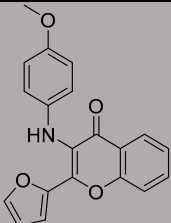
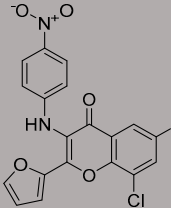
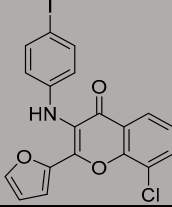


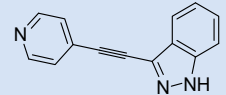
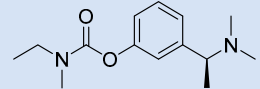
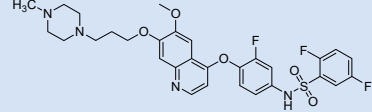
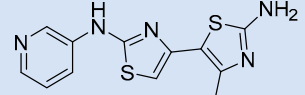
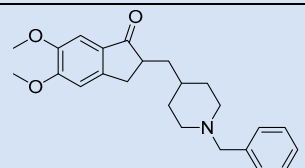
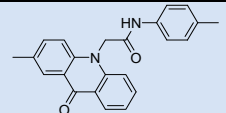
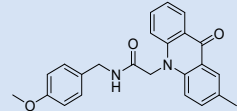
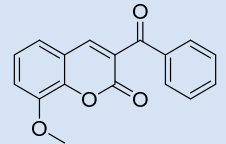
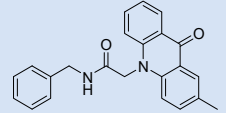
## Supplementary

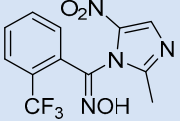
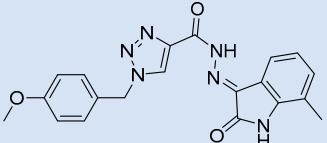
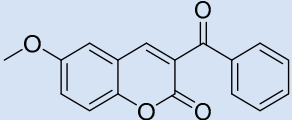
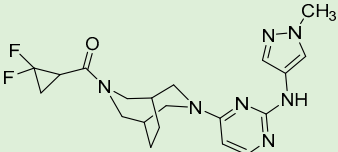
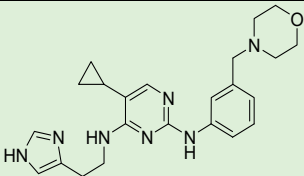
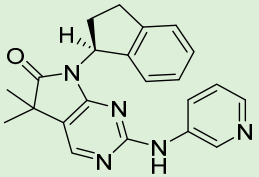
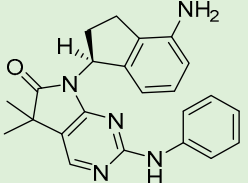
### Multitargeting the Action of 5-HT<sub>6</sub> Serotonin Receptor Ligands by Additional Modulation of Kinases in the Search for a New Therapy for Alzheimer's Disease: Can It Work from a Molecular Point of View?

Kinga Czarnota-Łydka, Katarzyna Kucwaj-Brysz, Patryk Pyka, Wawrzyniec Haberek, Sabina Podlewska\* and Jadwiga Handzlik\*

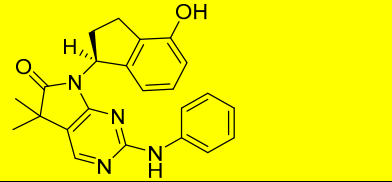
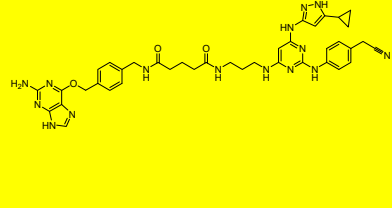
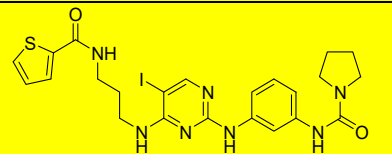
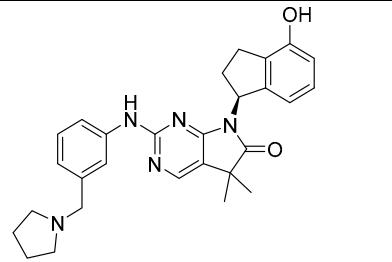
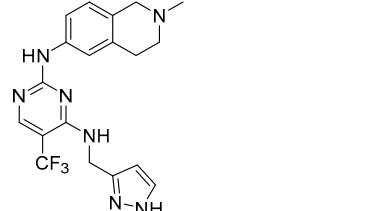
**Table S1.** MARK4 inhibitors described in literature

Cpd	Structure	SMILES	MARK4 inhibition				FA
			IC <sub>50</sub> (μM)	% (1 μM)	% (10 μM)	Kd (μM)	
S1		<chem>O=C1C(NC2=CC=C(OC)C=C2)=C(C3=CC=CO3)OC4=C1C=CC=C4</chem>	5560				2.26
S2		<chem>O=C1C(NC2=CC=C([N+](=O)[O-])=O)C=C2)=C(C3=CC=CO3)OC4=C1C=C(Cl)C=C4Cl</chem>	2120				2.67
S3		<chem>O=C1C(NC2=CC=C(I)C=C2)=C(C3=CC=CO3)OC4=C1C=C(Cl)C=C4Cl</chem>	1980				2.7

S4		<chem>C1(C#CC3=CC=NC=C3)=NNC2=C1C=CC=C2</chem>			>50		5
S5		<chem>CCN(C(OC1=CC=CC([C@@H](N(C)C)C)=C1)=O)C</chem>	6.94				5.16
S6		<chem>O=S(C1=CC(F)=CC=C1F)(NC2=CC=C(OC4=C3C=C(OC)C(OCCCN5CCN(C)C5)=CC3=NC=C4)C(F)=C2)=O</chem>				5.975	5.22
S7		<chem>CC(N=C(N)S1)=C1C2=CS(C(N)=N)S=C2N</chem>			83		5.22
S8		<chem>O=C1C(CC2=CC(OC)=C(OC)C=C2)CC3CCN(CC3)CC4=CC=CC=C4</chem>	5.3				5.28
S9		<chem>O=C(NC2=CC=C(C)C=C2)CN(C4=C3C=CC=C4)C1=CC=C(C)C=C1C3=O</chem>	4.5				5.35
S10		<chem>O=C(NCC2=CC=C(OC)C=C2)CN(C4=C3C=CC=C4)C1=CC=C(C)C=C1C3=O</chem>	2.20				5.66
S11		<chem>O=C1OC2=C(OC)C=CC=C2C=C1C(C3=CC=CC=C3)=O</chem>	2.09				5.68
S12		<chem>O=C(NCC2=CC=CC=C2)CN(C4=C3C=CC=C4)C1=CC=C(C)C=C1C3=O</chem>	1.8				5.75

S13		<chem>CC1=NC=C([N+])([O-])=O)N1C(C2=C(C(F)(F)F)C=CC=C2)=NO</chem>	1.74				5.76
S14		<chem>O=C(C1=CN(CC2=CC=C(OC)C=C2)N=N1)N/N=C3C(NC4=C/C3=CC=C4C)=O</chem>	1.54				5.81
S15		<chem>O=C1OC2=CC=C(OC)C=C2C=C1C(C3=CC=CC=C3)=O</chem>	1.3				5.89
S16		<chem>CN(N=C1)C=C1NC2=NC=CC(N3CC(CN(C(C4C(F)(F)C4)=O)C5)CCC5C3)=N2</chem>		59%			6.07
S17		<chem>C1(NC2=CC=CC(CN4CCOCC4)=C2)=NC=C(C5CC5)C(NCCC3=CN=C(N3)=N1</chem>	0.808				6.09
S18		<chem>O=C(C1(C)C)N([C@]2([H])C(C=CC=C3)=C3CC2)C4=C1C=NC(NC5=CN=CC=C5)=N4</chem>	0.520				6.28
S19		<chem>O=C(C1(C)C)N([C@]2([H])C(C=CC=C3N)=C3CC2)C4=C1C=NC(NC5=CC=CC=C5)=N4</chem>	0.450				6.35

S20		<chem>BrC1=CN=C(NC2=CC(NC(N3CCCC3)=O)=CC=C2)N=C1NCCC4=CN=CN4</chem>	0.338				6.47
S21		<chem>O=C(C1(C)C)N([C@@H](C)C2=CC=CC(O)=C2)C3=C1C=NC(NC4=CN=CC=C4)=N3</chem>	0.270				6.56
S22		<chem>BrC1=CN=C(NC3=CC=CC(CN4CCOCC4)=C3)N=C1NCCC2=CN=C=N2</chem>	0.214				6.69
S23		<chem>O=C(C1(C)C)N([C@]2([H])C(C=CC=C3NS(C)(=O)=O)=C3CC2)C4=C1C=NC(NC5=CC=CC=C5)=N4</chem>	0.180				6.75
S24		<chem>O=C(N2CCCC2)NC1=CC=CC(NC3=NC=C(Br)C(NC(CCN(C(C4CCC4)=O)=N3)=C1</chem>	0.072				7.14
S25		<chem>O=C(C3CCCC3)NCCCN(C1=NC(NC4=CC=CC(CN5CCOCC5)=C4)=NC=C1C2C=C2</chem>	0.041				7.39

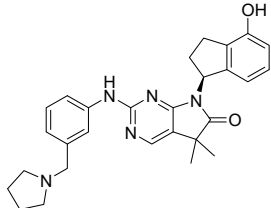
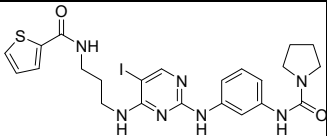
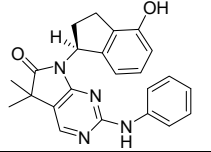
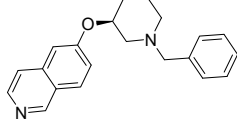
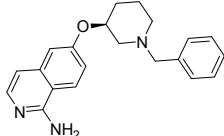
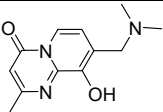
S26		<chem>O=C(C1(C)C)N([C@]2([H])C(C=CC=C3O)=C3CC2)C4=C1C=NC(NC5=CC=CC=C5)=N4</chem>	0.021				7.68
S27		<chem>O=C(CCCC(NCC5=CC=C(COC6=NC(N)=NC7=C6N=CN7)C=C5)=O)NCCCNC1=CC(NC2=NNC(C4CC4)=C2)=NC(NC3=CC=C(CC#N)C=C3)=N1</chem>	0.021				7.68
S28		<chem>O=C(N2CCCC2)NC1=CC=CC(NC3=NC=C(I)C(NCCNC(C4=CC=CS4)=O)=N3)=C1</chem>	0.019				7.72
S29		<chem>CC(C(N1[C@H]2CCCC3=C2C=CC=C3O)=O)(C)C(C1=N4)=CN=C4NC5=CC=CC(CN6CCCC6)=C5</chem>	0.002				8.70
S30		<chem>CN1CCC2=CC(NC3=NC=C(C(F)(F)F)C(NCC4=NNC=C4)=N3)=CC=C2C1</chem>	0.00201				8.7

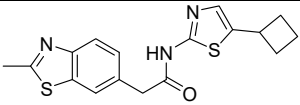
The range of activity (FA range) is discriminated with different colors.

Formal activity (FA) descriptor of the inhibiting action, calculated according to the data provided [1-13], as follows:

- a)  $FA = pIC_{50}$
- b)  $FA = pK_d$
- c)  $FA = p(\text{the given concentration}/0.02 \times \% \text{inhibition})$

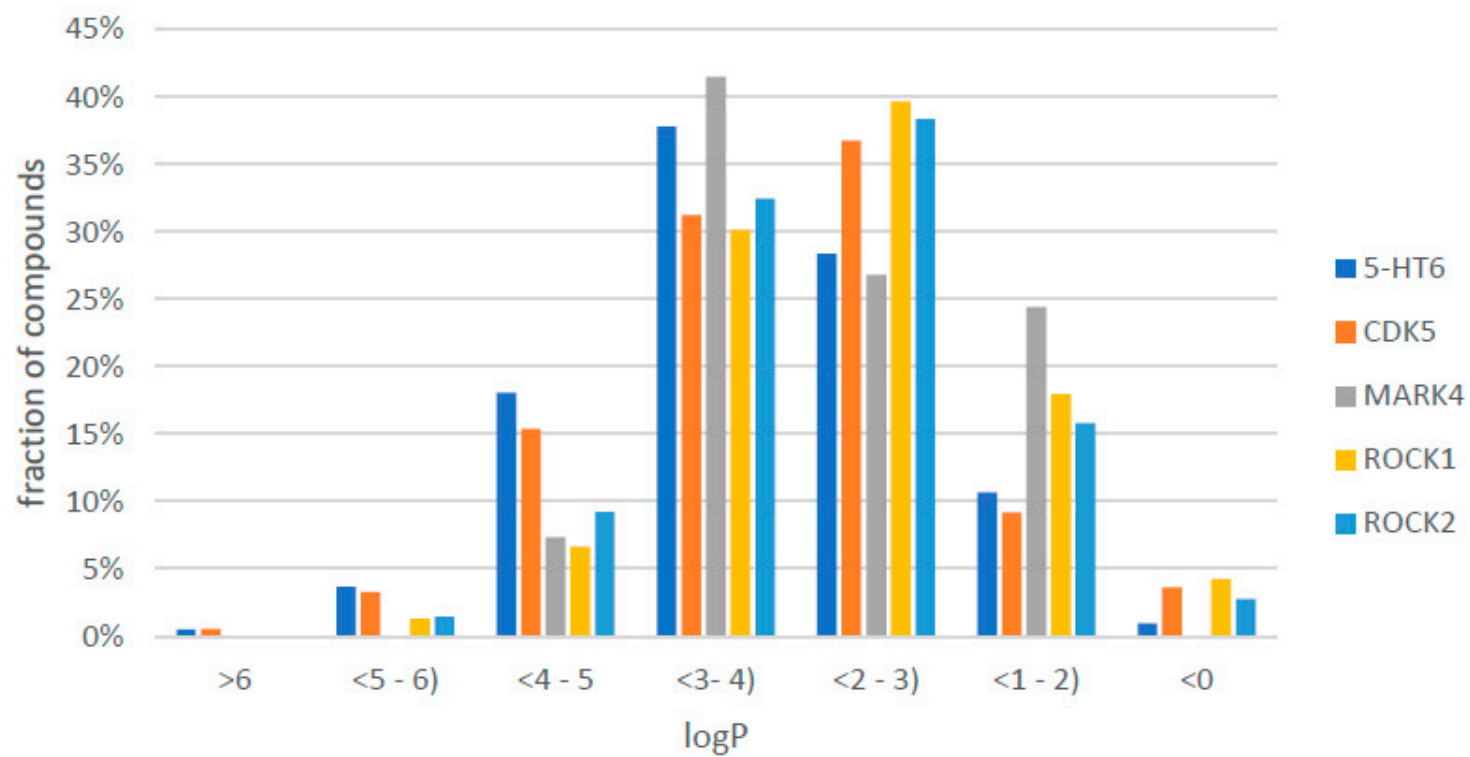
**Table S2.** Selected ADMET properties calculated with pkCSM software (<http://biosig.unimelb.edu.au/pkcsim/prediction>) [14] for the most active kinase inhibitors fitted in pharmacophore features of the 5-HT<sub>6</sub>R ligands

Cpd	Structure	Absorption		Distribution	Toxicity	
		<sup>1</sup> Caco-2 permeability	<sup>2</sup> Intestinal absorption [%]	<sup>3</sup> CNS Permeability	hERG I inhibitor	<sup>4</sup> Oral Rat Acute Toxicity (LD <sub>50</sub> )
23		0.848	88.83	-2.11	No	3.207
24		0.592	75.89	-2.553	No	2.344
25		0.685	92.87	-1.933	No	2.628
31		1.66	94.376	-1.257	No	3.069
32		1.184	90.671	-1.908	No	2.802
44		1.115	100	-3.317	No	2.623

47		1.388	89.803	-1,886	No	2.974
Ref.	Donepezil	1.001	93.076	-1.933	No	2.886

<sup>1</sup>Caco-2 > 0.9 for high permeable compounds; <sup>2</sup>poor intestinal absorption < 30%; <sup>3</sup>CNS permeability: logPS > -2 (high), -3 ≤ logPS ≤ -2 (moderate), logPS < -3 unable; <sup>4</sup>LD<sub>50</sub> [mol/kg b.w.]. <sup>5</sup>Ref.





**Figure S1.** Distribution of logP values for the examined ligands.

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