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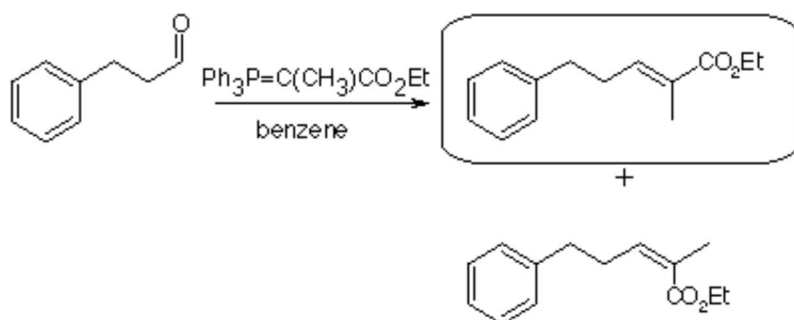
Ethyl (E)-2-Methyl-5-phenyl-2-pentenoate

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The general part of the experimental section [1] has been presented elsewhere. To a solution of (1-carbomethoxyethylidene)triphenylphosphorane (5.76 g, 15.7 mmol) in dry benzene (100 ml) was added 3-phenylpropanal (2 g, 14.9 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 6 hours and the solvent was removed. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (ethyl acetate/light petroleum 5:95), followed by preparative HPLC (ethyl acetate/light petroleum 1:99) to yield ethyl(E)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-2-pentenoate (2.71 g, 83%) as a colourless oil.

B.p. 130°/0.4 mmHg (Kugelrohr)

Anal. calc. for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ (218.29): C 77.0, H 8.3; found: C 77.0, H 7.9.

IR (film) 2983, 2933, 1710 (s, C=O), 1619, 1452, 1364, 1266(s), 1177, 1118(s), 1082, 1029, 741 cm^{-1} .

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) 1.28 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 1.79 (3H, dt, J 1.5, 1.0 Hz, CH_3), 2.48 (2H, m, CH_2), 2.75 (2H, bt, J 7.6 Hz, Ph-CH_2), 4.19 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, $-\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 6.81 (1H, tq, J 7.35, 1.5 Hz, $=\text{CH}$), 7.14-7.35 (5H, m, ArH). Stereochemistry confirmed by n.O.e. difference spectroscopy. Irradiation at 1.79 produced no n.O.e. at 6.81, and irradiation at 6.81 produced no n.O.e. at 1.79.

$^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (15 MHz, CDCl_3) 12.27, 14.22 (CH_3), 30.52, 34.74, 60.32, (CH_2), 126.0, 128.1, 128.2 (CH), 128.4 (quat, C2), 140.8 ($=\text{CH}$), 141.2 (quat, C1'), 168.0 (quat, C1).

EI-MS 218(M^+ , 12%), 173(5), 91(100).

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References and Notes

1. Moloney, M.G.; Pinhey, J.T.; Stoermer, M.J. "Vinyl Cation Formation by Decomposition of Vinyl-lead

Triacetates. The reactions of Vinylmercury and Vinyltin Compounds with Lead Tetraacetate." *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1* **1990**, *10*, 2645.

Sample Availability: No sample available.

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