

Supplemental Material

Designing Green Plasticizers: Linear Alkyl Diol Dibenzoate Plasticizers and a Thermally Reversible Plasticizer

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¹H-Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy

¹H-NMR spectroscopy was carried out on a Varian Mercury-300 (Palo Alto, CA, United States) with an average of eight repetitions. The solvent used for all measurements was deuterated chloroform (CDCl₃), with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as internal standard. The chemical shifts δ are shown in parts per million (ppm).

1,3-Propanediol dibenzoate: ¹H-NMR (300.1 MHz in CDCl₃): δ (ppm) = 2.25 [m, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₂], 4.50 [t, 4H, COOCH₂CH₂], 7.45 [m, 4H, Ar-H], 7.55 [m, 2H, Ar-H], 8.05 [m, 4H, Ar-H].

1,4-Butanediol dibenzoate: ¹H-NMR (300.1 MHz in CDCl₃): δ (ppm) = 2.0 [m, 4H, CH₂(CH₂)₂CH₂], 4.4 [t, 4H, COOCH₂CH₂], 7.45 [m, 4H, Ar-H], 7.55 [m, 2H, Ar-H], 8.05 [m, 4H, Ar-H].

1,5-Pentanediol dibenzoate: ¹H-NMR (300.1 MHz in CDCl₃): δ (ppm) = 1.65 [m, 2H, O(CH₂)₂CH₂], 1.9 [m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂], 4.35 [t, 4H, COOCH₂CH₂], 7.45 [m, 4H, Ar-H], 7.55 [m, 2H, Ar-H], 8.05 [m, 4H, Ar-H].

1,6-Hexanediol dibenzoate: ¹H-NMR (300.1 MHz in CDCl₃): δ (ppm) = 1.55 [m, 4H, O(CH₂)₂(CH₂)₂(CH₂)₂O], 1.85 [m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂], 4.35 [t, 4H, COOCH₂CH₂], 7.45 [m, 4H, Ar-H], 7.55 [m, 2H, Ar-H], 8.05 [m, 4H, Ar-H].

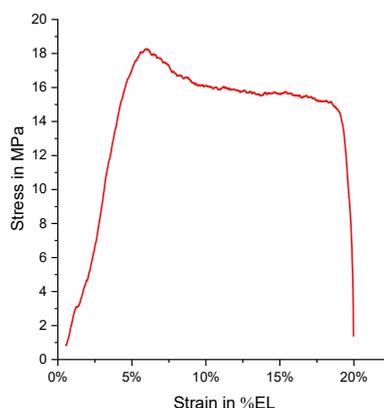


Figure S1. Example of a stress–strain curve of a 40 phr blend of PVC/1,4-BDB.**Table S1.** Apparent moduli at 10% EL, 25% EL, 50% EL, and 75% EL for three diol dibenzoate candidates and DEHP. Standard deviation shown, $n = 5$. Abbreviations—DB: dibenzoate; EL: elongation.

	Calculated apparent modulus (in MPa)			
	At 10%EL	At 25%EL	At 50%EL	At 75%EL
1,3-propranediol DB	10.2 ± 1.50	8.2 ± 0.36	5.5 ± 0.09	4.5 ± 0.21
1,5-pentanediol DB	9.6 ± 0.51	8.5 ± 0.28	6.1 ± 0.26	4.6 ± 0.23
1,6-hexanediol DB ^a	9.7 ± 0.50 ^a	7.9 ± 0.48 ^a	5.4 ± 0.21 ^a	3.9 ± 0.12 ^a
DEHP	22.1 ± 2.08	12.1 ± 0.57	6.8 ± 0.25	5.1 ± 0.22

^a $n=4$ **Table S2.** Material property data collected for 40 phr PVC/1,4-BDB blends at room temperature, at least 48 h after processing. For $n \geq 3$, standard deviation is shown, and for $n = 2$ the experimental spread is shown.

Candidate plasticizer	T _g by DSC ($n = 3$)	DMTA torsion (T) ($n = 1$)		Tensile Testing (at 20°C) ($n = 8$)			Hardness (at 20°C) ($n = 2$)
	T _g (°C)	G' at 1Hz (MPa)	G'' at 1Hz (MPa)	Elongation at break (%EL)	Max. stress (MPa)	Young's modulus (MPa)	Surface hardness (MPa)
1,4- butanediol DB	— / 2.5 ± 3.1 ^a	1230 (30 °C) 5.1 (60 °C)	93 (30 °C) 1.3 (60 °C)	13.8 ± 6.7	19.8 ± 1.3	534 ± 29	18.8 ± 4.7

^a Two separate results recorded for two heating cycles, separated by the slash: no T_g recorded on first heating cycle, second value represents data obtained in second heating cycle (see Figure 3A);**Table S3.** Statistical analysis results. Software used: GraphPad Prism v.7.01 (La Jolla, CA, United States)

ANOVA: T _g (five groups: 1,3-PrDB; 1,4-HDB; 1,5-PDB; 1,6-HDB; DEHP)			
F value	<i>p</i> value	<i>p</i> value summary	Significance
12.32	0.0007	***	Yes
Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test	Significance	Summary	Adjusted <i>p</i> value
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,4-BDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,5-PDB	No	ns	0.0605
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	*	0.0161
1,3-PrDB vs. DEHP	Yes	**	0.0023
1,4-BDB vs. 1,5-PDB	No	ns	0.0945
1,4-BDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	*	0.0246
1,4-BDB vs. DEHP	Yes	**	0.0034
1,5-PDB vs. 1,6-HDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,5-PDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	0.6009
1,6-HDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	>0.9999
All other tests from here on exclude 1,4-BDB, as it was statistically significantly different in all tests			
ANOVA: Elongation at break (four groups: 1,3-PrDB; 1,5-PDB; 1,6-HDB; DEHP)			

F value	<i>p</i> value	<i>p</i> value summary	Significance
10.33	0.0009	***	Yes
Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test	Significance	Summary	Adjusted <i>p</i> value
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,5-PDB	Yes	**	0.0016
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	**	0.0071
1,3-PrDB vs. DEHP	Yes	**	0.0033
1,5-PDB vs. 1,6-HDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,5-PDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	>0.9999
1,6-HDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	>0.9999
ANOVA: Maximum recorded stress (four groups: 1,3-PrDB; 1,5-PDB; 1,6-HDB; DEHP)			
F value	<i>p</i> value	<i>p</i> value summary	Significance
540.8	<0.0001	****	Yes
Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test	Significance	Summary	Adjusted <i>p</i> value
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,5-PDB	Yes	**	0.0037
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	***	0.0003
1,3-PrDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
1,5-PDB vs. 1,6-HDB	No	ns	0.6721
1,5-PDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
1,6-HDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
ANOVA: Apparent modulus at 25% EL (four groups: 1,3-PrDB; 1,5-PDB; 1,6-HDB; DEHP)			
F value	<i>p</i> value	<i>p</i> value summary	Significance
98.58	<0.0001	****	Yes
Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test	Significance	Summary	Adjusted <i>p</i> value
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,5-PDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,6-HDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,3-PrDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
1,5-PDB vs. 1,6-HDB	No	ns	0.2370
1,5-PDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
1,6-HDB vs. DEHP	Yes	****	<0.0001
ANOVA: Surface hardness (four groups: 1,3-PrDB; 1,5-PDB; 1,6-HDB; DEHP)			
F value	<i>p</i> value	<i>p</i> value summary	Significance
25.98	<0.0001	****	Yes
Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test	Significance	Summary	Adjusted <i>p</i> value
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,5-PDB	No	ns	>0.9999
1,3-PrDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	***	0.0002
1,3-PrDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	>0.9999
1,5-PDB vs. 1,6-HDB	Yes	***	0.0001
1,5-PDB vs. DEHP	No	ns	>0.9999
1,6-HDB vs. DEHP	Yes	***	0.0002

* ($p < 0.05$); ** ($p < 0.01$); *** ($p < 0.001$); **** ($p < 0.0001$)