

Supplementary Materials: Composites between Perovskite and Layered Co-based Oxides for Modification of the Thermoelectric Efficiency

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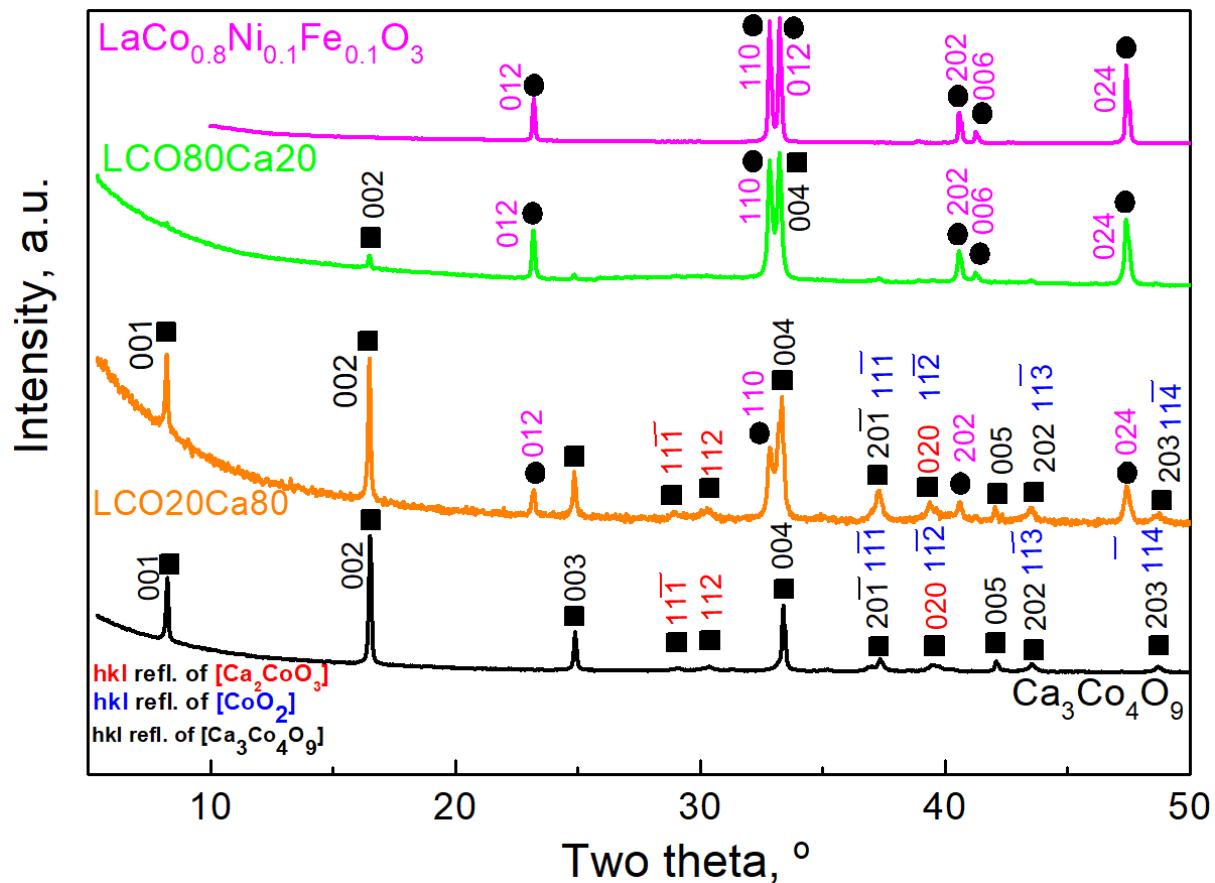


Figure S1. XRD patterns of individual components $\text{LaCo}_{0.8}\text{Ni}_{0.1}\text{Fe}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$ and $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$ and composites between them LCO80Ca20 and LCO20Ca80. Bragg reflections for the perovskite, $[\text{Ca}_2\text{CoO}_3]$ and $[\text{CoO}_2]$ blocks, and $[\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9]$ compositions are given. The indexation of XRD patterns is based on the ICSD collection codes for LaCoO_3 (17668) and $\text{Ca}_2\text{CoO}_3(\text{CoO}_2)_{1.62}$ (55458). The detailed structural analysis of rhombohedrally distorted perovskite is given elsewhere [1].

Table S1. Lattice parameters (a , c , V) for $\text{LaCo}_{0.8}\text{Ni}_{0.1}\text{Fe}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$, LCO80Ca20, LCO20Ca80 and $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$:

Samples	Unit cells		
	$a \pm 0.0001, \text{\AA}$	$c \pm 0.0001, \text{\AA}$	$V, \text{\AA}^3$
$\text{LaCo}_{0.8}\text{Ni}_{0.1}\text{Fe}_{0.1}\text{O}_3$	5.4532	13.1191	337.86
LCO80Ca20
LCO20Ca80

Samples	Unit cells					
	$a \pm 0.0001, \text{\AA}$	$b_1 \pm 0.0001, c \pm 0.0001, \text{\AA}$	$b_2 \pm 0.0001, \text{\AA}$	β	$V_1, \text{\AA}^3$	$V_2, \text{\AA}^3$
LCO80Ca20	4.8370	4.5618	10.8960	2.8081	97.7651	238.22
LCO20Ca80	4.8398	4.5660	10.8157	2.8020	98.2447	236.54
$\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$	4.8249	4.5687	10.8623	2.8096	98.3676	236.90
						145.68

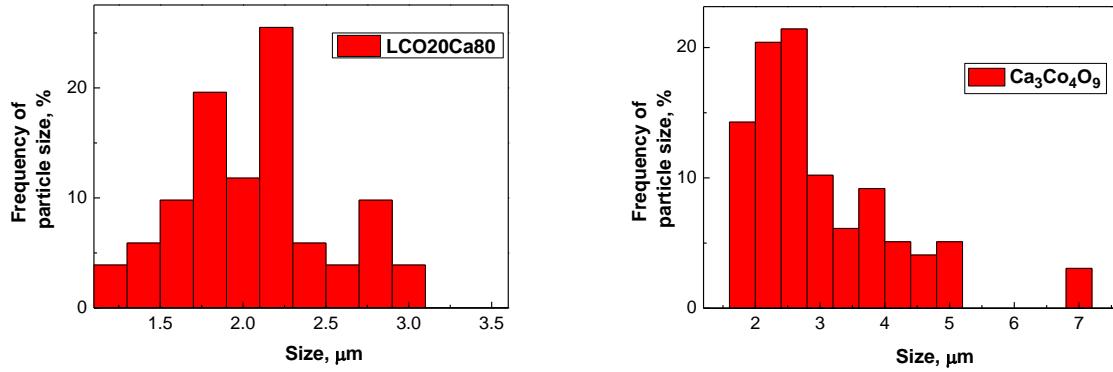


Figure S2. Particle size distribution calculated from SEM images of LCO20Ca80 and $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$.

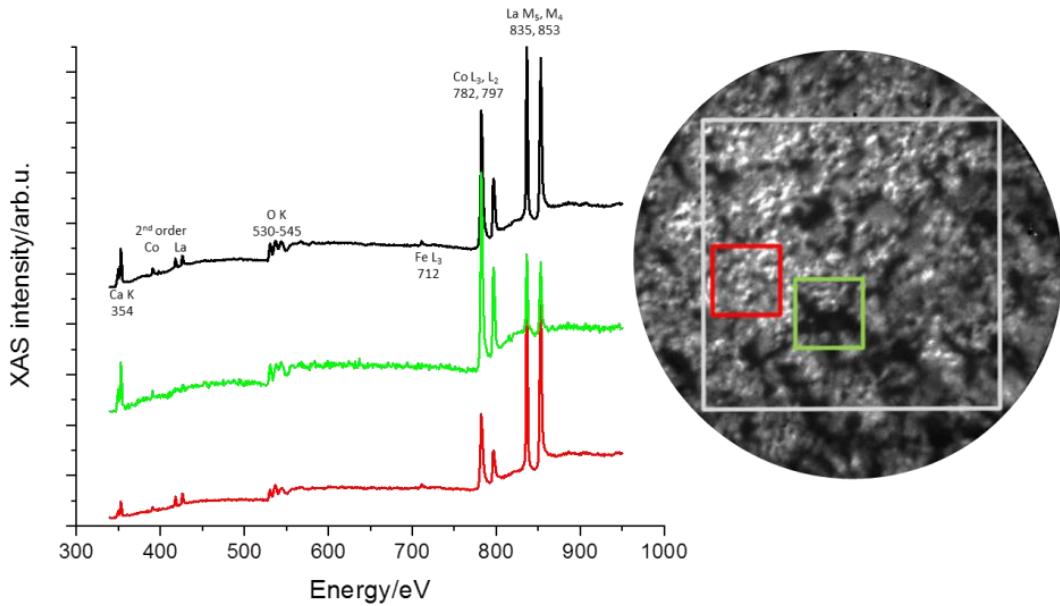


Figure S3. XAS spectra for the LCO₂₀Ca₈₀ composite taken from the areas marked with corresponding squares in the accompanying image. The image is taken at an energy close to the Co-L₃ edge, the field of view is 75 μm . With the top spectrum, integrated over the big grey square, adsorption edges are identified. Small features at half-energies of the Co and La edges are due to the second order diffraction at monochromator. The red spectrum, with dominating La-intensity, shows that the fine-grain structure areas are perovskite-rich. The green spectrum, with considerable contribution from dark low intensity area, identified as a void, indicates domination of Ca and Co rich layered oxide.



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