

Supplementary Material

Table S1. Field site background, including location, survey dates, and establishment and management history (Casey Bryan, Chris Evans, Scott Crist, Joe Nelson, personal communication, 2016). *Lespedeza cuneata* volunteered into these sites. Seeding of native species was from commercial seed.

Site Name	Ownership and Location	Survey Dates	History and Management
Headquarters Prairie	CONWR U.S. FWS Pigeon Creek Rd N 37°43.096' W -89°01.613'		-Established: 1971
		5/23	-Prescribed burns: 1974, 1977, 1981, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1994, 1997, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2016
		7/25	-Mowing: 2001 to control sumac in southern half
		7/26	-Herbicide: 2007- <i>L. cuneata</i> treatment with Plateau -Seeding: 1997-rootstock of forbs planted (1600 spp) -Current management: undergoing herbicide treatment before site replanting
Postage Stamp Prairie	CONWR U.S. FWS Stringtown Rd N 37°43.162' W -89°02.696'	5/24	-Established: unknown
		7/26	-Seeding: restoration was planted, records do not indicate date or seed mix
		7/27	-Current management: none
HC-6	CONWR U.S. FWS Hampton Cemetery Rd N 37°41.704' W -89°03.821'		-Established: 2014
		5/31	-Prescribed burns: every two years
		7/27	-Mowing: 2014
		8/2	-Seeding: grass/forb mix was seed drilled in 2014 -Former use: haying of cool season grasses and fescue -Current management: mowing, fire, pesticide application, additional planting
Bass Pond West	CONWR U.S. FWS N Wolf Creek Rd N 37°41.641' W -89°03.463'	6/3	-Established: ~1990, with additional acreage added in 1994, 2002, and 2004
		7/28	-Prescribed burns: each half of the unit burned individually on two-year rotation (east unit last burned 2015)
			-Mowing: 2014
Bass Pond East	CONWR U.S. FWS N Wolf Creek Rd N 37°41.530' W -89°03.043'	6/7	-Herbicide: 2007- <i>L. cuneata</i> treatment with Plateau
		8/5	-Seeding: grass/forb mixture when established
		8/8	-Former use: haying and pasture -Current management: mowing, fire, haying, interseeding
North Prairie 1	CONWR U.S. FWS Spillway Rd N 37°42.258' W -89°07.911'		-Established: 1994, additional acreage converted in 1997
		6/8	-Prescribed burns: 1990, 1995 1999, 2001, 2006, 2010, 2012
		8/1	-Seeding: native warm season grasses and forbs
North Prairie 2	CONWR U.S. FWS Spillway Rd N 37°42.473'	6/9	-Former use: grazing and farming
		8/3	-Current management: fire, mechanical removal of autumn olive

			W -89°07.917'
	Pyramid State Park		
	IDNR		
Galum Unit	Galum Church Rd	6/10	
	N 38°02.314'	8/9	-Established: area reclaimed prior to PSP's purchase in 2001
	W -89°22.617'		
	Pyramid State Park		-Former use: surface strip mine
Denmark Unit	IDNR Denmark Rd	6/13	-Current management: unknown
	N 37°59.778'	8/9	
	W -89°30.304'		
	INPC		
Faulkner-Franke Prairie	US-51, south of Mine Rd	6/14	-Established: unknown
	N 37°51.230'	8/8	-Prescribed burns: 2010, 2016
	W -89°13.846'	8/10	-Herbicide: treatment for 8 species in 2011
			-Current management: fire
	IDNR		
Cache River	US-37, northeast of Perks Rd	6/16	-Established: ~2001
	N 37°18.708'	8/11	-Prescribed burns: 2005, 2013, 2016 (prior to surveys)
	W -89°01.196'		-Seeding: reseeded twice between 2006 and 2013
			-Current management: prescribed burns
	INPC		
Cave Creek Glade	US-45, north of Belknap Rd	6/17	-Established: self-established; unknown date
	N 37°21.500'	8/10	-Prescribed burns: 1989, 2002, 2008, 2011, 2012, 2014, 2016 (prior to surveys)
	W -88°53.178'	8/12	-Herbicide: <i>L. cuneata</i> treated in 2011, 2014, 2015
			-Former use: unknown
			-Current management: prescribed burns and treatment for <i>L. cuneata</i> , <i>Dipsacus laciniatus</i> , and <i>Microstegium vimineum</i>
	U of I Dixon Springs Agricultural Center		
Dixon Springs	US-145	6/20	-Established: early 1980s
	N 37°25.408'	8/24	-Prescribed burns: none
	W -88°40.342'		-Mowing: at least once a year until 5-10 years ago
			-Seeding: planted into trees
			-Former use: unknown
			-Current management: none
	Shawnee National Forest		
Pennant Bar Openlands 1	US-146, west of Hound Ridge Rd	6/23	
	N 37°23.205'	8/12	
	W -88°42.110'	8/24	-Established: unknown
	Shawnee National Forest		-Prescribed burns: 2001, 2003, 2004, 2005; alternate between units; each burned every 2 years
Pennant Bar Openlands 2	US-146, east of Franklin Ln	6/24	-Current management: prescribed burns, treatment for <i>E. umbellata</i> invasion, disking, plowing, planting
	N 37°23.469'	8/31	
	W -88°42.681'		

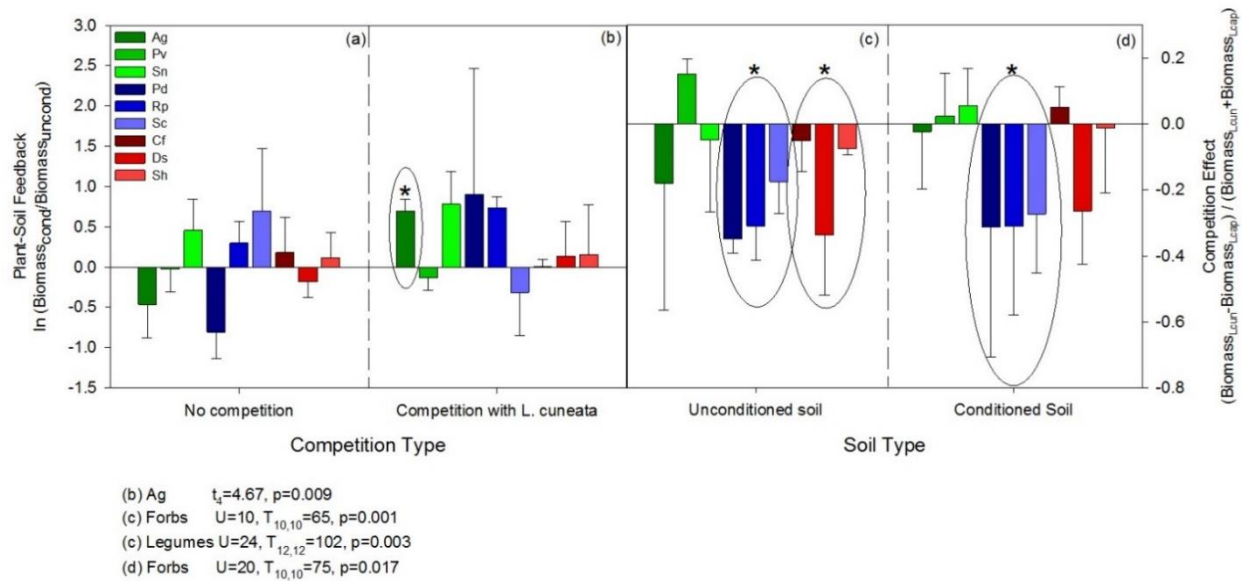
Table S2. Fifty most abundant species observed during the two field survey periods across all 15 sites. * Two letter genus/species are used for target species codes in Fig S1 (and Ds = *Desmodium* spp., and Sh = *Senna hebecarpa*).

Species	2 Letter Code
<i>Agrimonia parviflora</i>	
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	
<i>Ambrosia bidentata</i>	
<i>Andropogon gerardii</i> *	Ag
<i>Apocynum cannabinum</i>	
<i>Asclepias syriaca</i>	
<i>Bidens aristosa</i>	
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	
<i>Campsis radicans</i>	
<i>Carex bicknelli</i>	
<i>Carex bushii</i>	
<i>Chamaecrista fasciculata</i> *	Cf
<i>Cirsium discolor</i>	
<i>Coronilla varia</i>	
<i>Desmodium canadense</i>	
<i>Desmodium paniculatum</i>	
<i>Dichanthelium clandestinum</i>	
<i>Dioscorea villosa</i>	
<i>Elymus virginicus</i>	
<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	
<i>Galactia regularis</i>	
<i>Helianthus divaricatus</i>	
<i>Juncus interior</i>	
<i>Lespedeza cuneata</i>	
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	
<i>Melilotus alba</i>	
<i>Microstegium vimineum</i>	
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	
<i>Muhlenbergia asperifolia</i>	
<i>Panicum virgatum</i> *	Pv
<i>Penstemon digitalis</i> *	Pd
<i>Persicaria hydropiperoides</i>	
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	
<i>Pycnanthemum tenuifolium</i>	
<i>Ratibida pinnata</i> *	Rp
<i>Rosa carolina</i>	
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	
<i>Rubus</i> sp.	
<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>	
<i>Setaria faberi</i>	
<i>Silphium integrifolium</i>	
<i>Silphium terebinthinaceum</i>	
<i>Solidago Canadensis</i> *	Sc

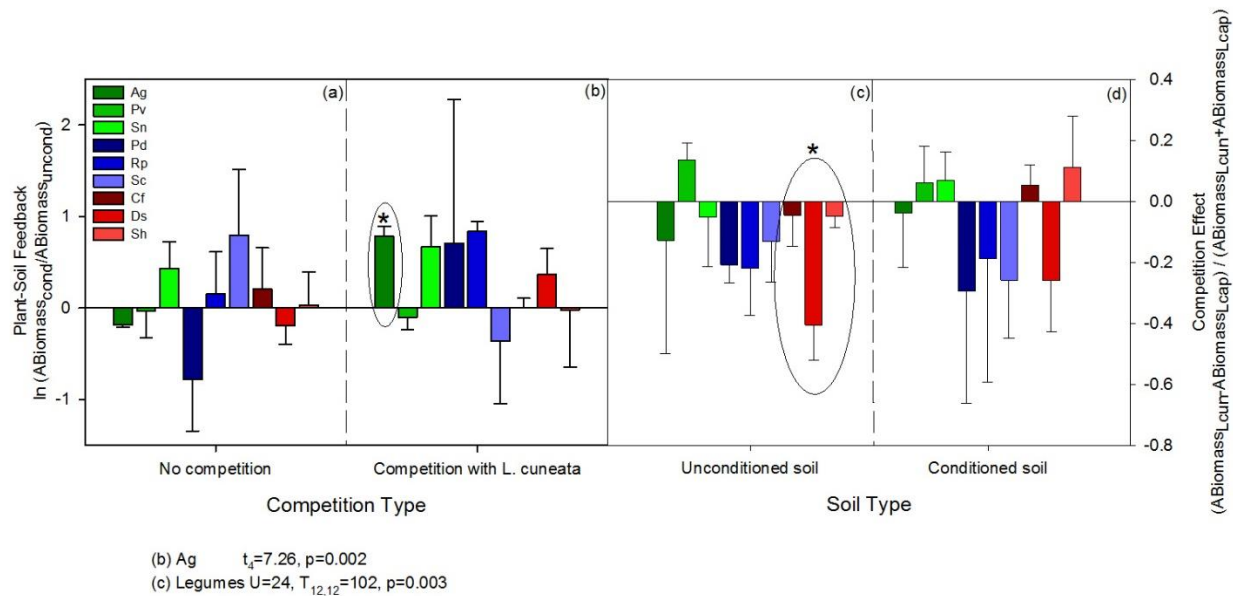
<i>Solidago graminifolia</i>	
<i>Sorghastrum nutans*</i>	Sn
<i>Teucrium canadense</i>	
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>	
<i>Trifolium campestre</i>	
<i>Verbesina alternifolia</i>	
<i>Vernonia missurica</i>	

Table S3. Results of vector fitting for each of the 15 site ordinations. R and p-values are bold if significant at $\alpha < 0.05$.

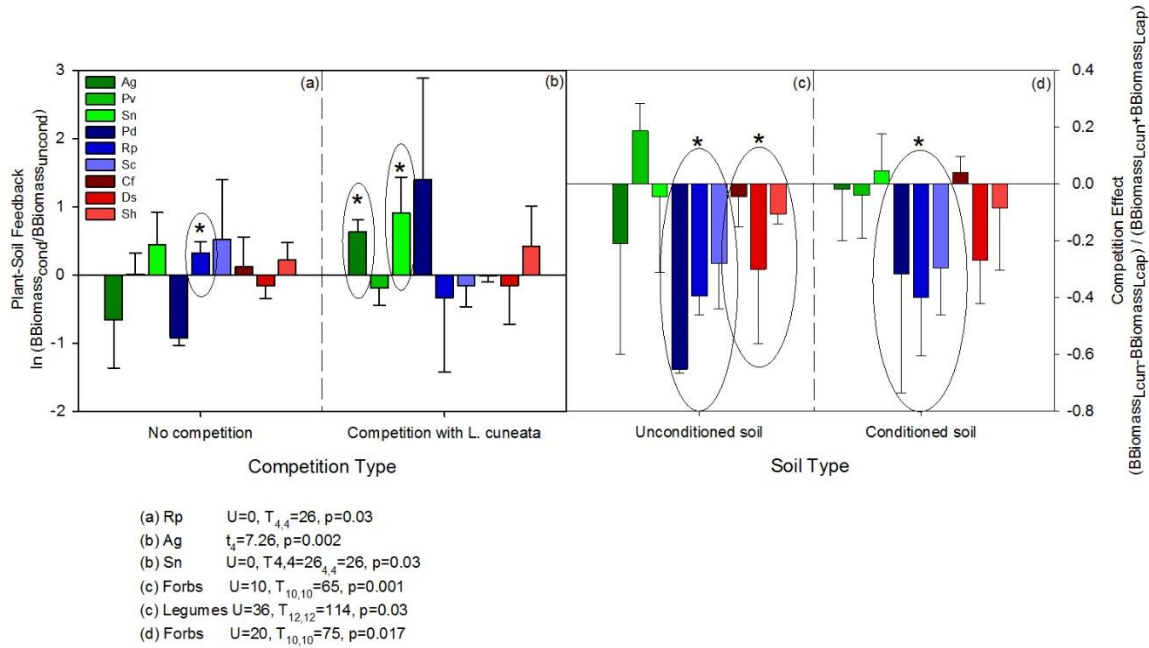
	Site														
Vector	BPE	BPW	CR	CCG	DXSP	FFP	HC6	HQ	NP1	NP2	PB1	PB2	POST	PSPD	PSPG
<i>L. cuneata</i> presence	R=0.37 p=0.06	R=0.23 p=0.36	R=0.5 p=0.002	R=0.54 p=0.002	R=0.23 p=0.56	R=0.27 p=0.42	R=0.09 p=0.96	R=0.64 p<0.0001	R=0.42 p=0.03	R=0.36 p=0.08	R=0.28 p=0.23	R=0.14 p=0.68	R=0.15 p=0.83	R=0.20 p=0.45	R=0.53 p=0.0009
Survey round	R=0.13 p=0.73	R=0.12 p=0.76	R=0.21 p=0.44	R=0.13 p=0.72	R=0.24 p=0.53	R=0.19 p=0.71	R=0.87 p<0.0001	R=0.18 p=0.74	R=0.05 p=0.96	R=0.26 p=0.28	R=0.02 p=0.98	R=0.07 p=0.93	R=0.31 p=0.29	R=0.16 p=0.61	R=0.37 p=0.06
<i>L. cuneata</i> abundance	R=0.54 p=0.001	R=0.20 p=0.46	R=0.63 p=0.001	R=0.29 p=0.18	R=0.37 p=0.14	R=0.46 p=0.03	R=0.32 p=0.25	R=0.56 p=0.002	R=0.27 p=0.24	R=0.47 p=0.007	R=0.31 p=0.15	R=0.33 p=0.12	R=0.37 p=0.14	R=0.31 p=0.16	R=0.83 p<0.0001
Forb abundance	R=0.77 p<0.0001	R=0.84 p<0.0001	R=0.78 p<0.0001	R=0.56 p=0.0004	R=0.60 p=0.001	R=0.22 p=0.59	R=0.74 p<0.0001	R=0.67 p=0.0003	R=0.74 p<0.0001	R=0.71 p<0.0001	R=0.78 p<0.0001	R=0.57 p=0.0006	R=0.58 p=0.001	R=0.51 p=0.005	R=0.35 p=0.08
Grass abundance	R=0.68 p<0.0001	R=0.89 p<0.0001	R=0.51 p=0.005	R=0.90 p<0.0001	R=0.72 p<0.0001	R=0.54 p=0.006	R=0.80 p<0.0001	R=0.82 p<0.0001	R=0.26 p=0.26	R=0.85 p<0.0001	R=0.81 p<0.0001	R=0.51 p=0.004	R=0.44 p=0.05	R=0.09 p=0.84	R=0.86 p<0.0001
Woody abundance	R=0.22 p=0.49	R=0.47 p=0.02	R=0.17 p=0.57	R=0.44 p=0.02	R=0.53 p=0.005	R=0.31 p=0.32	R=0.40 p=0.06	R=0.28 p=0.40	R=0.48 p=0.009	R=0.56 p=0.001	R=0.35 p=0.04	R=0.34 p=0.10	R=0.36 p=0.18	R=0.15 p=0.64	R=0.17 p=0.55
Vine abundance	R=0.31 p=0.15	R=0.37 p=0.09	R=0.52 p=0.003	R=0.27 p=0.22	R=0.87 p<0.0001	R=0.40 p=0.08	R=0.33 p=0.24	R=0.15 p=0.84	R=0.92 p<0.0001	R=0.36 p=0.07	R=0.10 p=0.85	R=0.22 p=0.43	R=0.30 p=0.37	R=0.81 p<0.0001	NA
Legume abundance	R=0.71 p<0.0001	R=0.25 p=0.29	R=0.74 p<0.0001	R=0.27 p=0.25	R=0.33 p=0.24	R=0.63 p=0.0003	R=0.38 p=0.13	R=0.40 p=0.10	R=0.72 p<0.0001	R=0.56 p=0.0009	R=0.18 p=0.55	R=0.08 p=0.90	R=0.19 p=0.77	R=0.54 p=0.003	R=0.11 p=0.72
Sedge/rush abundance	R=0.39 p=0.04	R=0.5 p=0.004	R=0.16 p=0.60	R=0.23 p=0.31	R=0.40 p=0.054	R=0.20 p=0.68	R=0.87 p<0.0001	R=0.46 p=0.03	R=0.14 p=0.70	R=0.43 p=0.02	R=0.26 p=0.26	R=0.31 p=0.14	R=0.83 p<0.0001	R=0.28 p=0.21	R=0.28 p=0.17
Shannon diversity	R=0.55 p=0.0006	R=0.79 p<0.0001	R=0.81 p<0.0001	R=0.56 p=0.001	R=0.70 p<0.0001	R=0.35 p=0.19	R=0.75 p<0.0001	R=0.6 p<0.0001	R=0.83 p<0.0001	R=0.78 p<0.0001	R=0.51 p=0.003	R=0.28 p=0.23	R=0.27 p=0.45	R=0.36 p=0.07	R=0.71 p<0.0001
Simpson diversity	R=0.56 p=0.001	R=0.72 p<0.0001	R=0.71 p<0.0001	R=0.7 p<0.0001	R=0.71 p<0.0001	R=0.40 p=0.10	R=0.78 p<0.0001	R=0.58 p=0.002	R=0.81 p<0.0001	R=0.75 p<0.0001	R=0.47 p=0.009	R=0.36 p=0.08	R=0.24 p=0.53	R=0.36 p=0.07	R=0.57 p<0.0001
Evenness	R=0.52 p=0.004	R=0.67 p<0.0001	R=0.67 p<0.0001	R=0.63 p<0.0001	R=0.58 p=0.001	R=0.35 p=0.20	R=0.75 p<0.0001	R=0.46 p=0.03	R=0.75 p<0.0001	R=0.72 p<0.0001	R=0.39 p=0.05	R=0.32 p=0.14	R=0.33 p=0.23	R=0.22 p=0.17	R=0.53 p=0.001
Richness	R=0.52 p=0.003	R=0.63 p<0.0001	R=0.61 p<0.0001	R=0.22 p=0.39	R=0.62 p=0.001	R=0.35 p=0.21	R=0.54 p=0.004	R=0.37 p=0.14	R=0.65 p<0.0001	R=0.56 p=0.001	R=0.46 p=0.01	R=0.20 p=0.47	R=0.33 p=0.25	R=0.51 p=0.005	R=0.68 p<0.0001
Native abundance	R=0.43 p=0.02	R=0.27 p=0.25	R=0.15 p=0.65	R=0.38 p=0.053	R=0.67 p=0.0002	R=0.59 p=0.0007	R=0.22 p=0.61	R=0.53 p=0.008	R=0.87 p<0.0001	R=0.69 p<0.0001	R=0.32 p=0.14	R=0.07 p=0.90	R=0.47 p=0.03	R=0.55 p=0.0008	R=0.17 p=0.61
Non-native abundance	R=0.10 p=0.85	R=0.32 p=0.13	R=0.22 p=0.27	R=0.23 p=0.34	R=0.60 p=0.0002	R=0.17 p=0.80	R=0.48 p=0.02	R=0.29 p=0.37	R=0.24 p=0.35	R=0.26 p=0.26	R=0.11 p=0.92	R=0.46 p=0.007	R=0.42 p=0.06	R=0.23 p=0.36	R=0.22 p=0.36
Invasive abundance	R=0.33 p=0.11	R=0.22 p=0.39	R=0.59 p=0.003	R=0.23 p=0.36	R=0.76 p<0.0001	R=0.48 p=0.02	R=0.26 p=0.48	R=0.24 p=0.55	R=0.90 p<0.0001	R=0.65 p=0.0001	R=0.26 p=0.26	R=0.43 p=0.02	R=0.37 p=0.15	R=0.81 p<0.0001	R=0.76 p<0.0001



a



b



c

Figure S1. The plant-soil feedback responses (on total (a), above- (b), and belowground (c) biomass) of the nine target species (codes refer to the first letter of the genus and specific epithet, respectively [Table S2]) to soil conditioning without competition (panel a) and in the presence of competition with *L. cuneata* (panel b) and the competition effect responses (on total (a), above- (b), and belowground (c) biomass) on the nine target species comparing competition with *L. capitata* to competition with *L. cuneata* in unconditioned (panel c) and conditioned soil (panel d). The PSF was calculated as $\ln(Biomass_{cond}/Biomass_{uncond})$ within each replicate and averaged per target species (mean $\pm$ se). Positive responses indicate that the target species produced greater biomass in conditioned soil while negative responses indicate that they produced less biomass in conditioned soil. The competition effect was calculated as $(Biomass_{Lcun} - Biomass_{Lcap}) / (Biomass_{Lcun} + Biomass_{Lcap})$ within each replicate and averaged per target species (mean $\pm$ se). Positive responses indicate that the target species produced greater biomass under competition with *L. cuneata* than competition with *L. capitata* while negative responses indicate that they produced less biomass in competition with *L. cuneata* than competition with *L. capitata*. Significant PSFs and competition effects (compared to 0) are denoted with *. All calculations are averages of 3-4 replicates excluding *A. gerardii* and *P. digitalis* no competition PSFs, which are averages of only 2 replicates due to misidentified and dead plants.