

Figure S1. HPLC profiles of SAG (A) and SBG (B). The two compounds obtained by a separation procedure under “Materials and Methods” were analyzed for their purity by HPLC with a AgilentZORBAXSB-C18 column and acetonitrile/0.04% phosphoric acid as a mobile phase.

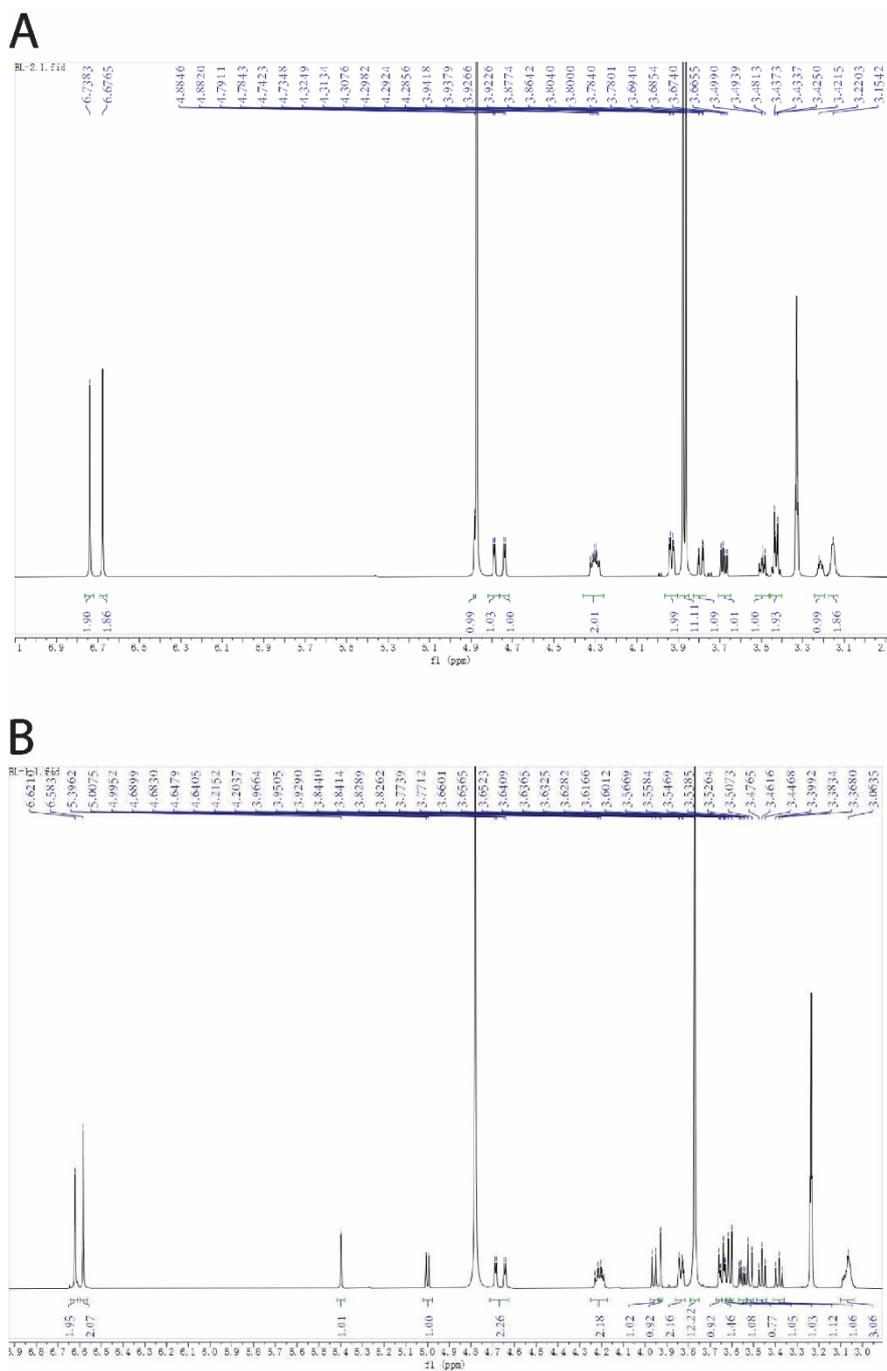


Figure S2. ^1H -NMR spectrum of SAG (A) and SBG (B). ^1H -NMR spectroscopy of the two compounds was detected with the Bruker NMR spectrometer Avance III 400 according to the manufacturer's manual.

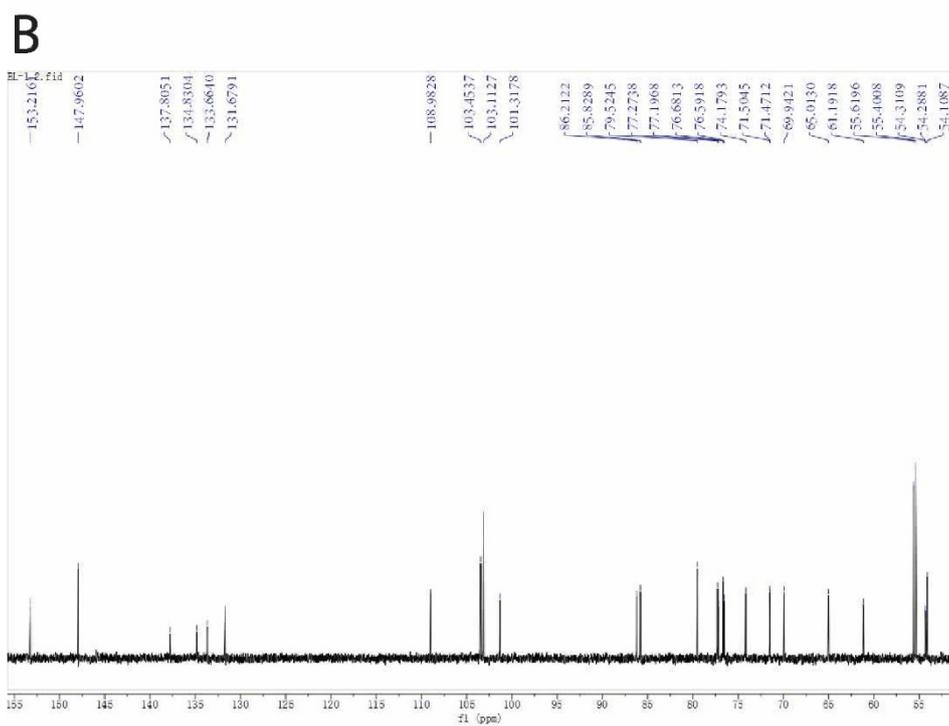
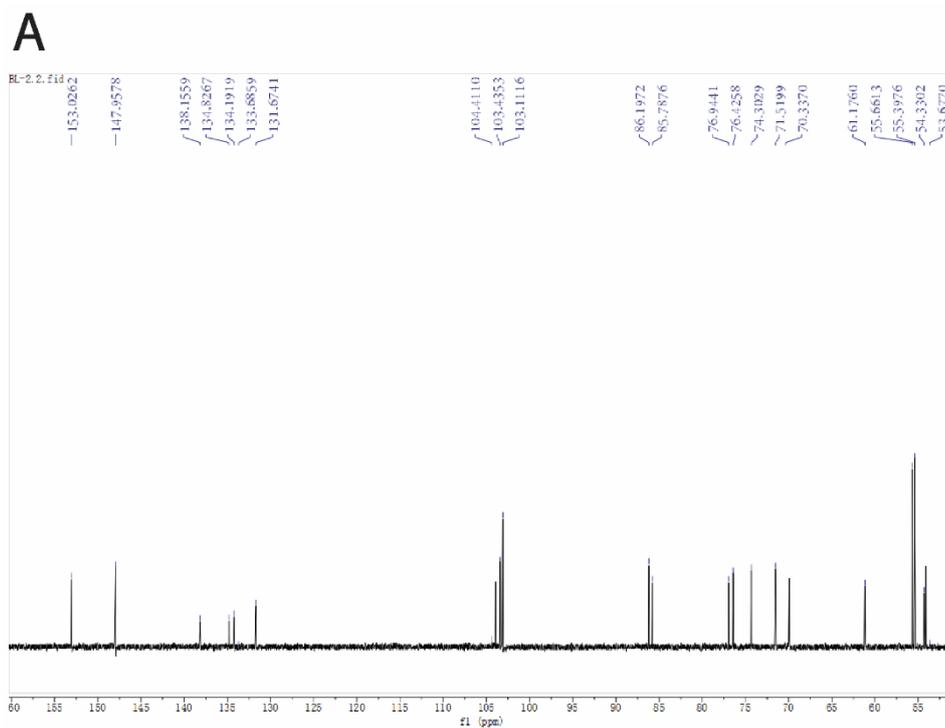


Figure S3. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of SAG (A) and SBG (B). ^{13}C -NMR spectroscopy of the two compounds was detected with the Bruker NMR spectrometer Avance III 400 according to the manufacturer's manual.

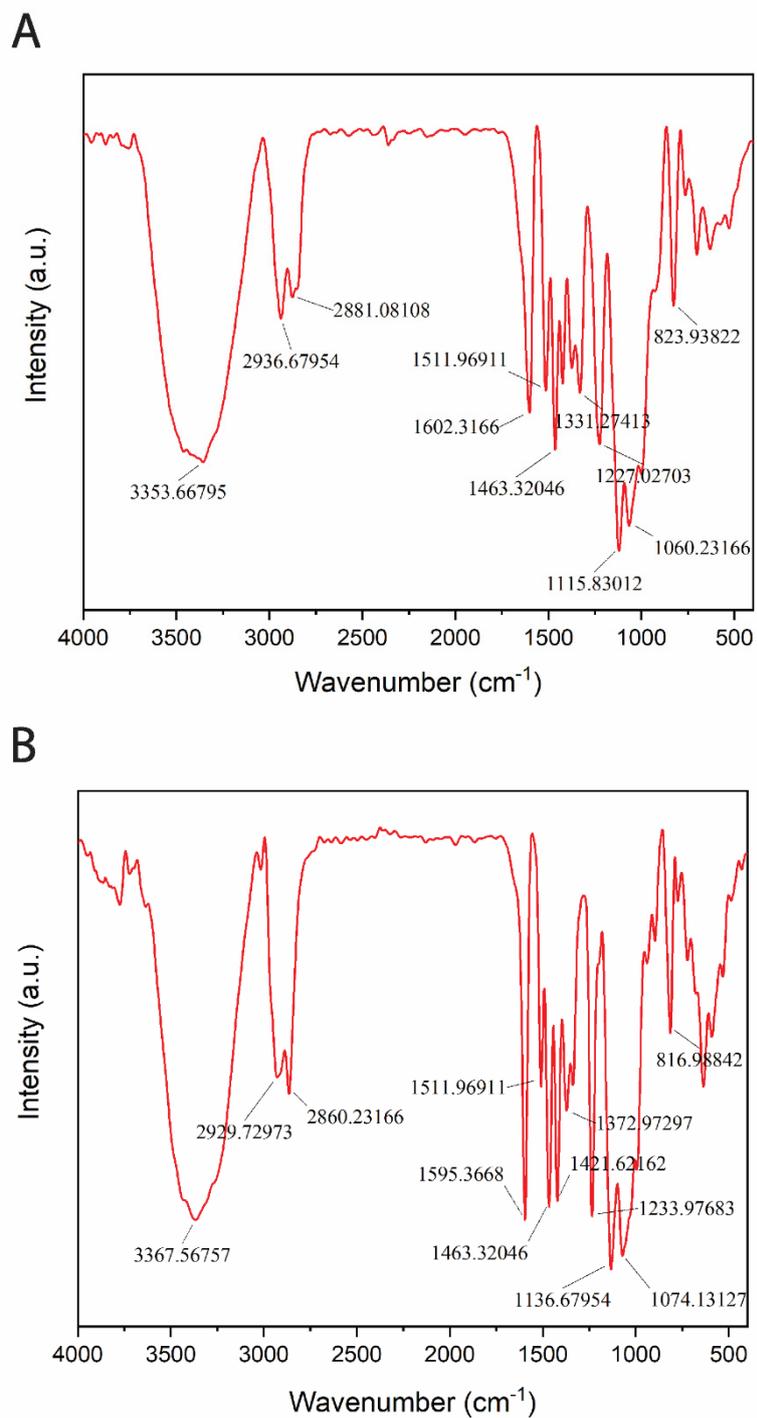


Figure S4. IR spectrum of SAG (A) and SBG (B). IR spectroscopy of the two compounds was measured with the IR spectrometer BRUKER TENSOR II under the resolution of 4 cm^{-1} . The sample or background scan time was set at 16 scans, respectively, and the concave rubber band was used as a baseline correction method.

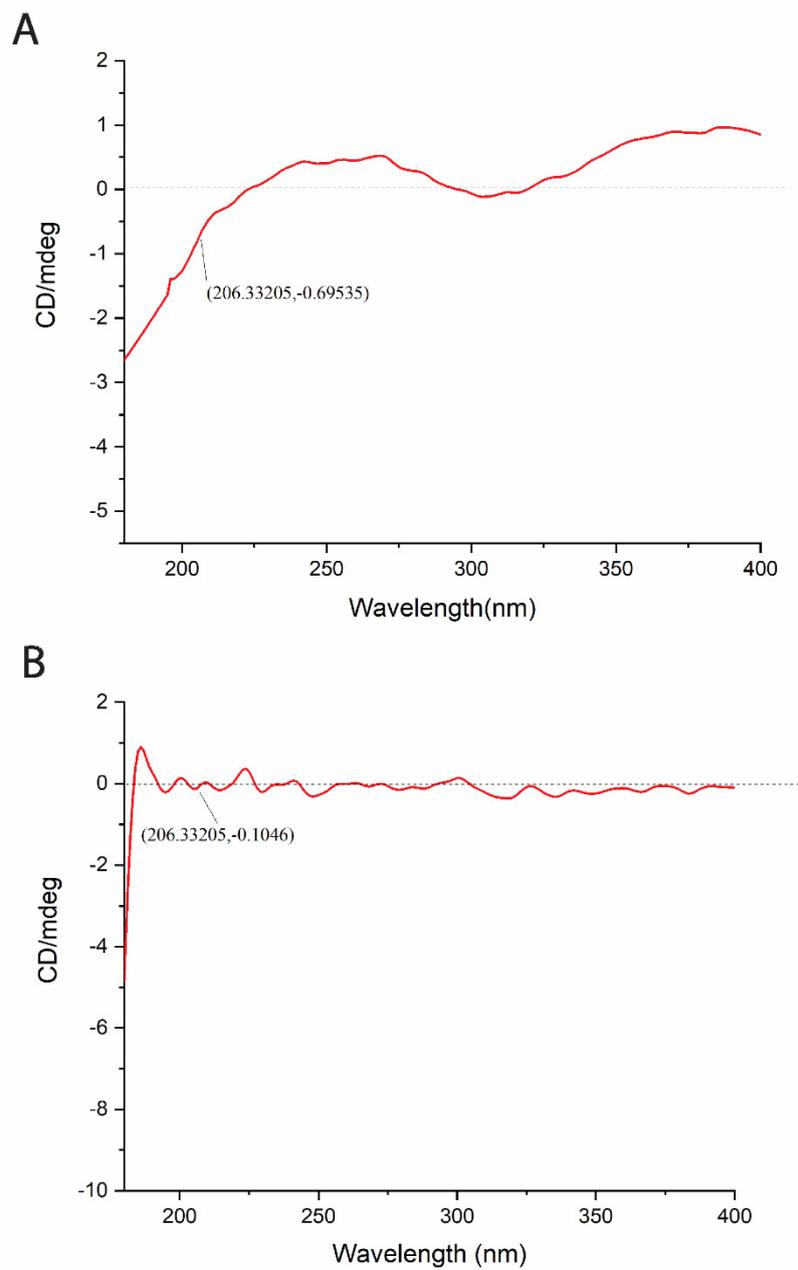


Figure S5. CD spectrum of SAG (A) and SBG (B). CD spectroscopy of the two compounds was measured with the CD spectrometer Chirascan under the conditions: detector type, PMT; time per point, 0.5 s; pathlength, 10 mm; wavelength, 180 – 400 nm; step size, 1 nm; Bandwidth, 1 nm.