



Article

The Posterior Sustained Negativity Revisited—An SPN Reanalysis of Jacobsen and Höfel (2003)

Thomas Jacobsen *, Stina Klein and Andreas Löw

Experimental Psychology Unit, Helmut Schmidt University/University of the Federal Armed Forces Hamburg, 22043 Hamburg, Germany; kleins@hsu-hh.de (S.K.); loewa@hsu-hh.de (A.L.)

* Correspondence: jacobsen@hsu-hh.de; Tel.: +49-40-6541-2863

Supplementary Material

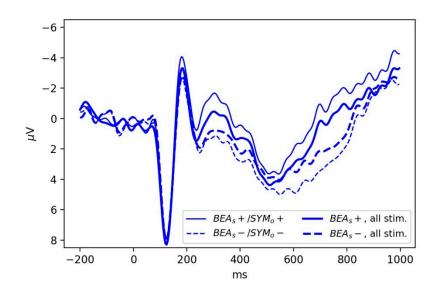


Figure S1: ERP waveforms (nose reference, bandpass filtered at 0.2-25 Hz) in the aesthetic task averaged across the sensors P7, O1, O2 and P8 for the stimuli that were subjectively judged either as beautiful (BEAs+) or not (BEAs-). Averages were created for all stimuli or only for those that were objectively symmetric (SYMo+) or not (SYMo-).

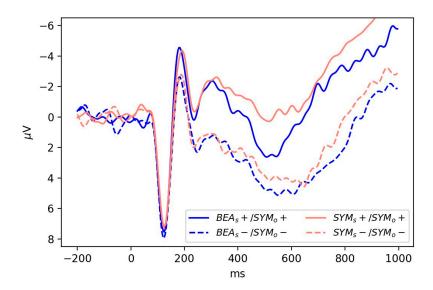


Figure S2: ERPs (nose reference, lowpass filter at 25 Hz) for stimuli that were subjectively judged as beautiful (BEAs+), symmetric (SYMs+), not beautiful (BEAs-) or not symmetric (SYMs-) when the objective symmetry was considered. Only objectively symmetric stimuli (SYMo+) were included in the beautiful (BEAs+)/symmetric ERPs (SYMs+) and only objectively non-symmetric stimuli (SYMo-) for the not beautiful (BEAs-)/not symmetric ERPs (SYMs-).

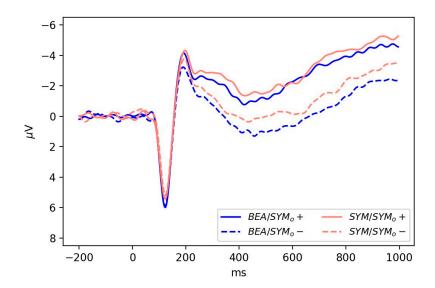


Figure S3: ERPs (average reference, lowpass filter at 25 Hz) for objectively symmetric (SYM $_{0}$ +) and non-symmetric (SYM $_{0}$ -) stimuli that were either judged for beauty (BEA; evaluative task) or symmetry (SYM; descriptive task). Participants' responses were disregarded in this analysis.