

Table S1. YM155 concentrations (nM) that reduce the viability of UKF-NB-3 or YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines by 50% (IC_{50}) or 90% (IC_{90}) as indicated by MTT assay after 120h of incubation and doubling times of the cells.

	IC_{50}	IC_{90}	Doubling times (h)
UKF-NB-3	0.55 ± 0.06	1.01 ± 0.24	30.8 ± 0.8
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} I	36.2 ± 2.0 (66) ¹	94.8 ± 0.7 (94) ²	41.5 ± 5.2
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} II	23.6 ± 2.2 (43)	39.9 ± 0.9 (40)	39.2 ± 4.8
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} III	31.8 ± 2.3 (58)	49.1 ± 0.2 (49)	32.3 ± 1.1
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} IV	21.0 ± 0.6 (38)	29.8 ± 4.8 (30)	32.2 ± 2.0
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} V	25.1 ± 0.1 (45)	39.5 ± 0.7 (39)	35.3 ± 2.8
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} VI	41.9 ± 5.3 (76)	136 ± 7 (135)	36.3 ± 2.2
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} VII	36.5 ± 5.5 (66)	96.2 ± 23.9 (95)	46.1 ± 2.1
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} VIII	34.5 ± 0.6 (63)	84.7 ± 27.3 (84)	47.0 ± 2.5
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} IX	27.2 ± 0.5 (49)	44.8 ± 2.9 (44)	33.3 ± 0.2
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM} X	26.9 ± 0.5 (49)	45.2 ± 4.7 (45)	41.9 ± 2.2

¹ fold resistance (IC_{50} YM155-adapted sub-line/ IC_{50} UKF-NB-3)

² fold resistance (IC_{90} YM155-adapted sub-line/ IC_{90} UKF-NB-3)

Table S2. Drug concentrations that reduce the viability of UKF-NB-3 or YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines by 50% (IC_{50}) as indicated by MTT assay after 120h of incubation.

	Nutlin-3 IC_{50} (μ M)	Vincristine IC_{50} (ng/mL)	Cisplatin IC_{50} (ng/mL)	Gemcitabine IC_{50} (ng/mL)	Topotecan IC_{50} (ng/mL)
UKF-NB-3	1.05 ± 0.25	1.75 ± 0.55	169 ± 29	0.30 ± 0.03	1.29 ± 0.52
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM I}	0.57 ± 0.07 (0.5) ¹	45.5 ± 11.1 (26)	157 ± 54 (0.9)	0.64 ± 0.02 (2.1)	1.37 ± 0.53 (1.1)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM II}	1.31 ± 0.03 (1.2)	27.0 ± 12.6 (15)	183 ± 51 (1.1)	0.50 ± 0.04 (1.7)	1.25 ± 0.53 (1.0)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM III}	1.27 ± 0.01 (1.2)	10.8 ± 6.4 (6.2)	122 ± 24 (0.7)	0.62 ± 0.01 (2.1)	1.06 ± 0.24 (0.8)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM IV}	0.47 ± 0.03 (0.4)	18.5 ± 8.4 (11)	159 ± 38 (0.9)	0.23 ± 0.04 (0.8)	1.56 ± 0.65 (1.2)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM V}	0.99 ± 0.13 (0.9)	8.90 ± 7.39 (5.1)	156 ± 84 (0.9)	0.12 ± 0.04 (0.4)	0.91 ± 0.41 (0.7)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM VI}	0.64 ± 0.01 (0.6)	714 ± 456 (408)	132 ± 39 (0.8)	0.64 ± 0.01 (2.1)	1.55 ± 0.72 (1.2)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM VII}	1.27 ± 0.04 (1.2)	28.8 ± 10.2 (16)	134 ± 6 (0.8)	0.19 ± 0.01 (0.6)	1.44 ± 0.84 (1.1)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM VIII}	0.70 ± 0.01 (0.7)	39.5 ± 15.4 (23)	190 ± 56 (1.1)	0.65 ± 0.01 (2.2)	1.26 ± 0.50 (1.0)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM IX}	0.33 ± 0.01 (0.3)	5.63 ± 1.94 (3.2)	178 ± 41 (1.1)	0.18 ± 0.01 (0.6)	1.59 ± 0.74 (1.2)
UKF-NB-3rYM155 ^{20nM X}	0.64 ± 0.15 (0.6)	26.0 ± 6.2 (15)	144 ± 44 (0.9)	0.54 ± 0.01 (1.8)	1.21 ± 0.40 (0.9)

¹ fold resistance (IC_{50} YM155-adapted sub-line/ IC_{50} UKF-NB-3)

Figure S1

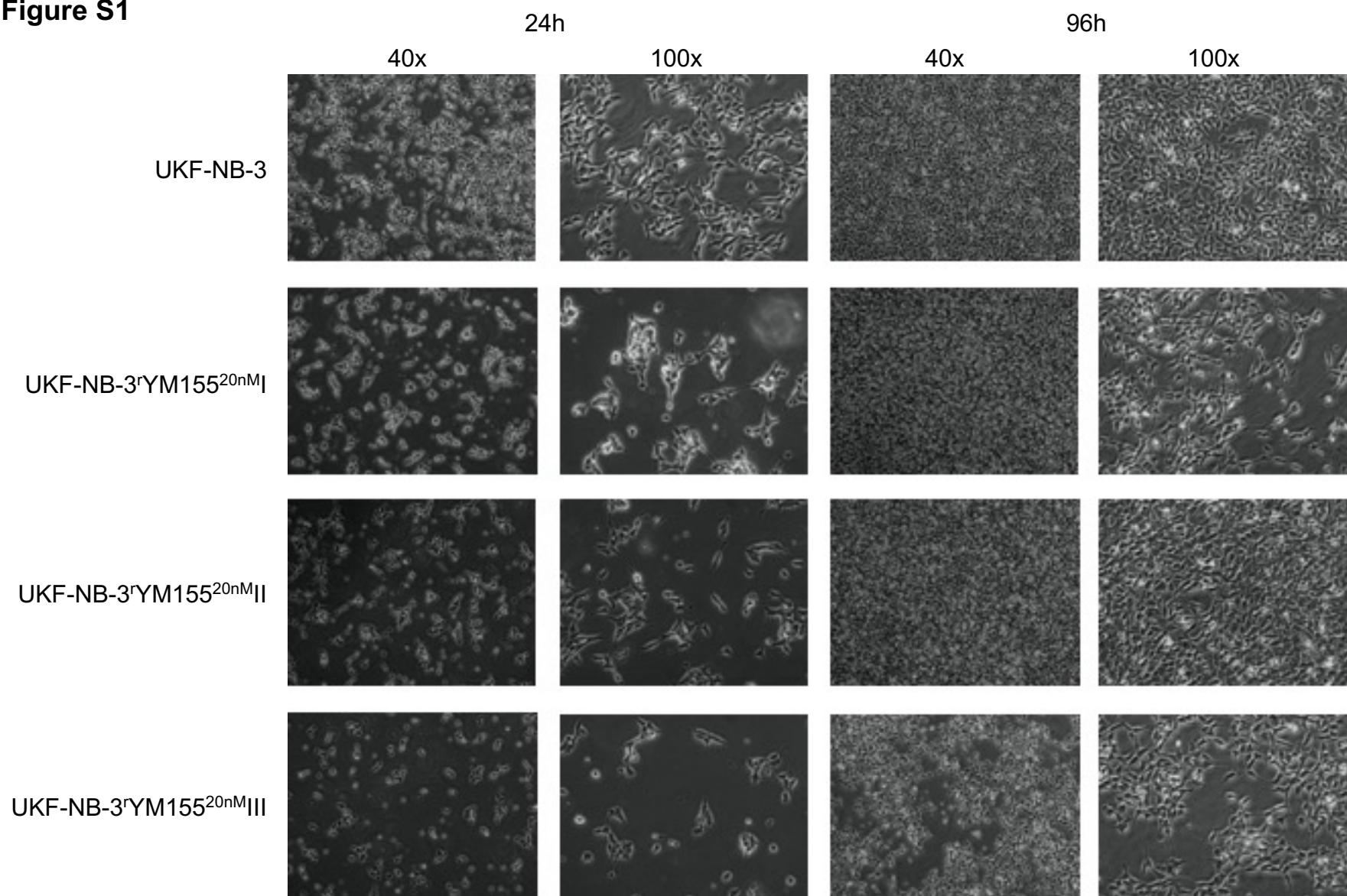


Figure S1

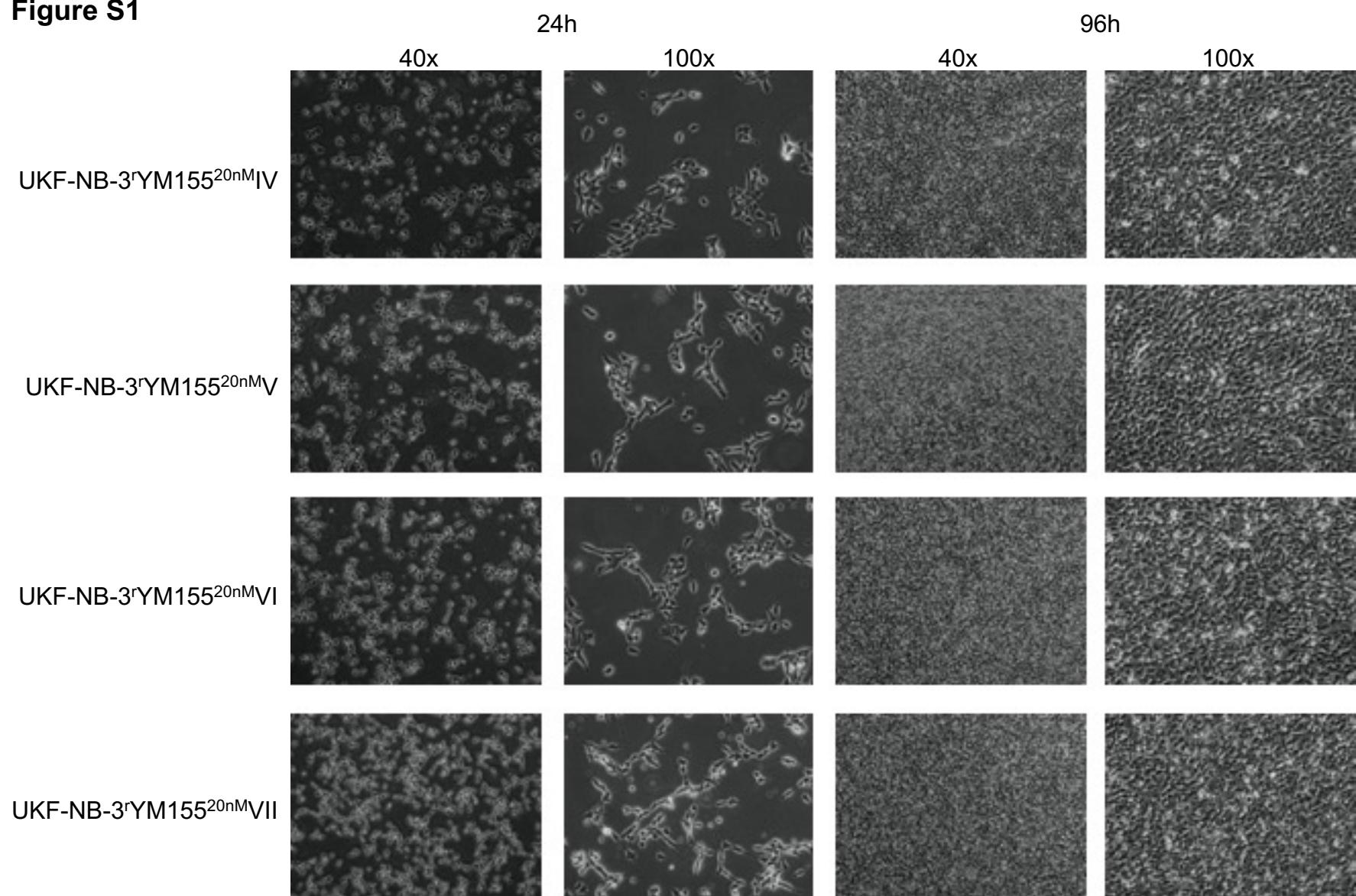


Figure S1

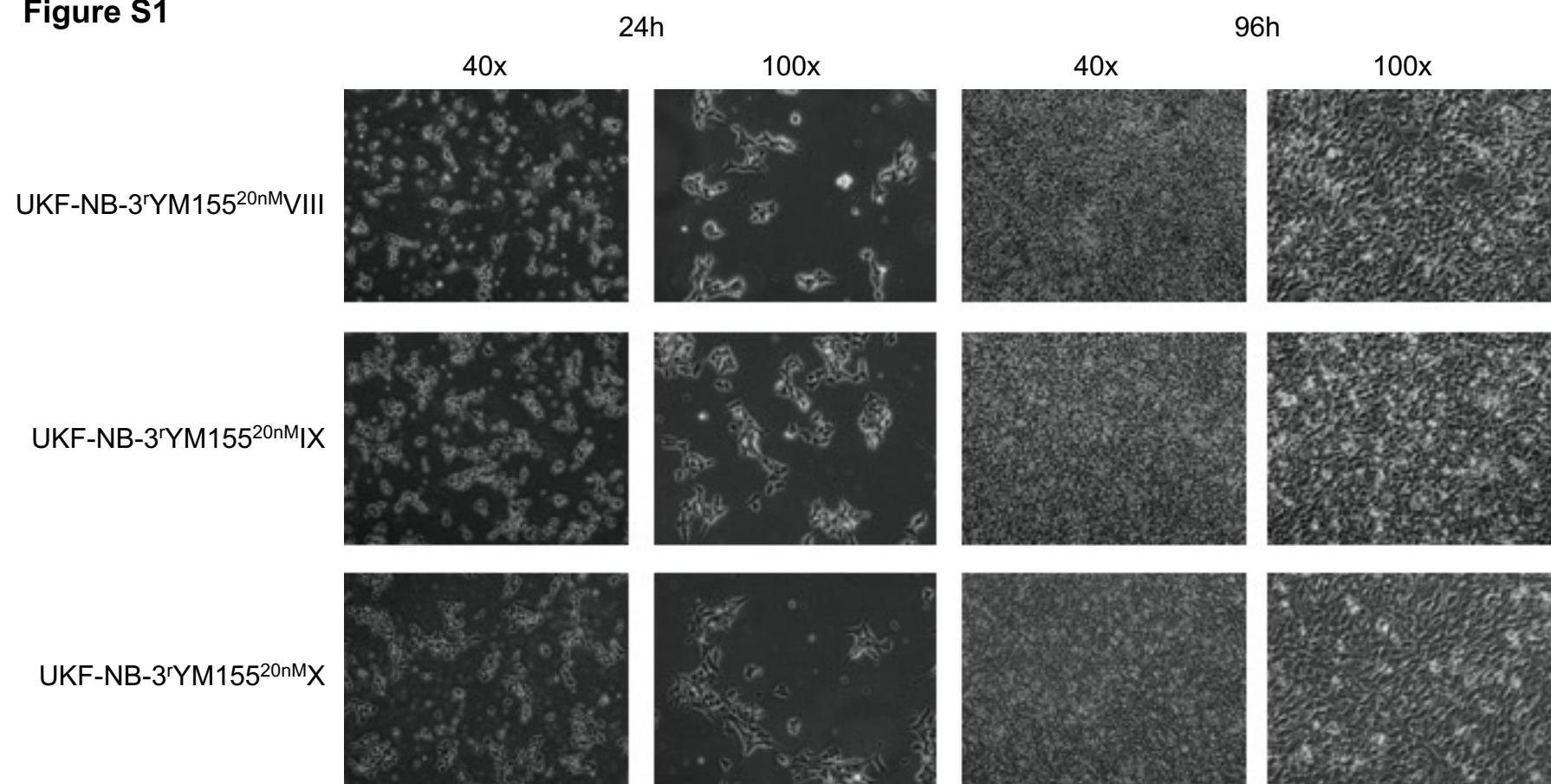


Figure S1. Representative photos of the project cell lines indicating cell morphology after different periods of cultivation and at different magnifications.

Figure S2

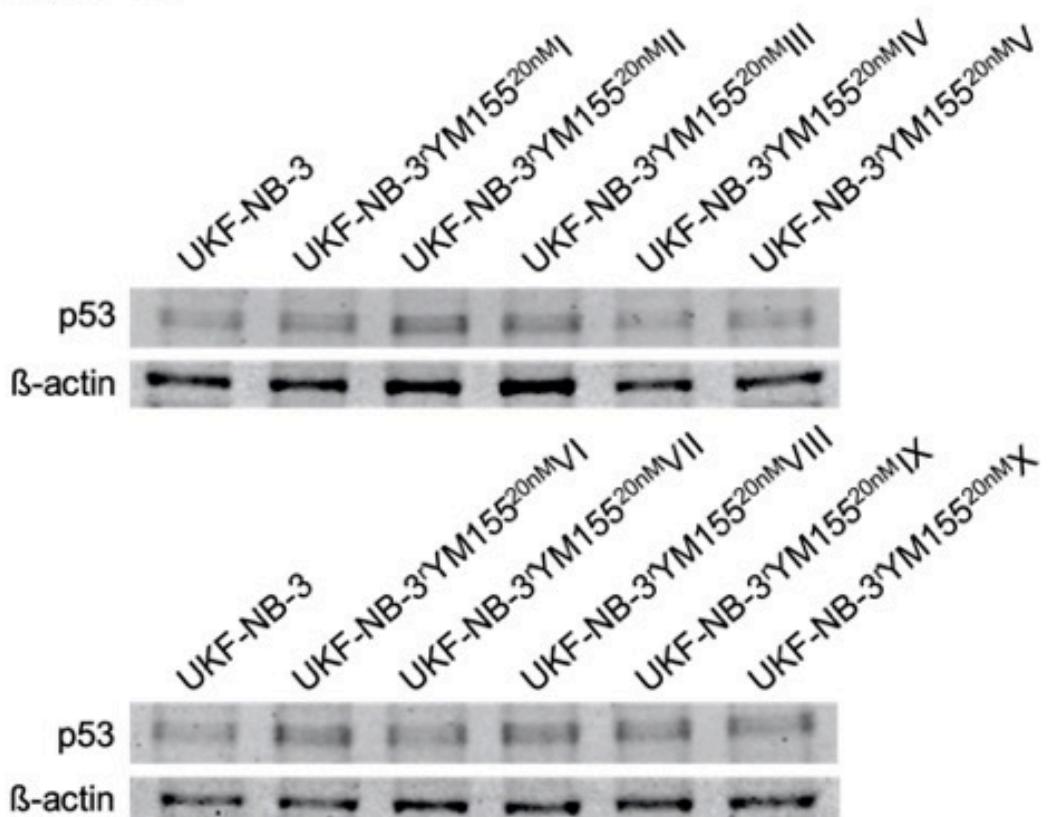


Figure S2. p53 levels in UKF-NB-3 and its YM155-adapted sub-lines.

Figure S2. Representative Western blots indicating cellular levels of p53 in UKF-NB-3 and YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines. Densitometric analysis was performed with QuantiOne (BioRad). p53 levels were normalised to β-actin expression and values relative to control cells are displayed.

Figure S2

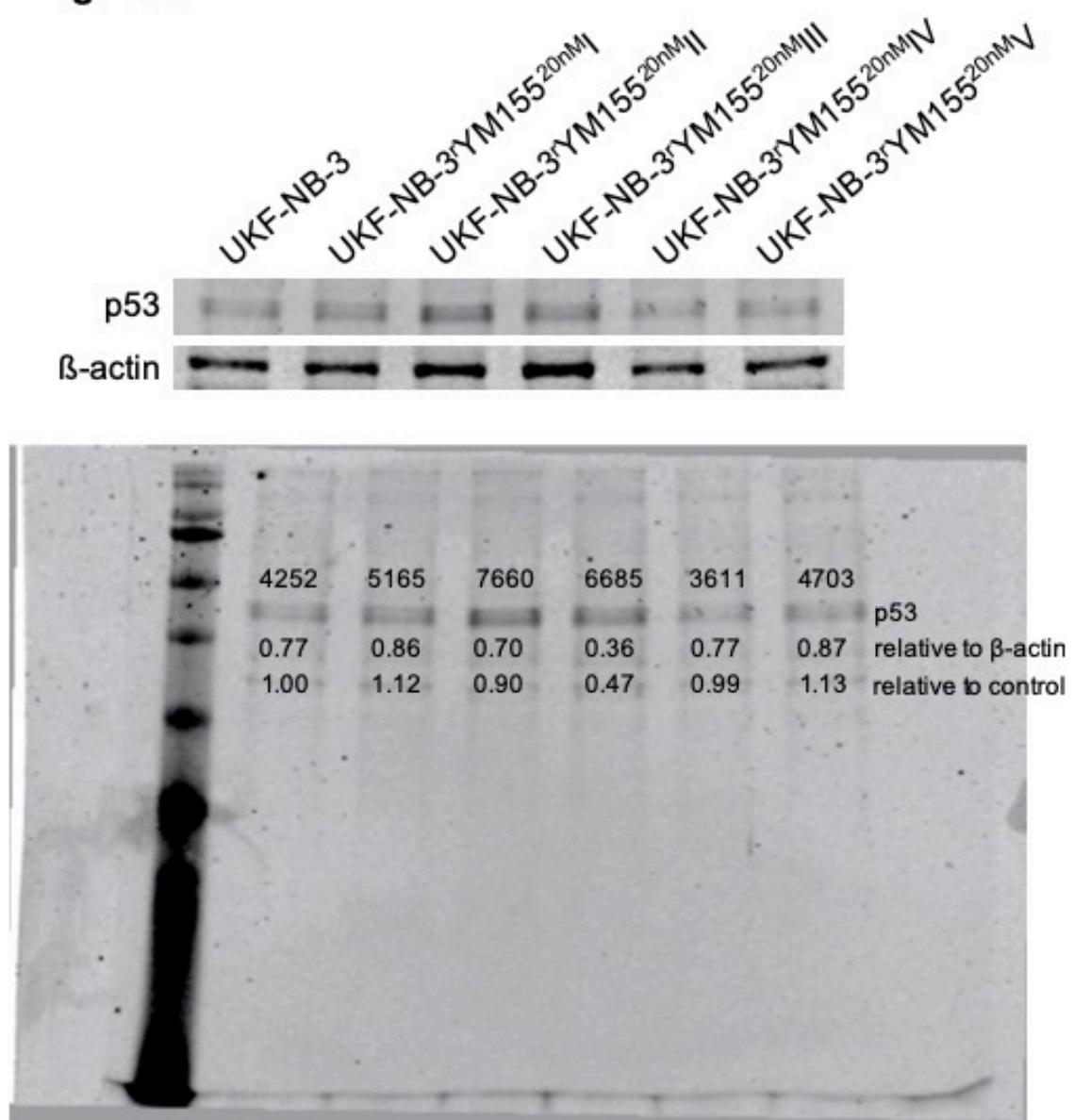


Figure S2

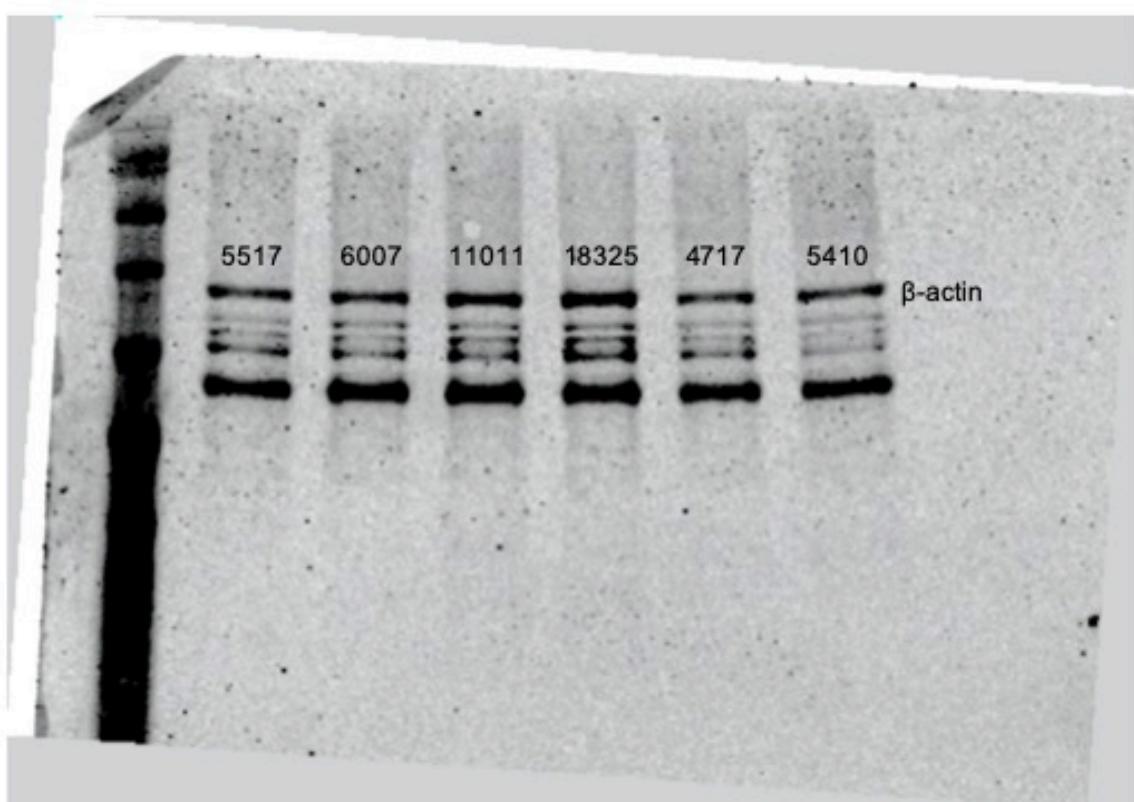
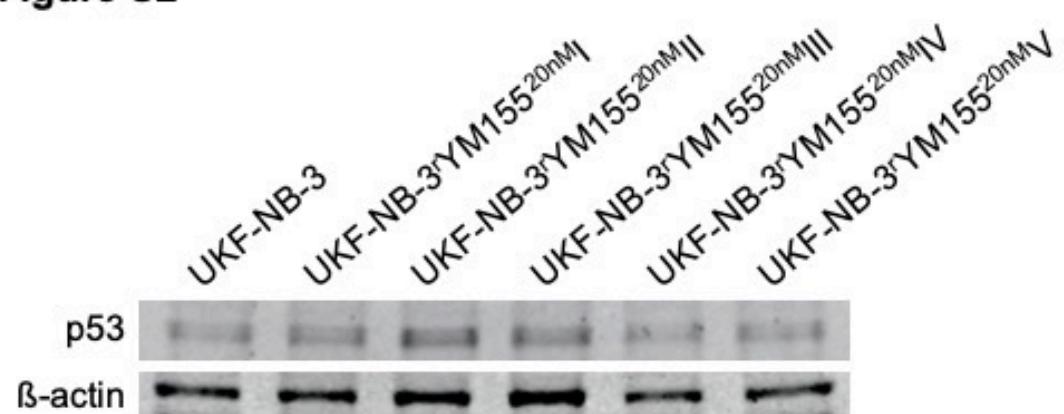


Figure S2

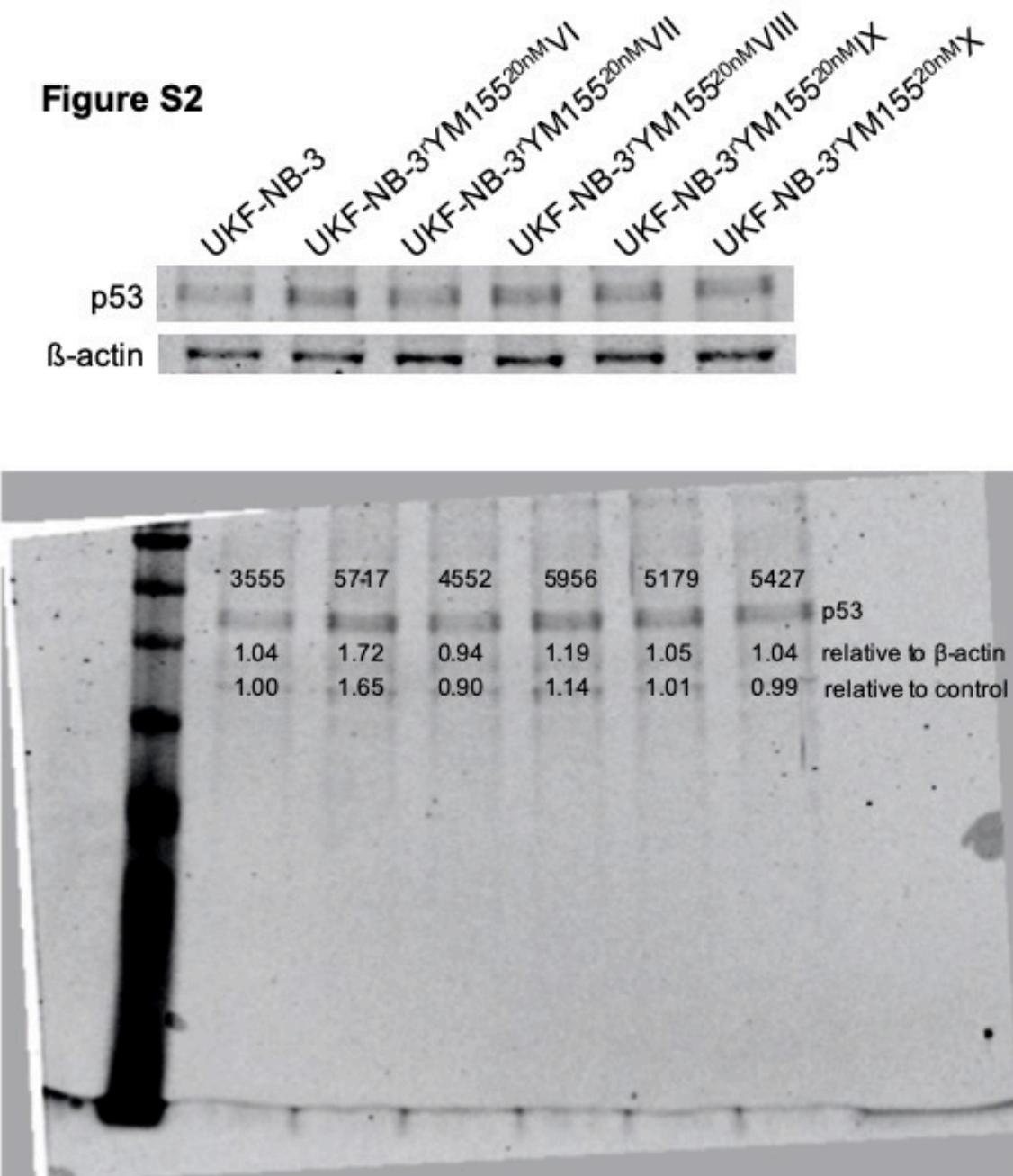


Figure S2

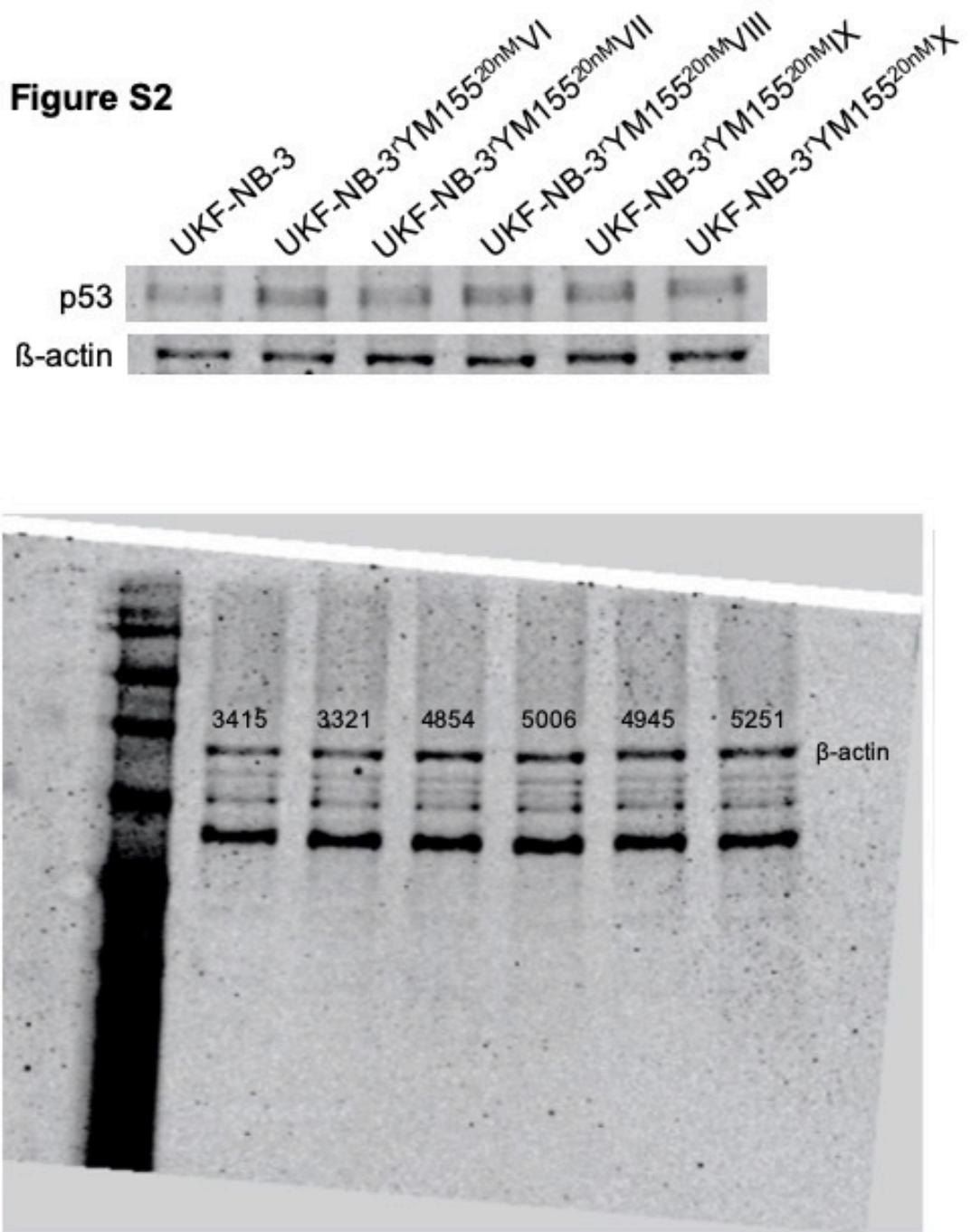


Figure S3

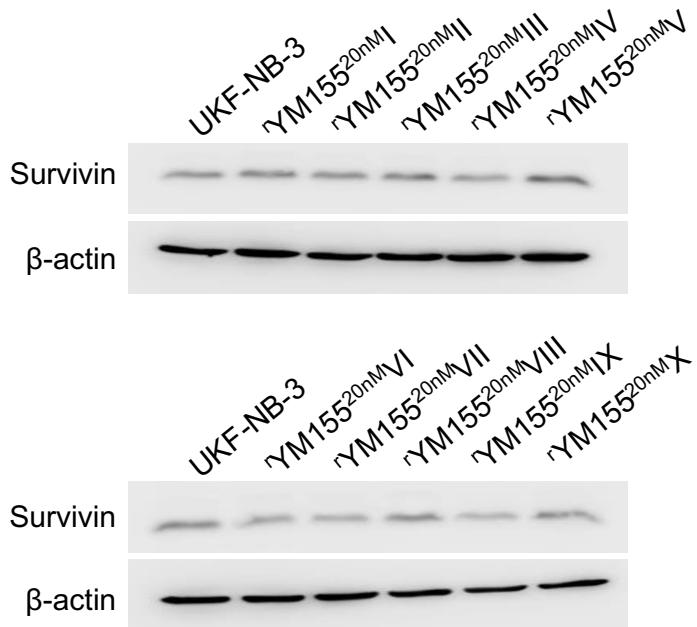


Figure S3. Representative Western blots indicating cellular levels of survivin in UKF-NB-3 and YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines. Densitometric analysis was performed with Image Studio Ver. 5.2 software (LICOR). Survivin levels were normalised to β-actin expression and values relative to control cells are displayed.

Figure S3

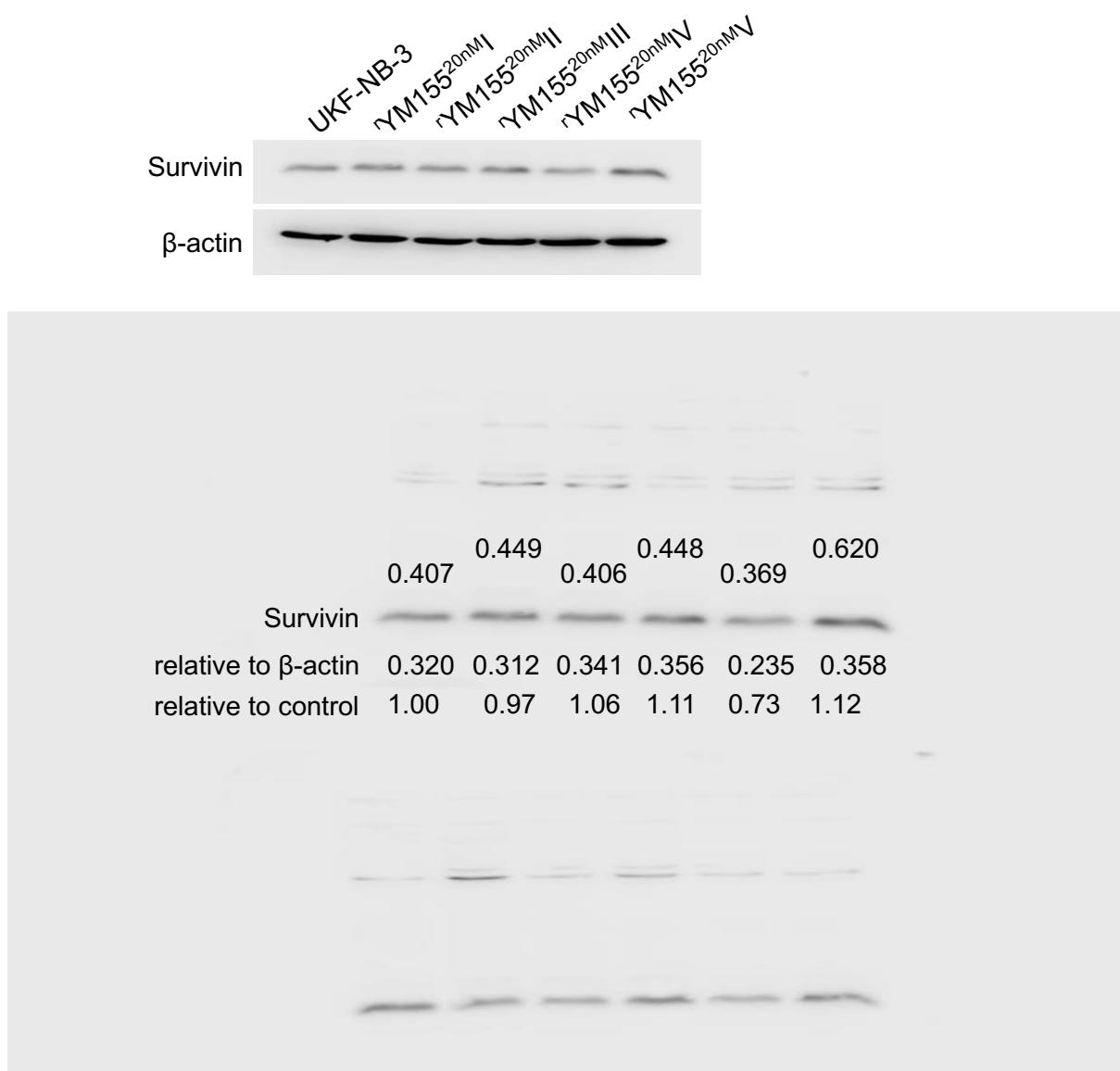


Figure S3

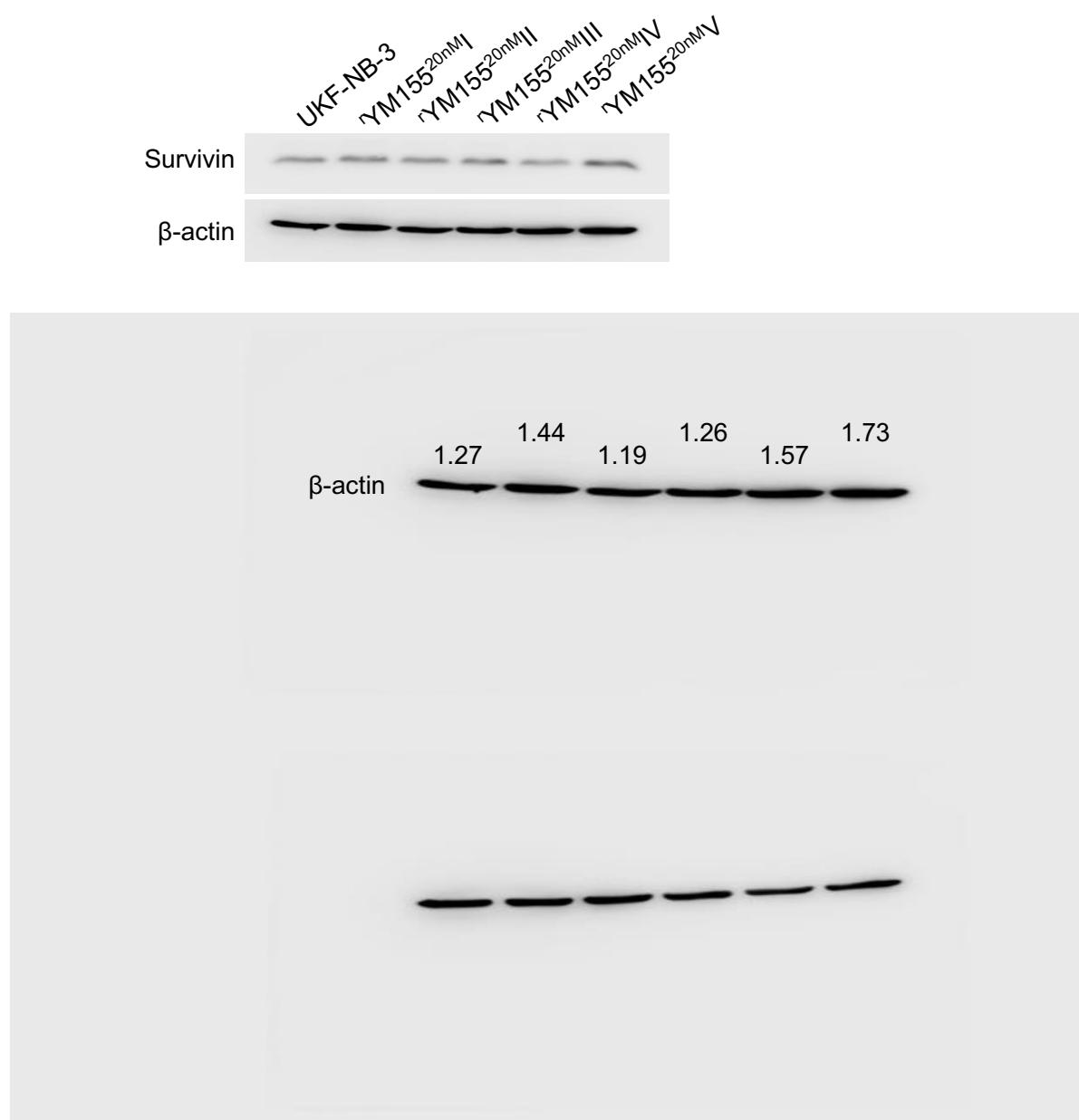


Figure S3

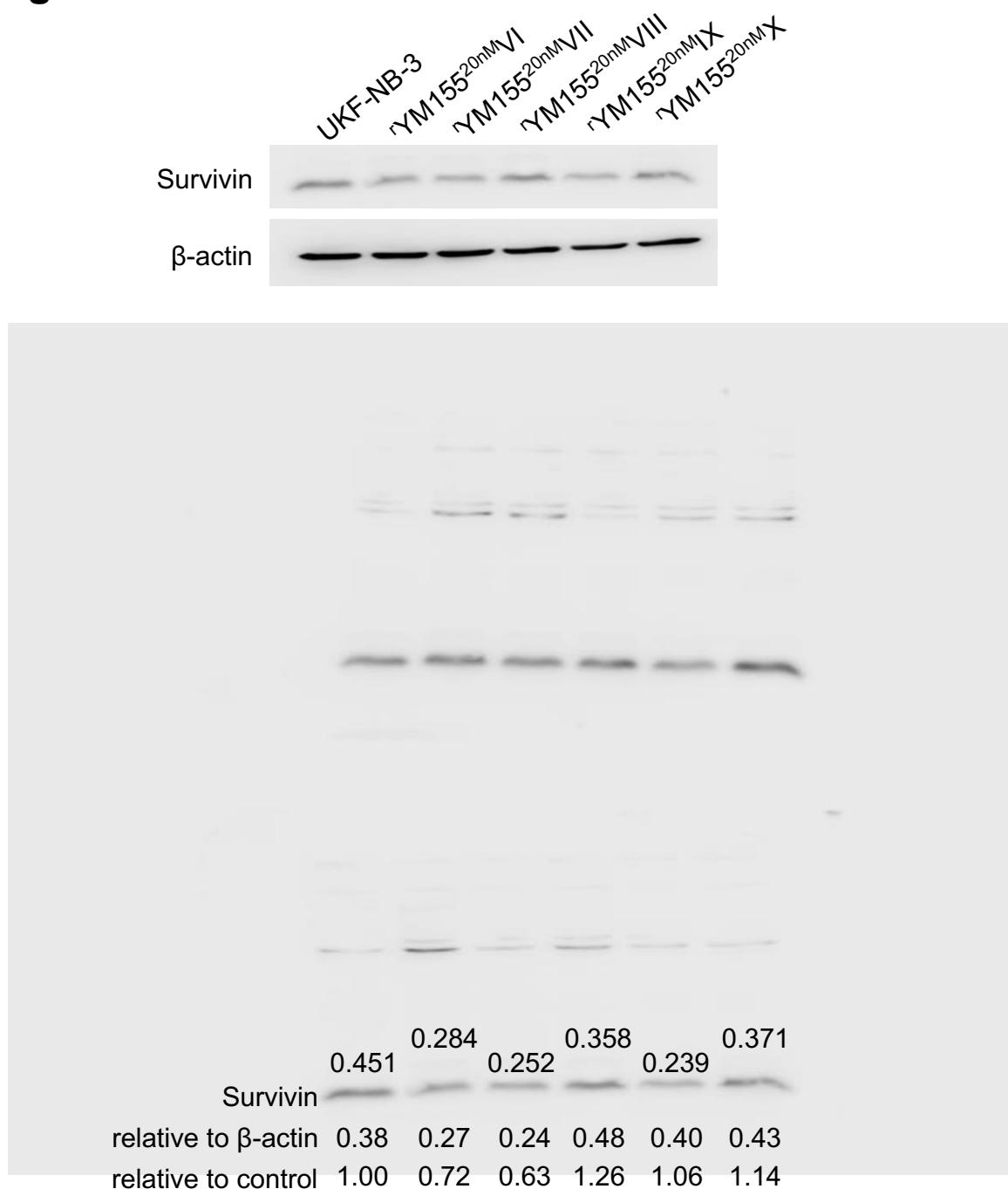


Figure S3

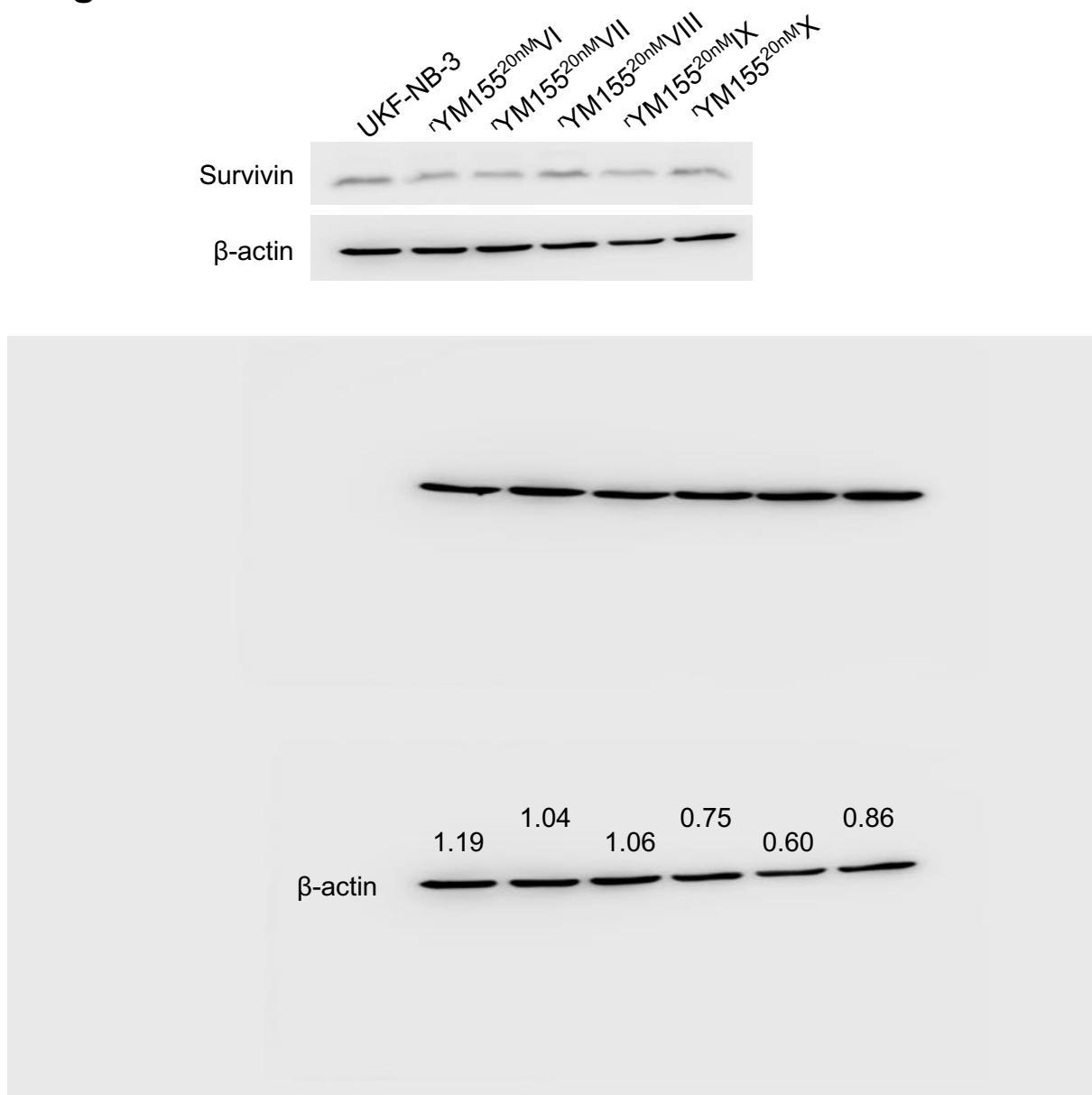


Figure S4
survivin

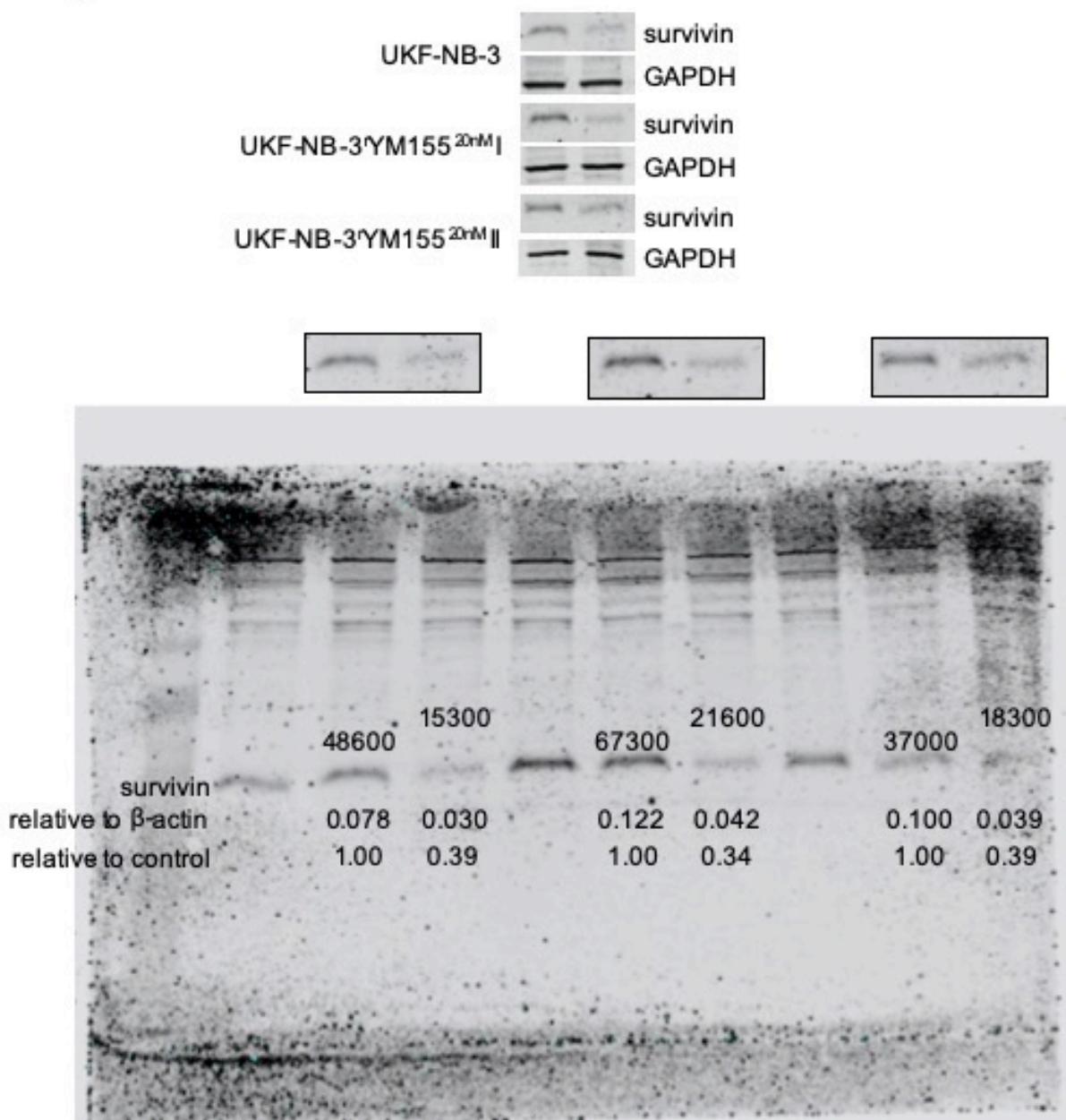


Figure S4
GAPDH

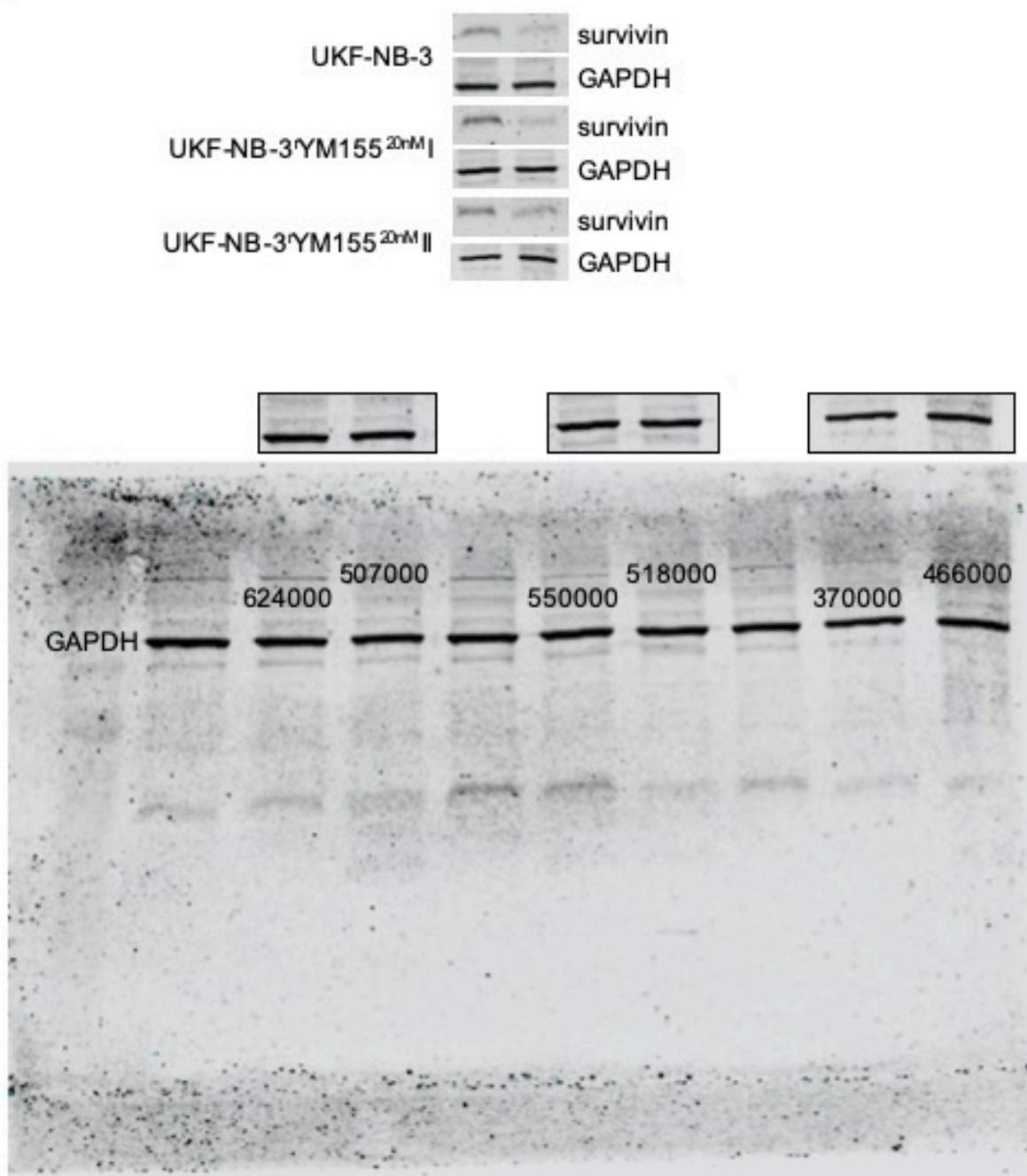


Figure S4

survivin

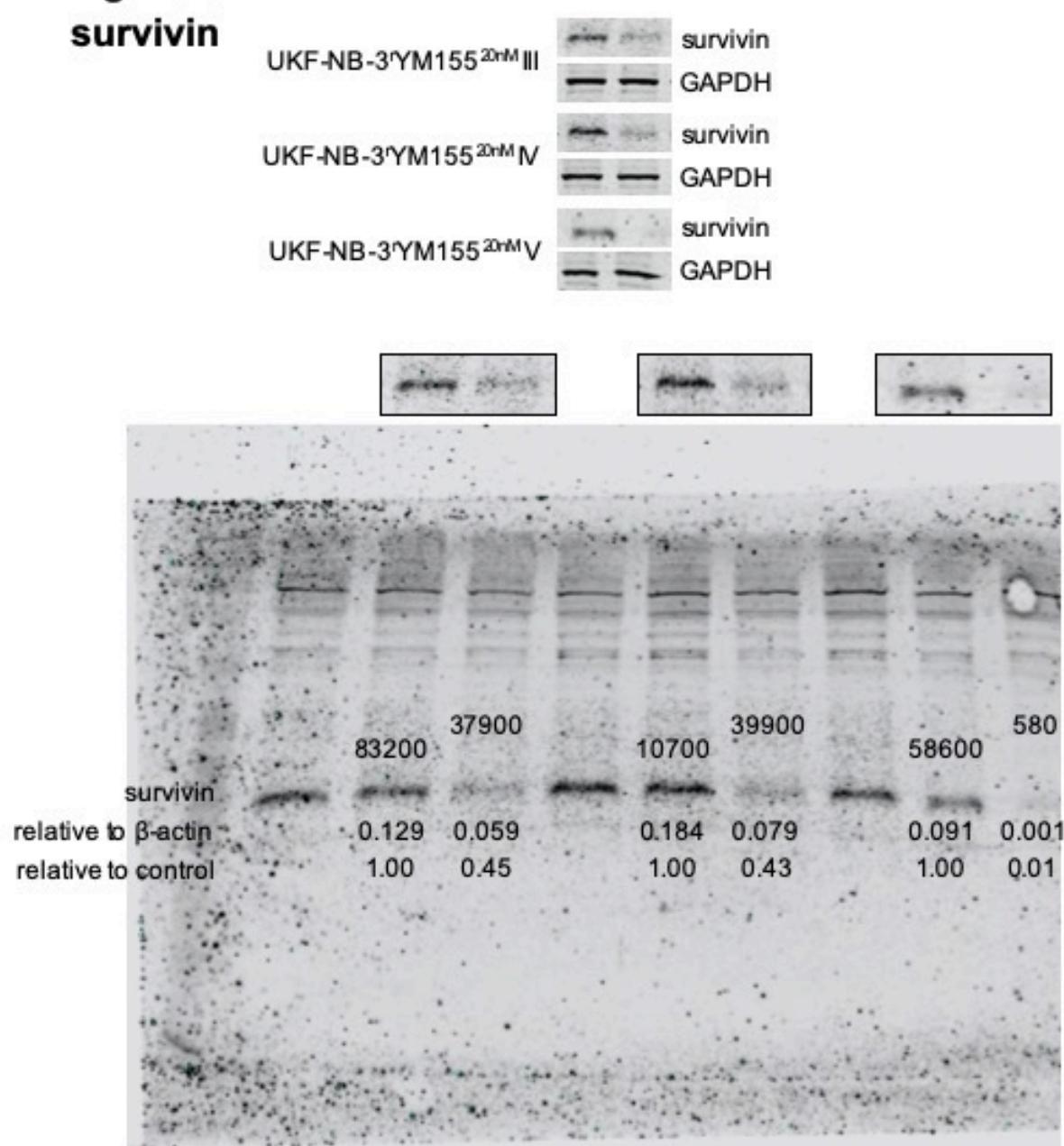


Figure S4

GAPDH

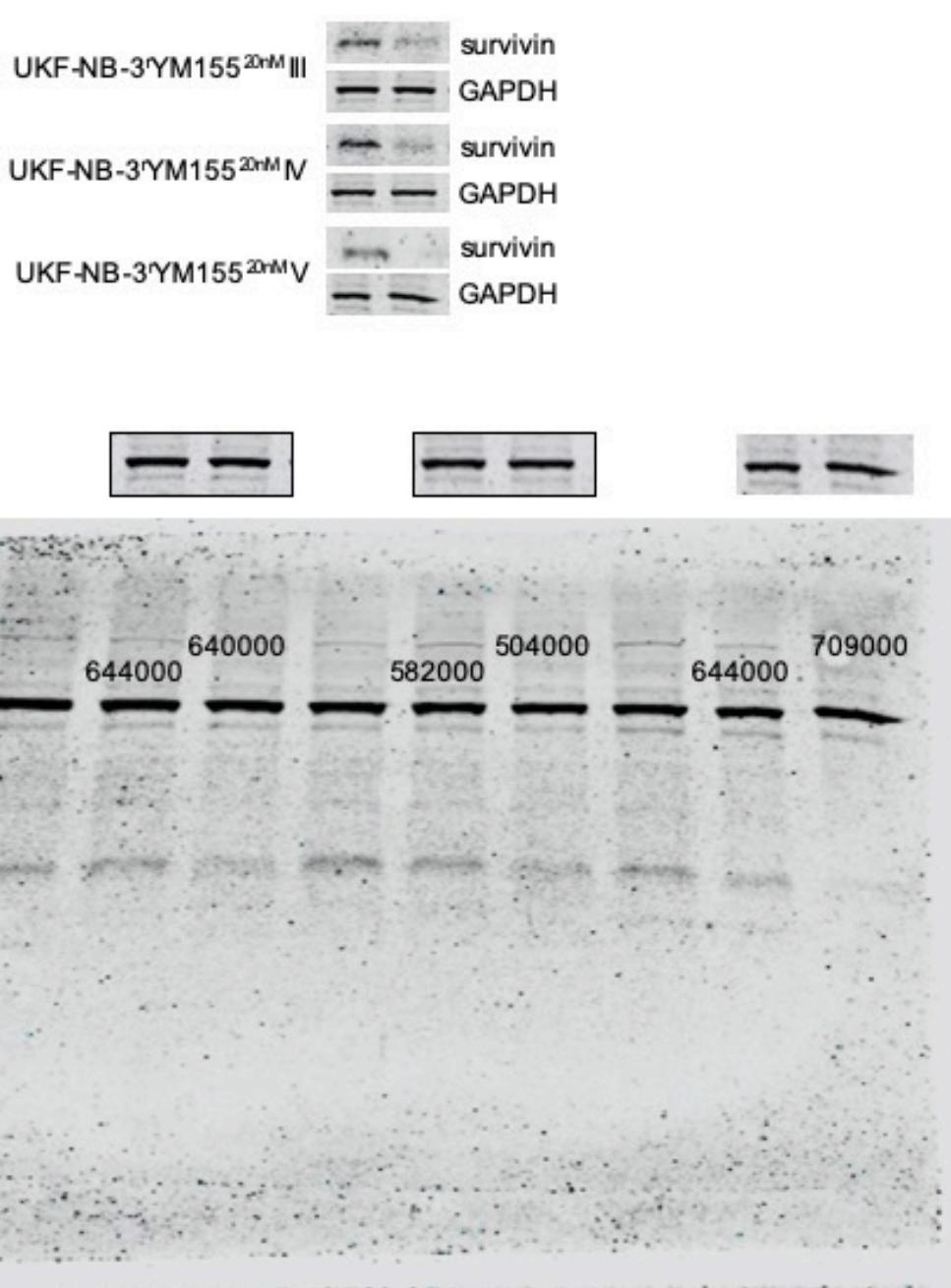


Figure S4

survivin

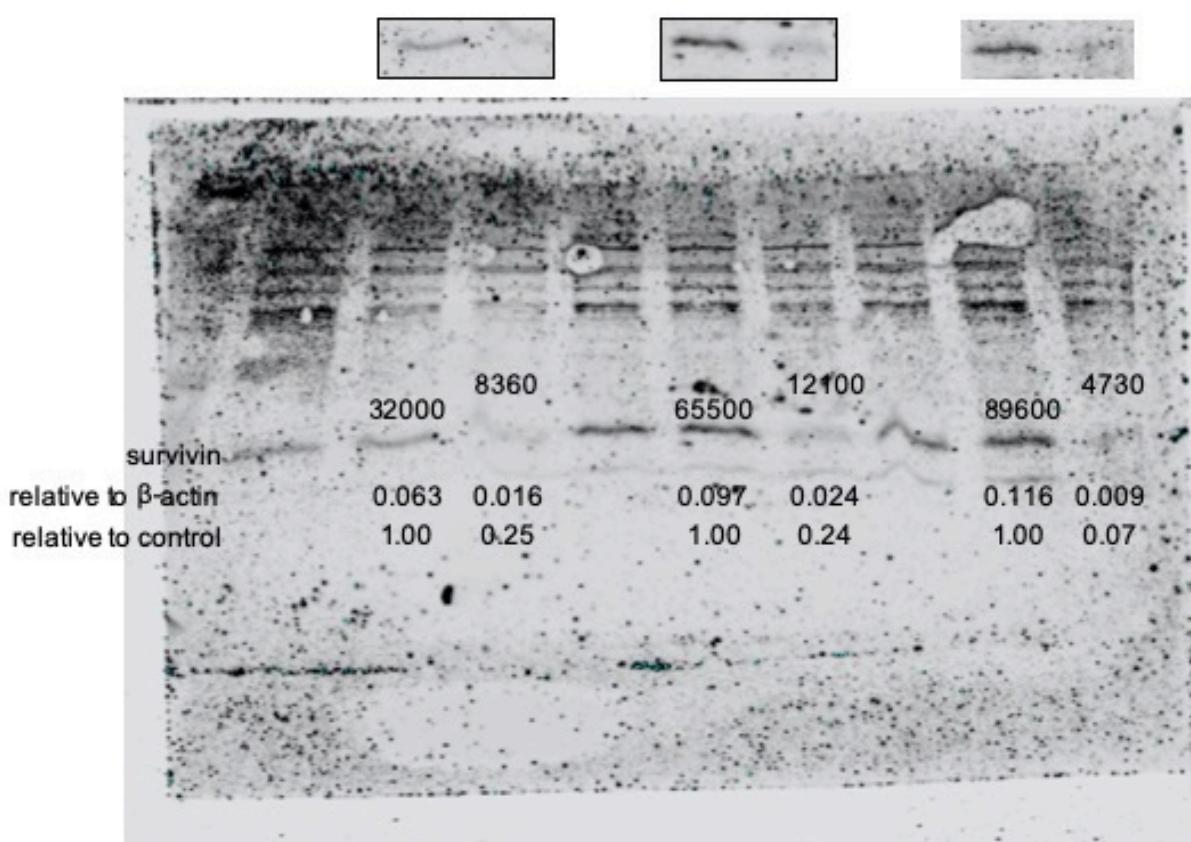


Figure S4

GAPDH

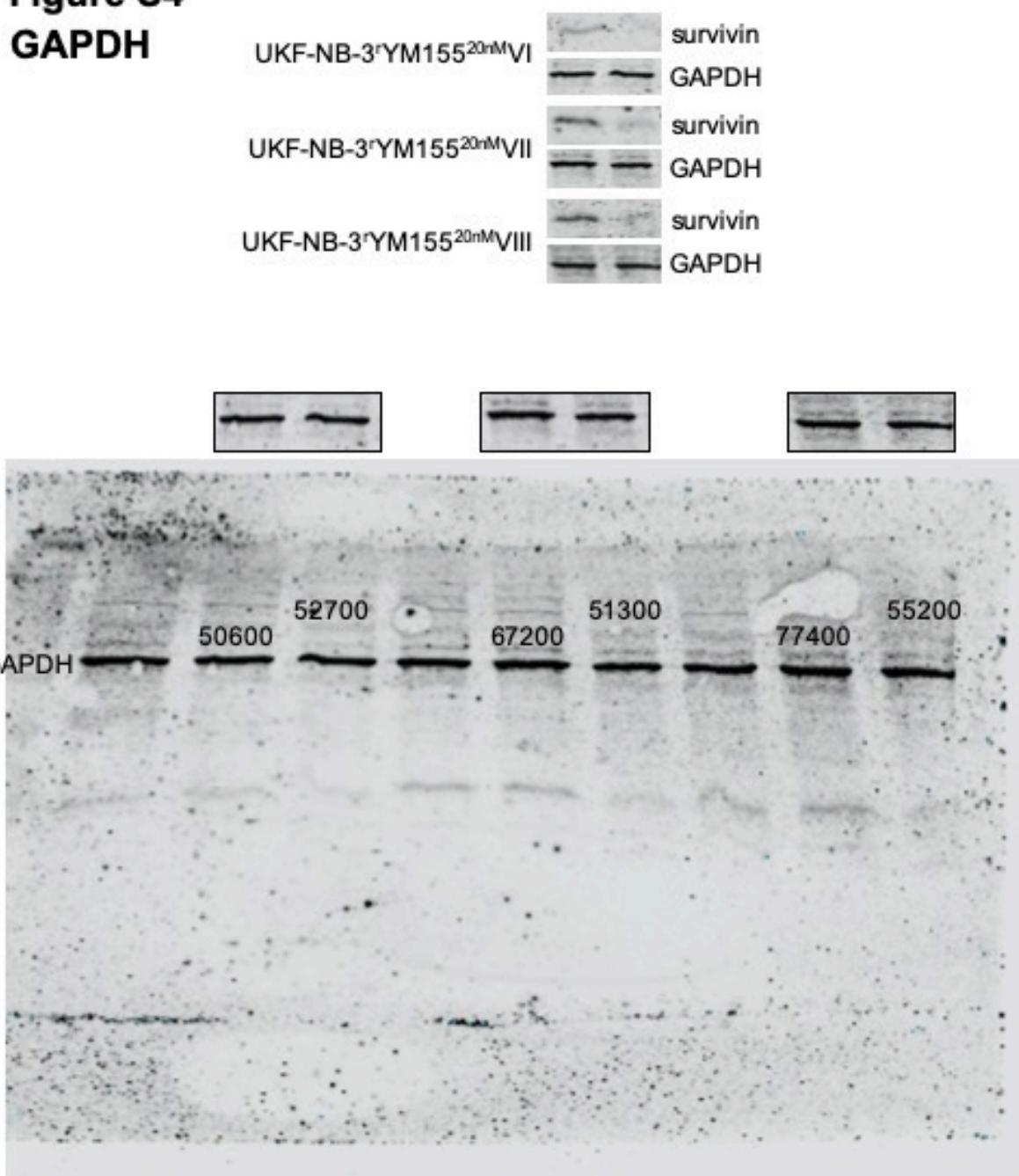


Figure S4 survivin

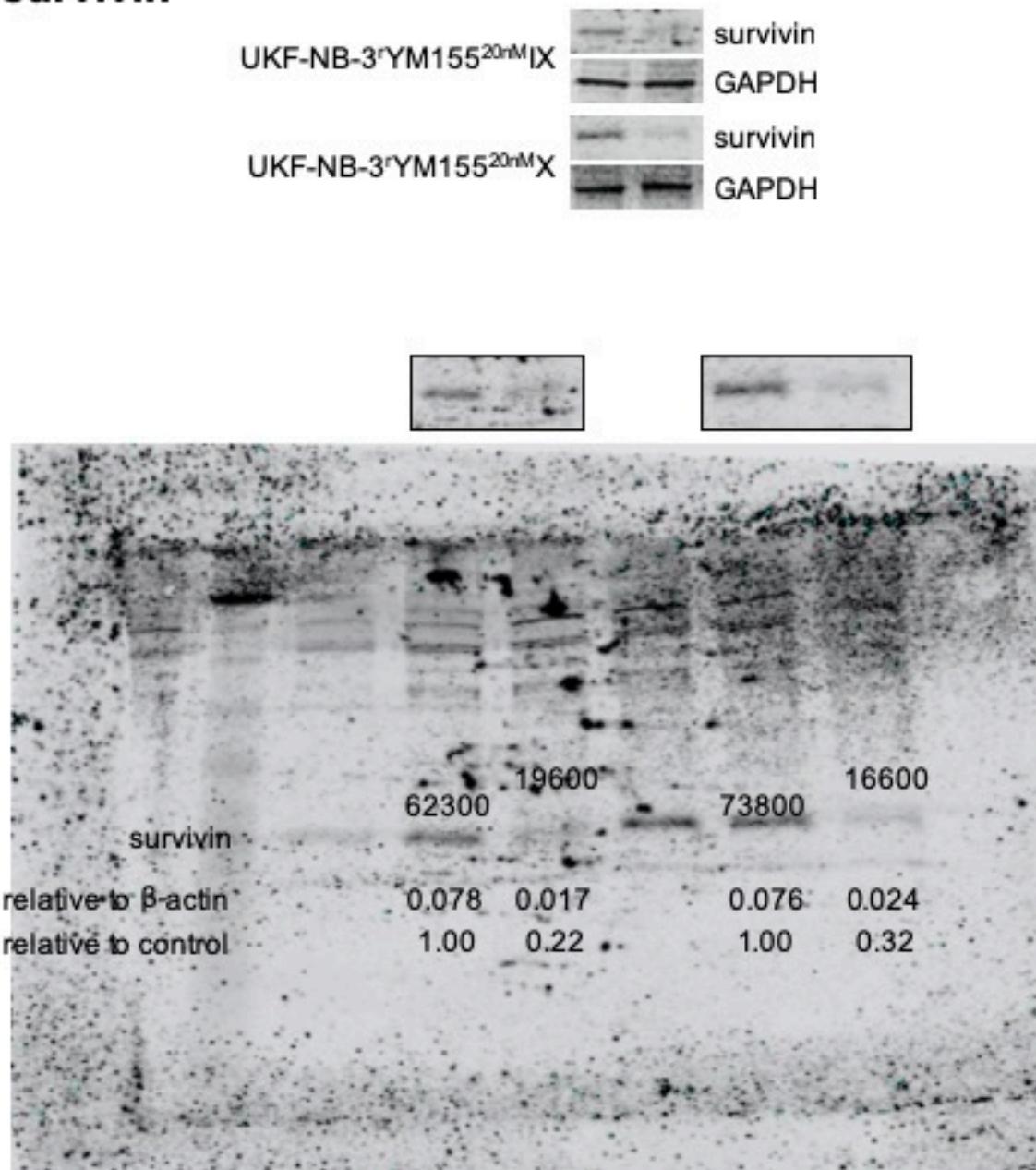


Figure S4

GAPDH

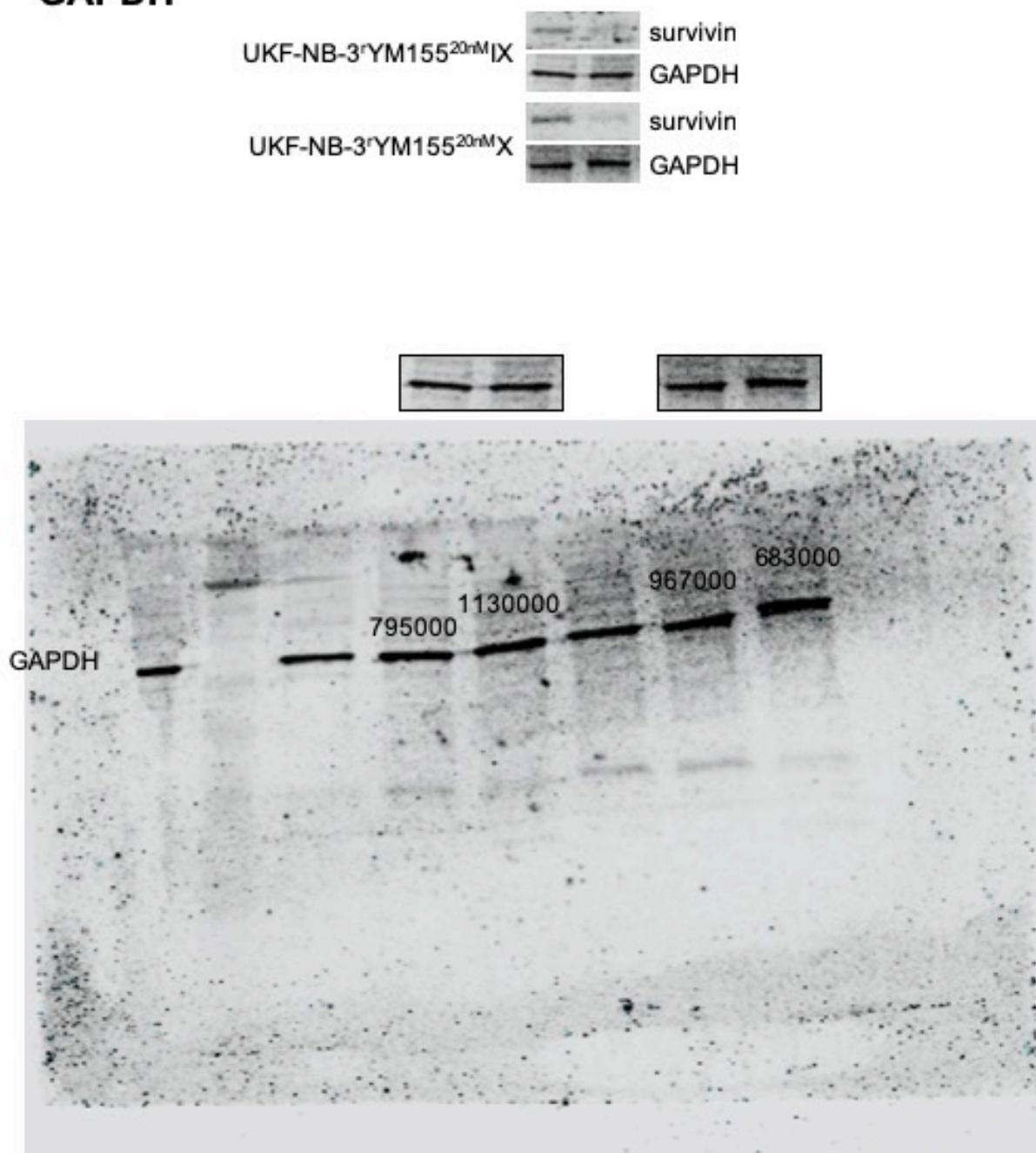


Figure S4. Representative Western blots indicating cellular levels of survivin in UKF-NB-3 and its YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines 24 h after transfection with non-targeting siRNA or siRNA directed against BIRC5/ survivin. Densitometric analysis was performed with QuantiOne (BioRad). Survivin levels were normalised to β -actin expression and values relative to control cells are displayed.

Figure S5

ABCB1

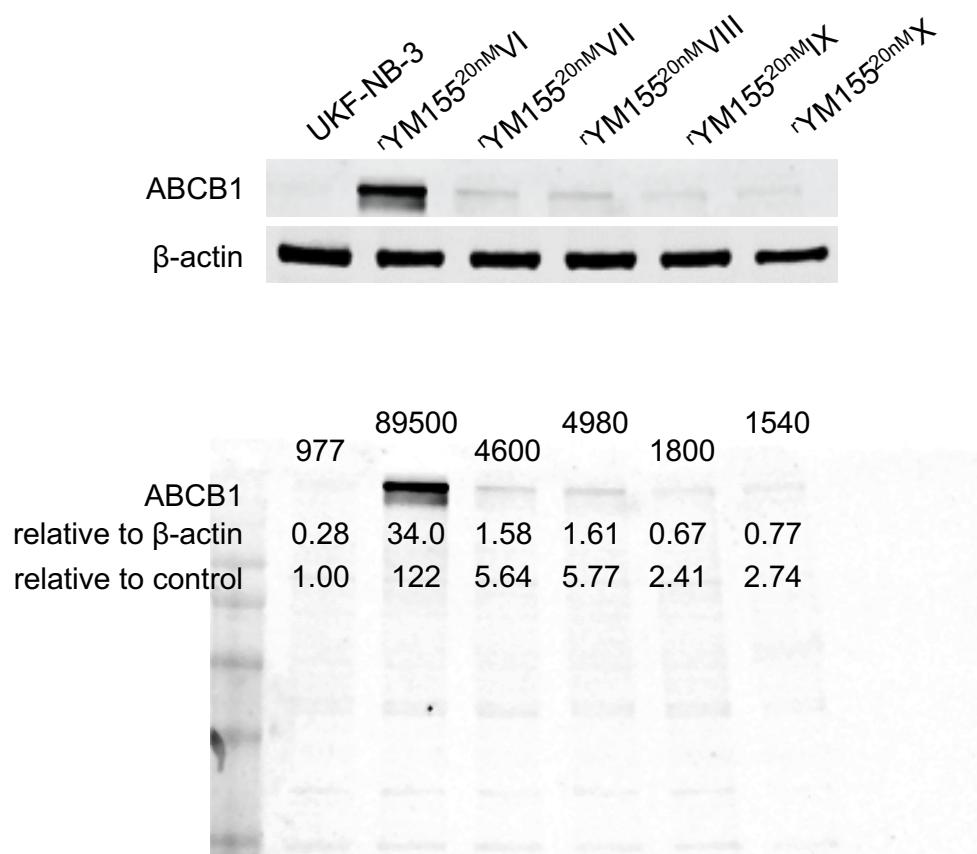
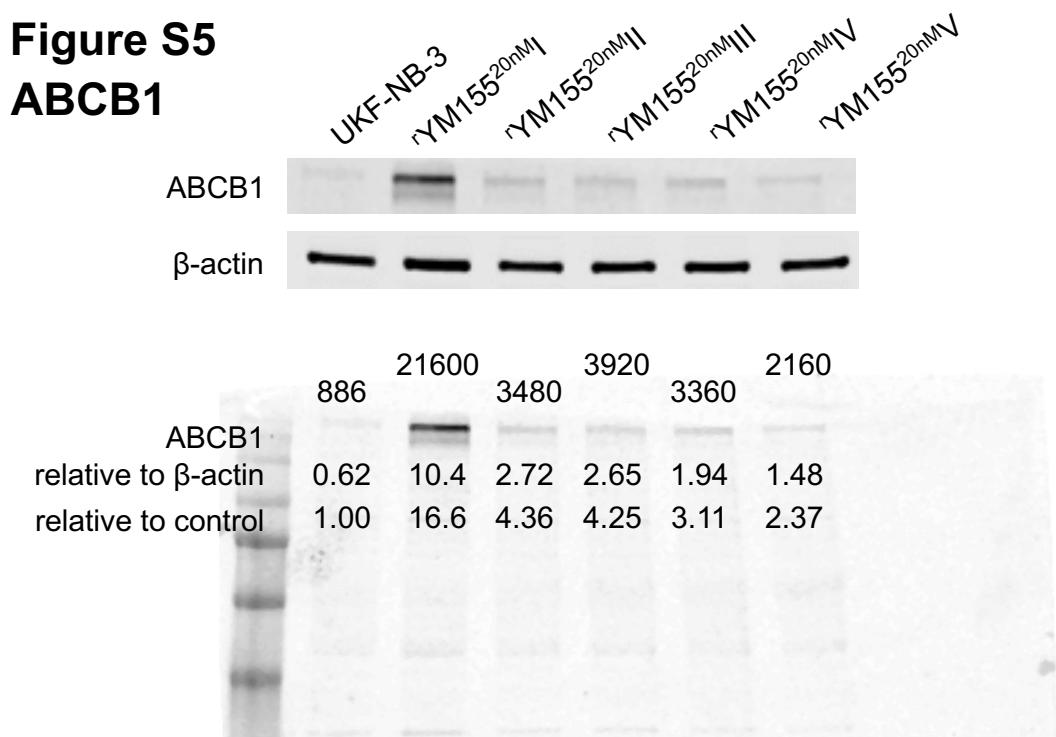


Figure S5
SLC35F2

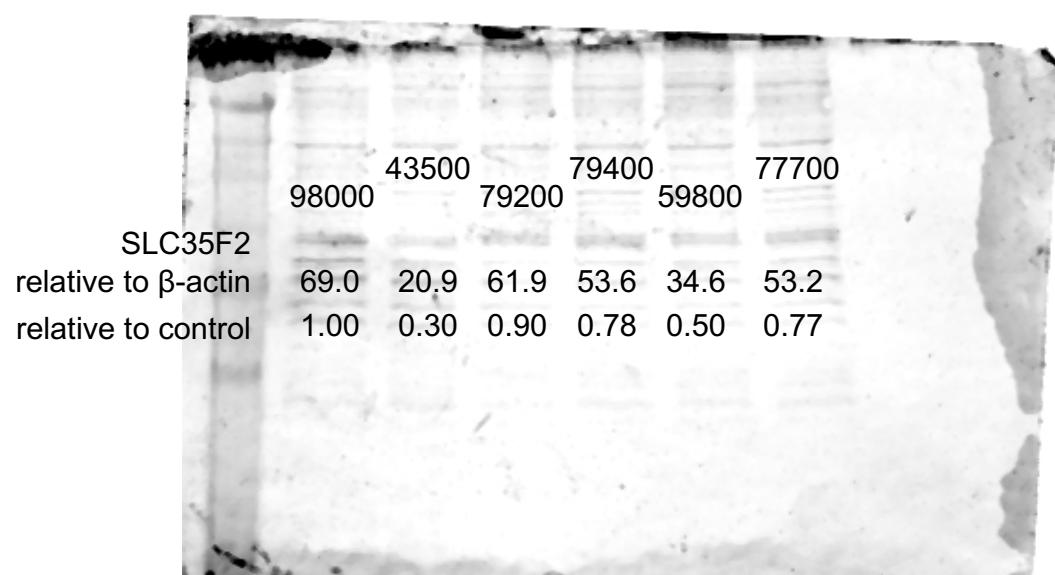
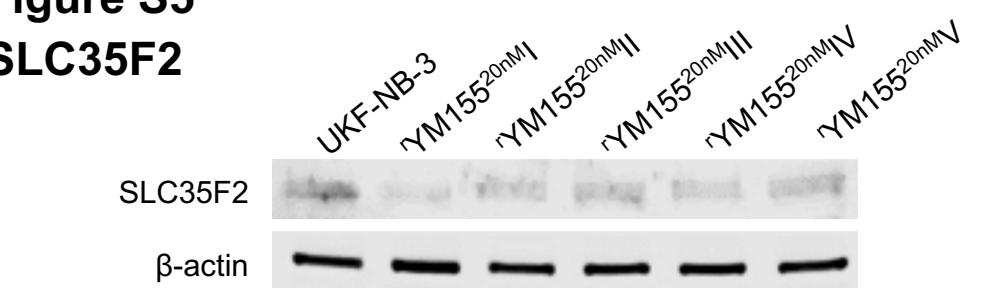


Figure S5
SLC35F2

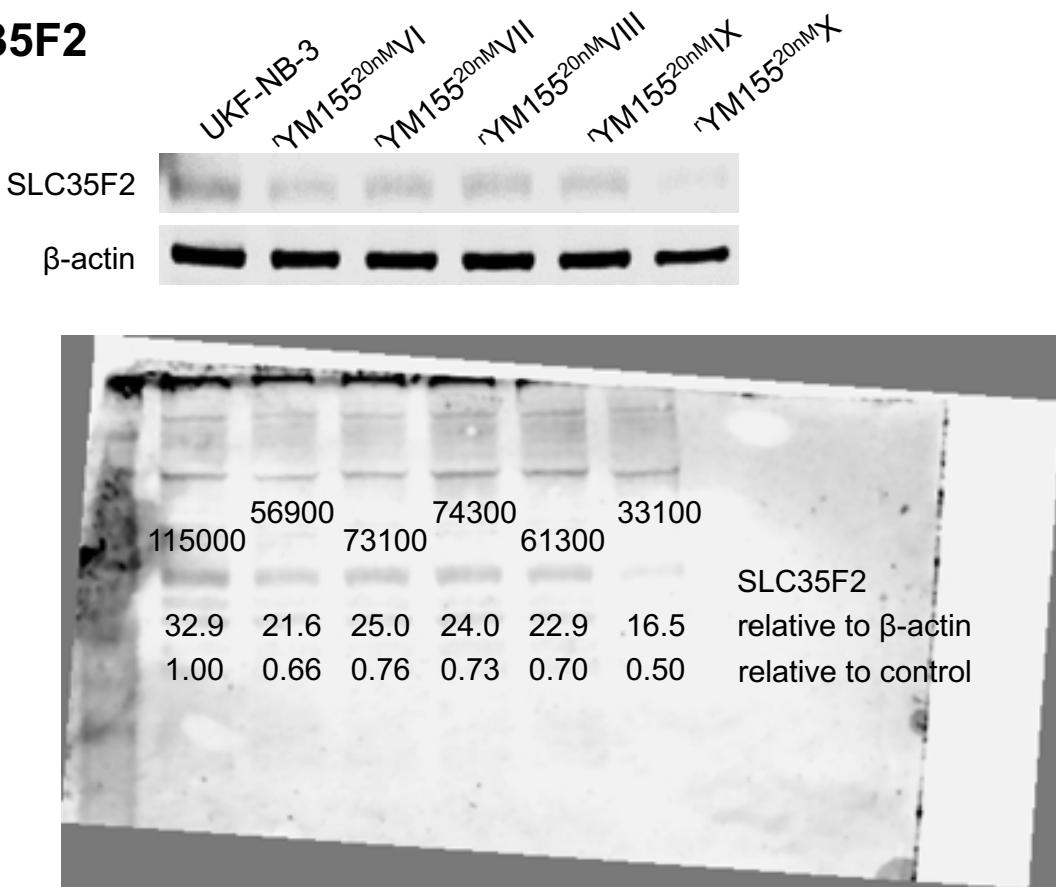


Figure S5
 β -actin

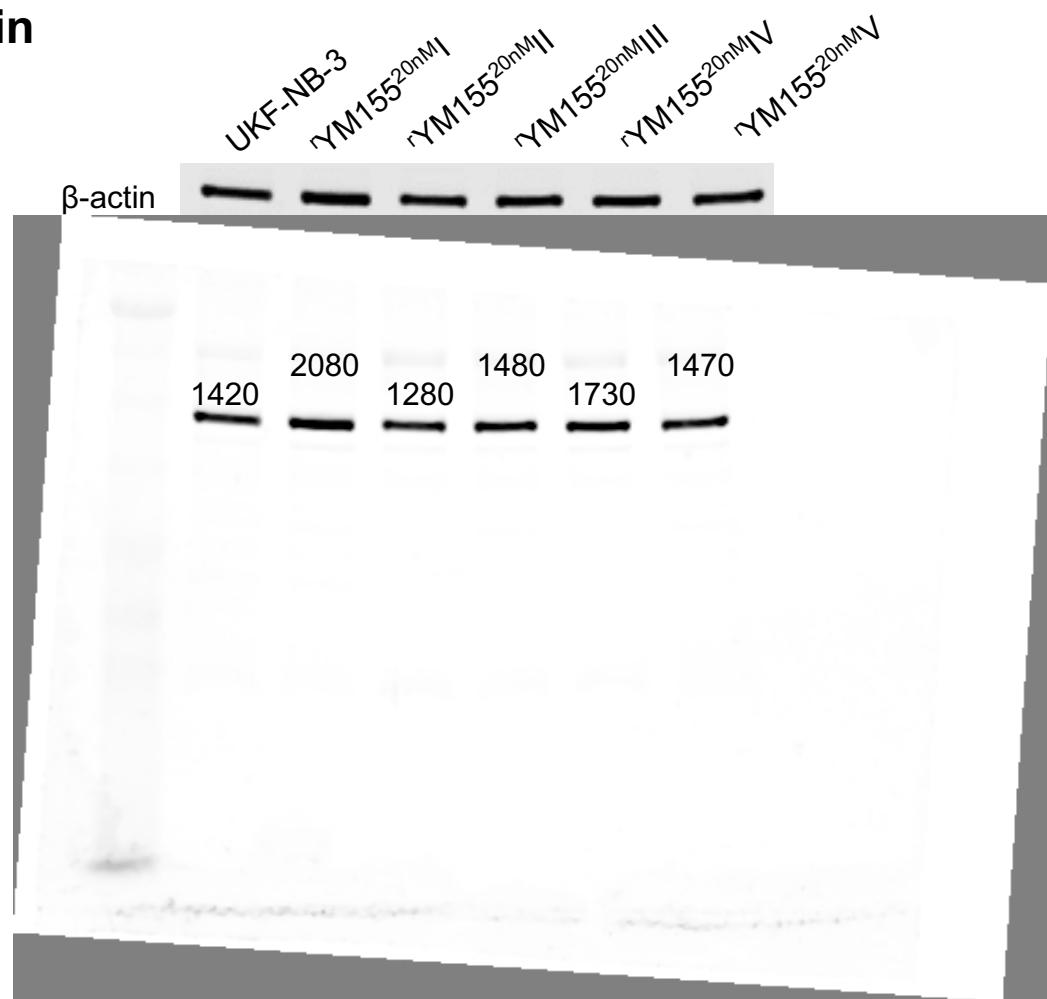


Figure S5

β-actin

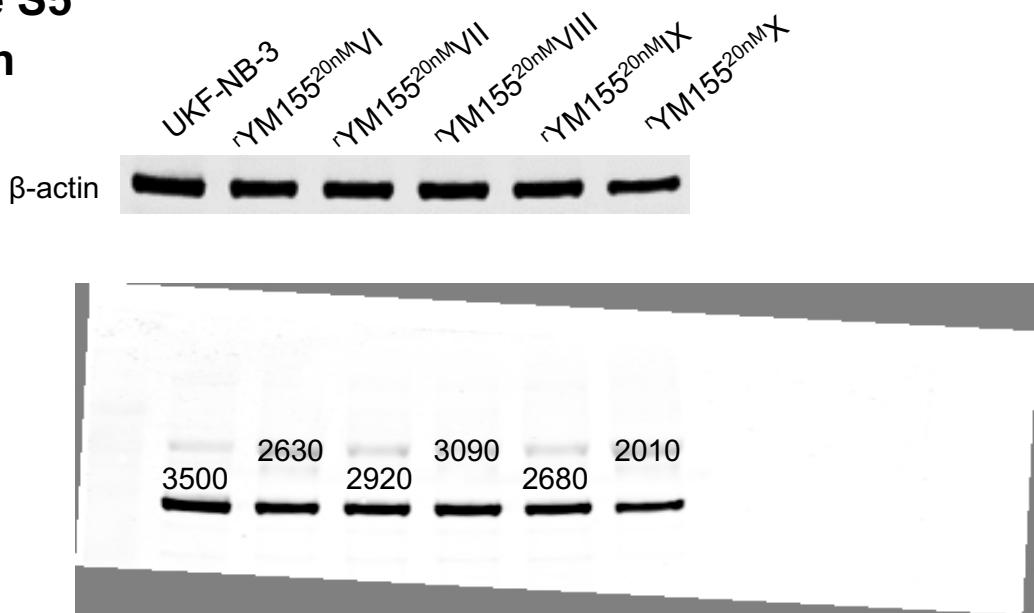


Figure S5. Representative Western blots indicating cellular levels of ABCB1 and SLC35F2 in UKF-NB-3 and YM155-adapted UKF-NB-3 sub-lines. Densitometric analysis was performed with QuantiOne (BioRad). ABCB1 and SLC35F2 levels were normalised to β-actin expression and values relative to control cells are displayed.

Figure S6

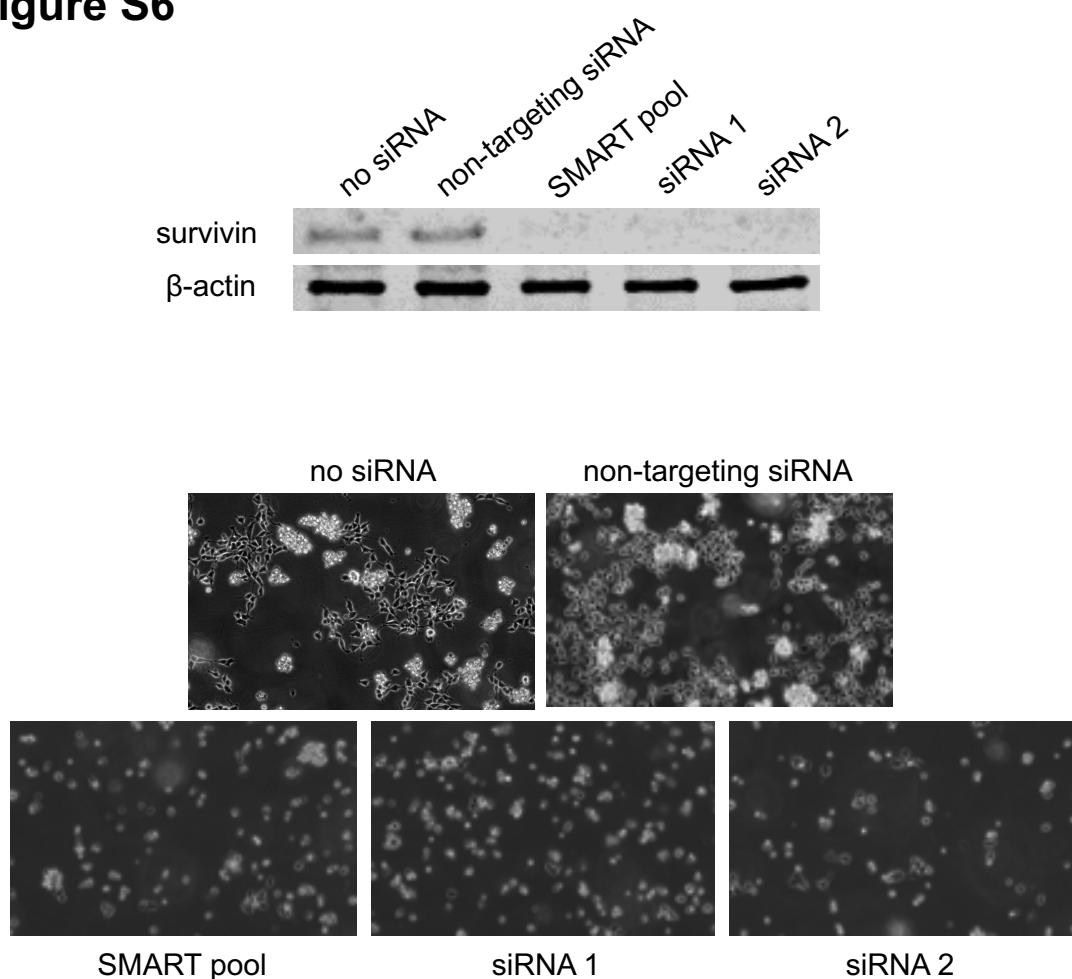


Figure S6. Western blots indicating cellular levels of survivin levels after transfection with the Dharmacon SMART pool (consisting of four siRNAs) and two individual siRNAs (siRNA 1, target sequence: GCAAAGGAAACCAACAAUA; siRNA 2, target sequence: GGAAAGGAGAUCAACAUUU) in UKF-NB-3 48h and representative images showing effects on cell viability..

Figure S6

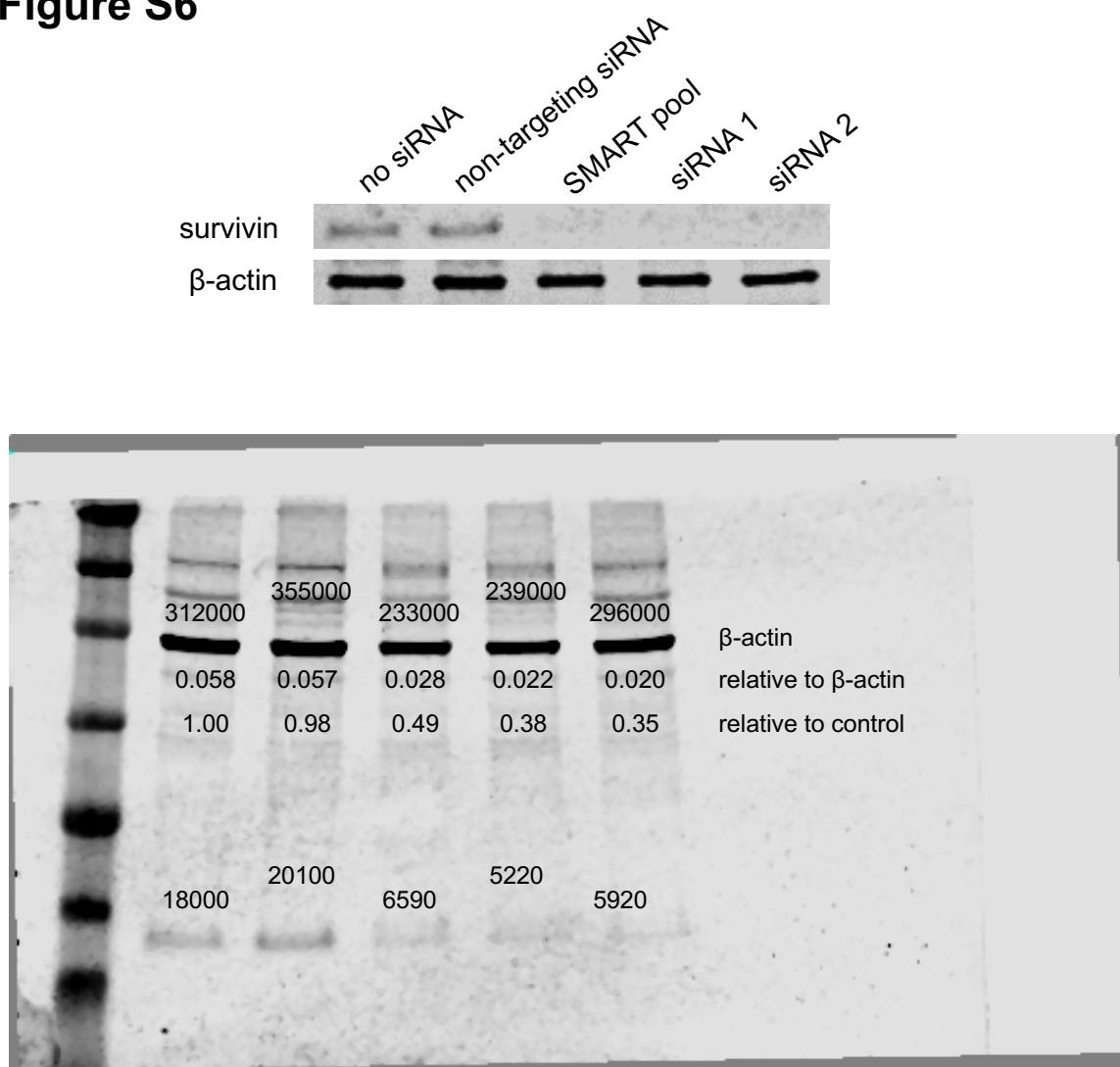


Figure S6. Original blots, densitometric analysis was performed with QuantiOne (BioRad). Survivin levels were normalised to β -actin expression and values relative to control cells are displayed.