

Supplementary Material

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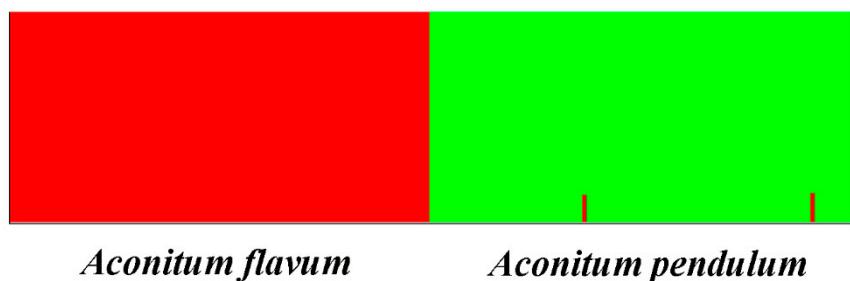


Figure S1. Results of BAPS analysis for two species of *Aconitum*.

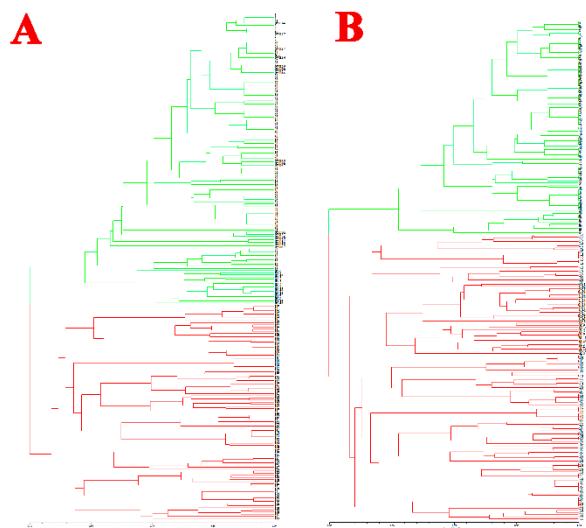


Figure S2. UPGMA clustering on verification of blind individuals (UBC808 and UBC853): (A) blind individuals from DWB and BM; (B) blind individuals from GQ and SL. Green represents *A. flavum* individuals; red represents *A. pendulum* individuals.

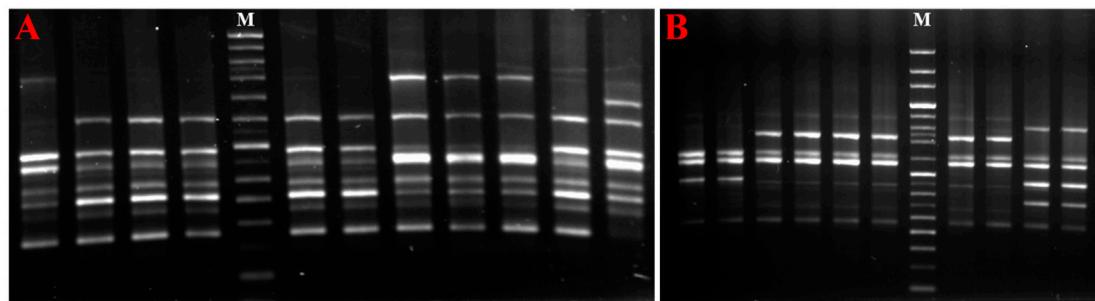


Figure S3. ISSR profiles of *A. flavum* and *A. pendulum* generated with primer UBC853: (A) DWB population; (B) QHL population; M = 100 bp + 200 bp TaKaRa DNA Ladder.

Table S1. Summary of banding profile and polymorphism revealed by 11 ISSR primers.

Primer ID	Primer sequence (5'-3')	TM (°C)	<i>A. flavum</i>				<i>A. pendulum</i>				
			TNB	NPB	PPB (%)	Size (bp)	TNB	NPB	PPB (%)	Size (bp)	
UBC807	AGAGAG	51.8	14	13	92.8	350-6	17	14	82.3	300-5	
	AGAGAG										
UBC808	AGAGT	59.6	17	16	94.1	300-2	19	17	89.4	300-7	
	AGAGAG										
UBC811	AGAGC	57.4	14	11	78.5	300-7	18	15	83.3	300-3	
	GAGAGA										
UBC812	GAGAC	52	16	14	87.5	400-0	17	15	88.2	400-4	
	GAGAGA										
UBC824	GAGAA	52	18	18	100.00	400-2,000	20	20	100.00	400-2,000	
	TCTCTCT										
UBC825	TCG	52	22	22	100.00	400-2,000	20	20	100.00	400-2,000	
	ACACAC										
UBC826	ACACAC	53	22	22	100.00	400-2,000	20	20	100.00	400-2,000	
	ACACT										
UBC846	ACACAC	52	19	19	100.00	300-2,000	16	16	100.00	300-2,000	
	CACACA										
UBC853	CACART	52	19	19	100.00	300-1,800	20	20	100.00	450-1,800	
	TCTCTCT										
UBC887	CTCTCTC	50	13	12	92.3	550-1	16	16	100.00	550-1,900	
	TCRT										
UBC890	DVDTCT	52	20	20	100.00	350-2,000	21	21	100.00	350-2,000	
	CTCTCTC										
UBC890	TCTC	56	21	21	100.00	350-2,000	19	18	94.7	350-2,000	
	VHVG TG										
Total	-	-	193	185	95.8	300-5	2,000	203	192	94.5	300-8
Means	-	-	17.55	16.82	95.8	5	-	18.45	17.45	94.5	8

D= (A, G, T); H= (A, C, T); R= (A, G); V= (A, C, G); Total Number of amplified Bands (TNB); Number of Polymorphic Bands (NPB), Percentage of Polymorphic Bands (PPB).

Table S2. Analysis of molecular variance (AMOVA) for ISSR variation surveyed in six populations of *A. flavum* (3) and *A. pendulum* (3)

Source of variation	d.f.	SSD	MSD	Variation components	Total variation (%)	P value ^a
<i>A. flavum</i>						
Between populations	2	596.373	298.187	9.59849	30.34	P < 0.001
Within populations	132	2,908.545	22.034	22.03443	69.66	P < 0.001
<i>A. pendulum</i>						
Between populations	2	865.13	432.565	15.17223	37.48	P < 0.001
Within populations	130	3,290.359	25.310	25.31045	62.52	P < 0.001

d.f.: Degrees of freedom, SSD: sum of squares, MSD: mean squared deviation;

^a: Significance tests after 1,000 permutations.

Table S3. Genetic differentiation among species calculated using different Bayesian approaches.

Model	populations differentiation (θ_B)					inbreeding coefficient (f)					DIC
	Mean	SD	2.50%	50%	97.50%	Mean	SD	2.50%	50%	97.50%	
Full model	0.265	0.032	0.201	0.266	0.324	0.554	0.272	0.050	0.567	0.976	2,517.43
$f = 0$ model	0.207	0.019	0.173	0.206	0.248	-	-	-	-	-	2,549.28
$\theta_B = 0$ model	-	-	-	-	-	0.981	0.018	0.932	0.987	0.999	10,255.70
f free model	0.288	0.027	0.237	0.288	0.341	0.493	0.291	0.023	0.488	0.977	3,651.48

Hickory 1.1 Software uses the inbred coefficient (f), $f =$ Full Model, 0 (assuming no inbreeding), free model and $\theta_B = 0$ model (assuming no population structure). The model calculates genetic differentiation and the genetic structure parameters of *A. flavum* and *A. pendulum*. Model selection was based on the Deviation Information Criterion (DIC). Models with smaller DICs are preferred.