

Supplementary Materials

Game Analysis of the Evolution of Energy Structure Transition Considering Low-Carbon Sentiment of the Decision-Makers in the Context of Carbon Neutrality

Xinping Wang ¹, Zhenghao Guo ¹, Ziming Zhang ¹, Boying Li ^{2*}, Chang Su ³, Linhui Sun ¹ and Shihui Wang ¹

¹ School of Management, Xi'an University of Science and Technology, Xi'an 710054, China

² School of Political Science and International Relations, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China

³ School of Safety Science and Engineering, Xi'an University of Science and Technology, Xi'an 710054, China

* Correspondence: liboing@tongji.edu.cn

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The expected benefit of "green regulation" by government regulators is } U_{1p} : \\ U_{1p} &= [a(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) - c_1]e^{r^2} + [h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1 - c_1 - \beta\eta Lq](1 - e^{r^2}) \\ &= [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) + \beta\eta Lq]e^{r^2} + (h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1 - c_1 - \beta\eta Lq) \end{aligned}$$

The expected benefit of "regular regulation" by government regulators is:

$$\begin{aligned} U_{2p} &= [a(h_1 - d_1) + b(h_2 - d_2) - \theta Lq]e^{r^2} + (h_1 - d_1 - Lq)(1 - e^{r^2}) \\ &= [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1) + b(h_2 - d_2) - (\theta-1)Lq]e^{r^2} + (h_1 - d_1 - Lq) \end{aligned} \quad (S4)$$

The average expected return for government regulators is \bar{U}_p :

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{U}_p &= [a(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) - c_1]\omega_A(pe) + [h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1 - c_1 - \beta\eta Lq][\omega_A(p) - \omega_A(pe)] \\ &\quad + [a(h_1 - d_1) + b(h_2 - d_2) - \theta Lq][\omega_A(p + e - pe) - \omega_A(p)] + (h_1 - d_1 - Lq)[1 - \omega_A(p + e - pe)] \\ &= [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) + \beta\eta Lq](pe)^{r^1} + [(1-a)(h_1 - d_1) + a(-R + l_1) - c_1 - b(h_2 - d_2) - \beta\eta Lq + \theta Lq]p^{r^1} \\ &\quad + [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1) + Lq + b(h_2 - d_2) - \theta Lq](p + e - pe)^{r^1} + (h_1 - d_1 - Lq) \end{aligned} \quad (S5)$$

Government regulators replicated dynamic equation as $F(p)$:

$$F(p) = dp/dt = p^{r^1}(U_{1p} - \bar{U}_p) = p^{r^1}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} &[(a-1)(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) + \beta\eta Lq]e^{r^2} + (h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1 - c_1 - \beta\eta Lq) \\ &- [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1 - R + l_1) + b(h_2 - d_2 - D + l_2) + \beta\eta Lq](pe)^{r^1} \\ &- [(1-a)(h_1 - d_1) + a(-R + l_1) - c_1 - b(h_2 - d_2) - \beta\eta Lq + \theta Lq]p^{r^1} \\ &- [(a-1)(h_1 - d_1) + Lq + b(h_2 - d_2) - \theta Lq](p + e - pe)^{r^1} + (h_1 - d_1 - Lq) \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (S6)$$

The expected benefit of "integrated energy use" for energy consumers are U_{1n} :

$$\begin{aligned} U_{1n} &= [a(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T)]m^{r^1} + (-c_2 + w_1 + S - \eta Lq)(1 - m^{r^1}) \\ &= [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T)]m^{r^1} + (-c_2 + w_1 + S - \eta Lq) + \eta Lqm^{r^1} \end{aligned} \quad (S7)$$

The expected benefit of "clean and efficient use of coal" for energy consumers is U_{2n} :

$$\vdots$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_{2e} &= [a(-c_2 + w_1) + b(-c_3 + w_2) - \beta\theta Lq]m^{r^1} + (-c_2 + w_1 - Lq)(1 - m^{r^1}) \\ &= [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1) + b(-c_3 + w_2)]m^{r^1} + (-c_2 + w_1 - Lq) + (1 + \beta\theta)Lqm^{r^1} \end{aligned} \quad (S8)$$

The average expected return for energy consumers is \bar{U}_n :

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{U}_n &= [a(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T)]\omega_B(mn) + [-c_2 + w_1 + S - \eta Lq][\omega_B(m) - \omega_B(mn)] \\ &\quad + [a(-c_2 + w_1) + b(-c_3 + w_2) - \beta\theta Lq][\omega_B(m + n - mn) - \omega_B(m)] + (-c_2 + w_1 - Lq)[1 - \omega_B(m + n - mn)] \\ &= [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T) + \eta Lq](mn)^{r^2} + [(1-a)(-c_2 + w_1) + S - b(-c_3 + w_2) + \beta\theta Lq - \eta Lq]m^{r^2} \\ &\quad + [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1) + Lq + b(-c_3 + w_2) - \beta\theta Lq](m + n - mn)^{r^2} + (-c_2 + w_1 - Lq) \end{aligned} \quad (S9)$$

The energy consumers replicated dynamic equation for $F(n)$:

$$\begin{aligned} F(n) = dn/dt &= n^{r^2} (U_{ln} - \bar{U}_n) = n^{r^2} \\ &\left\{ [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T)]p^{r^1} + (-c_2 + w_1 + S - \eta Lq) + \eta Lqm^{r^1} \right. \\ &\quad \left. - [(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T) + \eta Lq](mn)^{r^2} - [(1-a)(-c_2 + w_1) + S - b(-c_3 + w_2) + \beta \theta Lq - \eta Lq]m^{r^2} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{S10})$$

$$\text{Let } A_1 = (a-1)(y_1 - x_1 - S + l_1) + b(y_2 - x_2 - T + l_2) + \beta \eta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } A_2 = (1-a)(-y_1 + x_1 + S - l_1) + b(y_2 - x_2 - T + l_2) + \beta \eta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } A_3 = (1-a)(y_1 - x_1) + a(-S + l_1) - c_1 - b(y_2 - x_2) - \beta \eta Lq + \theta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } A_4 = (a-1)(y_1 - x_1) + Lq + b(y_2 - x_2) - \theta Lq$$

Let

$$A_5 = (y_1 - x_1 - S + l_1 - c_1 - \beta \eta Lq) + (y_1 - x_1 - Lq) = 2(y_1 - x_1) - S + l_1 - c_1 - \beta \eta Lq - Lq$$

$$\text{Let } B_1 = 2(a-1)(-c_2 + w_1) + (a-2)S + 2b(-c_3 + w_2) + bT + 2\eta Lq - \beta \theta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } B_2 = (a-1)(-c_2 + w_1 + S) + b(-c_3 + w_2 + T) + \eta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } B_3 = (a-1)(-c_2 + w_1) + Lq + b(-c_3 + w_2) - \beta \theta Lq$$

$$\text{Let } B_4 = S - \eta Lq + Lq$$