

# Optimizing the Incorporated Amount of Chinese Milk Vetch (*Astragalus sinicus* L.) to Improve Rice Productivity without Increasing CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O Emissions

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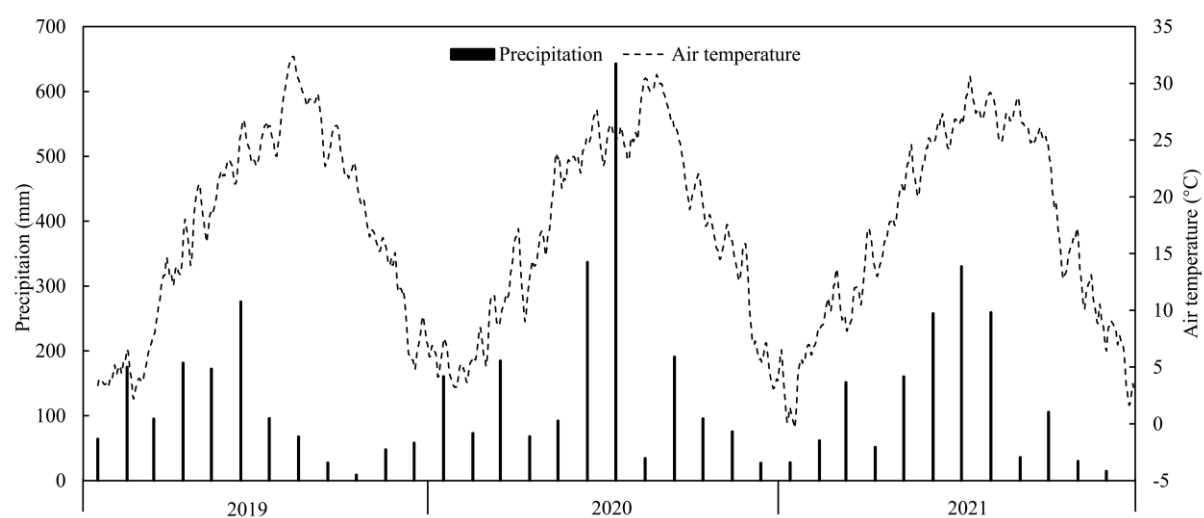
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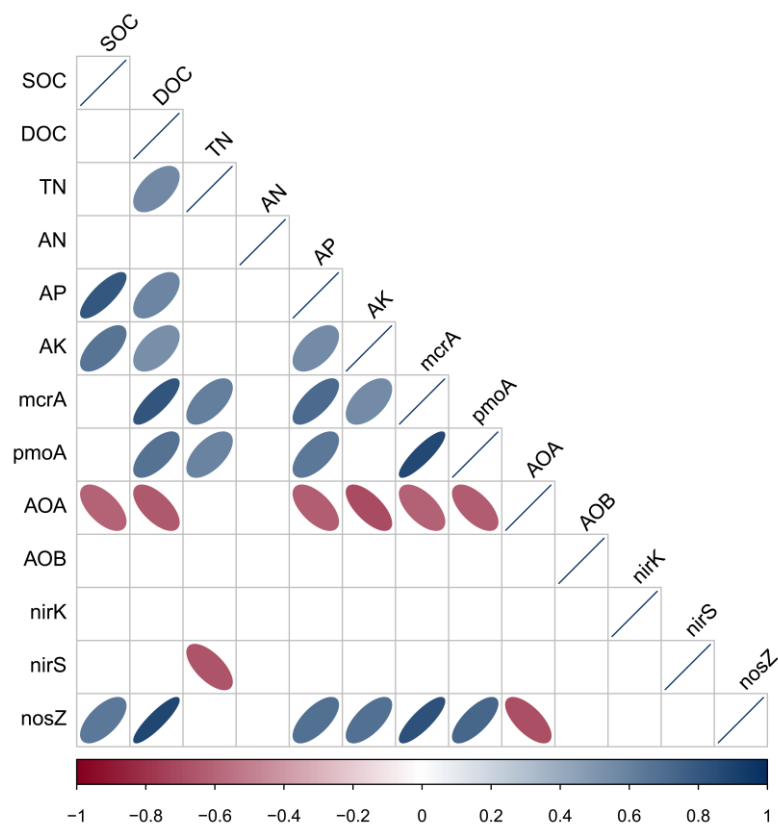
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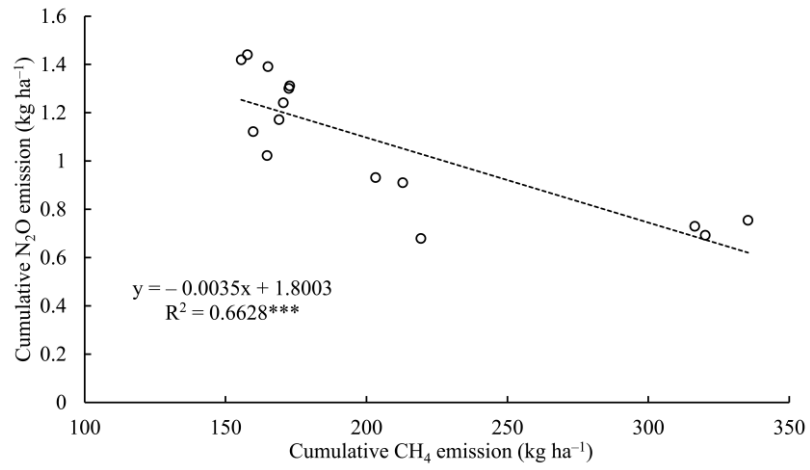
## Supplemental Material



**Figure S1.** Monthly precipitation and daily ambient temperature during the experimental period. Daily ambient temperature data are 7-day moving averages.



**Figure S2.** Pearson's correlations between the abundances of functional genes and soil nutrients. The blue and red ellipses denote significantly positive and negative correlations, respectively ( $n=15$ ,  $P < 0.05$ ). The color shades represent correlation coefficients ( $r$ ). SOC: soil organic carbon, DOC: dissolved organic carbon, TN: total nitrogen, AN: available nitrogen, AP: available phosphorus, AK: available potassium.



**Figure S3.** Trade-off correlation between cumulative CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O emission. \*\*\* significant at  $p < 0.001$