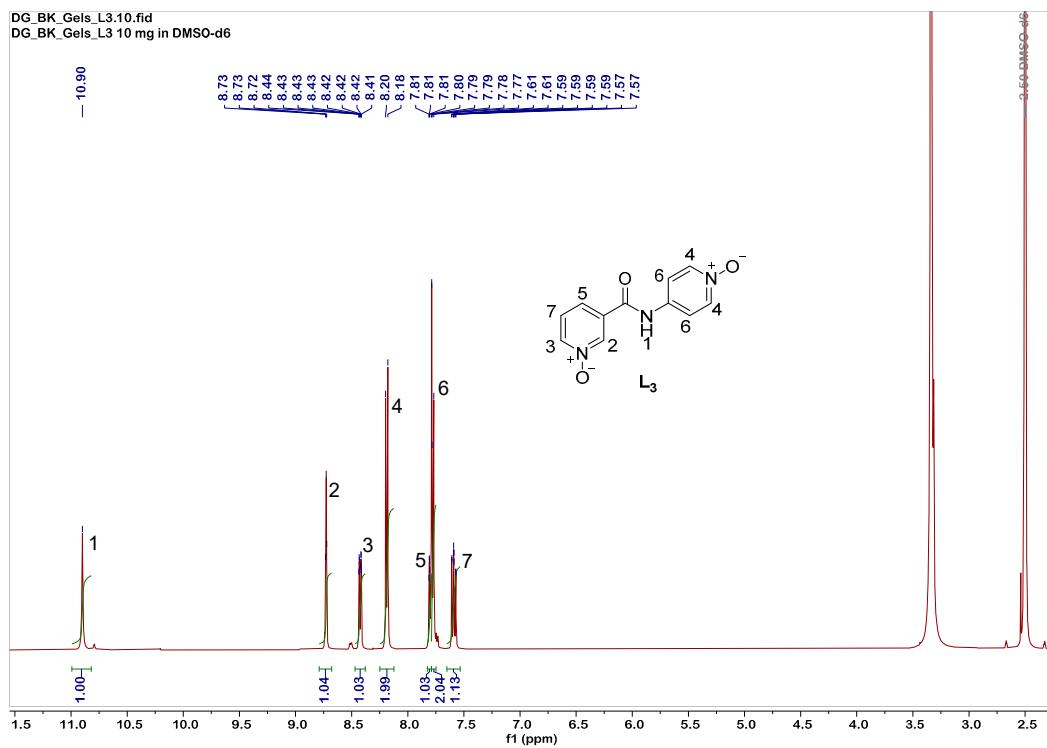


Figure S19.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of compound  $L_3$ .

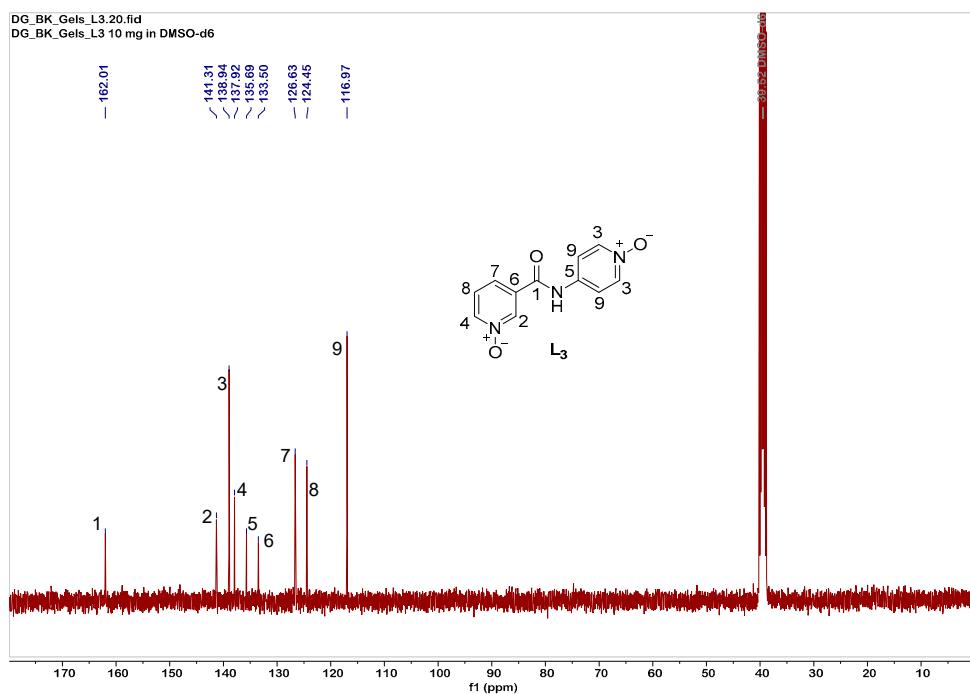


Figure S20.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of compound  $L_3$ .