

Supplementary Material S1.**Table 1.** Linearity, LOD and LOQ of four standard compounds used as references.

| Standard Compound | Range concentration (µg/mL) | n ^a | Slope ^b (area counts/mg) | Intercept ^b (area counts /mg) | R ² | LOD (µg/mL) | LOQ (µg/mL) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| L-7O-G | 1 - 50 | 6 | 204(±1) × 10 ⁵ | -8(±3) × 10 ³ | 0.9996 | 1.6 | 4.9 |
| RA | 26 - 517 | 6 | 194(±4) × 10 ⁵ | -1(±1) × 10 ⁵ | 0.9970 | 52.1 | 158.0 |
| A-7O-G | 1 - 50 | 6 | 189(±2) × 10 ⁵ | -4(±3) × 10 ³ | 0.9994 | 2.1 | 6.3 |
| E-7O-G | 1 - 100 | 6 | 149(±1) × 10 ⁵ | 4(±41) × 10 ² | 0.9997 | 3.1 | 9.2 |

LOD and LOQ were defined as 3.3 and 10 times the value of the regression error divided by the slope, respectively; L-7O-G: luteolin-7-O-glucoside; RA: rosmarinic acid; A-7O-G: apigenin-7-O-glucoside; E-7O-G: eriodictyol-7-O-glucoside; ^a Number of points used for the regression of standard solutions. Injections were done in triplicate; ^b The standard deviation in the slope and intercept of the regression line is shown in parentheses.