**Table S1.** Components of Chinese dietary balance index revised (DBI-07).

	Score	Subgroup	Score	Intake Range by Intake Level (kJ)						
Components				6700	7550	8350	9200	10,050	10,900	11,700
C1-Cereals*	(-12)-12	Cereals	(-12)-12 **	0~49 = -8	$0 \sim 25 g = -10$	<25  g = -12	<25  g = -12	<75  g = -12	-12 < 125  g = -12	<175 g = -12
				200–250 g = 0	$225\sim275 \text{ g} = 0$	$275 \sim 325 \text{ g} = 0$	$275 \sim 325 \text{ g} = 0$	$325 \sim 375 \text{ g} = 0$	$375\sim425 \text{ g}=0$	$425\sim475 \text{ g}=0$
				>500 g = 12	>525 g = 12	>575 g = 12	>575 g = 12	>625 g = 12	>675 g = 12	>725 g = 12
	(-12)-0	Vegetables	(-6)-0	$\geq 300 \text{ g} = 0$		$\geq$ 350 g = 0	≥400 g = 0	≥450 g =0	≥500 g = 0	
				$150\sim299 \text{ g} = -2$		$175 \sim 249 \text{ g} = -2$	$200 \sim 399 \text{ g} = -2$	225~449 g = −2	$250\sim499 \text{ g} = -2$	
				$1 \sim 149 \text{ g} = -4$		$1 \sim 175 g = -4$	$1 \sim 199 \text{ g} = -4$	$1\sim 225 \text{ g} = -4$	$1 \sim 249 \text{ g} = -4$	
C2-Vegetables and				0 g = -6		0 g = -6	0 g = -6	0 g = -6	0 g = -6	
Fruits		Fruits	(-6)-0	$\geq 200 \text{ g} = 0$		≥300 g = 0		≥400 g = 0		$\geq$ 500 g = 0
				$100 \sim 199 \text{ g} = -2$		$150\sim299 \text{ g} = -2$		$200\sim399 \text{ g} = -2$		$250\sim499 \text{ g} = -2$
				$1 \sim 99 \text{ g} = -4$		$1 \sim 149g = -4$		$1 \sim 199 \text{ g} = -4$		$1\sim249 \text{ g} = -4$
				0 g = -6		0 g = -6		0 g = -6		0 g = -6
C3-Milk and dairy		Dairy	(-6)-0	$\geq$ 300 g = 0, score decreased 1 with intake amount decreased 50 g						
products, Soybean and	(-12)-0	Soybean	(-6)-0	$\geq 30 \text{ g} = 0, 15 \sim 29 \text{ g} = -2$		≥40 g = 0, 20~39 g = −2		≥50 g = 0, 25~49 g = −2		
soybean products				$1 \sim 14 \text{ g} = -4, 0 \text{ g} = -6$		$1 \sim 19 \text{ g} = -4, 0 \text{ g} = -6$		$1\sim24 \text{ g} = -4, 0 \text{ g} = -6$		
C4-Animal food	(-12)-(-8)	Red meat, products, Poultry and game	(-4)-4	0 g = -4,			0 g = -4			
				$1 \sim 25 \text{ g} = -2$			$1\sim 50 \text{ g} = -2$			
				$25\sim75 \text{ g}=0$			$50 \sim 100 \text{ g} = 0$			
				$75 \sim 125 \text{ g} = 2$			101~150 g =2			
				>125 g over = 4			>150 g = 4			

		Fish,and	(-4)-0	<20 g = -4	<30 g = -4	<40 g = -4		
				$20\sim29 \text{ g} = -3$	$30\sim44 \text{ g} = -3$	$40\sim59 \text{ g} = -3$		
		shrimp		$30\sim39 \text{ g} = -2$	$45\sim59 \text{ g} = -2$	$60\sim79 \text{ g} = -2$		
		Sillilip		$40\sim49 \text{ g} = -1$	$60\sim74 \text{ g} = -1$	$80\sim99 \text{ g} = -1$		
				$\geq$ 50 g = 0	≥75 g = 0	≥100 g = 0		
		Egg	(-4)-4	>75 g = 4, 51~75 g = 2, 25~50 g = 0, 1~24 g = -2, 0 g = -4				
C5-Condiments and alcoholic beverage	0–12	Cooking oil	0–4	$\leq$ 25 g = 0, 26~50 g = 2, > 50 g = 4 $\leq$ 30 g = 0, 30~60 g = 2, >60 g = 4				
		Salt	0–4	$\leq 6 \text{ g} = 0, 7 \sim 12 \text{ g} = 2, > 12 \text{ g} = 4$				
				Male: $\leq 25 \text{ g} = 0, 26 \sim 50 \text{ g} = 1, 51 \sim 75 \text{ g} = 2, 76 - 100 \text{ g} = 3, >100 \text{ g} = 4$				
		Alcohol	0–4	(25 g alcohol = 750 mL beer or 250 mL wine or 75 g liquor(<38°) or 50 g liquor(> 38°)				
		Beverage	0-4	Female: $\le 15 \text{ g} = 0$ , $15 \sim 30 \text{ g} = 1$ , $31 \sim 45 \text{ g} = 2$ , $46 \sim 60 \text{ g} = 3$ , $>60 \text{ g} = 4$				
				(15 g alcohol = 450 mL beer or 150 mL w	rine or 50 g liquor(38°) or 30 g liquor(> 38°)			
C6-Diet variety	(-12)-0	Diet variety	(-12)-0	for consumption of greater than 25 g of foods (soybean is 5 g), otherwise score is -1				
CZ D : I:	(-12)-0	Drinking (12) 0	(-12)-0	> 1200  mL = 0, <100  mL = -12				
C7-Drinking water		water	( 12)-0	score decreased 1 with intake amount decreased 100 mL from 0 to 12				

<sup>\*</sup> Cereal include rice, wheat, dried legumes(exclude soybean) and tubers. Intake amount means fresh amount. Sweat potato: intake amount divided by 3;

potato: intake amount divided by 4; yam and yambean: divided by 6; \*\* score increased (decreased) 2 with 50 g intake increased (decreased) from 0 to maximal(minimal) score

 Table S2. Elements of diet varety score

Food subgroups	Score	Representative foods
F1-Rice and products	-1,0	Steamed/boiled rice, rice products
F2-Wheat and products	-1,0	Wheat bun, wheat noodles, wheat pancake
F3-Corn, coarse grains and products, Starchy roots and	-1,0	Corn, barley grain, foxtail millet, buckwheat, sweet potato, yam, taro, potato, green
products		bean, read bean
F4-Dark-colored vegtables	-1,0	Spinach, carrot, tomato
F5-Light- colored vegtables	-1,0	Cabbage, cucumber, pickles
F6-Fruits	-1,0	Fresh and dried fruits
F7-Soybean and products	-1,0	Soybean, black bean, bean curd
F8-Milk and dairy products	-1,0	Milk, milk powder, cheese
F9-Red meat and products	-1,0	Beef, pork, lamb, liver, sausage
F10-Poultry and game	-1,0	Chicken, duck, rabbit
F11-egg	-1,0	Hen egg, duck egg
F12-Fish and selfish	-1,0	Fish, shrimp, mussel

Table S3. The Dietary Guidelines for Chinese residence and the corresponding components for Diet Balance Index revised (DBI-07)

	Dietary guidelines for Chinese residents	Corresponding component(s) in the DBI-07 components
1	Eat a variety of foods, with cereals as the staple and include a certain amount of coarse grains	Diet variety, cereals
2	Consume plenty of vegetables, fruit and tubers	Vegetables and fruit
3	Consume milk, soybean, or dairy- or their products every day	Dairy , soybean
4	Consume appropriate amounts of fish, poultry, eggs and lean meat;	Animal food
5	Reduce cooking oil, choose a light diet that is also low in salt.	Cooking oil, salt
5	Avoid over eating, exercise every day, to maintain a healthy body weight.	
7	Rationally distribute the daily food intake among the three meals, if you take snacks, do so appropriately	
8	Drink sufficient water every day, rationally choose beverages	Drinking water
)	If you drink alcoholic beverages, do so in limited amounts	Alcoholic beverages
10	Avoid unsanitary and spoiled foods	