

# Dispersion and Stabilization of Supported Layered Double Hydroxide-based Nanocomposites on V-based Catalysts for Nonoxidative Dehydrogenation of Isobutane to Isobutene

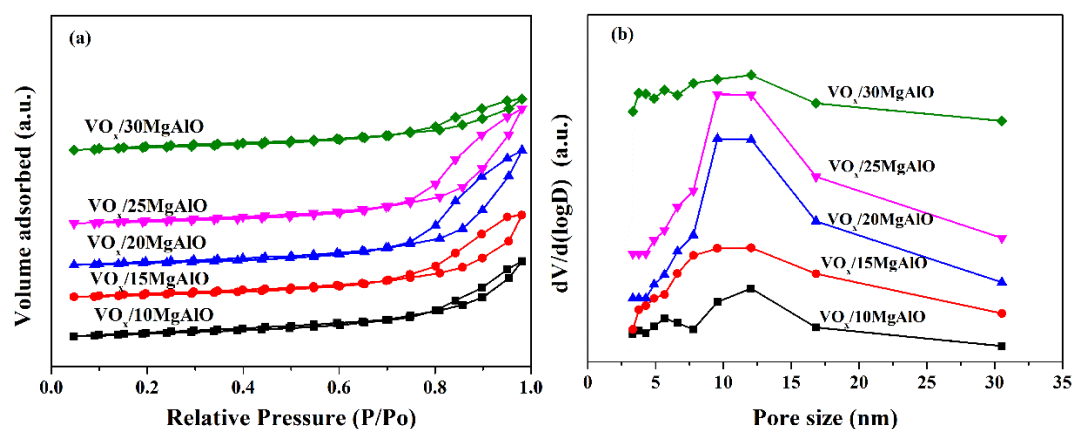
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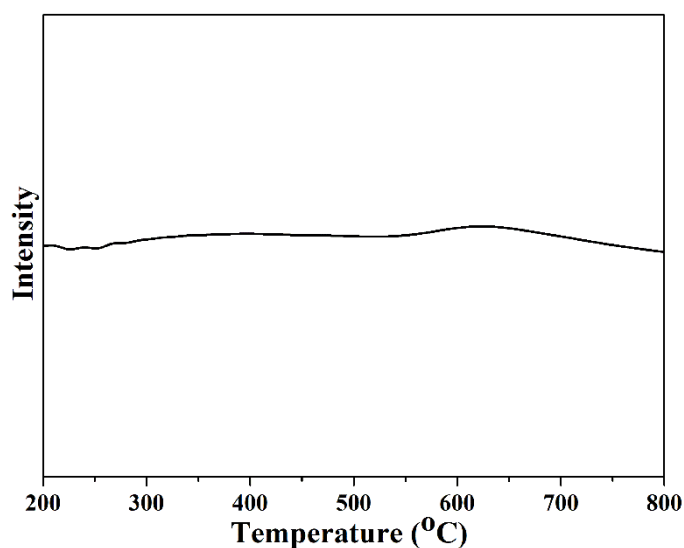
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**Figure S1.** Low temperature N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms (a) and pore size distribution curves (b) of the calcined catalysts VO<sub>x</sub>/mMgAlO (m = 10, 15, 20, 25, 30).



**Figure S2.** Temperature-programmed reduction (H<sub>2</sub>-TPR) profiles for the bare support

**Table S1.** TPR data of the calcined catalysts VO<sub>x</sub>/mMgAlO (m = 10, 15, 20, 25, 30).

Catalysts	Peak temperature (°C)	Peak area (%)	Hydrogen consumed (mmol <sup>3</sup> /g)	Average oxidation state of vanadium
VO <sub>x</sub> /10MgAlO	460	27	0.16	4.67
	526	69	0.41	3.82
	612	3	0.02	3.78
VO <sub>x</sub> /15MgAlO	465	30	0.17	4.66
	535	67	0.38	3.90
	624	3	0.02	3.86
VO <sub>x</sub> /20MgAlO	490	35	0.17	4.62
	554	62	0.33	3.95
	623	3	0.02	3.92
VO <sub>x</sub> /25MgAlO	490	35	0.16	4.63
	554	62	0.32	3.98
	629	3	0.02	3.95
VO <sub>x</sub> /30MgAlO	492	32	0.16	4.67
	552	66	0.32	4.01
	625	2	0.01	3.99