

Supplementary Materials

Effect of Long-Term Sodium Hypochlorite Cleaning on Silicon Carbide Ultrafiltration Membranes Prepared via Low-Pressure Chemical Vapor Deposition

Asif Jan ^{1,*}, Mingliang Chen ^{1,2}, Michiel Nijboer ², Mieke Luiten-Olieman ², Luuk Cornelis Rietveld ¹ and Sebastiaan Gerard Jozef Heijman ¹

¹ Section of Sanitary Engineering, Department of Water Management, Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geosciences, Delft University of Technology, Stevinweg 1, 2628 CN Delft, The Netherlands; m.chen-1@tudelft.nl (M.C.); l.c.rietveld@tudelft.nl (L.C.R.); s.g.j.heijman@tudelft.nl (S.G.J.H.)

² Inorganic Membranes, MESA + Institute for Nanotechnology, University of Twente, 7500 AE Enschede, The Netherlands; m.p.nijboer@utwente.nl (M.N.); m.w.j.luiten@utwente.nl (M.L.-O.)

* Correspondence: a.jan@tudelft.nl

- Thickness of SiC layer on silicon wafers at different deposition conditions measured by ellipsometry.

Table S1. SiC layer thickness as a function of different deposition conditions.

S.No.	Temperature (°C)	Pressure (mTorr)	Time (mins)	SiC Thickness (nm)
1.	750	600	60	16
2.	860	100	30	16

- SiC-7-2A and SiC-8-2A membranes post-ageing.

SiC-7-2A



SiC-8-2A



Figure S1. SiC membranes after ageing in NaClO for 200hrs.