

## Supplementary Materials

### Tackling *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Virulence by Mulinane-like Diterpenoids from *Azorella atacamensis*

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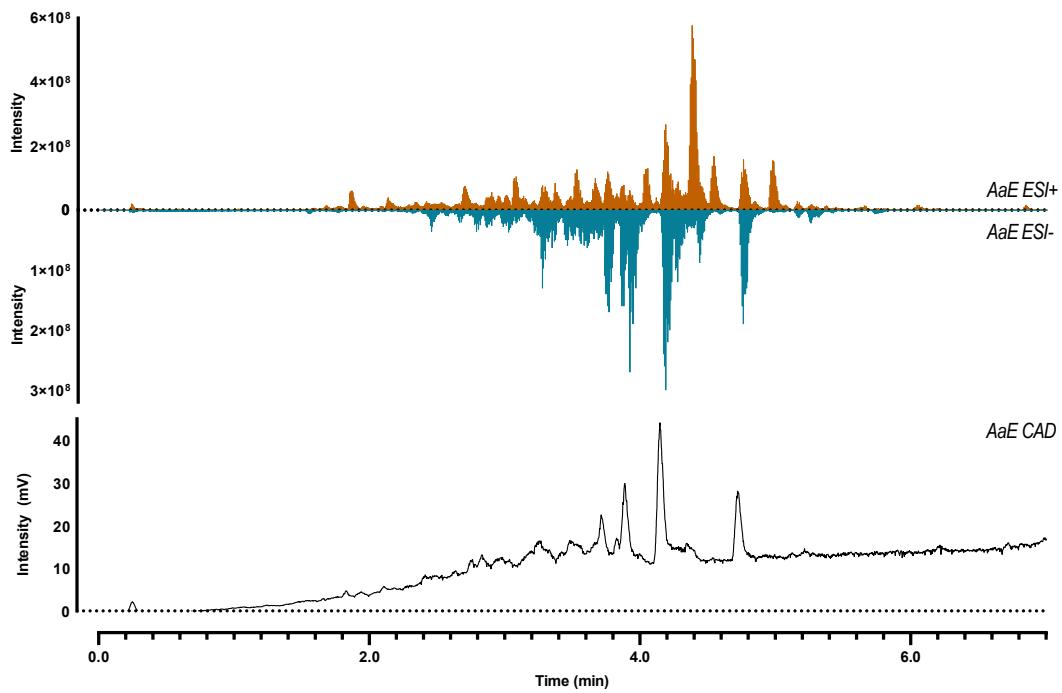
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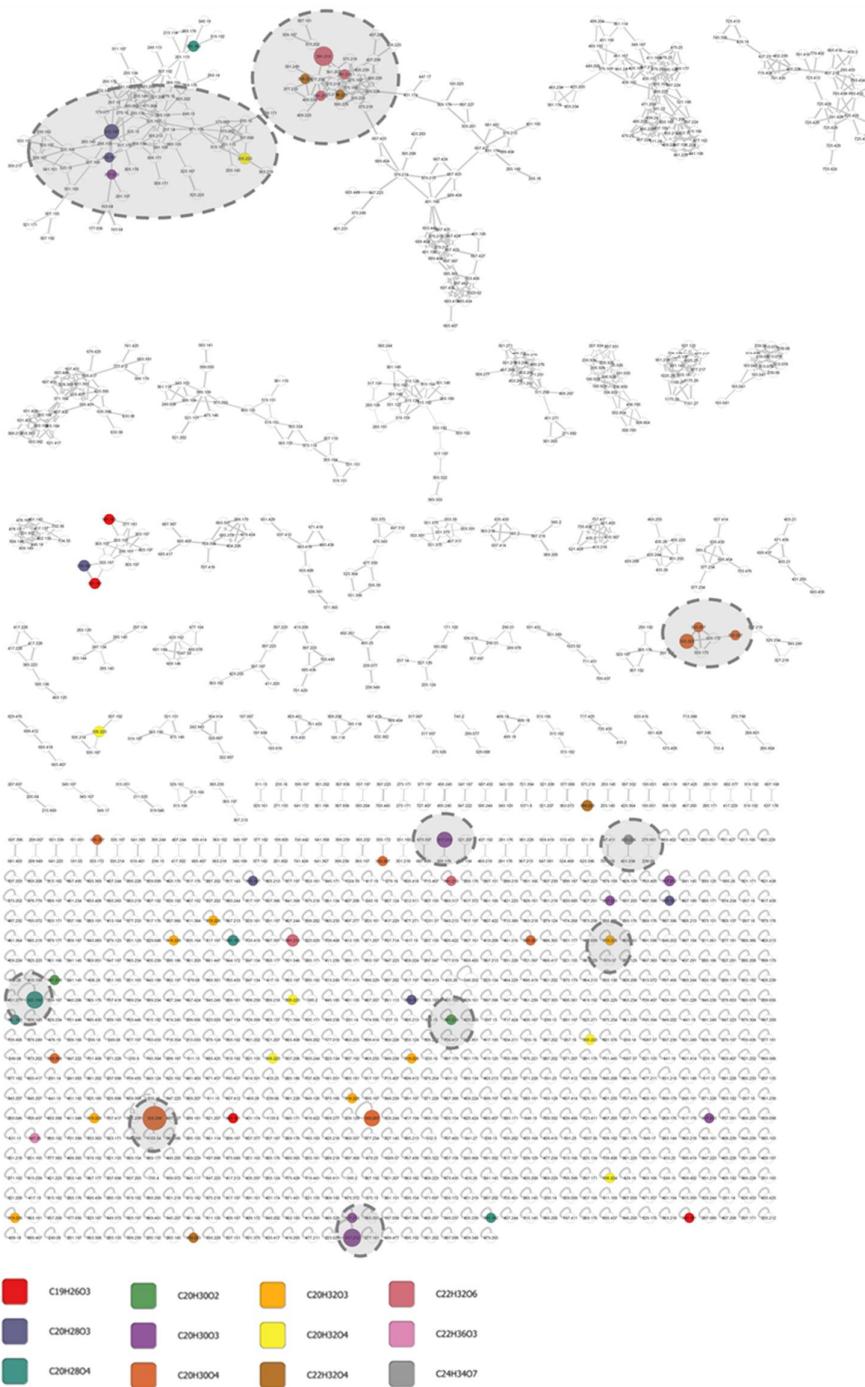
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**Figure S1.** Chromatographic traces: Total ion current chromatogram ESI positive (orange), Total ion current chromatogram ESI negative (blue) and Charged Aerosol Detector (CAD, lower).

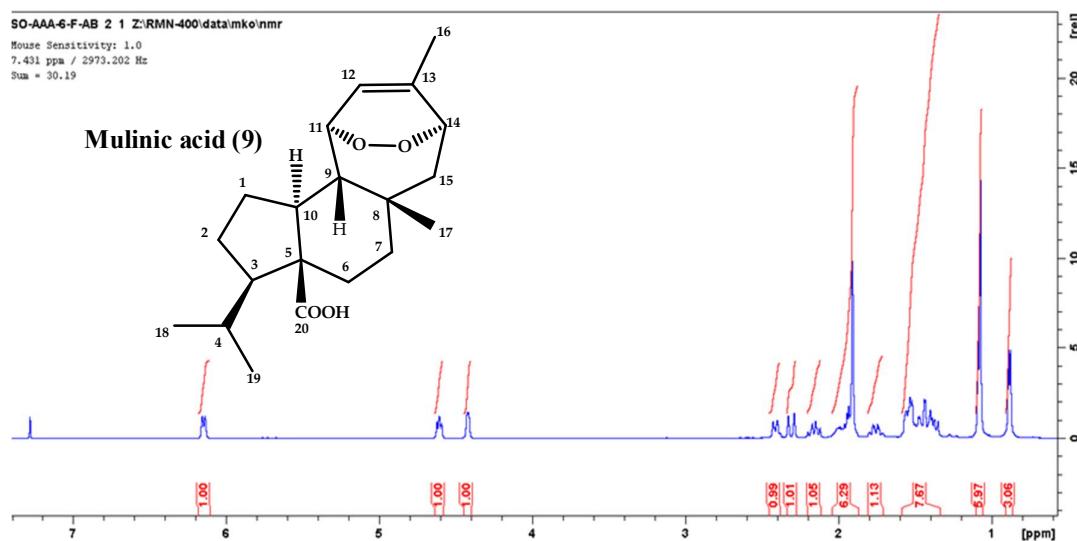
**Table S1.** Reported compounds in the Dictionary of Natural Products (DNP v29.1) for the genus *Azorella* and *Mulinum*. In bold, the compounds previously reported in the species studied in this work.

Chemical Name	Molecular Formula	Accurate Mass	Biological source
4,5,11-Guaianetriol; (1a,4b,5b,10b)-form	C15H28O3	256.203845	<i>A. cryptantha</i>
2,9-Pentadecadiene-4,6-diyne-1,8-diol; (Z,Z)-form, 1-Ac	C17H22O3	274.156895	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
2,9-Heptadecadiene-4,6-diyne-1,8-diol; (2Z,8S,9Z)-form	C17H24O2	260.17763	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
2,9-Heptadecadiene-4,6-diyne-1,8-diol; (2Z,8S,9Z)-form, 1-Ac	C19H26O3	302.188195	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
Madreporanone	C19H32O3	308.235145	<i>A. madreporica</i>
Yaretol	C19H32O3	308.235145	<i>A. madreporica</i>
11-Oxo-12,14-mulinadien-20-oic acid	C20H28O3	316.203845	<i>A. compacta</i>
11,14-Dioxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid	C20H28O4	332.19876	<i>A. compacta</i>
11,13-Mulinadien-20-oic acid	C20H30O2	302.22458	<i>M. spinosum</i> , <i>A. compacta</i>
Azorellolide	C20H30O2	302.22458	<i>A. cryptantha</i>
11,12-Epoxy-13-mulinen-20-oic acid; (11a,12a)-form	C20H30O3	318.219495	<i>A. compacta</i>
11,13-Mulinadien-20-oic acid; 17-Hydroxy	C20H30O3	318.219495	<i>M. spinosum</i>
14-Hydroxy-11,13(16)-mulinadien-20-oic acid; 14a-form	C20H30O3	318.219495	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
14-Oxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid	C20H30O3	318.219495	<i>M. spinosum</i>
16-Oxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid	C20H30O3	318.219495	<i>A. madreporica</i>
<b>Mulinenic acid</b>	<b>C20H30O3</b>	<b>318.219495</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
11,14-Dioxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid; 11a-Alcohol	C20H30O4	334.21441	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
13-Hydroxy-14-oxo-11-mulinen-20-oic acid; 13a-form	C20H30O4	334.21441	<i>A. madreporica</i>
<b>Isomulinic acid</b>	<b>C20H30O4</b>	<b>334.21441</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
<b>Mulinic acid</b>	<b>C20H30O4</b>	<b>334.21441</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
13,17-Azorellanediol; 13b-form, 17-Aldehyde	C20H32O2	304.24023	<i>A. cryptantha</i>
7,13-Azorellanediol; (7b,13a)-form, 7-Ketone	C20H32O2	304.24023	<i>A. vareta</i>
Azorellolide; 17-Alcohol (lactol)	C20H32O2	304.24023	<i>A. cryptantha</i>
<b>13-Hydroxy-11-mulinen-20-oic acid; 13a-form</b>	<b>C20H32O3</b>	<b>320.235145</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
13,14-Dihydroxy-11-mulinen-20-oic acid; (13a,14a)-form	C20H32O4	336.23006	<i>M. spinosum</i> , <i>A. compacta</i>
9,12-Cyclomulin-13-ol; 13b-form	C20H34O	290.260965	<i>A. madreporica</i>
11-Mulinene-13,20-diol	C20H34O2	306.25588	<i>A. compacta</i>
<b>11,13-Mulinadien-20-oic acid; 17-Acetoxy</b>	<b>C22H32O4</b>	<b>360.23006</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
15-Hydroxy-11,13-mulinadien-20-oic acid; 15a-form, Ac	C22H32O4	360.23006	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
<b>11,14-Epidioxy-17-hydroxy-12-mulinen-20-oic acid; Ac</b>	<b>C22H32O6</b>	<b>392.21989</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
11,13-Mulinadien-20-oic acid; 20-Alcohol, 20-Ac	C22H34O2	330.25588	<i>A. compacta</i>
9,12-Mulinadien-7-ol; 7b-form, Ac	C22H34O2	330.25588	<i>A. compacta</i>
11-Mulinene-7,13-diol; (7b,9a,13b)-form, 7-Ac	C22H36O3	348.266445	<i>A. trifurcata</i>
13,17-Azorellanediol; 13a-form, 17-Ac	C22H36O3	348.266445	<i>A. madreporica</i>
7,13-Azorellanediol; (7b,13a)-form, 7-Ac	C22H36O3	348.266445	<i>A. compacta</i>
<b>14,17-Dihydroxy-11-oxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid; 14a-form, 11a-Alcohol, 14-ketone, di-Ac</b>	<b>C24H34O7</b>	<b>434.230455</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>
<b>14,17-Dihydroxy-11-oxo-12-mulinen-20-oic acid; 14a-form, Di-Ac</b>	<b>C24H34O7</b>	<b>434.230455</b>	<b><i>M. crassifolium</i></b>

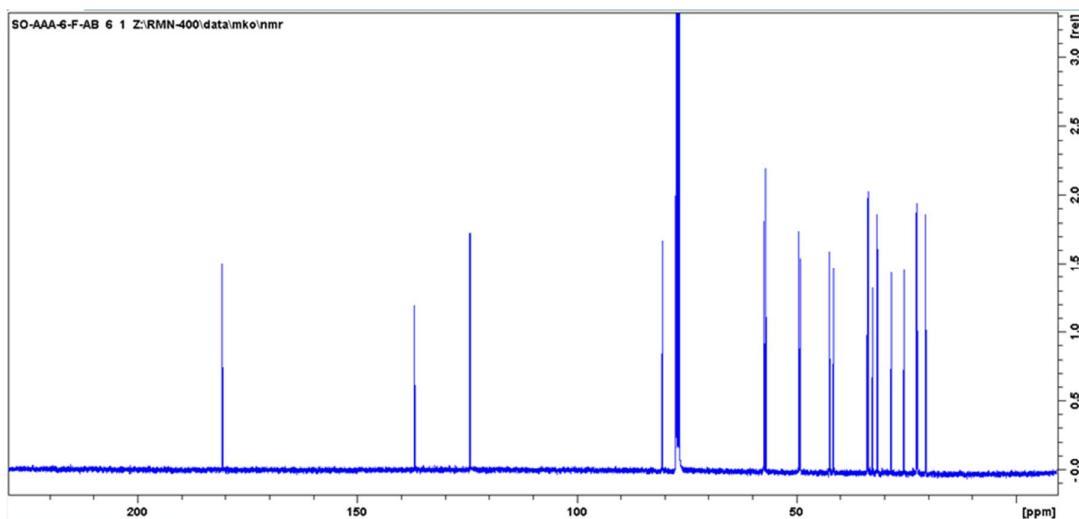


**Figure S2.** Molecular network in negative ionization mode for the *Azorella atacamensis* extract (*AaE*). The displayed structures correspond to the fourteen putative identified compounds (1-14, see Table 1). The identification of mulinic acid (9) was confirmed by isolation (see Supplementary Figure S3). Numbers inside de nodes correspond to the precursor mass for each feature, and size is proportional to the intensity of each ion in the total ion current chromatogram of the extract. Color code use to represent the different general molecular formulas for all the reported compounds in the genus *Azorella* and *Mulinum* is shown below. The ‘highlighted’ clusters correspond to those magnified in the Figure 5 in the main text.

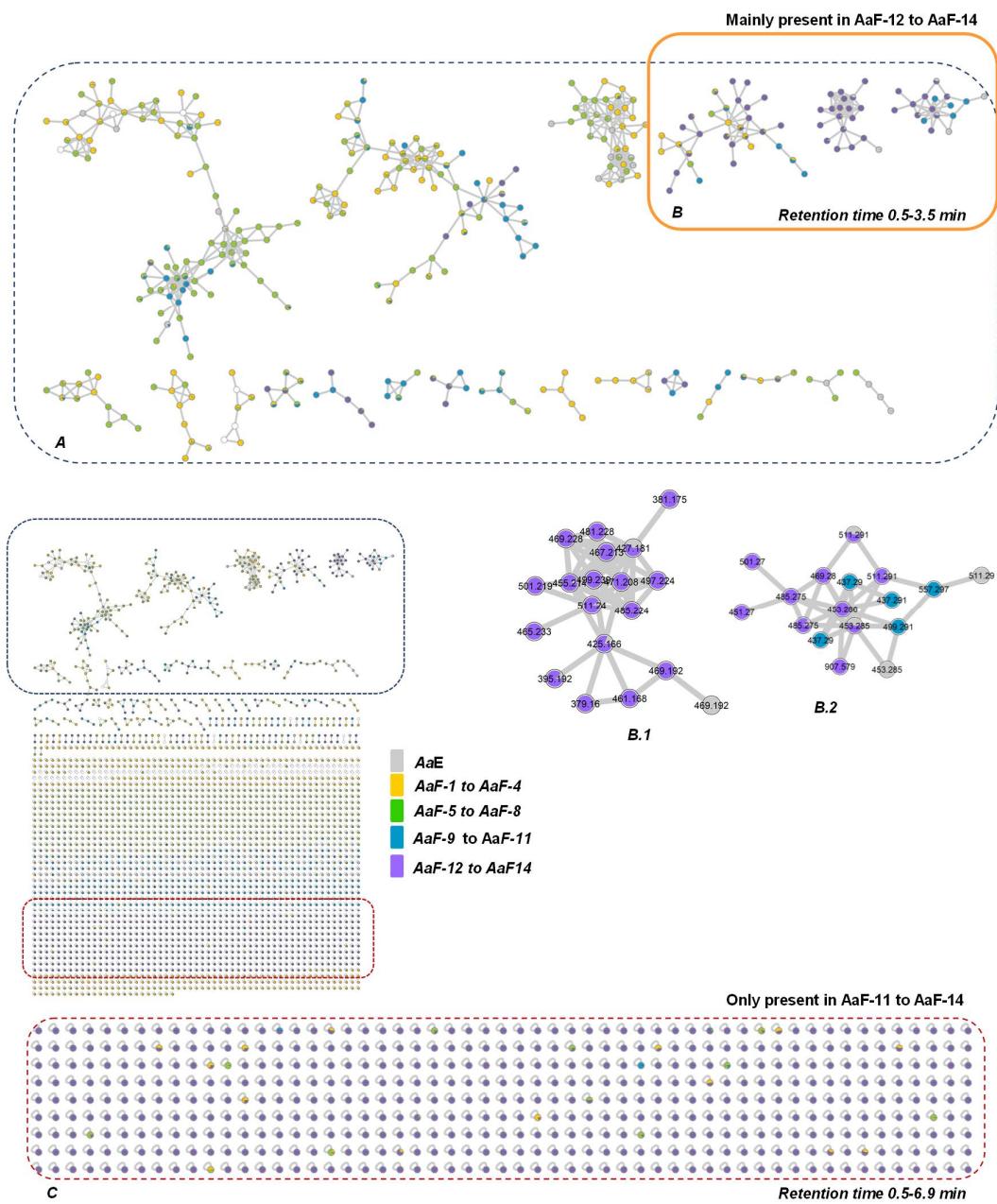
(a)



(b)



**Figure S3.** The fraction *AaF-4* analysed by a preparative HPLC on an AP-MOD-100 apparatus (Armen Instrument, Saint-Av , France) with a c18 PursuitTM Varian column (250 mm x 30 mm, 10  $\mu$ m). Isocratic conditions were applied (H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH 8/2) and 15 mg of fraction *AaF-4* were submitted to purification. Compound (9) (8.5 mg) was isolated as white powder and identified as mulinic acid after comparison of its experimental and literature NMR data. (a) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of mulinic acid (9) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> (400 MHz).  $\delta$  6.49 [d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H, H-12], 4.59 [t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, H-11], 4.42 [d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H, H-14], 2.43-2.38 [m, 1H, H-H-7 $\alpha$ ], 2.29 [d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H, H-15 $\alpha$ ], 2.20-2.12 [m, 1H, H-10], 2.05-1.88 [m, 6H, 3H-16, H-1 $\alpha$ , H-2 $\alpha$ , H-9], 1.81-1.71 [m, 1H, H-1 $\beta$ ], 1.53-1.35 [m, 7H, H-2 $\beta$ , H-3, H-4, H-6 $\alpha$ , H-6 $\beta$ , H-7 $\beta$ , H-15 $\beta$ ], 1.07 [s, 6H, 3H-17, 3H-18], 0.88 [d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H-19]. (b) <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum of mulinic acid in (9) CDCl<sub>3</sub> (125 MHz).  $\delta$  (ppm) 180.8 (C-20), 136.9 (C-13), 124.3 (C-12), 80.5 (C-14), 77.6 (C-11), 57.5 (C-3), 57.0 (C-5), 49.5 (C-9), 49.1 (C-10), 42.5 (C-15), 41.6 (C-6), 33.8 (C-17), 33.6 (C-8), 32.7 (C-7), 31.6 (C-4), 28.4 (C-2), 25.5 (C-1), 22.7 (C-18), 22.5 (C-19), 20.6 (C-16).



**Figure S4.** Combined molecular network in negative ionization mode for the ethyl acetate extract and fractions of *Azorella atacamensis*. Numbers inside the nodes correspond to the precursor mass for each feature. Colors represent the different fractions according to the code shown. **A.** Close-up of the upper section of the network. **B.** Selection of two specific clusters to the group *AaF-12 to AaF-14*. **B.1** and **B.2** Close-up of the clusters highlighted in section **B**. specific cluster to fractions *AaF-12 to AaF-14*. **C.** Close-up of the singletons in the middle section of the network specific to fraction *AaF-12 to AaF-14*.