Supplementary Materials: A Comparative Study on Two Cationic Porphycenes: Photophysical and Antimicrobial Photoinactivation Evaluation

Rubén Ruiz-González, Montserrat Agut, Elena Reddi and Santi Nonell

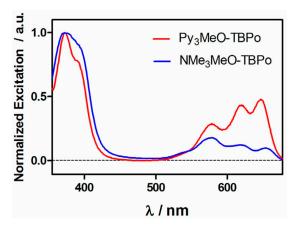


Figure S1. Excitation spectra of the porphycene's fluorescence at 700 nm in water.

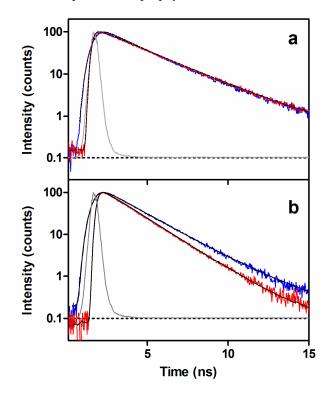
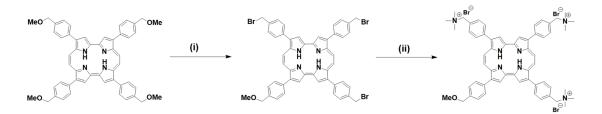


Figure S2. Time-resolved fluorescence decays in MeOH (**a**) and water (**b**) for porphycene **1** (red) and **2** (blue). Signal, fit (black) and instrument's response function (grey) at 700 nm upon excitation at 375 nm.

Compound -	Fluorescence Intensity/Counts		
	PS Removal (Washing)	MRSA	P. aeruginosa
Py3MeO-TBPo	NO	2600 ± 900	4200 ± 1000
	YES	2100 ± 400	4300 ± 2000
NMe3MeO-TBPo	NO	2600 ± 700	2600 ± 900
	YES	2000 ± 900	2600 ± 700

Table S1. Flow cytometry fluorescence distribution upon binding experiments.



Scheme S1. Synthetic route to compound 2. (i) HBr; (ii) NMe3.

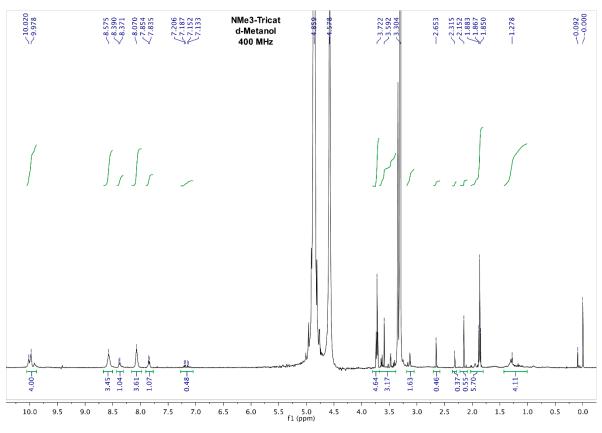


Figure S3. ¹H-NMR of porphycene 2 in deuterated methanol.