Computational Study of the Stereoselectivity of Diels-Alder Reactions of D-Glucose-Derived Dienophiles with Cyclopentadiene

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Abstract: A computational study was performed in order to rationalize the high exo stereoselectivity in the cycloaddition reactions of sugar-derived Dienophiles with cyclopentadiene.

Introduction

The sequence of Diels-Alder reactions for the synthesis of pentalenolactones showed a marked preference toward the formation of cycloadducts exo-β. The aldehyde α,β-insaturated 1, in particular, rendered the cycloadduct exo-β 2, [1,2] showing complete stereoselectivity control.

The formation of this reaction product is not predicted on the basis of the Alder rules that postulate the cycloadduct endo as the most favoured one.
Experimental

The heats of formation were calculated for the different reaction products using the semiempirical AM1 [3] method as implemented in the AMPAC 2.1 package. The stationary points obtained were characterized by force constants calculations. The reaction paths were calculated by the reaction coordinate method. The calculations provided the localizations of the transition states for such cycloaddition reactions.

Results and Discussion

Theoretical calculations were carried out to examine the thermodynamic of the formation of adduct \textit{exo}-\(\beta\). Therefore, the heats of formation of four possible stereoisomers were calculated, indicating higher stability for \(\beta\) adducts than for \(\alpha\) adducts (4-5 Kcal/mol). Nevertheless, the energy difference between the \textit{endo} and \textit{exo} adducts (0.02 Kcal/mol) was too small to account for the \textit{exo} selectivity of the cycloaddition process.

When the reaction pathways were studied, we found transition states that would support the observed \textit{endo/exo} stereoselectivity.


References and Notes