

## Supplementary Article

$$\text{Frequency} = \frac{\text{Total number of quadrats in which species occurred}}{\text{Total number of quadrats studied}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Relative Frequency (\%)} = \frac{\text{Frequency of species}}{\text{Sum frequency of all species}} \times 100$$

Relative frequency = frequency of species / sum frequency of all species

$$\text{Density (individual per unit area)} = \frac{\text{Total number of individuals of the species}}{\text{Total number of quadrats studied}}$$

$$\text{Density (per ha)} = \frac{\text{Density}}{\text{Quadrat area}} \times 10000$$

$$\text{Abundance} = \frac{\text{Total number of individuals of the species}}{\text{Total number of quadrats in which species occurred}}$$

$$\text{Relative Abundance (\%)} = \frac{\text{Total number of individuals of the species}}{\text{Total number of individual of all species recorded}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Relative density (\%)} = \frac{\text{Number of individual plant species}}{\text{Total number of species in a quadrat}} \times 100$$

Importance value index (IVI) = Relative density + Relative frequency + Relative abundance.

**Table S1.** List of species recorded in quadrats of RMS sites showing some biodiversity parameters.

Name of Species	Frequency (%)	Relative Frequency (%)	Abundance	Relative Abundance	Density (individuals/unit area)	Density/ha	Relative density (%)	IVI
<i>Bambusa arundinacea</i>	100	14.29	40.3	51.40	40.3	4033.3	55.5	121.19
<i>Albizia spp.</i>	100	14.29	14	17.86	14	1400	17.6	49.74
<i>Dalbergia sissoo</i>	100	14.29	8.3	10.59	8.3	833.3	10.5	35.37
<i>Psidium guajava</i>	66.7	9.53	2	2.55	1.3	133.3	1.7	13.78
<i>Butea Monosperma</i>	33.3	4.76	1	1.28	0.3	33.3	0.4	6.43
<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>	33.3	4.76	3	3.83	1	100	1.3	9.88
<i>Zizyphus mauritiana</i>	100	14.29	3.3	4.21	3.3	333.3	4.2	22.69
<i>Azadirachta indica</i>	66.7	9.53	3	3.83	2	200	2.5	15.86
<i>Bauhinia variegata</i>	66.7	9.53	2.5	3.19	1.7	166.7	2.1	14.82
<i>Alstonia scholaris</i>	33.3	4.76	1	1.28	0.3	33.3	0.4	6.43