	Flavone		7(OH)Flavone				
	r	ω	r	ω	r	r	\boldsymbol{A}
	(C ₄ =O)	$(O_1C_2C_1C_2)$	(C ₄ =O)	$(O_1C_2C_1C_2)$	(C ₇ -O)	(O-H)	(C ₇ OH)
gas	1.226	20.9	1.228	21.7	1.363	0.964	109.8
Су	1.231	21.4	1.233	22.1	1.360	0.970	110.5
<i>n</i> -Hp	1.231	21.5	1.232	22.2	1.360	0.970	110.5
CCl_4	1.232	21.4	1.233	22.0	1.360	0.971	110.6
ACN	1.240	20.4	1.242	21.8	1.354	0.985	111.3
DMSO	1.240	20.8	1.242	22.1	1.354	0.985	111.3
CHCl ₃	1.236	21.3	1.238	22.2	1.357	0.977	111.0
EtOH	1.240	20.8	1.242	22.0	1.355	0.984	111.2
MeOH	1.240	20.7	1.242	21.6	1.355	0.985	111.2

Table S1. Relevant geometrical paramaters of flavone and 7(OH)flavone in gas and solution phase calculated at B3LYP/6-311+G(2d,p) theoretical level. Interatomic distances, r, in Å; bond angles and dihedral angles, A and ω , in degrees.

Figure S1. Computer Visualization of the Molecular Orbitals Involved in the Electronic Transitions of Flavone in Different Solvents Calculated with the TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(2d,p) Method and the IEF-PCM Model.





HOMO-2 (-0.266)

HOMO-2 (-0.262)



HOMO-1 (-0.258)



HOMO (-0.247)



LUMO (-0.081)



CHCl₃



HOMO-1 (-0.257)



HOMO (-0.248)















DMSO

LUMO (-0.083)



Figure S2. Computer Visualization of the Molecular Orbitals Involved in the Electronic Transitions of 7-hydroxyflavone in Different Solvents Calculated with the TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(2d,p) Method and the IEF-PCM Model.



Figure S3. Computer Visualization of the Molecular Orbitals Involved in the Electronic Transitions of Flavone in Different Solvents Calculated with the TD-PBE0/6-311+G(2d,2p) Method and the IEF-PCM Model.





DMSO

LUMO (-0.078)



HOMO (-0.256)



HOMO-1 (-0.266)

CHCl₃



LUMO (-0.075)



HOMO (-0.255)



HOMO-1 (-0.266)

Figure S3. Cont.

Figure S4. Computer Visualization of the Molecular Orbitals Involved in the Electronic Transitions of 7-hydroxyflavone in Different Solvents Calculated with the TD-PBE0/6-311+G(2d,2p) Method and the IEF-PCM Model.





Figure S4. Cont.

DMSO

LUMO (-0.075)

HOMO (-0.251)

EtOH

LUMO (-0.074)

HOMO (-0.251)