

Short Note

Synthesis of (*E*)-2,4-Dinitro-N-((2*E*,4*E*)-4-phenyl-5-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)penta-2,4-dienylidene)aniline

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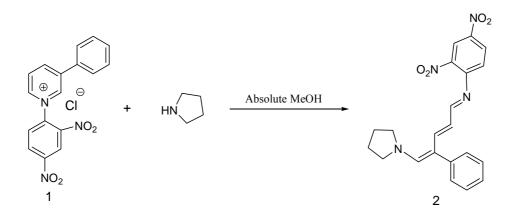
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Abstract: (*E*)-2,4-Dinitro-N-((2E,4*E*)-4-phenyl-5-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)penta-2,4-dienylidene) aniline dye was prepared in one pot by reaction of premade N-2,4-dinitrophenyl-3-phenylpyridinium chloride (DNPPC) and pyrrolidine in absolute MeOH.

Keywords: *N*-2,4-dinitrophenyl-3-phenylpyridinium chloride (DNPPC); photochromic; pyridinium salt

N-2,4-Dinitrophenyl-3-phenylpyridinium chloride (DNPPC) **1** was prepared according to the literature method [1-7]. Recently, we became interested in the synthesis of photochromic compounds [8-10]. The UV-Vis spectra under irradiation of UV light of dye **2** indicate photochromic properties for this molecule. The salt **1** was premade and typically isolated and purified by recrystallization and characterized. To a solution of 1-chloro-2,4-dinitrobenzene (1.42 g, 7.01 mmol) in acetone (10 mL) was added 3-phenylpyridine (1.0 mL, 6.97 mmol). The reaction was heated at reflux for 48 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the red residue was stirred in hexanes. The

precipitated product was collected by vacuum filtration to afford pure pyridinium salt **1** as a reddish brown solid (2.23 g, 6.25 mmol, 90%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 9.9 (s, 1H), 9.4 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 9.3 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 9.2 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 9.0 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.5-8.6 (m, 2H), 8.0 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.6- 7.7 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 149.2, 145.6, 144.3, 144.2, 143.0, 139.2, 138.7, 132.5, 132.3, 130.6, 130.2, 129.6, 128.0, 127.6, 121.3; IR (KBr pellet) 3202, 3129, 2994, 2901, 1609 cm⁻¹; m. p. = 182-183 °C; HRMS *m/z* Calcd for C₁₇H₁₂N₃O₄⁺ (M)⁺ 322.0828, found 322.0836.



Reaction of pyrrolidine with salt (1) leads to the opening of the pyridinium ring and formation of dye **2**. This dye was prepared from reaction of salt **1** (0.5 g, 1.4 mmol) in 5 mL absolute MeOH after cooling a reaction mixture to -10° C and keeping at this temperature for 15 min. To this was added pyrrolidine (0.1 g, 1.4 mmol) in 3 mL absolute MeOH over a period of 10 min. The prepared solid was filtered, washed with CH₂Cl₂, dried and recrystallized from n-hexane to yield 68% (0.37 g, 0.95 mmol) of pure metallic greenish-brown **2**, m.p. = 146 °C. IR (KBr): 3040, 2950, 1616, 1514, 1492, 1469, 1321, 1215, 1170, 1105, 956, 904, 862, 727 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 8.7 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H) 8.3 (dd, *J* = 2.4, 8.84 Hz, 1H), 8.0 (s, 1H), 7.5 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.4-7.5 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.3-7.4 (m, 1H), 7.2 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 7.1 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.0 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 5.4 (t, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 3.3 (br, 4H), 2.0 (br, 4H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 22.0, 55.6, 114.7, 117.4, 120.0, 124.1, 126.4, 128.7, 128,8, 129.0, 132.7, 137.1, 137.3, 142.9, 147.8, 150.2, 163.8. Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₀N₄O₄: %C = 64.28, %H = 5.14, %N = 14.28. Found: %C = 64.08, %H = 5.11, %N = 14.07.

Acknowledgements

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