## Supplementary Materials: One-Pot Multi-Enzymatic Production of Purine Derivatives with Application in Pharmaceutical and Food Industry

**Table S1.** Effect of molar ratio in the production of purine NAs catalyzed by *Ld*NDT or *Ld*NDT/*Tt*HGXPRT.

| Catalyst           | Donor    | Acceptor | Product | Conversion |
|--------------------|----------|----------|---------|------------|
|                    | (mM)     | (mM)     |         | (%)        |
| LdNDT <sup>a</sup> | dIno (1) | Cyt (1)  | dCyd    | 19±3       |
|                    | dIno (3) | Cyt (1)  | dCyd    | 30±1       |
| LdNDT/TtHGXPRTb    | dIno (1) | Cyt (1)  | dCyd    | 26±0       |
|                    | dIno (3) | Cyt (1)  | dCyd    | 39±3       |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: 0.3 μg of enzyme in 40 μL at 50 °C, 5 min and 300 rpm [dIno] = 3 mM or 1 mM; [base] = 1 mM, in 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.0.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm b}$  Reaction conditions: 0.3 μg of *Ld*NDT, 1 μg of *Tt*HGXPRT in 40 μL at 50  $^{\rm o}$ C and 300 rpm, 20-60 min. [dIno] = 1 mM or 3 mM; [base] = 1 mM, [PRPP] = 1 mM, [MgCl<sub>2</sub>] = 1.2 mM, in 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.0.