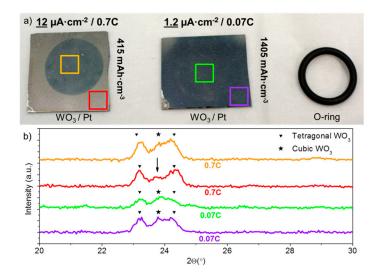
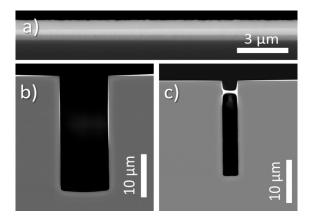


## **Supplementary Materials**

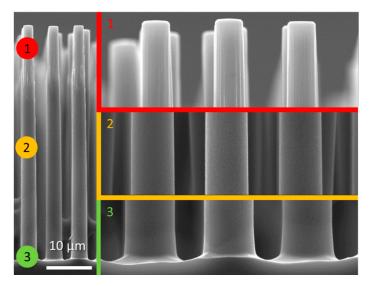
**Figure S1.** TGA analysis of (**a**) the lithium nitrate precursor and (**b**) lanthanum nitrate precursor dried at 60 °C, recorded at 10 °C·min<sup>-1</sup> in dry air (0.1 ml·min<sup>-1</sup>).



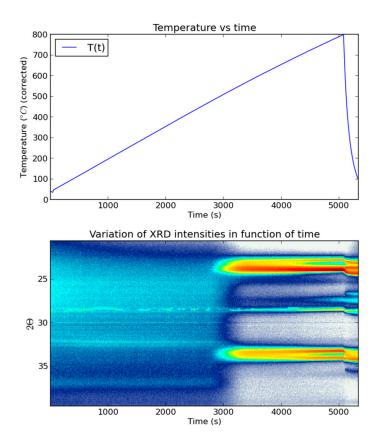
**Figure S2.** Comparison between WO<sub>3</sub> coated (10 cycles, 25 mM) Pt samples after a single lithiation down to 2.0 V vs Li<sup>+</sup>/Li, at high and low current density. (**a**) Photograph of the samples and O-ring used in the electrochemical cell, showing dark blue coloration of lithiated areas. The colored squares relate to (**b**), showing XRD on isolated parts after cutting the samples.



**Figure S3.** SEM micrograph showing backscattered (BSE) image of 10 cycles of W-precursor deposition on a (**a**) planar Si substrate, (**b**) trench of 10 by 27  $\mu$ m and (**c**) trench of 3.5 by 22.5  $\mu$ m, all annealed at 500 °C for 10 min in static air.



**Figure S4.** SEM micrograph of 10 cycles of W-precursor deposition at 180 °C on 50  $\mu$ m high microcylinders, with an average diameter of 2.5  $\mu$ m, with 5  $\mu$ m inter-cylinder spacing. The sample was annealed at 500 °C for 10 min in static air.



**Figure S5.** In-situ XRD results showing applied temperature profile (top), as well as (bottom) diffraction intensity as function of peak position and time. Both graphs are based on the same sample; W-citrate deposited using 10 cycles on TiN micro-cylinders at a deposition temperature of 180 °C.