

Supplementary Data



Antifungal and Antibiofilm Activities and the Mechanism of Action of Repeating Lysine-Tryptophan Peptides against *Candida albicans*

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Strain	KW ₂	KW ₃	KW ₄	KW₅	melittin	fluconazole
C. catenulate	>128	16	8	8	8	16
C. rugosa	>128	32	8	8	8	16
C. melibiosica	>128	32	8	8	8	16
C. glabrata	>128	32	8	4	4	8
C. intermedia	>128	32	8	8	8	16

Table S1. MICs of the KWn peptides against different non-*albicans* candida strains.



Figure S1. Fluorescence microscopy of *C. albicans* (2 x 10⁶ cells/mL) in PBS buffer stained with Propidium Iodide (PI) after treatment with peptides at 0.25x MIC, 0.5x MIC, 1x MIC, 2x MIC and 4x MIC for 30 min. The visualization of *C. albicans* was achieved by using an EVOS FL Auto 2 imaging system (Invitrogen). Cells without added peptide served as a control. The control cytotoxic peptide melittin clearly causes influx of PI into the cells, in a concentration dependent manner, while KW⁴ does not.

Indolicidin



Magainin II



Figure S2. Gel retardation analysis of fungal RNA (10 μ g) in the presence of the peptide. The mixture of peptide and RNA was incubated for 10 min at room temperature. Peptide was used at different concentrations such as 2.5, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 μ g in this study. The values mentioned at the top of the gels represent the peptide to RNA ratios. Indolicidin clearly causes a bandshift, while magainin II does not, even at higher concentrations.